## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 128th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2017

**Legislative Document** 

No. 232

S.P. 78

In Senate, January 24, 2017

An Act To Establish an Exemption to the 30-day Supply Limitation on Certain Pain Medication

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

HEATHER J.R. PRIEST Secretary of the Senate

Heath & Buit

Presented by Senator DAVIS of Piscataquis. Cosponsored by Representative BLACK of Wilton and

Senators: CYRWAY of Kennebec, HAMPER of Oxford, MIRAMANT of Knox,

Representative: TIMBERLAKE of Turner.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2 3	<b>Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §2210, sub-§1, ¶C,</b> as enacted by PL 2015, c. 488, §13, is amended to read:
4 5 6 7 8	C. On or after January 1, 2017, within a 30-day period, more than a 30-day supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain or more than a 6-month supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain who will be out of the country at the end of the 30-day period. "Chronic pain" has the same meaning as in Title 22, section 7246, subsection 1-C; or
9 10	<b>Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §2600-C, sub-§1, </b> ¶ <b>C,</b> as enacted by PL 2015, c. 488, §17, is amended to read:
11 12 13 14 15 16	C. On or after January 1, 2017, within a 30-day period, more than a 30-day supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain or more than a 6-month supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain who will be out of the country at the end of the 30-day period. For purposes of this paragraph, "chronic pain" has the same meaning as in Title 22, section 7246, subsection 1-C; or
17 18	<b>Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §3300-F, sub-§1,</b> ¶ <b>C,</b> as enacted by PL 2015, c. 488, §20, is amended to read:
19 20 21 22 23	C. On or after January 1, 2017, within a 30-day period, more than a 30-day supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain or more than a 6-month supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain who will be out of the country at the end of the 30-day period. "Chronic pain" has the same meaning as in Title 22, section 7246, subsection 1-C; or
24 25	<b>Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §3657, sub-§1, ¶C,</b> as enacted by PL 2015, c. 488, §23, is amended to read:
26 27 28 29 30	C. On or after January 1, 2017, within a 30-day period, more than a 30-day supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain or more than a 6-month supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain who will be out of the country at the end of the 30-day period. "Chronic pain" has the same meaning as in Title 22, section 7246, subsection 1-C; or
31 32	<b>Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §18308, sub-§1, ¶C,</b> as enacted by PL 2015, c. 488, §32, is amended to read:
33 34 35 36 37	C. On or after January 1, 2017, within a 30-day period, more than a 30-day supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain or more than a 6-month supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain who will be out of the country at the end of the 30-day period. For purposes of this paragraph, "chronic pain" has the same meaning as in Title 22, section 7246,

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subsection 1-C; or

1 SUMMARY

Current law prohibits an individual licensed to prescribe opioid medication from prescribing more than a 30-day supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain. This bill allows an individual licensed to prescribe opioid medication to prescribe no more than a 6-month supply of an opioid medication to a patient under treatment for chronic pain who will be out of the country at the end of the 30-day period.