



126th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2013

Legislative Document

No. 701

S.P. 250

In Senate, February 26, 2013

An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Probation and Remove References to the Intensive Supervision Program of the Department of Corrections

Submitted by the Department of Corrections pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety suggested and ordered printed.

h GT

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator GERZOFSKY of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Representative LONG of Sherman and Senator: DUTREMBLE of York, Representatives: DION of Portland, KAENRATH of South Portland, MARKS of Pittston, PEASE of Morrill, WILSON of Augusta.

- 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
- Sec. 1. 15 MRSA §651, sub-§16, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 214, §2 and affected
 by §6, is amended to read:

16. Probation violation warrant. "Probation violation warrant" means a bench warrant issued by a judicial officer in response to a motion to revoke the probation, intensive supervision or supervised release of an individual, requested by a probation officer or prosecutor.

- 8 Sec. 2. 15 MRSA §652, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 214, §2 and affected
 9 by §6, is amended to read:
- 4. Corrections warrants. Warrants issued by the Department of Corrections for
 violations of parole, probation, intensive supervision or supervised release or for escape
 or failure to report;
- Sec. 3. 15 MRSA §2121, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2011, c. 601, §3, is further
 amended to read:
- 15 2. Post-sentencing proceeding. "Post-sentencing proceeding" means a court proceeding or administrative action occurring during the course of and pursuant to the 16 operation of a sentence that affects whether there is incarceration or its length, including 17 revocation of parole, failure to grant parole, an error of law in the computation of a 18 19 sentence including administrative calculations of deductions relative to time detained pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1253, subsection 2 and default in payment of a fine or 20 restitution. It does not include the following Title 17-A, Part 3 court proceedings: 21 22 revocation of probation, revocation of intensive supervision, revocation of supervised release for sex offenders or revocation of administrative release. It does not include the 23 24 following administrative actions: calculations of good time and meritorious good time 25 credits pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1253, subsections 3, 3-B, 4, 5 and 7 or similar deductions under Title 17-A, section 1253, subsections 8, 9 and 10; disciplinary 26 27 proceedings resulting in a withdrawal of good-time credits or similar deductions under 28 Title 17-A, section 1253, subsections 6, 8, 9 and 10; cancellation of furlough or other 29 rehabilitative programs authorized under Title 30-A, sections 1556, 1605 and 1606 or Title 34-A, section 3035; cancellation of a supervised community confinement program 30 31 granted pursuant to Title 34-A, section 3036-A; cancellation of a community confinement monitoring program granted pursuant to Title 30-A, section 1659-A; or cancellation of 32 33 placement on community reintegration status granted pursuant to Title 34-A, section 3810 34 or 4112.
- 35 Sec. 4. 15 MRSA §3003, sub-§17, as amended by PL 1989, c. 113, §1, is further
 36 amended to read:
- **17. Law enforcement officer.** "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by
 virtue of public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order, to
 prosecute offenders, to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or

- 1 is limited to specific crimes, or to perform probation functions or to perform intensive 2 supervision functions. 3 Sec. 5. 17-A MRSA §2, sub-§17, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §2, is further 4 amended to read: 5 "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by virtue of public 17. 6 employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order, to prosecute offenders, to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific 7 crimes, or to perform probation functions or to perform intensive supervision functions or 8 who is an adult probation supervisor. 9 10 Sec. 6. 17-A MRSA §755, sub-§1-A, as amended by PL 2003, c. 711, Pt. A, §5, is repealed. 11 12 Sec. 7. 17-A MRSA §755, sub-§3-A, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 383, §95 and affected by §156, is repealed. 13 Sec. 8. 17-A MRSA §1152, sub-§2, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 821, §3, is 14 15 repealed. Sec. 9. 17-A MRSA §1152, sub-§2, ¶G, as amended by PL 2005, c. 527, §12, is 16 17 further amended to read: 18 A fine as authorized by chapter 53. Such a fine may be imposed in addition to G. 19 the sentencing alternatives in paragraphs B, D, E, F, H, I, L, M and N; 20 Sec. 10. 17-A MRSA §1175, first ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 2009, c. 21 652, Pt. A, §17, is amended to read: 22 Upon complying with subsection 1, a victim of a crime of murder or of a Class A, Class B or Class C crime or of a Class D crime under chapters 9, 11 and 12 for which the 23 24 defendant is committed to the Department of Corrections or to a county jail or is 25 committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Health and Human Services either 26 under Title 15, section 103 after having been found not criminally responsible by reason of insanity or under Title 15, section 101-D after having been found incompetent to stand 27 28 trial must receive notice of the defendant's unconditional release and discharge from 29 institutional confinement upon the expiration of the sentence or upon release from commitment under Title 15, section 101-D or upon discharge under Title 15, section 30 31 104-A and must receive notice of any conditional release of the defendant from institutional confinement, including probation, supervised release for sex offenders, 32 33 parole, furlough, work release, intensive supervision, supervised community confinement, home release monitoring or similar program, administrative release or 34 release under Title 15, section 104-A. 35 36 Sec. 11. 17-A MRSA §1175, sub-§3, ¶B, as amended by PL 2009, c. 268, §9, is 37 further amended to read:
- B. The nature of the release authorized, whether it is a conditional release, including
 probation, supervised release for sex offenders, parole, furlough, work release,

intensive supervision, supervised community confinement, home release monitoring
 or a similar program, administrative release or release under Title 15, section 104-A,
 or an unconditional release and discharge upon release from commitment under Title
 15, section 101-D or upon the expiration of a sentence or upon discharge under Title
 15, section 104-A;

6 Sec. 12. 17-A MRSA §1202, sub-§1-B, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §6, is 7 further amended to read:

8 1-B. Notwithstanding subsection 1, if the State pleads and proves that the 9 enumerated Class D or Class E crime was committed by the person against a family or 10 household member, and if the court orders the person to complete a certified batterers' 11 intervention program as defined in Title 19-A, section 4014, the person may be placed on probation for a period not to exceed 2 years, except that, on motion by the probation 12 officer, the person on probation or the court, the term of probation must be terminated by 13 14 the court when the probationer has served at least one year of probation, has completed the certified batterers' intervention program, has paid in full any victim restitution ordered 15 16 and, from the time the period of probation commenced until the motion for termination is heard, has met all other conditions of probation. 17

18 A. As used in this subsection, the following definitions apply.

23

24

- 19(1) "Enumerated Class D or Class E crime" means any Class D crime in chapter209, any Class D or Class E crime in chapter 11, the Class D crimes described in21sections 302 and 506-B and the Class D crimes described in sections 554, 55522and 758.
 - (2) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as in Title 19-A, section 4002, subsection 4.

B. Termination under this subsection requires a judicial finding that the probationer has served at least one year of probation, has successfully completed a certified batterers' intervention program, has paid in full any victim restitution ordered and, from the time the period of probation commenced until the motion for termination is heard, has met all other conditions of probation.

30 Sec. 13. 17-A MRSA §1202, sub-§1-C is enacted to read:

31 1-C. Except for a person placed on probation for a crime under chapter 11 or 12 or section 556 or for a crime against a family or household member under chapter 9 or 13 or 32 section 506-B, 554, 555 or 758, on motion of the probation officer and a judicial finding 33 that the probationer has served at least 1/2 of the period of probation, has paid in full any 34 35 victim restitution ordered and, from the time the period of probation commenced until the motion for termination is heard, has met all other conditions of probation, the court shall 36 37 terminate the period of probation. As used in this subsection, "family or household 38 member" has the same meaning as in Title 19-A, section 4002, subsection 4.

39 Sec. 14. 17-A MRSA §1202, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 2009, c. 336, §14, is
 40 amended to read:

3-A. A motion and hearing pursuant to subsection <u>1-B</u>, <u>1-C</u>, <u>2</u>, <u>2-A</u> or <u>3</u> need not be before the justice or judge who originally imposed probation. Any justice or judge may initiate and hear a motion <u>as provided in subsections 1-B</u>, <u>1-C</u>, <u>2</u>, <u>2-A</u> and <u>3</u> and any justice or judge may hear a motion brought by the probation officer or by the person on probation <u>as provided in subsections 1-B</u>, <u>1-C</u>, <u>2</u>, <u>2-A</u> and <u>3</u>.

6

Sec. 15. 17-A MRSA §1204, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

7 5. Whenever the court requires as a condition of probation that the convicted person 8 remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless permission to leave temporarily is granted in writing by the probation officer, the Department of Corrections may impose on 9 10 a person applying for such permission an application fee of \$25. The department may impose on a person an additional fee of \$25 per month if permission is sought and 11 12 granted to leave the jurisdiction of the court on a periodic basis. Permission to leave may not be denied or withdrawn solely because the person is not able to pay the application 13 fee or the additional fee. When a person fails to pay an imposed fee, the department may 14 15 refuse to process the application or may withdraw permission to leave if the failure to pay is attributable to the person's willful refusal to pay or to a failure on the person's part to 16 make a good faith effort to obtain the funds required for the payment. Fees received 17 18 pursuant to this subsection must be deposited into the department's adult community corrections account, which may not lapse. Fees deposited pursuant to this subsection 19 20 must be used to defray costs associated with processing the applications, including, but 21 not limited to, the cost of materials, equipment, training for probation officers and administration, and for the department's share of the costs of extraditing probationers who 22 23 are fugitives from justice.

24 Sec. 16. 17-A MRSA §1208, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 368, Pt. R, §4, is amended 25 to read:

26 **§1208.** In lieu of probation revocation proceedings

Whenever a probation officer has probable cause to believe that a person under the supervision of the probation officer has violated a condition of probation but the violation does not constitute a crime or constitutes only a Class E crime, the probation officer, instead of commencing probation revocation proceedings under section 1205, may offer to the person on probation the option of adding one or more of the following conditions to the person's probation:

33 **1. Daily reporting program.** Participation in a daily reporting program;

2. Public restitution program; treatment program. Participation in a public
 restitution program or treatment program administered through a Department of
 Corrections' prerelease center correctional facility; or

- 37 3. Residing at facility. Residing at a Department of Corrections' prerelease center
 38 correctional facility for a period of time not to exceed 90 days.; or
- 39 <u>4. Jail confinement.</u> Being confined to a county jail for a period of time not to
 40 <u>exceed 72 hours.</u>

1 2	If the person on probation agrees, in writing, to the additional conditions, the conditions must be implemented. If the person on probation does not agree or if the
3	person fails to fulfill the additional conditions to the satisfaction of the probation officer,
4	the probation officer may commence probation revocation proceedings under section
5	1205 <u>or 1205-B</u> for the violation that the probation officer had probable cause to believe
	occurred. If the person on probation fulfills the additional conditions to the satisfaction
6	* *
7	of the probation officer, the probation officer shall so notify the person in writing and the
8 9	probation officer may not commence probation revocation proceedings for the violation that the probation officer had probable cause to believe occurred.
10 11	Sec. 17. 17-A MRSA §1252, sub-§5-A, ¶B, as amended by PL 2003, c. 232, §1, is further amended to read:
12 13	B. The court may impose a sentence other than a minimum unsuspended term of imprisonment set forth in paragraph A, if:
14	(1) The court finds by substantial evidence that:
15	(a) Imposition of a minimum unsuspended term of imprisonment under
16	paragraph A will result in substantial injustice to the defendant. In making
17	this determination, the court shall consider, among other considerations,
18	whether the defendant did not know and reasonably should not have known
19	that the victim was less than 18 years of age;
20 21	(b) Failure to impose a minimum unsuspended term of imprisonment under paragraph A will not have an adverse effect on public safety; and
22	(c) Failure to impose a minimum unsuspended term of imprisonment under
23	paragraph A will not appreciably impair the effect of paragraph A in
24	deterring others from violating section 1105-A, 1105-B, 1105-C or 1105-D;
25	and
26	(2) The court finds that:
27	(b) The defendant is an appropriate candidate for an intensive supervision
28	program, but would be ineligible to participate under a sentence imposed
29	under paragraph A; or
30	(c) The defendant's background, attitude and prospects for rehabilitation and
31	the nature of the victim and the offense indicate that imposition of a sentence
32	under paragraph A would frustrate the general purposes of sentencing set
33	forth in section 1151.
34	If the court imposes a sentence under this paragraph, the court shall state in writing
35	its reasons for its findings and for imposing a sentence under this paragraph rather
36	than under paragraph A; and
37 38	Sec. 18. 17-A MRSA §1253, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 518, §1, is further amended to read:
39	3. Beginning October 1, 1983, a person sentenced to imprisonment for more than 6
40	months is entitled to receive a deduction of 10 days each month for observing all rules of
41	the department and institution. The period from which the deduction is made must be

1 2 3 4 5 6	and includes the full length of the unsusp does not apply to the suspended portion of nor does it apply to the suspended portion	s delivered into the custody of the department ended portion of the sentence. This provision the person's sentence pursuant to section 1203 on of a sentence under section 1262. For the is subsection, a month is 30 days and a year is
7 8	A. Deductions under this subsection n	nust be calculated as follows for partial months.
8 9	Days of partial month	Maximum good time credit available
10	0 - 2 days	
11	3 - 5 days	1
12	6 - 8 days	2
13	9 - 11 days	3
14	12 - 14 days	4
15	15 - 17 days	5
16	18 - 20 days	6
17	21 - 23 days	7
18	24 - 26 days	8
19	27 - 29 days	9
20	30 days	10
21 22 23 24	further amended to read:	- §1-A , as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §8, is soners on intensive supervision or supervised
25	Sec. 20. 17-A MRSA c. 52, as ame	
26 27	Sec. 21. 25 MRSA §2801-B, sub- is further amended to read:	§1, ¶ A , as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §10,
28 29 30 31	functions or to perform intensive sup	f Corrections with a duty to perform probation pervision functions who is an adult probation section 2, subsection 3-C or an investigative ion 3011;
32 33	Sec. 22. 26 MRSA §663, sub-§3 amended to read:	8 , ¶L, as enacted by PL 2009, c. 529, §3, is
34 35 36		prisoner in actual execution of a term of any other jurisdiction for a criminal offense,
37	(1) Employed by a private employ	ver;
38	(2) Participating in a work release	program;

1 2	(3) Sentenced to imprisonment with intensive supervision under Title 17-A, section 1261;
3 4	(4) Employed in a program established under a certification issued by the United States Department of Justice under 18 United States Code, Section 1761;
5 6	(5) Employed while in a supervised community confinement program pursuant to Title 34-A, section 3036-A; or
7 8	(6) Employed while in a community confinement monitoring program pursuant to Title 30-A, section 1659-A.
9 10	Sec. 23. 26 MRSA §962, sub-§6, ¶ H, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §11, is further amended to read:
11 12 13 14	H. Who is a prisoner employed by a public employer during the prisoner's term of imprisonment, except for prisoners who are in a work release program or on intensive supervision under Title 17-A, section 1261 or supervised community confinement pursuant to Title 34-A, section 3036-A.
15 16	Sec. 24. 26 MRSA §979-A, sub-§6, ¶K, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §12, is further amended to read:
17 18 19 20	K. Who is a prisoner employed by a public employer during the prisoner's term of imprisonment, except for prisoners who are in a work release program or on intensive supervision under Title 17-A, section 1261 or supervised community confinement pursuant to Title 34-A, section 3036-A.
21 22	Sec. 25. 28-A MRSA §2, sub-§13-A, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §13, is further amended to read:
23 24 25 26 27 28	13-A. Law enforcement officer. "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by virtue of public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order, to prosecute offenders, to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes, <u>or</u> to perform probation functions or to perform intensive supervision functions or who is an adult probation supervisor as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 3-C.
29 30	Sec. 26. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§14, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §14, is further amended to read:
31 32 33	14. Prisoner. "Prisoner" means an adult person sentenced and committed to, transferred to or detained in the custody of the department, including, where the context indicates, a person under intensive supervision or on supervised community confinement.
34 35	Sec. 27. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§15-A, as amended by PL 2001, c. 667, Pt. A, §50, is further amended to read:
36 37 38	15-A. Regional correctional administrator. "Regional correctional administrator" means the supervisor of adult probation and parole and intensive supervision services or the supervisor of juvenile community corrections officer services for a region.

1 2	Sec. 28. 34-A MRSA §5401, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 502, Pt. F, §33, is amended to read:
3	§5401. Administration of probation and parole services
4 5	The Department of Corrections is charged with the administration of probation and parole services and the Intensive Supervision Program within the State.
6 7	Sec. 29. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§2, ¶ A , as amended by PL 2005, c. 488, §19, is further amended to read:
8 9 10	A. Adopt and enforce rules for field probation and parole officers, juvenile community corrections officers, <u>and</u> parole officers in correctional facilities and Intensive Supervision Program officers ;
11 12	Sec. 30. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 488, §20, is further amended to read:
13 14 15 16 17 18	B. Appoint, subject to the Civil Service Law, regional correctional administrators, field probation and parole officers, juvenile community corrections officers, Intensive Supervision Program officers and such other employees as may be required to carry out adequate supervision of all probationers, parolees from the correctional facilities, persons on intensive supervision and other persons placed under the supervision of an employee listed in this paragraph;
19 20	Sec. 31. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 1985, c. 821, §28, is further amended to read:
21 22 23	D. Provide necessary investigation of any criminal case or matter, including presentence investigation and intensive supervision eligibility investigations, when requested by the court having jurisdiction;
24 25	Sec. 32. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§2, ¶K, as amended by PL 2005, c. 488, §21, is further amended to read:
26 27 28	K. Provide instruction and training courses for probation and parole officers, for Intensive Supervision Program officers and for juvenile community corrections officers;
29 30	Sec. 33. 34-A MRSA §5404, as amended by PL 2011, c. 680, §§7 and 8, is further amended to read:
31	§5404. Probation and parole officers
32 33	In addition to duties prescribed by the commissioner and by the court having jurisdiction, a probation and parole or intensive supervision program officer shall:
34 35 36	1. Investigation. Investigate any criminal case or matter concerning probation, supervised release for sex offenders, <u>or</u> parole or intensive supervision referred to the officer for investigation and report the result of the investigation;

- 1 **2. Arrest.** Arrest, after completing the entry level and orientation training course 2 prescribed by the commissioner, in the following circumstances:
- A. Arrest violators of probation or supervised release for sex offenders and parole
 violators and return parole violators upon request of the commissioner;
- 5 B. Arrest and return to a correctional facility persons released from the correctional 6 facility under section 3035 or transferred from the facility under section 3036-A; and
- C. If the officer has probable cause to believe that a person under the supervision of
 the department has violated a condition of that person's probation, supervised release
 for sex offenders, or parole or intensive supervision, the officer may arrest that
 person;
- 11 **3. Supervision.** Supervise persons as follows:
- 12A. Supervise the probation, supervised release for sex offenders, or parole or13intensive supervision of each person placed under the officer's supervision to ensure14that departmental resources are directed to the management of persons with a high15risk of reoffending;
- B. Supervise persons released from a correctional facility under section 3035 and
 supervise persons transferred to supervised community confinement under section
 3036-A if the commissioner directs;
- C. Keep informed of the conduct and condition of each person placed under the
 officer's supervision and use suitable methods to encourage the person to improve
 that person's conduct and condition; and
- E. Supervise the transition from institutional confinement for persons residing in a prerelease center if the commissioner directs;
- 24 3-A. Risk assessment; immunity from liability. Make a good faith effort to 25 supplement any assessment tool for all domestic violence offenders with a validated, 26 evidence-based domestic violence risk assessment recommended by the Maine 27 Commission on Domestic and Sexual Abuse, established in Title 5, section 12004-I, 28 subsection 74-C, and approved by the Department of Public Safety. A probation and 29 parole or intensive supervision program officer shall implement protocols to override risk assessment scores based on the presence of domestic violence risk factors that indicate a 30 31 higher risk.
- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the administration of the domestic violence risk assessment pursuant to this subsection or the failure to administer the assessment does not subject any state, municipal or county official or employee to liability in a civil action; and
- 36 **4. Records and reports.** Keep records of each case and make reports as required.
- 37 Sec. 34. 34-A MRSA §11203, sub-§1-A, as amended by PL 2009, c. 365, Pt. B,
 38 §4 and affected by §22, is further amended to read:
- **1-A. Conditional release.** "Conditional release" means supervised release of a
 registrant or an offender from institutional confinement for placement on probation,

parole, intensive supervision, supervised release for sex offenders, supervised community
 confinement, home release monitoring or release under Title 15, section 104-A or Title
 17-A, chapter 54-G.

4 Sec. 35. 34-A MRSA §11273, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 663, §3, is 5 amended to read:

6 **3. Conditional release.** "Conditional release" means supervised release of a 7 registrant or an offender from institutional confinement for placement on probation, 8 parole, intensive supervision, supervised release for sex offenders, supervised community 9 confinement, home release monitoring or release under Title 15, section 104-A or Title 10 17-A, chapter 54-G.

Sec. 36. 34-B MRSA §1220, first ¶, as amended by PL 2007, c. 286, §3, is
 further amended to read:

The department shall designate at least one individual within each of the 7 areas described in section 3608, subsection 1-A to act as liaison to the District Courts and Superior Courts of the State and to the Department of Corrections in its administration of probation and parole services and the Intensive Supervision Program established pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1261.

- 18 Sec. 37. 39-A MRSA §102, sub-§11, ¶E, as amended by PL 2009, c. 529, §4, is
 19 further amended to read:
- E. "Employee" does not include any person who is a sentenced prisoner in actual execution of a term of incarceration imposed in this State or any other jurisdiction for a criminal offense, except in relation to compensable injuries suffered by the prisoner during incarceration and while the prisoner is:
- 24 (1) A prisoner in a county jail under final sentence of 72 hours or less and is
 25 assigned to work outside of the county jail;
- 26 (2) Employed by a private employer;
- 27 (3) Participating in a work release program;
- 28 (4) Sentenced to imprisonment with intensive supervision under Title 17-A,
 29 section 1261;
- 30 (5) Employed in a program established under a certification issued by the United
 31 States Department of Justice under 18 United States Code, Section 1761;
- 32 (6) Employed while in a supervised community confinement program pursuant
 33 to Title 34-A, section 3036-A; or
- 34 (7) Employed while in a community confinement monitoring program pursuant
 35 to Title 30-A, section 1659-A.
- 36 Sec. 38. 39-A MRSA §203, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 2009, c. 142, §18, is
 37 repealed.

1 **Sec. 39. Application.** That section of this Act that enacts the Maine Revised 2 Statutes, Title 17-A, section 1202, subsection 1-C applies only to a person who commits a 3 crime on or after the effective date of this Act and is subsequently placed on probation for 4 that crime.

5

SUMMARY

6 This bill amends the laws governing the process for terminating the probation of 7 certain persons. It also requires the termination of the probation of persons, other than 8 domestic violence and sex offenders, who complete all probation requirements if at least 9 one half of the probation period has been served.

10 It allows the Department of Corrections to impose fees on probationers seeking out-11 of-state travel permits. The fees must be used to defray costs associated with processing 12 the applications, as well as to help pay for extraditing probationers who have left Maine 13 without permission or failed to return to Maine as required by a travel permit.

14 It amends the laws governing alternatives to probation revocation proceedings 15 regarding under what conditions these alternatives are available, what these alternatives 16 are and the duties of a probation officer with respect to a person on probation who 17 successfully completes alternatives to probation revocation proceedings.

18 It eliminates references to the Department of Corrections' Intensive Supervision19 Program.