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H.P. 1001

House of Representatives, March 26, 2019

An Act To Transfer the Violations Bureau from the Courts to the Office of the Secretary of State

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative MARTIN of Eagle Lake.

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Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

PART A

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Sec. A-1. 4 MRSA §159, first ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 560, Pt. I, §14, is further amended to read:

For each division, for the violations bureau and for the office of the Chief Judge, the 5 6 Chief Judge shall appoint clerks and deputy clerks as necessary. A clerk of the Superior Court may also serve as the clerk of the District Court. If the business of any division or 7 the violations bureau does not require the full-time service of a clerk, the Chief Judge 8 may appoint a part-time clerk for that division or violations bureau. Whenever the clerk 9 is unable to perform the duties of that office or so directs, the deputy has all the power 10 11 and performs all the duties of clerk. Whenever a clerk is absent or temporarily unable to perform the duties as clerk and there is no deputy clerk authorized or available to exercise 12 the powers and perform the duties of clerk and an existing or immediate session of the 13 14 court renders it necessary, the Chief Judge may designate a clerk pro tempore who has the 15 same powers and duties of the clerk.

Sec. A-2. 4 MRSA §163, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2015, c. 44, §1, is further
 amended to read:

1. District Court funds. Except as otherwise provided by law, all fines, forfeitures, 18 surcharges, assessments and fees collected in any division of the District Court or by the 19 20 violations bureau under Title 5, section 90-G must be paid to the clerk of that District 21 Court, who shall deposit them in a special account in a timely manner. Once each month, the clerk shall remit the sums to the Treasurer of State, who shall credit them to the 22 General Fund. At the same time, the clerk shall remit the sums that have been collected 23 in accordance with section 1057; Title 5, chapter 316-A; Title 7, section 3910-A; Title 17, 24 section 1015; Title 29-A, section 2411, subsection 7; former Title 34-A, section 1210-A, 25 subsection 9; and Title 34-A, section 1210-B, subsection 6. Funds received by the clerk 26 as bail in criminal cases must be deposited daily in a special account. The clerk shall 27 deposit the funds in an interest-bearing account unless the clerk determines that it is not 28 cost-effective to do so. Interest accrued in the account is the property of and accrues to 29 the State. The forfeiture and setoff of bail is governed as otherwise provided by law. 30

Sec. A-3. 4 MRSA §164, sub-§12, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 549,
§3 and affected by §17, is repealed.

33 Sec. A-4. 4 MRSA §1610-G, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 571, §1, is amended to
 34 read:

35 §1610-G. Additional securities; judicial branch

Notwithstanding any limitation on the amount of securities that may be issued pursuant to section 1606, subsection 2, the authority may issue additional securities in an amount not to exceed \$15,000,000 outstanding at any one time for paying the costs associated with planning, purchasing, customizing and implementing a case management, data storage and electronic filing system for the Supreme Judicial Court, Superior Court
 and District Court, including the violations bureau.

3 Sec. A-5. 5 MRSA §90-G is enacted to read:

4 §90-G. Violations bureau

5 The Secretary of State shall establish and administer the violations bureau. The violations bureau has jurisdiction over all traffic infractions committed in the State. 6 Unless otherwise ordered by a court, trial of a traffic infraction must be in the judicial 7 division of the District Court under Title 4, section 153 in which the alleged infraction 8 was committed. The Secretary of State shall designate by rule the amount of fines 9 10 imposed for traffic infractions. The Maine Rules of Civil Procedure apply in all traffic infraction proceedings. The clerk of each judicial division of the District Court under 11 Title 4, section 153 has the authority to accept pleadings and fines on behalf of the 12 13 violations bureau. Rules adopted under this section are routine technical rules as defined by chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 14

- 15 Sec. A-6. 29-A MRSA §101, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2
 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- Adjudication. "Adjudication" means a finding by a court that a person has
 committed a traffic infraction and includes the acceptance by the elerk of the violations
 bureau or any judicial division of an answer of not contested.
- 20 Sec. A-7. 29-A MRSA §101, sub-§91-B is enacted to read:
- 21 <u>91-B. Violations bureau.</u> "Violations bureau" means the violations bureau under
 22 <u>Title 5, section 90-G.</u>
- 23 Sec. A-8. 29-A MRSA §113, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A,
 24 §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- A. A clerk or deputy clerk of any judicial division of the District Court or the violations bureau for records from a judicial division or the violations bureau;
- Sec. A-9. 29-A MRSA §404, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 771, Pt. C, §1
 and affected by Pt. D, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:

2. Dismissal. A person served with a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a 29 30 violation of this section may have the complaint dismissed if that person shows 31 satisfactory evidence that the vehicle was registered at the time of the alleged violation. The clerk of the District Court violations bureau must shall dismiss the complaint if, prior 32 to the date required for filing an answer to the complaint, the person charged files with 33 the bureau a copy of the Violation Summons and Complaint together with satisfactory 34 evidence that the vehicle was registered at the time of the alleged violation. If a person 35 files a timely answer to a Violation Summons and Complaint alleging a violation of this 36 section and that person presents satisfactory evidence to the court at the time of trial 37 showing that the vehicle was registered at the time of the alleged violation, the court must 38 shall dismiss the complaint. 39

Sec. A-10. 29-A MRSA §1408, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1999, c. 771, Pt. C, §10 and affected by Pt. D, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:

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3 3. Dismissal. A person served with a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a violation of this section may have the complaint dismissed if that person shows 4 satisfactory evidence that the person held a valid license at the time of the alleged 5 violation. The elerk of the District Court Violations Bureau must violations bureau shall 6 dismiss the complaint if, prior to the date required for filing an answer to the complaint, 7 the person charged files a copy of the Violation Summons and Complaint with the 8 bureau, together with evidence that the person held a valid license at the time of the 9 alleged violation. If a person files a timely answer to a Violations Summons and 10 11 Complaint alleging a violation of this section and that person presents satisfactory 12 evidence to the court at the time of trial that the person held a valid license at the time of the alleged violation, the court must shall dismiss the complaint. 13

Sec. A-11. 29-A MRSA §1601, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1999, c. 771, Pt. C,
 §11 and affected by Pt. D, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:

16 4. Dismissal. A person served with a Violations Summons and Complaint charging a violation of this section may have the complaint dismissed if that person shows 17 satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at 18 the time of the alleged violation. The clerk of the District Court Violations Bureau must 19 violations bureau shall dismiss the complaint if, prior to the date required for filing an 20 answer to the complaint, the person charged files a copy of the Violation Summons and 21 Complaint with the bureau, together with satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or 22 23 financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged violation. If a person files a timely answer to a Violations Summons and Complaint alleging a violation of this 24 section and that person presents to the court at the time of trial satisfactory evidence of 25 liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged 26 violation, the court must shall dismiss the complaint. 27

28 Sec. A-12. 29-A MRSA §2074, sub-§3-B, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 308, §1, is
 29 amended to read:

30 3-B. Fine doubled. The penalty for a violation of subsection 1, paragraph A is twice
 31 the amount of the fine designated in accordance with Title 4, section 164, subsection 12
 32 <u>Title 5, section 90-G</u> for a speeding violation under section 2073 involving a similar
 33 excessive rate of speed.

34 Sec. A-13. 29-A MRSA §2075, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1995, c. 151, §1, is 35 further amended to read:

2. Public ways under construction. The Commissioner of Transportation may restrict the speed limit on a public way under construction or during maintenance and the Executive Director of the Maine Turnpike Authority may restrict the speed limit on any portion of the turnpike under construction or during maintenance when a lower rate of speed would minimize the danger of accident. A person may not operate a motor vehicle in excess of these speeds, as long as notice of the maximum speed has been given by standard black and white speed limit signs on the way. Signs erected pursuant to this

- 1 subsection must be covered or removed during hours when the speed limit is not 2 restricted.
- The penalty for a violation of this subsection is a fine equal to twice the amount of the fine designated in accordance with Title 4, section 164, subsection 12 Title 5, section 5 <u>90-G</u> for a similar speeding violation under section 2073.
- 6 Sec. A-14. 29-A MRSA §2252, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 291, §1, is 7 amended to read:
- 6. Dismissal. The clerk of the District Court Violations Bureau or trial court or
 violations bureau shall dismiss a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a person
 with a violation of subsection 2, paragraph D if that person:
- 11 A. Shows the issuing law enforcement officer satisfactory evidence of liability 12 insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged 13 violation and the issuing officer notifies the violations bureau of that fact; or
- 14 B. Files a timely answer to a Violation Summons and Complaint alleging a violation 15 of subsection 2, paragraph D and that person presents to the court at the time of trial 16 satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in 17 effect at the time of the alleged violation.
- 18 Sec. A-15. 29-A MRSA §2253, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 291, §2, is
 19 amended to read:
- 4. Dismissal. The clerk of the District Court Violations Bureau or trial court or
 violations bureau shall dismiss a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a person
 with a violation of subsection 2, paragraph D if that person:
- A. Shows the issuing law enforcement officer satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged violation and the issuing officer notifies the violations bureau of that fact; or
- B. Files a timely answer to a Violation Summons and Complaint alleging a violation
 of subsection 2, paragraph D and that person presents to the court at the time of trial
 satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in
 effect at the time of the alleged violation.
- 30 Sec. A-16. 29-A MRSA §2254, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 291, §3, is 31 amended to read:
- 4. Dismissal. The clerk of the District Court Violations Bureau or trial court or
 violations bureau shall dismiss a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a person
 with a violation of subsection 2-A if that person:
- A. Shows the issuing law enforcement officer satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged violation and the issuing officer notifies the violations bureau of that fact; or
- B. Files a timely answer to a Violation Summons and Complaint alleging a violation
 of subsection 2-A and that person presents to the court at the time of trial satisfactory

- evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time
 of the alleged violation.
- 3 Sec. A-17. 29-A MRSA §2255, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 291, §4, is
 amended to read:
- 4. Dismissal. The elerk of the District Court Violations Bureau or trial court or
 violations bureau shall dismiss a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a person
 with a violation of subsection 2, paragraph D if that person:
- 8 A. Shows the issuing law enforcement officer satisfactory evidence of liability 9 insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged 10 violation and the issuing officer notifies the violations bureau of that fact; or
- B. Files a timely answer to a Violation Summons and Complaint alleging a violation
 of subsection 2, paragraph D and that person presents to the court at the time of trial
 satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in
 effect at the time of the alleged violation.
- Sec. A-18. 29-A MRSA §2601, sub-§8, as amended by PL 2013, c. 482, §7, is
 further amended to read:
- 8. When a lawful complaint. If the Uniform Summons and Complaint is duly 17 sworn to as required by law and otherwise legally sufficient in respect to the form of a 18 19 complaint and to charging commission of the offense alleged in the summons to have been committed, then the summons when filed with a court having jurisdiction constitutes 20 a lawful complaint for the purpose of the commencement of any prosecution of a civil 21 violation under this Title or a misdemeanor or Class D or Class E crime under Title 23, 22 section 1980 or this Title. When filed with the violations bureau District Court under 23 subsection 9, the Violation Summons and Complaint is considered a lawful complaint for 24 25 the purpose of the commencement of a traffic infraction proceeding.
- Sec. A-19. 29-A MRSA §2608, 5th ¶, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 361, §34, is
 amended to read:
- When a court, including the violations bureau, is equipped with a computer terminal or other electronic data processing equipment having the capacity to transmit to and retrieve from the official motor vehicle records of the Secretary of State, the court may use the computer terminal or electronic data processing equipment in lieu of sending a written document to the Secretary of State.
- 33 Sec. A-20. Transition provisions. The following provisions govern the 34 transition of the violations bureau from the judicial branch to the Office of the Secretary 35 of State.
- The Office of the Secretary of State, violations bureau is the successor in every
 way to the powers, duties and functions of the judicial branch violations bureau.
- All existing rules, regulations and procedures in effect, in operation or adopted in
 or by the judicial branch violations bureau or any of its administrative units or officers are

- hereby declared in effect and continue in effect until rescinded, revised or amended by
 the proper authority.
- 3 3. All existing contracts, agreements and compacts currently in effect in the judicial
 branch violations bureau continue in effect.
- 5 4. Any positions authorized and allocated subject to the personnel laws to the former 6 judicial branch violations bureau are transferred to the Office of the Secretary of State, 7 violations bureau and may continue to be authorized.
- 5. All records, property and equipment previously belonging to or allocated for the
 use of the former judicial branch violations bureau become, on the effective date of this
 Act, part of the property of the Office of the Secretary of State, violations bureau.
- 6. All existing forms, licenses, letterheads and similar items bearing the name of or
 referring to the "violations bureau" may be utilized by the Office of the Secretary of
 State, violations bureau until existing supplies of those items are exhausted.
- 14 Sec. A-21. Effective date. This Part takes effect September 1, 2020.
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PART B

Sec. B-1. Secretary of State to review Maine Revised Statutes and issue 16 recommended legislation; report. The Secretary of State shall review the Maine 17 Revised Statutes to identify any amendments to provisions of law needed to carry out the 18 purposes of this Act. No later than January 15, 2020, the Secretary of State shall submit a 19 report on the changes found pursuant to the review under this section with recommended 20 legislation to correct those changes to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary. The 21 committee may report out legislation based upon the report to the Second Regular 22 Session of the 129th Legislature. 23

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SUMMARY

This bill transfers the responsibilities of the violations bureau, which processes traffic infractions, from the judicial branch to the Office of the Secretary of State.