MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)



130th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2021

Legislative Document

No. 480

H.P. 354

House of Representatives, February 16, 2021

An Act To Establish a Presumption of Entitlement to Counsel for a Person Who Is the Subject of an Adult Guardianship, Conservatorship or Other Protective Arrangement Proceeding

Received by the Clerk of the House on February 11, 2021. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

R(+ B. Hunt

Presented by Representative CARDONE of Bangor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 18-C MRSA §5-305, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 and affected by PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 1. Presumption; appointment of attorney required. There is a presumption that every respondent and adult subject to guardianship is entitled to legal representation. In any proceeding on a petition under section 5-302, the court shall appoint an attorney for an unrepresented respondent or adult subject to guardianship. This presumption may be rebutted if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent or adult subject to guardianship knowingly and voluntarily refuses such representation and does not wish to contest any aspect of the proceeding or to seek any limitation on the guardian's powers.
- **Sec. 2. 18-C MRSA §5-406, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 and affected by PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 1. Presumption; appointment of attorney required. There is a presumption that every respondent and adult subject to conservatorship is entitled to legal representation. In any proceeding on a petition under section 5-402, the court shall appoint an attorney for an unrepresented respondent or adult subject to conservatorship. This presumption may be rebutted if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent or adult subject to conservatorship knowingly and voluntarily refuses such representation and does not wish to contest any aspect of the proceeding or to seek any limitation on the conservator's powers.
- Sec. 3. 18-C MRSA §5-507, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 and affected by PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 1. Presumption; appointment of attorney required. There is a presumption that every respondent and adult subject to a protective arrangement is entitled to legal representation. In a proceeding under this Part, the court shall appoint an attorney for an unrepresented respondent or adult subject to a protective arrangement. This presumption may be rebutted if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent or adult subject to a protective arrangement knowingly and voluntarily refuses such representation and does not wish to contest any aspect of the proceeding or to seek any limitation to the protective arrangement.

SUMMARY

This bill establishes a presumption that every adult in a guardianship, conservatorship or other protective arrangement proceeding is entitled to legal representation when not already represented and requires the court to appoint an attorney, except that the presumption may be rebutted if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the adult knowingly and voluntarily refuses such representation and does not wish to contest any aspect of the proceeding or powers of the guardian or conservator or limitation to the protective arrangement.