# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1	L.D. 1629
2	Date: 9/13/18 (Filing No. S-55)
3	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
4	STATE OF MAINE
5	SENATE
6	128TH LEGISLATURE
7	SECOND SPECIAL SESSION
8 9	SENATE AMENDMENT " " to COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P 1124, L.D. 1629, Bill, "An Act To Protect the Elderly from Tax Lien Foreclosures"  Amend the amendment by striking out all of sections 1 to 4 and inserting the
11 12 13	following:  'Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §683, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2009, c. 213, Pt. YYY, §1 and affected by c. 652, Pt. A, §63, is further amended to read:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 00	1. Exemption amount. Except for assessments for special benefits, the just value of \$10,000 of the homestead of a permanent resident of this State who has owned a homestead in this State for the preceding 12 months is exempt from taxation Notwithstanding this subsection, a permanent resident of this State who loses ownership of a homestead in this State due to a tax lien foreclosure and subsequently regains ownership of the homestead from the municipality that foreclosed on the tax lien is deemed to have continuously owned the homestead and may not be determined ineligible for the exemption provided in this section due to the ownership of the homestead by the municipality. In determining the local assessed value of the exemption, the assessor shall multiply the amount of the exemption by the ratio of current just value upon which the assessment is based as furnished in the assessor's annual return pursuant to section 383. If the title to the homestead is held by the applicant jointly or in common with others, the exemption may not exceed \$10,000 of the just value of the homestead, but may be apportioned among the owners who reside on the property to the extent of their respective interests. A municipality responsible for administering the homestead exemption has no obligation to create separate accounts for each partial interest in a homestead owned jointly or in common.
1 2	Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §942, as amended by PL 2009, c. 489, §§2 and 3, is further amended by inserting after the 2nd paragraph a new paragraph to read:
3 4 5 6 7	For property that constitutes a homestead for which a property tax exemption is claimed under subchapter 4-B, the tax collector shall include with the written notice authorized under this section written notice to the person named on the tax lien mortgage that that person may be eligible to file an application for tax abatement under section 841, subsection 2, indicating that the municipality, upon request, will assist the person in requesting an abatement and provide information regarding the procedures for making

ROFS	SENATE AMENDMENT " , to COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1124, L.D. 1629
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	such a request. The notice must also indicate that the person may seek assistance from the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection regarding options for finding an advisor who can help the person work with the municipality to avoid tax lien foreclosure and provide information regarding ways to contact the bureau. The Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection, by July 15th annually, shall provide to a statewide organization representing municipalities information regarding assistance in avoiding tax lien foreclosure to assist municipalities in providing the information required in the notice.
10	Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §943-C is enacted to read:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, after the foreclosure process under sections 942 and 943 or sections 1281 and 1282 is completed and the right of redemption has expired, if a municipality chooses to sell property that immediately prior to foreclosure received a property tax exemption as a homestead under subchapter 4-B, the municipal officers or their designee shall notify the former owner or owners of the right to require the municipality to use the sale process under subsection 3 as long as the former owner or owners demonstrate that the property meets the requirements of subsection 1. The notice must be sent by first-class mail to the last known address of the former owner or owners.
21 22 23	1. Subject property. Property is subject to the requirements of this section if:  A. Immediately prior to foreclosure the property was owned by at least one person who, on the date the tax lien certificate was recorded, was 65 years of age or older
24 25 26	and occupied the property as a homestead as defined in section 681, subsection 2; and B. The former owner or owners of the property demonstrate to the municipal officers or their designee that:
27 28 29 30	(1) The income, as defined in section 5219-KK, subsection 1, paragraph D, of the former owner or owners of the property was less than \$40,000, after medical expenses have been deducted, for the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in which the right of redemption expired; and
31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(2) The value of liquid assets of the former owner or owners of the property is less than \$50,000 in the case of a single individual or \$75,000 in the case of 2 or more individuals. For the purposes of this paragraph, "liquid assets" means something of value available to an individual that can be converted to cash in 3 months or less and includes bank accounts, certificates of deposit, money market or mutual funds, life insurance policies, stocks and bonds, lump-sum payments and inheritances and funds from a home equity conversion mortgage that are in

The former owner or owners must provide documentation verifying the former owner's or owners' income and liquid assets.

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another form.

the individual's possession whether they are in cash or have been converted to

other property acquired through the tax lien foreclosure process.

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- 5. Property in the unorganized territory. With regard to the sale of property acquired by the State through tax lien foreclosure in the unorganized territory, the State Tax Assessor has the obligations of a municipality under this section.
- Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §1281, as amended by PL 1991, c. 846, §12, is further amended to read:

### §1281. Payment of taxes; delinquent taxes; publication; certificate filed in registry

Taxes on real estate mentioned in section 1602, including supplementary taxes assessed under section 1331, are delinquent on the 15th day of January next following the date of assessment. Annually, on or before February 1st, the State Tax Assessor shall send by mail to the last known address of each owner of such real estate upon which taxes remain unpaid a notice in writing, containing a description of the real estate assessed and the amount of unpaid taxes and interest, and alleging that a lien is claimed on that real estate for payment of those taxes, interests and costs, with a demand that payment be made by the next February 21st. For property that constitutes a homestead for which a property tax exemption is claimed under chapter 105, subchapter 4-B, the State Tax Assessor shall include in the written notice written notice to the owner named on the tax lien mortgage that that owner may be eligible to file an application for tax abatement under section 841, subsection 2, indicating that the State Tax Assessor, upon request, will assist the owner in requesting an abatement and provide information regarding the procedures for making such a request. The notice must also indicate that the owner may seek assistance from the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection regarding options for finding an advisor who can help the owner work with the State Tax Assessor to avoid tax lien foreclosure and provide information regarding ways to contact the bureau. Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection, by July 15th annually, shall provide to a statewide organization representing municipalities and to the State Tax Assessor information regarding assistance in avoiding tax lien foreclosure to assist municipalities and the State Tax Assessor in providing the information required in the notice. If the owners of any such real estate are unknown, instead of sending the notices by mail, the assessor shall cause the information required in this section on that real estate to be advertised in the state paper and in a newspaper, if any, of general circulation in the county in which the real estate lies. Such a statement or advertisement is sufficient legal notice of delinquent taxes. If those taxes and interest to date of payment and costs are not paid by February 21st, the State Tax Assessor shall record by March 15th, in the registry of deeds of the county or registry district where the real estate lies, a certificate signed by the assessor, setting forth the name or names of the owners according to the last state valuation, or the valuation established in accordance with section 1331; the description of the real estate assessed as contained in the last state valuation, or the valuation established in accordance with section 1331; the amount of unpaid taxes and interest; the amount of costs; and a statement that demand for payment of those taxes has been made, and that those taxes, interest and costs remain unpaid. The costs charged by the register of deeds for the filing may not exceed the fees established by Title 33, section 751.

Sec. 5. Appropriations and allocations. The following appropriations and allocations are made.

ROF S	SENATE AMENDMENT "D" to COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1124, L.D. 1629					
1	ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF					
2	Revenue Services, Bureau of 0002					
3 4	Initiative: Provides funding to reimburse municipalities for 90% of the cost of selling property that has been acquired through tax lien foreclosure.					
5 6 7	GENERAL FUND All Other \$0	<b>2018-19</b> \$2,250				
8 9 '	GENERAL FUND TOTAL \$0	\$2,250				
10 11	Amend the amendment by relettering or renumbering any nonconsecutive Part letter or section number to read consecutively.					
12	SUMMARY					
13	This amendment amends Committee Amendment "A" to:					
14 15 16 17	1. Change the timing of the notice required in Committee Amendment "A" regarding a property owner's right to apply for an abatement and the availability of assistance so that the notice need not be issued separately and instead must be included with other notice to that property owner;					
18 19	2. Specify that the income conditions established in Committee Amendment "A" apply after medical expenses have been deducted;					
20 21 22 23	3. Specify that the procedure established for the sale by municipalities of homesteads acquired through tax lien foreclosure applies to properties that had previously received a homestead exemption, rather than to properties that had merely been eligible for the exemption;					
24 25	4. Require that municipal notice to a former owner of the right to rec procedure be sent by first-class mail to the last known address of the former of	-				
26	5. Require documentation from the former owner verifying income and a	assets;				
27 28 29 30	6. Designate as confidential applications for the procedure for the mun homesteads acquired through tax lien foreclosure, including supporting inforcommunications and determinations of such applications, and require that such applications be held in executive session;	mation, files,				
31 32 33	7. Specify that the real estate broker with whom the property is listed an elected or appointed office in the relevant municipality and may not be that municipality;					
34 35 36	8. Require the municipality to attempt to contract with at least 3 such brokers for the sale of the property before retaining, selling or disposing of through the tax lien foreclosure process;					
37 38	9. Specifically include reasonable attorney's fees as part of the amount the municipality after sale of the property; and	t retained by				

### SENATE AMENDMENT (1) " to COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1124, L.D. 1629 10. Provide that a permanent resident of this State who loses ownership of a homestead in this State due to a tax lien foreclosure and subsequently regains ownership 2 3 of the homestead from the municipality that foreclosed on the tax lien continues to remain eligible for the homestead property tax exemption. 5 FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED 6 (See attached) SPONSORED BY: 7 8 (Senator DOW) 9 COUNTY: Lincoln



# 128th MAINE LEGISLATURE

LD 1629

LR 2290(16)

An Act To Protect the Elderly from Tax Lien Foreclosures

Fiscal Note for Senate Amendment "A"

Sponsor: Sen. Dow of Lincoln

Fiscal Note Required: Yes

## **Fiscal Note**

Reduces State Mandate Costs Still a Funded State Mandate

	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Projections FY 2019-20	Projections FY 2020-21
Net Cost (Savings) General Fund	\$0	(\$823,005)	(\$823,005)	(\$823,005)
Appropriations/Allocations General Fund	. \$0	(\$823,005)	(\$823,005)	(\$823,005)

#### Fiscal Detail and Notes

This amendment removes the requirement for a notice to the taxpayer of potential eligibility to file for tax abatement. As the mandate for a separate notice is removed, the costs anticipated from increased abatement activity originating from the notification would not be considered mandated costs and the General Fund appropriation is reduced by \$823,005 beginning in fiscal year 2018-19. The mandated requirements to engage a real estate broker, sell the property at fair market value or the price anticipated by the broker and remit excess proceeds to the taxpayer remain in the bill. As amended, the bill still contains an ongoing General Fund appropriation of \$2,250 beginning in fiscal year 2018-19 to cover these costs. This amount represents 90% of the estimated net cost to municipalities not recovered through the sale of the property.