



130th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2021

Legislative Document	No. 1411
S.P. 461	In Senate, April 12, 2021

An Act To Establish the Maine Buy American and Build Maine Act

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on April 8, 2021. Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed.

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DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by President JACKSON of Aroostook. Cosponsored by Representative BRYANT of Windham and Senators: BALDACCI of Penobscot, CLAXTON of Androscoggin, MAXMIN of Lincoln, RAFFERTY of York, Representatives: DOUDERA of Camden, Speaker FECTEAU of Biddeford, MATLACK of St. George. 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1743, first ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 2001, c. 271, §1, is
 amended to read:

The Department of Administrative and Financial Services through the Bureau of General Services shall award a contract in accordance with this section <u>and chapter 168</u> for any public improvement that the State or any of its agencies hold in fee involving a total cost in excess of \$100,000, except contracts for professional, architectural and engineering services. The bureau may reject any public improvement bid, qualification package or proposal when it determines that to do so is in the best interests of the State. The contract must be awarded by competitive bid as provided in subsection 2 or by the bid method provided in subsections 3 to 7 for alternative methods of project delivery.

12 Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §1811, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 780, Pt. Y, §62, is 13 further amended to read:

Purchases. To purchase all services, supplies, materials and equipment required
 by the State Government or by any department or agency thereof, subject to chapters 141
 to 155; and chapter 168.

A. The Director of the Bureau of General Services may establish dates by which
departments and agencies of State Government must order standard forms that each
department or agency requires, and to determine the quantity of each standard form to
be printed in order to obtain savings resulting from volume purchasing;

Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §1812, first ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. 780, Pt. Y, §67, is
 further amended to read:

The terms "services," "supplies," "materials" and "equipment" as used in this chapter 23 24 mean any and all services, articles or things that are used by or furnished to the State or any 25 department or agency thereof, and any and all printing, binding, publication of laws, 26 journals and reports. Except as provided in chapters 141 to 155 and chapter 168, any and 27 all services, supplies, materials and equipment needed by one or more departments or 28 agencies of the State Government must be directly purchased or contracted for by the 29 Director of the Bureau of General Services, as may be determined from time to time by rules adopted pursuant to chapters 141 to 155 and chapter 168, which rules the Department 30 31 of Administrative and Financial Services is authorized and empowered to make. It is the 32 intent and purpose of this chapter that the Director of the Bureau of General Services purchase collectively all services, supplies, materials and equipment for the State or any 33 34 department or agency thereof in a manner that will best secure the greatest possible 35 economy consistent with the grade or quality of the services, supplies, materials and 36 equipment best adapted for the purposes for which they are needed. Whenever supplies and materials are available for purchase that are composed in whole or in part of recycled 37 materials and are shown by the seller, supplier or manufacturer to be equal in quality and 38 39 are competitively priced, except for paper and paper products, the Director of the Bureau of General Services shall purchase such recycled supplies and materials. The Director of 40 41 the Bureau of General Services shall also review procurement procedures and bid specifications for the purchase of products and materials to ensure, to the maximum extent 42 feasible, the purchase of products or materials that are made with recycled materials or may 43 44 be recycled or reused once discarded. For the purposes of this section and section 1812-B, "recycled materials" means materials that are composed in whole or in part of elements that
 are reused or reclaimed.

Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §1819 is amended to read:

4 §1819. Unlawful purchases

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5 Whenever any department or agency of the State Government, required by chapters 141 to 155 and chapter 168 and rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, to those 6 chapters applying to the purchase of services, supplies, materials or equipment through the 7 8 State Purchasing Agent, shall contract contracts for the purchase of such services, supplies, 9 materials or equipment contrary to chapters 141 to 155 and chapter 168 or the rules and regulations made hereunder under those chapters, such contract shall be is void and have 10 has no effect. If any such department or agency purchases any services, supplies, materials 11 or equipment contrary to chapters 141 to 155 and chapter 168 or rules and regulations made 12 hereunder under those chapters, the head of such department or agency shall be is 13 14 personally liable for the costs thereof, and, if such services, supplies, materials or equipment are so unlawfully purchased and paid for out of state moneys money, the amount 15 16 thereof may be recovered in the name of the State in an appropriate action instituted therefor for that recovery. 17

18 Sec. 5. 5 MRSA c. 168 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 168

MAINE BUY AMERICAN AND BUILD MAINE ACT

21 §2046. Short title

22 This Act may be known and cited as "the Maine Buy American and Build Maine Act."

23 **§2047. Definitions**

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms
 have the following meanings.

26 <u>1. Department.</u> "Department" means the Department of Administrative and Financial 27 <u>Services.</u>

28 2. Emergency life safety and property safety goods. "Emergency life safety and 29 property safety goods" means any goods that are part of or for addition to a system designed 30 to prevent, respond to, alert regarding, suppress, control or extinguish an emergency or the 31 cause of an emergency, or goods used to assist evacuation in the event of an emergency, that threatens life or property. "Emergency life safety and property safety goods" includes, 32 33 but is not limited to, goods relating to systems or items for fire alarm, fire sprinkling, fire 34 suppression, fire extinguishing, security, gas detection, intrusion detection, access control, 35 video surveillance and recording, mass notification, public address, emergency lighting, 36 patient wandering, infant tagging and nurse call.

37 3. In-state contractor. "In-state contractor" means an individual residing in this State
 38 or a business based in this State. "In-state contractor" includes:

1 2 3	A. If an individual, an individual who has a physical address in this State at which the individual has established residency and has filed a Maine tax return for at least the 2 years immediately prior to bidding on a state contract; or
4 5 6 7	B. If a business, a business or a subsidiary of the business that has a physical address in this State at which it conducts business, including interviewing applicants for employment by the business or a subsidiary of the business and hiring and employing staff, and:
8 9	(1) Has filed a Maine tax return or paid Maine employment taxes for at least the 2 years immediately prior to bidding on a state contract;
10 11 12	(2) If the business or a subsidiary of the business does not meet the requirements of subparagraph (1), an officer, if the business is a corporation, a partner in the business or the sole proprietor must meet the requirements of paragraph A; or
13 14 15 16 17	(3) If the business or a subsidiary of the business does not meet the requirements of subparagraph (1) or (2), at least 60% of the individuals employed by the business are residents of this State. For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is a resident of this State if the individual meets the requirements of Title 21-A, section 112 and filed a Maine income tax return the previous year.
18	4. Manufactured good. "Manufactured good" means:
19 20 21	A. An article, material or supply valued over \$500, including any preassembled items, brought to a construction site for incorporation into a public building or public work; and
22	B. Articles, materials or supplies acquired for public use.
23	5. Manufactured in the United States. "Manufactured in the United States" means:
24 25 26	<u>A.</u> In the case of an iron, cement or steel product, all manufacturing takes place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving the refinement of steel additives; and
27	B. In the case of a manufactured good other than an iron, cement or steel product:
28 29	(1) All of the manufacturing processes for the manufactured good take place in the United States;
30 31 32	(2) The origin of the manufactured good's components meets a minimum level of domestic content, as defined in rules established by the department pursuant to section 2050; or
33	(3) The manufactured good is assembled in the United States.
34 35 36	<u>6.</u> Public agency. "Public agency" means the State and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions but does not mean a county, municipality or school administrative unit.
37 38 39 40 41 42	7. Public building or public work. "Public building or public work" means any structure, building, highway, waterway, street, bridge, transit system, airport or other betterment, work or improvement whether of a permanent or temporary nature and whether for governmental or proprietary use. "Public building or public work" includes, but is not limited to, any railway; street railway; locomotive; passenger bus; wires, poles and equipment for electrification of a transit system; rails; tracks; roadbed; guideway; elevated

1 2	structure; school; hospital; station; terminal; dock; shelter; and repairs to any such public building or public work.
3 4 5 6	8. Public improvement. "Public improvement" means the construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement or maintenance of a public building or public work made by a public agency other than the Department of Transportation or the Maine Turnpike Authority.
7 8	9. United States. "United States" means the United States of America and any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
9	<u>§2048. Use of American-made materials</u>
10 11 12 13	1. Mandatory contract provision. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a contract for a public improvement must contain a provision that the manufactured goods, including iron, cement and steel, used or supplied in the performance of the contract or any subcontract to the contract must be manufactured in the United States.
14 15	<u>2. Procurement.</u> Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, manufactured goods purchased by a public agency must be manufactured in the United States.
16 17 18	3. Exceptions. A public agency may apply to the Governor or the Governor's designee for a waiver of the requirements of subsection 1 or 2 in any case or category of cases in which the executive head of a public agency finds:
19 20	A. That the application of the requirements of subsection 1 or 2 would be inconsistent with the public interest;
21 22	B. That the necessary manufactured goods are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality;
23 24 25 26	C. That inclusion of manufactured goods manufactured in the United States will increase the cost of the overall public improvement or procurement contract by an unreasonable amount, as defined in rules established by the department pursuant to section 2050; or
27 28 29	D. The total cost of the contract for a public improvement or purchase of manufactured goods by a public agency is below a minimum project cost as established by rules of the department pursuant to section 2050.
30 31 32 33 34 35	4. Public review and comment. The department shall implement procedures to allow a reasonable amount of time for public review and comment on a requested waiver under subsection 3 before making a finding based on the request and shall publish on the department's publicly accessible website or, in the case of a public improvement, in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the proposed work a detailed justification for any waiver granted.
36 37 38 39	5. Intentional violations. The department shall, after a hearing, debar a person, business or other entity from participation in contracts or subcontracts with the State for 2 years if the department has reason to believe that person, business or other entity has intentionally:
40 41	A. Affixed a label bearing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription with the same meaning, to any manufactured good, including iron, cement and steel, used

1 2	in a project to which this section applies when that manufactured good was not manufactured in the United States;
3 4 5	B. Represented that any manufactured good, including iron, cement and steel, used in a project to which this section applies was manufactured in the United States when that manufactured good was not manufactured in the United States; or
6	C. Violated any provision of this chapter.
7	6. International trade obligations. The requirements of this section do not apply to
8 9	the extent they violate or are inconsistent with international agreements pertaining to government procurement.
10 11	7. Exception for emergency life safety and property safety goods. The provisions of this chapter do not apply to emergency life safety and property safety goods.
12 13	8. Federal compliance. The requirements of this section do not apply to the extent they violate or are inconsistent with federal funding requirements.
14	§2049. Preference for in-state contractors
15 16	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department shall follow the requirements of this section.
17	1. Award of substantially similar bids. In addition to the requirements of Title 26,
18	chapter 15, public agencies, in awarding a bid for a public improvement, services provided
19 20	to or on behalf of the State or the purchase of manufactured goods, shall award the bid to an in-state contractor if that in-state contractor's bid is substantially similar to other
20	submitted bids.
22	2. Opportunity to match; public improvements. If, pursuant to section 1743-A, an
23	in-state contractor submits a bid for a public improvement that is substantially similar to
24	but substantially higher than other submitted bids, the public agency shall give the in-state
25 26	contractor the opportunity to match the lowest bid submitted. If more than one in-state contractor submits a bid that is substantially similar to but substantially higher than other
20	submitted bids, the public agency shall give each in-state contractor the opportunity to
28	revise and resubmit that in-state contractor's bid.
29	3. Opportunity to match; procurements. If, pursuant to section 1825-B, an in-state
30	contractor submits a bid that is substantially similar to but substantially higher than other
31	submitted bids, the public agency shall give the in-state contractor the opportunity to match
32 33	the lowest bid submitted. If more than one in-state contractor submits a bid that is substantially similar to but substantially higher than other submitted bids, the public agency
34	shall give each in-state contractor the opportunity to revise and resubmit that in-state
35	contractor's bid.
36	4. Exception. If the public agency determines, by a preponderance of evidence, that
37	a bid submitted by an in-state contractor is frivolous or that the in-state contractor is
38	incapable of satisfactorily completing the contract, the department may refuse to award the hid to that in state contractor
39 40	bid to that in-state contractor.
40 41	5. Grievance; investigation; mediation. An in-state contractor that is not awarded a bid pursuant to subsection 1, 2 or 3 may request, within 30 days of the award of the bid,
41	the Attorney General to investigate the bidding process and award to determine whether
43	the procedure in subsection 1, 2 or 3 was adhered to by the public agency or, if the contract

was not awarded pursuant to subsection 4, whether the agency's determination was valid.
 If the Attorney General determines that the agency has not followed the procedure specified
 in subsection 1, 2 or 3, the Attorney General may act as a mediator in a dispute between
 the in-state contractor and the agency.

<u>6.</u> Federal compliance. The requirements of this section do not apply to the extent they violate or are inconsistent with federal funding requirements.

<u>§2050. Rules</u>

The department shall adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

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Sec. 6. Effective date. This Act takes effect September 1, 2022.

SUMMARY

13 This bill establishes the Maine Buy American and Build Maine Act and requires that 14 all contracts for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement or 15 maintenance of a public building or public work made by a state agency, board, commission or institution, except for the Department of Transportation and the Maine Turnpike 16 17 Authority, contain a provision that any manufactured good valued over \$500, including 18 iron, cement and steel, and any article, material or supply acquired for public use used or 19 supplied in the performance of the contract or any subcontract to the contract must be 20 manufactured in the United States. This requirement does not apply to counties, 21 municipalities or school administrative units.

The bill requires, in the case of a manufactured good valued over \$500, other than an iron, cement or steel product, all of the manufacturing processes to take place in the United States, the origin of the manufactured good's components to meet a minimum level of domestic content as established by rule or the manufactured good to be assembled in the United States.

27 Under the Act, a public agency may apply to the Governor or the Governor's designee 28 for a waiver of the requirement if the executive head of the public agency finds that the 29 application of the requirement would be inconsistent with the public interest, that the necessary manufactured goods are not produced in the United States in sufficient and 30 31 reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality, that inclusion of manufactured 32 goods made in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project contract by an 33 unreasonable amount or that the total cost of the contract is below a minimum project cost 34 established by rule. The Department of Administrative and Financial Services is directed to adopt rules to implement the Act. 35

The bill requires that, if the department has reason to believe that any person, business or other entity has intentionally made fraudulent representations about the domestic content of a manufactured good or has intentionally violated any provision of the Act, the department must, after a hearing, debar that person, business or other entity from contracts or subcontracts with the State for 2 years.

The bill provides that the provisions of this legislation must be applied in a manner consistent with the State's obligations under any applicable international agreements pertaining to government procurement and do not apply to emergency life safety and
 property safety goods.

3 The bill also requires that, in the award of a bid for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement or maintenance of a public building or public work, for 4 5 services to be provided to or on behalf of the State or for the purchase of manufactured goods, if 2 or more bids are submitted that are substantially similar, preference must be 6 7 given to the bid submitted by an in-state contractor, which includes a business at which at 8 least 60% of the employees are residents of Maine. If the bid submitted by an in-state 9 contractor is higher than the lowest bid submitted by a contractor that is not an in-state contractor, the in-state contractor must be given the opportunity to match the lowest bid 10 submitted. The preference provisions do not apply to the extent they violate or are 11 inconsistent with federal funding requirements. 12

An in-state contractor may request that the Attorney General investigate the bidding
 and award process and act as a mediator between the in-state contractor and the public
 agency.