

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE

SENATE

127TH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT “ A ” to S.P. 219, L.D. 626, Bill, “An Act Regarding Write-in Candidates in Municipal and City Elections”

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:

'Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §2501, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

3. Determining and counting write-in votes. A municipality may choose the method of determining and counting write-in votes according to this subsection. Once a municipality has voted to accept the option under this subsection, the option applies to all municipal elections until the municipal officers hold a public hearing and the legislative body of the municipality votes to rescind the option at least 90 days before the next election of candidates by secret ballot.

A. After the municipal officers hold a public hearing, at least 90 days prior to an election of candidates by secret ballot, the legislative body of a municipality may vote to be governed by the provisions of Title 21-A, section 696, subsection 2, paragraph C and Title 21-A, section 722-A. Votes for a write-in candidate are counted only if that candidate has filed a timely declaration of write-in candidacy with the municipal clerk in accordance with Title 21-A, section 722-A, except that votes for write-in candidates who have not filed a declaration of write-in candidacy must be counted if:

(1) The printed ballot does not include a properly nominated candidate for the office; or

(2) A properly nominated candidate for the office listed on the ballot withdraws from the race before or on election day.

B. In a municipality that has not voted under paragraph A to be governed by Title 21-A, section 696, subsection 2, paragraph C and Title 21-A, section 722-A, votes cast for write-in candidates must be counted if:

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- 1 (1) The printed ballot does not include a properly nominated candidate for the
- 2 office;
- 3 (2) A properly nominated candidate for the office listed on the ballot withdraws
- 4 from the race before or on election day; or
- 5 (3) The number of write-in votes for an office as determined by a machine count
- 6 or initial hand count exceeds the number of votes in that count for a candidate
- 7 printed on the ballot.
- 8 Votes for write-in candidates may be counted even if none of the criteria listed in
- 9 subparagraphs (1) to (3) are met in a municipality that has not voted to be governed
- 10 by Title 21-A, section 696, subsection 2, paragraph C and Title 21-A, section 722-A.
- 11 Nothing in this subsection requires a municipal clerk to count or tally write-in votes for a
- 12 fictitious person, a deceased person or a person from outside the municipality when
- 13 residency is a qualification of office or who is otherwise not qualified to be a candidate
- 14 for the office for which the person is a write-in candidate.'

15 **SUMMARY**

16 This amendment replaces the bill. It provides a local option for municipalities to
 17 accept the provisions of state election law governing votes for write-in candidates for
 18 their municipal elections of candidates by secret ballot. The amendment also provides
 19 that a municipality must count votes for write-in candidates only under certain
 20 circumstances, such as when there is no properly nominated candidate or when a properly
 21 nominated candidate whose name is listed on the ballot withdraws from the race on or
 22 before election day.

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