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1	LD 178			
2	Date $\left(\frac{a}{21}\right)^{23}$ (Filmg No S-4//) (Filmg No S-4//)			
3	CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY			
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate			
5	STATE OF MAINE			
6	SENATE			
7	131ST LEGISLATURE			
8	FIRST SPECIAL SESSION			
9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $A$ " to S P 82, L D 178, "An Act to Support Reentry and Reintegration into the Community"			
11	Amend the bill by striking out the title and substituting the following			
12	'An Act to Reestablish Parole'			
13 14	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting the following			
15	'Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-G, sub-§6-E is enacted to read			
16	<u>6-E.</u>			
17 1 <b>8</b>	CorrectionsMaine Parole BoardLegislative Per Diem34-A MRSA§5823			
19 20	Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §1502, sub-§2, ¶K, as enacted by PL 2019, c 113, Pt A, §2, 1s amended to read			
21 22	K A split sentence of imprisonment with administrative release as authorized by chapter 67, subchapter 2, $\frac{1}{2}$			
23 24	Sec. 3. 17-A MRSA §1502, sub-§2, ¶L, as enacted by PL 2019, c 113, Pt A, §2, is amended to read			
25 26	L A term of imprisonment followed by a period of supervised release as authorized by chapter 67, subchapter 3-, or			
27	Sec. 4. 17-A MRSA §1502, sub-§2, ¶M 1s enacted to read			
28 29	M A term of imprisonment with eligibility for parole as authorized by Title 34-A, chapter 5			
30 31	Sec. 5. 17-A MRSA §1603, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2019, c 113, Pt A, §2, 1s amended to read			

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Page 1 - 131LR0773(02)

6	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $\int $ " to S P 82, L D 178				
	1. Sentence. A person convicted of the crime of murder must be sentenced to				
2 3	imprisonment for life or for any term of years that is not less than 25 The sentence of the				
3	court must specify the length of the sentence to be served and whether the person is eligible				
4 5	for parole under Title 34-A, chapter 5 and must commit the person to the Department of Corrections				
	Sec. 6. 17-A MRSA §1604, sub-§8 is enacted to read				
6					
7 8	8. Eligibility for parole. If the aggregate sentence of imprisonment for all crimes for which the person was convicted is between 5 and 60 years, the sentence of the court must				
9	specify whether the person is eligible for parole under Title 34-A, chapter 5				
10	Sec. 7. 34-A MRSA c. 5, sub-c. 6 is enacted to read				
11	SUBCHAPTER 6				
12 13	<u>SUPPORTIVE REENTRY PAROLE FOR CERTAIN MAINE CRIMINAL CODE</u> <u>PRISONERS</u>				
14	§5821. Applicability				
15	This subchapter applies to all persons sentenced to the custody of the department and				
16 17	operates concurrently with probation, as described in Title 17-A, chapter 67, subchapter 1, and supervised community confinement, as described in section 3036-A				
18	§5822. Definitions				
19	As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms				
20	have the following meanings				
21	1. Actuarial risk assessment. "Actuarial risk assessment" means a statistically				
22	calculated prediction of the likelihood that a person will pose a threat to others or engage				
23	in violent behavior within a given period.				
24 25	<b>2. Applicant.</b> "Applicant" means a person who has become eligible for parole and has submitted all forms and other materials required under this subchapter to the board to apply				
25 26	submitted an forms and other materials required under tins subchapter to the board to appry for parole,				
27	<b>3. Board.</b> "Board" means the Maine Parole Board established pursuant to section 5823,				
28	4 Evidence-based program. "Evidence-based program" means an approach, strategy				
29	and intervention that has been scientifically evaluated and proven effective in achieving				
30	desired outcomes based on empirical evidence and research,				
31	5. Office of Victim Services. "Office of Victim Services" means the Department of				
32	Corrections, Office of Victim Services as established by section 1214,				
33	6 Parolee. "Parolee" means a person in the custody of the department who has been				
34	granted parole and released on parole pursuant to this subchapter,				
35	7. Parole officer. "Parole officer" means a person described and having the duties set				
36	forth in section 5404, and				
37 38	<b><u>8. Revocation hearing.</u></b> "Revocation hearing" means a hearing conducted by the board to determine whether to revoke the grant of parole to a parolee				

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Page 2 - 131LR0773(02)

<ul> <li>subsection 6-E, within the department. Notwithstanding any provision of subchapter 2 to the contrary, the board has the dutes described in this subchapter and has the same duties as the State Parole Board described in section 5210.</li> <li>Beard composition. The board shall consist of 7 members who are professionals from a diverse field of experience. The board must include.</li> <li>A. At least one member who is a mental health professional.</li> <li>B. At least one member who is a professional with experience in criminal law and criminal procedure.</li> <li>C. At least one member who is a professional in the clinical treatment and rehabilitation of persons who commit sexually violent offenses.</li> <li>D. At least one member who is a formerly incarcerated person.</li> <li>Other board members must have special training or expertise in law, sociology, psychology or other related branches of social science. The board shall, to the extent possible, be gender diverse and represent the cumulative racial demographic makeup of all residents at correctional facilities as determined in the most recent annual report submitted by the commissioner pursuant to section 5208.</li> <li><b>3. Appointment</b>. Members must be appointed by the Governor, subject to review by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters and confirmed by the Senate.</li> <li><b>4. Vacancies</b>. A vacancy on the board must be filled for an unexpired term in the same manner in which an appointment is made. A vacancy must be filled within 90 days following the occurrence of the vacancy.</li> <li><b>5. Compensation and expenses</b>. Members of the board must be compensated according to the provisions of Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 6-E.</li> <li><b>6. Meetings</b>. The board shall meeting of the board when the chair is present the points and and is permitted to meet as often as is necessary to fulfill its dutes.</li> <li>Members shall elect a chair to preside a</li></ul>	. ( <sup>6</sup>	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $\bigwedge$ " to S P 82, L D 178
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39 <u>a sentence of imprisonment for one or more crimes in the custody of the department and</u>	37	§5824. Parole application; eligibility
<ul> <li>40 residing at a correctional facility is eligible for parole upon application if the following</li> <li>41 criteria are met</li> </ul>	39 40	a sentence of imprisonment for one or more crimes in the custody of the department and residing at a correctional facility is eligible for parole upon application if the following

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Page 3 - 131LR0773(02)

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### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A " to S P 82, L D 178

A For a person serving a sentence of imprisonment for life for the crime of murder, the person is eligible for parole if the person has served at least 20 years of that sentence in imprisonment

<u>B</u> For a person serving a sentence of imprisonment for murder or for a crime other than murder, or a person serving concurrent sentences for murder or for crimes other than murder, in which in the aggregate sentence of imprisonment totals 5 to 60 years, the person is eligible for parole if that person has served at least one-third of the unsuspended portion of the aggregate sentence

9C For a person serving a sentence of imprisonment for one or more offenses described10in Title 17-A, chapter 11 or 12, the person is eligible for parole if the person has met11the requirements of paragraph B and the person has completed an intensive, evidence-12based program for offenders of sexual assault and sexual exploitation of minors prior13to application for parole

14D For a person serving a term of imprisonment for one or more offenses where the15victim is a family or household member as defined in Title 19-A, section 4102,16subsection 6, the person is eligible for parole if the person has met the requirements in17paragraph B and the person has completed an evidence-based program offered by the18department for offenders of crimes committed against family or household members19prior to application for parole

A person serving a sentence of less than 5 years imprisonment, or concurrent sentences
 which in the aggregate amount of imprisonment is less than 5 years, is not eligible for
 parole under this subchapter

23 **2. Application** The board shall develop a parole application pursuant to requirements 24 in this subchapter. The department shall make the parole application available at all 25 correctional facilities and shall allow residents access to the necessary materials to 26 complete the parole application. The department must provide applicants with a specific 27 preparatory plan to apply for parole. This plan must be completed within 90 days of 28 admission to the correctional facility and include a preparation workshop or other program 29 supportive of meaningful preparedness of residents.

#### 30 §5825. Parole hearing

31 **1.** Application accepted or rejected. Within 60 days after the receipt of a parole 32 application, the board shall determine whether the applicant meets the eligibility 33 requirements described in section 5824 and has completed all forms and other requirements 34 to apply for parole and, if so, shall schedule a parole hearing for the applicant The 60 days 35 may be extended for a maximum of an additional 30 days when there is good cause shown 36 or when the board determines there are extenuating circumstances. The board shall 37 document the reason for the extension and communicate the reason to the applicant If the 38 board determines the applicant is not eligible to apply for parole, or that the applicant 39 materials are incomplete, the board shall promptly inform the applicant of the reasons for 40 denial of a hearing and an applicant may make corrections, if applicable, and submit a new application pursuant to this subchapter 41

42 2. Access to documents. At least 30 days prior to a hearing, the department must
 43 provide the applicant with all documentation the applicant has submitted in support of the
 44 application and a copy of the applicant's criminal history record. If any document provided

Page 4 - 131LR0773(02)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A " to S P 82, L D 178

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to the applicant by the department contains confidential information that, if disclosed, would violate a confidentiality agreement, protective order or any other provision of law or would likely bring harm to any person, the department must redact the confidential information from the document. When the department redacts confidential information from a supporting document, it shall identify the context of the withheld material, state the reason the information was withheld and provide the applicant with a summary of the basic content of the material withheld with as much specificity as possible without revealing the confidential information.

9 3. Challenging inaccurate or incomplete information. If, prior to a scheduled hearing, the applicant discovers an omission or other error in the applicant's criminal history record or in the documentation described in subsection 2 provided by the department, the applicant may file a motion with the District Court or Superior Court having jurisdiction over the underlying crime for which the applicant is incarcerated to purge, modify or supplement inaccurate or incomplete information. The court shall take no longer than 90 days to issue a decision on the motion.

16 Upon receipt of the decision by the court, the department shall promptly correct any errors
 17 or omissions identified by the court, and must notify the applicant and any person or agency
 18 that received a copy of the applicant's criminal history record or other documents in the
 19 previous 12-month period of the decisions and provide the applicant and those persons or
 20 agencies with the corrected documentation

21 The department shall schedule the hearing no later than 30 days following the decision, 22 except in extenuating circumstances or when there is good cause shown to extend the 23 hearing date for an additional 30 days

An applicant may not be required to pay any costs, fees or penalties in association with a
 review conducted under this subsection

4. Hearing procedure. The hearing must be recorded via audio and video An
 applicant may be represented by legal counsel at the hearing to be provided by the
 applicant The applicant may present testimony to the board in support of the application
 After a hearing, the board shall notify the applicant of its decision within 14 days

30 5. Parole granted; conditions. If after hearing the board grants parole, the board shall impose any conditions it determines appropriate When setting conditions, the board shall 31 32 make an individualized assessment as to what conditions are appropriate based on the 33 nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the applicant 34 and impose only those conditions the board determines are necessary to mitigate the risk 35 of the applicant again violating the law Conditions imposed must be, to the extent possible and practicable as determined by the board, consistent with the types of conditions imposed 36 37 under probation described in Title 17-A, section 1807 and the mandatory conditions for 38 supervised community confinement described in section 3036-A, subsection 3

If the board grants parole, it shall notify the Office of Victim Services, which shall, in
 accordance with section 5826, notify by mail and by phone or in person the victims of any
 crime committed by the parolee of the granting of parole and the conditions imposed on
 the parolee

43 <u>6. Parole denied. If after hearing the board denies parole, the board must create a future</u>
 44 parole eligibility term schedule to determine how long the applicant must wait before

Page 5 - 131LR0773(02)

### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A " to S P 82, L D 178

reapplying, not to exceed 30 months The board shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons parole was denied and identify any requirements that would need to be met for parole to be granted. The applicant may appeal the denial of a grant of parole by filing an appeal within 90 days to the Superior Court in accordance with Rule 80C of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.

#### 6 §5826. Victim notification and rights

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7 1. Victim notification. The department shall keep the victim of any crime committed 8 by the applicant or parolee notified of the proceedings under this subchapter in a manner 9 consistent with notifications made to the applicant or parolee Victims must receive 10 notifications regarding the date, time and location of a parole hearing and the result of each parole hearing, and any appeal made by the applicant and the result of that appeal 11 12 Notification to the victim must be made through the Office of Victim Services and be made 13 by mail and by phone or in person. The department personnel notifying the victim must be 14 qualified to provide trauma support and referrals Upon notification of the victim, the 15 Office of Victim Services must provide victims information regarding their rights and the support systems available throughout the parole process, including 16

- A Victim-offender dialogue, also referred to as restorative conferencing, options
   available to victims through independent restorative justice programs or the Office of
   Victim Services, and
- 20B The advocacy and therapeutic support available to victims in their area through21community-based programs The Office of Victim Services shall provide contact22information for those programs, including, but not limited to, victim advocacy23organizations, counseling services and other support groups Such notifications shall24include clear instructions on how to access these resources
- 25 2 Victim rights. The Office of Victim Services must ensure that victims are fully
   26 informed of their rights and options for support through the parole process Victims have
   27 the right to
- A Submit written or recorded testimony to the Office of Victim Services, which the
   Office of Victim Services must provide to the board for consideration at each parole
   hearing Testimony submitted must be kept by the department and must be considered
   at any subsequent parole hearing until updated by the victim.
- B Participate in a victim hearing separate from the applicant, and to have that hearing
   conducted at a location other than a correctional facility.
- 34C Select someone other than the victim to read the victim's statement at the victim and35parole hearing, and
- 36D Have a support person, who is trained in trauma-informed care, with the victim at37the parole hearing or victim hearing

#### 38 §5827. Custody and supervision of parolee; duration of parole

39 1. Custody and supervision of parolee A parolee must remain in custody of the 40 warden or chief administrative officer of the correctional facility from which the parolee 41 was released for the duration of parole. The parolee is subject to any conditions imposed 42 on the parolee by the board and any generally applicable rules to parolees established by 43 the department or the board. A parolee is under the supervision of a parole officer who is

Page 6 - 131LR0773(02)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $\bigwedge$  " to S P 82, L D 178

charged with overseeing the parolee's compliance with the provisions of this subchapter and with whom the parolee shall remain in regular contact for the duration of the parole

2. Duration. The parolee must remain on parole for the duration of the parolee's unsuspended and suspended sentences. While on parole, the parolee earns deductions described in Title 17-A, section 2305, 2306 or 2307 in the same manner as the parolee would if incarcerated.

#### <u>§5828. Administrative release</u>

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14 15 1. Development of guidelines. The board shall by rule develop administrative release guidelines, referred to in this section as "the guidelines," using evidence-based risk assessment criteria for use by the board in evaluating applications for parole. In establishing the guidelines, the board must consult with the Permanent Commission on the Status of Racial, Indigenous and Tribal Populations described in Title 5, chapter 631 or with entities specified by that commission. The guidelines must provide the board with consistent and comprehensive information relevant to risk factors for parolees. The guidelines must include a matrix of advisory release decision recommendations for different risk levels

16 <u>2. Factors for consideration.</u> In developing the guidelines, the board shall consider
 17 the following factors

- 18A The actuarial risk of recidivism, which must be the central factor for the board in19making its decision related to the time and conditions of parole Risk must be assessed20using evidence-based actuarial risk assessment tools and the professional judgment of21the board Where possible, the board shall use a transparent assessment tool in22acknowledgement of racial bias,
- B The testimony of or a written statement provided by the victim of the crime or a
   relative of the victim, or a person designated by the victim of the crime or a relative of
   the victim to provide testimony or a written statement,
- 26C The applicant's participation in a treatment program and other progress made toward27rehabilitation while incarcerated,
- 28D The applicant's conduct and participation in community service activities while29incarcerated,
- 30 <u>E The adequacy of the applicant's parole plan submitted to the board</u>,
- 31F Whether the applicant has threatened or harassed the victim or the victim's family or32has caused the victim or the victim's family to be threatened or harassed,
- 33 <u>G The testimony or written statement of a prospective parole sponsor, employer or</u> 34 <u>other person who is available to assist the applicant if the applicant is granted parole.</u>
- H Whether the applicant has previously absconded or escaped, or attempted to abscond
   or escape, while on probation, supervised community confinement, parole or other
   conditional release program,
- I Whether the applicant took part in educational services offered by the department
   while incarcerated, and whether the applicant completed a high school diploma, a
   general equivalency diploma, a vocational certification or a college degree while
   incarcerated,

Page 7 - 131LR0773(02)

ROS	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $A$ " to S P 82, L D 178
1 2	J Sentencing factors described in Title 17-A, section 1602, subsection 1, paragraph B related to the underlying crime or crimes for which the applicant is incarcerated, and
3	K Any other factor that the board determines is appropriate or necessary to consider
4 5 6	3. Sex offenders. The guidelines under this section do not apply to persons convicted and serving a sentence for crimes described in Title 17-A, chapter 11 or 12 The board shall by rule develop specific criteria to be used to evaluate these applicants
7 8	<u>4. Coordination of risk and needs.</u> The board shall impose supervision conditions and services with the assessed risk and need levels determined pursuant to subsection 1
9 10 11 12 13 14	5. Risk assessment scale. The board shall develop a risk assessment scale that includes evidence-based criteria for reducing the risk of recidivism and that considers the racial bias existing in the risk assessment criteria. The board shall validate the risk assessment scale every 5 years to ensure that the predictive accuracy, as determined by data collection and analysis by the board, does not fall below an acceptable level. A majority of the board may vote to review the risk assessment scale on a more frequent basis
15 16 17 18	6. Forms. The board shall develop forms required under this section that are designed to record the rationale for the board's decision on a parole application. Victum identity and input must be protected from display on the form and on any board hearing report that may become part of the applicant's or parolee's record.
19 20 21	7. Training. The board shall seek regular training for its members to ensure that the board is using best practices in parole application evaluation and applying them effectively in carrying out the board's duties
22	§5829. Administrative revocation
23 24 25 26 27	1. Development of guidelines. The board shall by rule develop administrative revocation guidelines, referred to in this section as "the guidelines," that must be used to evaluate complaints filed for parole revocation. The board shall develop the guidelines using evidence-based risk assessment criteria and considering the racial bias existing in the guidelines.
28 29	<b>2. Factors for consideration</b> In developing the guidelines, the board shall consider the following factors in evaluating complaints filed for parole revocation
30 31	A Notification by the department that the parolee was convicted of a new crime while on parole.
32	B The seriousness of the violation of conditions of parole, if applicable,
33	C The parolee's frequency of violations of conditions of parole,
34 35	D The parolee's efforts to comply with a previous corrective action plan or other remediation plan required by the board or by the parole officer,
36 37 38	<u>E The imposition of intermediate sanctions by the parole officer in response to</u> violations of conditions of parole that may form the basis of the complaint filed for parole revocation,
39 40	F Whether modification of parole conditions would be more appropriate than a revocation of parole and still consistent with public safety, and

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Page 8 - 131LR0773(02)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A" to S P 82, L D 178

<u>G</u> Any mitigating factors, including, but not limited to, if the parolee suffers from a mental health or other medical condition, including substance use disorder, or if the violation was technical rather than substantive

3. Revocation determination for violation of parole. When revoking parole, the board must make a determination that appropriate intermediate sanctions prior to revocation have been used but have been ineffective, or that the parolee's conduct in the underlying violations presents a specific threat to public safety that cannot be mitigated through less restrictive means. When revoking parole, the board must create a future parole eligibility term schedule to determine how long the parolee must wait before reapplying.

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#### §5830. Violations of conditions of parole; revocation hearings

11 1. Revocation hearing. When a parolee is alleged by the parolee's parole officer to 12 have violated the conditions of parole, the board shall conduct a revocation hearing to 13 determine whether the alleged violations were found to have been committed, and if so 14 whether revocation of parole is an appropriate remedy The standard of review for 15 determining whether a violation of parole has occurred is clear and convincing evidence 16 Upon a determination by the board that parole should be revoked, the parolee must be 17 returned to the correctional facility overseen by the warden or facility administrator having 18 custody of the parolee

19 2. Arrest and detention for violation. A parole officer may arrest and detain a parolee 20 for a violation of a condition of parole and take the parolee into custody pending the 21 issuance of a parole violation without a warrant The parole officer shall first make use of graduated sanctions, especially in the case of technical violations. The detention period 22 23 may not extend beyond the next business day and, if a warrant is not issued in that time, 24 the parolee must be released from detention A parolee detained pursuant to this subsection 25 does not have a right of action for an unlawful arrest or detainment for violation of parole 26 against the parole officer, a board member or any other personnel of the department

27 3. Issuance of summons for violation; board action. A parole officer may file a 28 complaint with the District Court alleging a parolee has committed a parole violation If 29 the court determines that probable cause exists and the alleged violation does not present a 30 specific threat to public safety, a summons may be issued for the parolee to appear before 31 the board The board shall hold a revocation hearing within 30 calendar days of the issuance 32 of summons, or at its next scheduled meeting at the correctional facility having custody of 33 the parolee, whichever is later The revocation hearing may be delayed for no more than an 34 additional 30 days upon the department showing that extenuating circumstances exist At 35 the revocation hearing, the parolee has the right to competent counsel, the right to defend 36 against and present evidence in defense of the allegations of the alleged violation and the 37 right to present and cross-examine witnesses If a parolee fails to appear for the revocation 38 hearing, the board shall find by default that a violation of parole has occurred

4. Issuance of warrant for violation, board action The parole officer may file a
 complaint with the District Court alleging that a parole has committed a parole violation
 If the court determines that probable cause exists and the alleged violation presents a
 specific threat to public safety, a warrant may be issued for the parolee's arrest. Upon arrest,
 the parolee must be returned to the correctional facility having custody of the parolee. The
 board shall hold a revocation hearing within 30 calendar of the parolee's arrest, or at its
 next scheduled meeting at the correctional facility where the parolee resides, whichever is

Page 9 - 131LR0773(02)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to SP 82, L D 178

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later The revocation hearing may be delayed for no more than an additional 30 days upon the department showing that extenuating circumstances exist. At the revocation hearing, the parolee has the right to competent counsel, the right to defend against and present evidence in defense of the allegations of the alleged violation and the right to present and cross-examine witnesses

5. Forfeiting deductions. Upon revocation of parole pursuant to this section, the parolee forfeits any deductions earned during parole pursuant to Title 17-A, section 2305, 2306 or 2307

9 6. Tolling sentence. Whenever a warrant is issued under subsection 4, the running of 10 the parolee's sentence and parole period is tolled and remains tolled until the parolee is returned to the correctional facility having custody of the parolee The tolling calculation 11 must include any time served prior to such return, after the reason for an alleged violation 12 13 of parole occurred. If the board determines that a violation of parole has not occurred, or if 14 a warrant for arrest as a result of a parole violation is withdrawn and found invalid, the 15 parolee must be credited with the time lost by the tolling of the running of the parolee's 16 sentence

#### 17 §5831. Sentence for violation of law by parolee

18A parolee who while on parole is convicted of murder or a Class A, B or C crime, or19who while on parole is convicted of a crime in another jurisdiction punishable by a sentence20of imprisonment for one year or more, shall serve that sentence concurrently to the parolee's21existing sentence or sentences for which the parolee is on parole, unless the judge22determines that the 2nd sentence should be served consecutively with that sentence23beginning on the date of termination of that sentence

#### 24 §5832. Discharge from parole

A parolee who satisfies all the conditions of parole and completes the parolee's
 sentence is entitled to a certificate of discharge to be issued by the warden or chief
 administrative officer of the correctional facility having custody of the parolee

#### 28 §5833. Data collection and reporting

29 **1. Outcome data and analysis.** The board shall by rule develop and implement a 30 process to collect and analyze data stipulating the basis for the outcomes of the board's 31 decisions for granting, revoking or denying parole. Any data related to victim identification 32 or victim input that is identifiable to the person's conviction or the person's case must be 33 maintained but kept confidential by the board and may be released only to other 34 government agencies, pursuant to a nondisclosure agreement, for the purposes of analysis 35 and reporting only

- 36 <u>2. Recidivism data.</u> The board shall collect data on recidivism, including the
   37 <u>following</u>
- A The number of parolees who are arrested and returned to prison for the commission
   of a new crime or a violation of parole within 3 years following a parolee's release on
   parole,
- 41 <u>B The type of reentry programs provided as part of a parolee's parole plan, and</u>
- 42 <u>C The types of parole conditions violated or the new crimes for which parolees are convicted</u>

Page 10 - 131LR0773(02)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to SP 82, LD 178

The board shall share with the relevant correctional facility any parole or aftercare release plan, as well as any parole or aftercare release reports to be stored in the person's master file at the correctional facility

3. Record of conformance with or departure from guidelines. The board shall adopt standards for evaluating whether a decision granting, revoking or denying parole conformed with the administrative release guidelines in section 5828, subsection 1 and the administrative revocation guidelines in section 5829, subsection 1 If the board determines that the decision was inconsistent with the guidelines, the board shall make necessary changes to address the inconsistency

4. Reporting to department. The board shall provide the data collected pursuant to this section to the department for analysis. Using the data, the department shall assist the board in identifying specific factors that are necessary to the board's parole decision-making process and shall assist the board in securing training to facilitate the board's future decision making

5. Report to Legislature. By January 15, 2025 and annually thereafter, the board shall report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over criminal justice and public safety matters regarding the operation of the board pursuant to this subchapter

#### 19 §5834. Cooperation

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20The department, the Department of Health and Human Services, the officers and staff21of correctional facilities, law enforcement officers and law enforcement agencies shall22cooperate with the board in exercising its powers and duties

#### 23 §5835. Coordination with other laws regarding parole

As necessary and to the extent practicable, this subchapter must be supplemented with
 other laws regarding parole described in this chapter. If a conflict exists between this
 subchapter and other laws regarding parole in this chapter, the provisions of this subchapter
 prevail

Sec. 8. Maine Parole Board; terms. Members of the Maine Parole Board established pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 34-A, section 5823, referred to in this section as "the board," serve staggered 4-year terms At the end of a member's term, that member continues to serve on the board until a successor is appointed or the member is reappointed A board member may serve no more than 2 terms on the board Members must be appointed according to the following schedule

- 34A Three members must be appointed to serve a term that expires on the 3rd Monday35in January 2026,
- B Two members must be appointed to serve a term that expires on the 3rd Monday in
   January 2027, and
- C Two members must be appointed to serve a term that expires on the 3rd Monday in
   January 2028
- A member of the State Parole Board described in Title 34-A, section 5201 is eligible to be
  appointed to the board as long as the member meets the requirements of Title 34-A, section
  5823, subsection 2

Page 11 - 131LR0773(02)

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	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $\bigwedge$ " to S P 82, L D 178				
	Sec. 9. Appropriations and allocations. allocations are made	The following appro	priations and		
3	<b>CORRECTIONS, DEPARTMENT OF</b>				
4	Administration - Corrections 0141				
5	Initiative Provides funding for office supplies and equipment				
6	GENERAL FUND	2023-24	2024-25		
7	All Other	\$0	\$110,629		
8					
9	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$0	\$110,629		
10	Correctional Center 0162				
11 12	Initiative Provides funding for 2 Correctional Care and Treatment Worker positions and related costs to manage the parole program				
13	GENERAL FUND	2023-24	2024-25		
14	POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT	0 000	2 000		
15	Personal Services	\$0 \$0	\$200,281		
16 17	All Other	\$0	\$13,914		
17	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$0	\$214,195		
19	Mountain View Correctional Facility 0857		· ,		
20 21	Initiative Provides funding for 2 Correctional Care and Treatment Worker positions and related costs to manage the parole program				
22	GENERAL FUND	2023-24	2024-25		
23	POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT	0 000	2 000		
24	Personal Services	\$0 \$0	\$200,281		
25	All Other	\$0	W 1 2 11 1 / 1		
26			\$13,914		
26 27	GENERAL FUND TOTAL				
27	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$0	\$13,914		
27 28	Office of Victim Services 0046		\$214,195		
27			\$214,195		
27 28 29 30 31	Office of Victim Services 0046 Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate po		\$214,195		
27 28 29 30 31 32	Office of Victim Services 0046 Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate po the parole process GENERAL FUND POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT	ositions to work with 1 <b>2023-24</b> 0 000	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Office of Victim Services 0046 Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate po the parole process GENERAL FUND	ositions to work with 1 <b>2023-24</b>	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b>		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Office of Victim Services 0046 Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate po the parole process GENERAL FUND POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT Personal Services	2023-24 0 000 \$0	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000 \$404,234		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Office of Victim Services 0046 Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate por the parole process GENERAL FUND POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT Personal Services GENERAL FUND TOTAL	ositions to work with 1 <b>2023-24</b> 0 000	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Office of Victim Services 0046 Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate por the parole process GENERAL FUND POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT Personal Services GENERAL FUND TOTAL Parole Board 0123	2023-24 0 000 \$0 \$0	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000 \$404,234 \$404,234		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>Office of Victim Services 0046</li> <li>Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate potthe parole process</li> <li>GENERAL FUND</li> <li>POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT</li> <li>Personal Services</li> <li>GENERAL FUND TOTAL</li> <li>Parole Board 0123</li> <li>Initiative Provides funding for one Parole Director, 2.2</li> </ul>	Parole Program Manag	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000 \$404,234 \$404,234 ger positions,		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>Office of Victim Services 0046</li> <li>Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate potthe parole process</li> <li>GENERAL FUND POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT Personal Services</li> <li>GENERAL FUND TOTAL</li> <li>Parole Board 0123</li> <li>Initiative Provides funding for one Parole Director, 2.5</li> <li>2 Secretary Specialist positions, 7 Probation Officer Ast</li> </ul>	Parole Program Manag sistant positions, 7 Prol	\$214,195 ndividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000 \$404,234 \$404,234 \$404,234 ser positions, bation Parole		
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>Office of Victim Services 0046</li> <li>Initiative Provides funding for 4 Victim Advocate potthe parole process</li> <li>GENERAL FUND</li> <li>POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT</li> <li>Personal Services</li> <li>GENERAL FUND TOTAL</li> <li>Parole Board 0123</li> <li>Initiative Provides funding for one Parole Director, 2.2</li> </ul>	Parole Program Manag sistant positions, 7 Prol r Probation position, o	\$214,195 s214,195 andividuals in <b>2024-25</b> 4 000 \$404,234 \$404,234 \$404,234 ser positions, bation Parole ne Resource		

Page 12 - 131LR0773(02)

205	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " $\bigwedge$ " to S P 82, L D 178			
1	GENERAL FUND	2023-24	2024-25	
2	POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT	0 000	21 000	
3	Personal Services	\$0	\$2,349,955	
4	All Other	\$0	\$937,613	
5 6	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$0	\$3,287,568	
7	State Prison 0144	ΦŪ	\$3,287,308	
8 9	Initiative Provides funding for 2 Correctional Care and 7 related costs to manage the parole program	Freatment Worker	positions and	
10	GENERAL FUND	2023-24	2024-25	
11	<b>POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT</b>	0 000	2 000	
12	Personal Services	\$0	\$200,281	
13	All Other	\$0	\$13,914	
14				
15	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$0	\$214,195	
16				
17	CORRECTIONS, DEPARTMENT OF			
18	DEPARTMENT TOTALS	2023-24	2024-25	
19				
20	GENERAL FUND	\$0	\$4,445,016	
21				
22	DEPARTMENT TOTAL - ALL FUNDS	\$0	\$4,445,016	
23	,			
24	Amend the bill by relettering or renumbering any nonconsecutive Part letter or section			
25	number to read consecutively			
26	SUMMARY			
27	This amendment, which is a minority report of the committee, replaces the bill, which is a concept draft, and changes the title The amendment establishes the option of parole			
28				
29	for persons sentenced to the custody of the Department of			
30	provides that only persons in the custody of the department pursuant to a sentence imposed			
31	under the law in effect before May 1, 1976 may apply for	epartment pursuant to a sentence under the law in effect		
32 33				
33	on or after May 1, 1976 The amendment establishes the Maine Parole Board and outlines its operations and duties The amendment also sets criteria for the Maine Parole Board's			
35	granting and revocation of parole, and establishes an a			
36	decisions The amendment outlines the rights of victim			
37	amendment directs the board to adopt rules creating guide	-	-	
38	and revocation, as well as other rules to support its duties			
		-		

39FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED40(See attached)

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Page 13 - 131LR0773(02)



### **131st MAINE LEGISLATURE**

### LD 178

#### LR 773(02)

#### An Act to Support Reentry and Reintegration into the Community

### Fiscal Note for Bill as Amended by Committee Amendment 'A''(5-41) Committee: Criminal Justice and Public Safety Fiscal Note Required: Yes

### **Fiscal Note**

	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	Projections FY 2025-26	Projections FY 2026-27
Net Cost (Savings) General Fund	\$0	\$4,445,016	\$4,256,216	\$4,256,216
Appropriations/Allocations General Fund	\$0	\$4,445,016	\$4,256,216	\$4,256,216

#### **Fiscal Detail and Notes**

This bill establishes the option of parole for all persons sentenced to the custody of the Department of Corrections on or after May 1, 1976 It includes a General Fund appropriation of \$4,445,016 in fiscal year 2024-25 for 4 Victim Advocate positions, one Parole Director position, 2 Parole Program Managei positions, 2 Secretary Specialist positions, 6 Correctional Care and Treatment Worker positions, 7 Probation Officer Assistant positions, 7 Probation Parole Officei positions, one Regional Correctional Manager Probation position, one Resource Administrator position and related costs to administer and manage the parole program

Any additional costs to the Department of Health and Human Services from the provisions of this bill are expected to be minor and can be absorbed within existing budgeted resources