

L.D. 1479 (Filing No. H-624)

Date: 3-2-18

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MAJORITY

Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.

STATE OF MAINE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

128TH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

9 COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "#" to H.P. 1018, L.D. 1479, Bill, "An Act To 10 Modernize and Improve Maine's Property Tax System"

11 Amend the bill by inserting after the title and before the enacting clause the 12 following:

'Mandate preamble. This measure requires one or more local units of government to expand or modify activities so as to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenues but does not provide funding for at least 90% of those expenditures. Pursuant to the Constitution of Maine, Article IX, Section 21, 2/3 of all of the members elected to each House have determined it necessary to enact this measure.'

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:

'Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §271, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 503, Pt. B, §165, is further amended to read:

1. Organization; meetings. The State Board of Property Tax Review, as established by Title 5, section 12004-B, subsection 6, shall consist consists of 15 members appointed by the Governor for terms of 3 years, except for initial appointments which shall be 1/3 of the membership for one year, 1/3 of the membership for 2 years and 1/3 of the membership for 3 years. Vacancies on the board shall <u>must</u> be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term. The membership shall <u>must</u> be equally divided among attorneys, real estate brokers <u>or appraisers</u>, engineers, retired assessors <u>who have a</u> current certificate of eligibility from the State Tax Assessor under section 311, except assessors employed by the bureau, and public members. Beginning August 1, 2018, at least one vacancy in the term of a public member or a position open as the result of an expired term of a public member must be filled by a member of the public with expertise in taxation, finance or property valuation matters. The board shall annually elect a chair and secretary. The secretary need not be chosen from the members of the board.

35 Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §271, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:

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R. d.S.

1 5-A. Mediation. For appeals pursuant to section 843 or 844, if the board determines 2 that the appeal is within the jurisdiction of the board and all rights to appeal the 3 determination of jurisdiction have expired, within 120 days after filing a petition for 4 appeal, the assessor or assessors, chief assessor of a primary assessing area or State Tax 5 Assessor in the case of the unorganized territory and the taxpayer shall retain the services 6 of a mutually agreed-upon mediator knowledgeable in taxation, valuation matters or 7 conflict resolution, unless otherwise excused by the chair of the board. The cost of 8 mediation must be shared equally between the municipality, or the State Tax Assessor in 9 the case of the unorganized territory, and the taxpayer. Unless the parties have been 10 excused by the chair of the board from mediation, the board may not schedule a hearing 11 until after it is notified by the parties that mediation has been completed. Upon the 12 completion of mediation, the parties must notify the board in writing stating whether 13 further board action is necessary.

14 Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §611, 2nd ¶ is amended to read:

When the assessors are informed by the owner or otherwise of the presence within the town of such personal property, the assessors shall give notice in writing to the owner to furnish to the assessors a true and perfect list of such property within 15 days from the receipt of such notice and, except as otherwise provided in this section, section 706 shall be 706-A is applicable to this section.

Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §706, as amended by PL 2013, c. 544, §5 and affected by §7, is
 repealed.

22 Sec. 5. 36 MRSA §706-A is enacted to read:

23 §706-A. Taxpayers to list property; notice; penalty; verification

24 1. Taxpavers to list property; inquiries. Before making an assessment, the 25 assessor or assessors, chief assessor of a primary assessing area or State Tax Assessor in the case of the unorganized territory may give seasonable notice in writing to all persons 26 27 liable to taxation or qualifying for exemption pursuant to subchapter 4-C in the 28 municipality, the primary assessing area or the unorganized territory to furnish to the assessor or assessors, chief assessor or State Tax Assessor true and perfect lists of all the 29 30 property the taxpayer possessed on the first day of April of the same year and may at the time of the notice or thereafter require the taxpayer to answer in writing all proper 31 32 inquiries as to the nature, situation and value of the taxpayer's property liable to be taxed 33 in the State or subject to exemption pursuant to subchapter 4-C. The list and answers are not conclusive upon the assessor or assessors, chief assessor or State Tax Assessor. 34

As may be reasonably necessary to ascertain the value of property according to the income approach to value pursuant to the requirements of section 208-A or generally accepted assessing practices, these inquiries may seek information about income and expense, manufacturing or operational efficiencies, manufactured or generated sales price trends or other related information.

A taxpayer has 30 days from receipt of a request for a true and perfect list or of proper
 inquiries to respond to the request or inquiries. Upon written request to the assessor or
 assessors, chief assessor of a primary assessing area or State Tax Assessor in the case of
 the unorganized territory, a taxpayer is entitled to a 30-day extension to respond to the

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request for a true and perfect list or proper inquiries, and the assessor may at any time grant additional extensions upon written request. Information provided by the taxpayer in response to an inquiry that is proprietary information, and is clearly labeled by the taxpayer as proprietary and confidential information, is confidential and is not a public record for purposes of Title 1, chapter 13.

A notice to or inquiry of a taxpayer made under this section may be by mail directed to the last known address of the taxpayer or by any other method that provides reasonable notice to the taxpayer.

9 If notice is given by mail and the taxpayer does not furnish the list and answers to all 10 proper inquiries, the taxpayer may not apply to the assessor or assessors, chief assessor of a primary assessing area or State Tax Assessor in the case of the unorganized territory for 11 an abatement or appeal an application for abatement of those taxes unless the taxpaver 12 13 furnishes the list and answers with the application and satisfies the assessing authority or 14 authority to whom an appeal is made that the taxpayer was unable to furnish the list and 15 answers in the time required. The list and answers are not conclusive upon the assessor or assessors, chief assessor or State Tax Assessor. 16

17 If the assessor or assessors, chief assessor of a primary assessing area or State Tax 18 Assessor in the case of the unorganized territory fails to give notice by mail, the taxpayer 19 is not prohibited from applying for an abatement; however, upon demand, the taxpayer 20 shall furnish the list and answer in writing all proper inquiries as to the nature, situation 21 and value of the taxpayer's property liable to be taxed in the State. A taxpayer's refusal or 22 neglect to answer the inquiries bars an appeal, but the list and answers are not conclusive 23 upon the assessor or assessors, chief assessor or State Tax Assessor.

24The assessor or assessors, chief assessor of a primary assessing area or State Tax25Assessor in the case of the unorganized territory may require the person furnishing the list26and answers to all proper inquiries to subscribe under oath to the truth of the list and27answers.

28 2. Penalty. It is unlawful for any public official or any employee, agent, attorney or
 29 consultant of the taxing jurisdiction to willfully disclose any taxpayer information made
 30 confidential by this section or examine information made confidential by this section for
 31 any purpose other than the conduct of official duties pertaining to property tax
 32 administration. Information made confidential by this section may be disclosed:

- A. To the State Tax Assessor, who shall treat such information as confidential for
 purposes of section 191, subsection 2, paragraph I;
- 35 <u>B. To a mediator retained pursuant to section 271, subsection 5-A;</u>
- 36 <u>C. In a judicial proceeding in camera;</u>
- 37 <u>D. In an administrative proceeding, in executive session, pursuant to Title 1, section</u>
 38 <u>405, subsection 6, paragraph F;</u>
- 39E. To the person who filed the confidential information or that person's40representative authorized by the person in writing to receive the information;
- 41F. To a public official or any employee, agent, attorney or consultant of the taxing42jurisdiction; and

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1	G. To any other person with the taxpayer's written consent.
2 3	A person who knowingly violates the confidentiality provisions of this subsection commits a Class E crime.
4 5 6 7 8 9	3. Proprietary information. For the purposes of this section, "proprietary information" means information that is a trade secret or production, commercial or financial information the disclosure of which would impair the competitive position of the person submitting the information and would make available information not otherwise publicly available and information protected from disclosure by federal or state law, rules or regulations.
10	Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §713, last \P is amended to read:
11 12	Persons subjected to a tax under this section shall be are deemed to have received sufficient notice if the notice required by section $706 - A$ was given.
13 14	Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §841, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1993, c. 133, §1, is amended to read:
15 16 17 18 19	1. Error or mistake. The assessors, either upon written application filed within 185 days from commitment stating the grounds for an abatement or on their own initiative within one year from commitment, may make such reasonable abatement as they consider proper to correct any illegality, error or irregularity in assessment, provided that \underline{if} the taxpayer has complied with section 706 706-A.
20 21 22 23 24 25	The municipal officers, either upon written application filed after one year but within 3 years from commitment stating the grounds for an abatement or on their own initiative within that time period, may make such reasonable abatement as they consider proper to correct any illegality, error or irregularity in assessment, provided if the taxpayer has complied with section 706 706-A. The municipal officers may not grant an abatement to correct an error in the valuation of property.
26 27	Sec. 8. 36 MRSA §841, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2015, c. 300, Pt. A, §9, is further amended to read:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	4. Veteran's widow or widower or minor child. Notwithstanding failure to comply with section 706 706-A, the assessors, on written application within one year from the date of commitment, may make such abatement as they think proper in the case of the unremarried widow or widower or the minor child of a veteran, if the widow, widower or child would be entitled to an exemption under section 653, subsection 1, paragraph D, except for the failure of the widow, widower or child to make application and file proof within the time set by section 653, subsection 1, paragraph G, if the veteran died during the 12-month period preceding the April 1st for which the tax was committed.
37 38	Sec. 9. 36 MRSA §1331, 3rd ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 509, $\$31$, is amended to read:
39 40	Persons subjected to a tax under this section shall be are deemed to have received sufficient notice if the notice required by section 706 706-A was given.

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1018, L.D. 1479

Sec. 10. Task force established. Notwithstanding Joint Rule 353, the Task Force To Restructure and Improve the Efficiency of the State Board of Property Tax Review, referred to in this section as "the task force," is established.

1. Membership; chair. The task force consists of 9 members as follows:

A. The Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services or the commissioner's designee, who shall serve as the chair of the task force;

B. The State Tax Assessor or the State Tax Assessor's designee;

C. The Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee;

D. A member of the State Board of Property Tax Review, as established by the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 12004-B, subsection 6, appointed by the Governor:

E. Two current or retired assessors who have certificates of eligibility as assessors from the State Tax Assessor under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 311, who are familiar with the assessment of large industrial properties and who are appointed by the Governor based on the recommendation of a statewide municipal association;

F. Two persons representing large industrial property taxpayers, appointed by the Governor; and

G. A municipal official representing a community with a large industrial taxpayer, appointed by the Governor based on the recommendation of a statewide municipal association.

2. Appointments; convening of first meeting. All appointments must be made no later than 45 days following the effective date of this Act. The appointing authorities shall notify the Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services upon making the appointments. When the appointment of all members is complete, the chair shall call and convene the first meeting of the task force no later than September 10, 2018.

3. Duties. The task force shall study, assess and evaluate the process of and the duties assigned to the State Board of Property Tax Review. The task force shall develop recommendations for restructuring the board to improve the efficiency of the appeal process, if necessary. Recommendations may include, but are not limited to, changes in board membership; access to full-time resources and professional staff; changes to the appeal process; changes in the type of appeals reviewed by the board; and any other recommendations the task force members find necessary to improve board efficiencies.

34 4. Report. No later than February 28, 2019, the task force shall submit a report with 35 its findings and recommendations, including suggested legislation, for presentation to the 36 First Regular Session of the 129th Legislature. The joint standing committee of the 37 Legislature having jurisdiction over taxation matters may report out to the First Regular 38 Session of the 129th Legislature legislation to implement recommendations on matters 39 related to the report.'

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1018, L.D. 1479

SUMMARY

This amendment replaces the bill. The amendment makes the following changes to the process for the appeal of tax assessments to the State Board of Property Tax Review.

The amendment clarifies a tax assessor's authority to request a true and perfect list of property and to request additional information from taxpayers. It revises existing confidentiality restrictions to clarify that assessors may share confidential information with other municipal officials, attorneys, consultants and other persons involved in an appeal or approved by the taxpayer. It provides that the position of one public member of the board must be filled by a person with expertise in taxation, finance or property valuation matters and permits current assessors, as well as retired assessors, to be members of the board. If a taxpayer files an appeal with the board, the board may not schedule a hearing until after mediation between the taxpayer and the assessor has been completed, unless the parties have been excused by the board.

14 The amendment establishes the Task Force To Restructure and Improve the 15 Efficiency of the State Board of Property Tax Review. Its duties are to study, assess and evaluate the process of and duties assigned to the State Board of Property Tax Review 16 17 and to make recommendations for restructuring the board to improve the efficiency of the 18 The task force must submit a report with its findings and appeal process. 19 recommendations to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction 20 over taxation matters, which may report out legislation to the First Regular Session of the 21 129th Legislature.

22 The amendment also adds a mandate preamble.

23

FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED

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(See attached)

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128th MAINE LEGISLATURE

LD 1479

LR 1634(02)

An Act To Modernize and Improve Maine's Property Tax System

Fiscal Note for Bill as Amended by Committee Amendment H: (H-624) Committee: Taxation Fiscal Note Required: Yes

Fiscal Note

Potential State Mandate - Unfunded

Correctional and Judicial Impact Statements

Establishes new Class E crimes; the collection of additional fines may also increase General Fund revenue by minor amounts.

State Mandates

Required Activity	Unit Affected	Local Cost
Enter into mediation with a taxpayer who has appealed a municipality's real estate	Municipality	Moderate
assessment to the State Board of Property Tax Review.		limited scope

The required local activities in this bill may represent a state mandate pursuant to the Constitution of Maine. If the bill does require a local unit of government to expand or modify its activities so as to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenue, the state mandate provisions of the Constitution of Maine require either: (1) General Fund appropriations be provided to fund at least 90% of any additional necessitated local costs of the mandate; or (2) a Mandate Preamble be added to the bill and two-thirds of the members of each House vote to exempt the mandate from the funding requirement. If the bill does represent a state mandate and neither one of these actions occurs, the local units of government will not be required to implement the mandated activities.

Fiscal Detail and Notes

Additional costs to the Department of Administrative and Financial Services associated with serving on the task force and developing and reporting recommendations can be absorbed within existing budgeted resources.