MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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Date: //22/20

(Filing No. H-662)

3	STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
7	129TH LEGISLATURE
8	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 299, L.D. 390, Bill, "An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Dangerous Buildings"
11	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the title and inserting the following:
12 13	'Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
14 15 16 17	Whereas, a municipality, or a county on behalf of an unorganized or deorganized area, that has adjudged a building to be a nuisance or dangerous does not have clear legal authority to file a writ of attachment in Superior Court to recover the costs incurred by the municipality or the county in abating the nuisance or the dangerous building; and
18 19 20 21	Whereas, further delay in permitting a municipality or a county to file a writ of attachment to recoup expenses incurred in remediating a nuisance or dangerous building places a strain on the ability of a municipality or a county to meet its other financial obligations; and
22 23 24 25	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,
26	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
27 28	Sec. 1. 17 MRSA §2851, first ¶, as amended by PL 2017, c. 136, §1, is further amended to read:
29 30 31 32 33	The municipal officers in the case of a municipality or the county commissioners in the case of the unorganized or deorganized areas in their county may after notice pursuant to section 2857 and hearing adjudge a building to be a nuisance or dangerous, in accordance with subsection 2-A, and may make and record an order, in accordance with subsection 3, prescribing what disposal must be made of that building. The order may

allow for delay of disposal if the owner or party in interest has demonstrated the ability

and willingness to satisfactorily rehabilitate the building. If an appeal pursuant to section

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 2852 is not filed or, if an appeal pursuant to section 2852 is filed and the Superior Court does not order, stay or overturn the order to dispose of the building, the municipal officers or the county commissioners shall cause the nuisance to be abated or removed in compliance with the order. After recording an attested copy of the notice required by section 2857 in the registry of deeds located within the county where the building is situated, the municipality or the county may seek a writ of attachment of the property on which the building is located in accordance with Title 14, chapter 507 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.

- Sec. 2. 17 MRSA §2851, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2017, c. 136, §1, is further amended to read:
- 4. Proceedings in Superior Court. In addition to proceedings before the municipal officers or the county commissioners, the municipality or the county may seek an order of demolition by filing a complaint in the Superior Court situated in the county where the building is located. The complaint must identify the location of the property and set forth the reasons why the municipality or the county seeks its removal. Service of the complaint must be made upon the owner and parties in interest in accordance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure. After hearing before the court sitting without a jury, the court shall issue an appropriate order and, if it requires removal of the building, it shall award costs as authorized by this subchapter to the municipality or the county. The municipality or the county may petition the court for a writ of attachment of the property on which the building is located in accordance with Title 14, chapter 507 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure. Appeal from a decision of the Superior Court is to the law court in accordance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.
- Sec. 3. 17 MRSA §2859, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 43, is amended to read:

In cases involving an immediate and serious threat to the public health, safety or welfare, in addition to any other remedies, a municipality or a county may obtain an order of demolition by summary process in Superior Court, in accordance with this section.

- Sec. 4. 17 MRSA §2859, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2017, c. 136, §7, is further amended to read:
- 1. Commencement of action. A municipality, acting through its building official, code enforcement officer, fire chief or municipal officers, or the county commissioners shall file a verified complaint setting forth such facts as would justify a conclusion that a building is dangerous, as described in section 2851, and shall state in the complaint that the public health, safety or welfare requires the immediate removal of that building. The municipality or the county may seek a writ of attachment of the property on which the building is located in accordance with Title 14, chapter 507 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.
- Sec. 5. 17 MRSA §2859, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2017, c. 136, §9, is further amended to read:
- 4. Hearing. After hearing, the court shall enter judgment. If the judgment requires removal of the building, the court shall award costs to the municipality or the county as

- wig	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " to H.P. 299, L.D. 390
1 2	authorized by this subchapter. The award of costs may be contested and damages sought in a separate action to the extent permitted by subsection 7.
3 4	Sec. 6. 17 MRSA §2859, sub-§7, as amended by PL 2017, c. 136, §10, is further amended to read:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	7. Damages. Any complaint that either seeks damages for the wrongful removal of a building or challenges the award of costs must be filed no later than 30 days from the date of the judgment or order that is the subject of the appeal. The damages that may be awarded for wrongful demolition are limited to the actual value of the building at the time of its removal. The provisions of Title 14, section 7552 do not apply. If the municipality or the county prevails, the court may award it its costs in defending any appeal, which may include, but are not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees.
12 13	Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.'
14	SUMMARY
15 16 17 18 19	This amendment replaces the bill. It allows a municipality or county to seek a writ of attachment from the Superior Court when the municipality or county incurs expenses associated with a building found to be a nuisance or dangerous. The amendment adds references to "county" or "county commissioners" where the word or phrase was inadvertently omitted.
20	This amendment also adds an emergency preamble and emergency clause.
21	FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED
22	(See attached)



129th MAINE LEGISLATURE

LD 390

LR 273(03)

An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Dangerous Buildings

Fiscal Note for Bill as Amended by Committee Amendment (H-662)

Committee: State and Local Government

Fiscal Note Required: Yes

Fiscal Note

Minor cost increase - General Fund Minor revenue increase - General Fund Minor revenue increase - Other Special Revenue Funds

Correctional and Judicial Impact Statements

This bill may increase the number of civil suits filed in the court system.

The additional workload associated with the minimal number of new cases filed in the court system does not require additional funding at this time.

The collection of additional filing fees may increase General Fund and other dedicated revenue by minor amounts.