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Legislative Document

No. 289

H.P. 222

House of Representatives, January 31, 2017

An Act To Extend the Veteran Property Tax Exemption to Veterans Who Have Served on Active Duty

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative STANLEY of Medway. Cosponsored by Representatives: COLLINGS of Portland, HANINGTON of Lincoln, HARLOW of Portland, SHERMAN of Hodgdon, TURNER of Burlington.

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §653, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 2015, c. 353, §1, is
 further amended to read:

4 C. The estates up to the just value of \$6,000, having a taxable situs in the place of 5 residence, of veterans who served in the Armed Forces of the United States:

6 (1) During any federally recognized war period, including the Korean Campaign, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the periods from August 24, 1982 to 7 July 31, 1984 and December 20, 1989 to January 31, 1990, Operation Enduring 8 Freedom, Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation New Dawn, or who were 9 awarded the Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, when When they have reached 10 11 the age of 62 years or when they are receiving any form of pension or compensation from the United States Government for total disability, service-12 connected or nonservice-connected, as a veteran. A veteran of the Vietnam War 13 14 must have served on active duty after February 27, 1961 and before May 8, 1975. "Persian Gulf War" means service on active duty on or after August 2, 1990 and 15 before or on the date that the United States Government recognizes as the end of 16 17 that war period; or

- (2) Who are disabled by injury or disease incurred or aggravated during active
 military service in the line of duty and are receiving any form of pension or
 compensation from the United States Government for total, service-connected
 disability.
- The exemptions provided in this paragraph apply to the property of that veteran, including property held in joint tenancy with that veteran's spouse or held in a revocable living trust for the benefit of that veteran.
- Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §653, sub-§1, ¶C-1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 368, Pt. CCC,
 §2 and affected by §11, is further amended to read:
- C-1. The estates up to the just value of \$7,000, having a taxable situs in the place of
 residence of veterans who served in the Armed Forces of the United States during
 any federally recognized war period during or before World War I and who would be
 eligible for an exemption under paragraph C.
- The exemption provided in this paragraph is in lieu of any exemption under paragraph C to which the veteran may be eligible and applies to the property of that veteran, including property held in joint tenancy with that veteran's spouse or held in a revocable living trust for the benefit of that veteran.
- 35 Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §653, sub-§1, ¶D-1, as amended by PL 2015, c. 353, §2, is
 36 further amended to read:
- D-1. The estates up to the just value of \$50,000, having a taxable situs in the place of
 residence, for specially adapted housing units, of veterans who served in the Armed
 Forces of the United States during any federally recognized war period, including the
 Korean Campaign, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the periods from August
- 41 24, 1982 to July 31, 1984 and December 20, 1989 to January 31, 1990, Operation

1 Enduring Freedom, Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation New Dawn, or who were 2 awarded the Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, and who are paraplegic veterans within the meaning of 38 United States Code, Chapter 21, Section 2101, and who 3 received a grant from the United States Government for any such housing, or of the 4 5 unremarried widows or widowers of those veterans. A veteran of the Vietnam War must have served on active duty after February 27, 1961 and before May 8, 1975. 6 "Persian Gulf War" means service on active duty on or after August 2, 1990 and 7 8 before or on the date that the United States Government recognizes as the end of that 9 war period. The exemption provided in this paragraph applies to the property of the 10 veteran including property held in joint tenancy with a spouse or held in a revocable 11 living trust for the benefit of that veteran.

SUMMARY

13 Current law provides a property tax exemption to a veteran of the Armed Forces of 14 the United States but only if the veteran served during a federally recognized war period and is at least 62 years of age or was disabled during active military service. The amount 15 of the exemption varies depending on when the veteran served and whether the veteran is 16 17 a paraplegic. This bill removes the requirement that the veteran must have served during a federally recognized war period, making the exemption available to all veterans of the 18 Armed Forces of the United States who are 62 years of age or older or have qualifying 19 20 disabilities. This bill does not change the amounts of the exemption or the other 21 qualifying conditions.

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