MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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130th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2021

Legislative Document

No. 447

H.P. 323

House of Representatives, February 16, 2021

An Act To Require Equivalent Paid Parental Leave for All Parents Employed by Companies Offering Paid Parental Leave

Received by the Clerk of the House on February 11, 2021. Referred to the Committee on Labor and Housing pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative ROEDER of Bangor.

Cosponsored by Representatives: DUNPHY of Old Town, McDONALD of Stonington,

SUPICA of Bangor, Senator: BALDACCI of Penobscot.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §843, sub-§4-C is enacted to read:
3	4-C. Parental leave. "Parental leave" means leave requested by an employee for:
4	A. The birth of the employee's child or the employee's domestic partner's child; or
5 6 7	B. The placement of a child 16 years of age or less with the employee or with the employee's domestic partner in connection with the adoption of the child by the employee or the employee's domestic partner.
8	Sec. 2. 26 MRSA §848-A is enacted to read:
9	§848-A. Paid parental leave
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 Requirements. If an employer provides paid parental leave, the employer shall offer an equal amount of paid parental leave for the birth of a child, as specified in section 843, subsection 4-C, paragraph A, and the placement of a child, as specified in section 843 subsection 4-C, paragraph B. If an employer provides paid parental leave, the employer may not offer different amounts of paid parental leave based on the gender of the employer or employee's domestic partner. Penalty. An employer that violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of \$10,000 for each violation must be adjudged.
18	SUMMARY
19 20 21 22 23 24	This bill requires an employer that provides paid parental leave to provide an equa amount of leave for the birth of a child and the adoption of a child. It also prohibits ar employer from providing different amounts of paid parental leave based on the gender of the employee or employee's domestic partner. The bill uses the definition of "employer under the family medical leave laws. The bill establishes a fine of \$10,000 for violation of these requirements.