MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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126th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2013

Legislative Document

No. 346

H.P. 251

House of Representatives, February 12, 2013

An Act To Require the Collection of Sales Tax by any Business Making Sales to Persons in Maine

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Millient M. Macfarland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative KNIGHT of Livermore Falls.
Cosponsored by Senator KATZ of Kennebec and
Representatives: BENNETT of Kennebunk, BERRY of Bowdoinham, CHASE of Wells,
KESCHL of Belgrade, NUTTING of Oakland, WILSON of Augusta, Senators: President
ALFOND of Cumberland, FLOOD of Kennebec.

2 3	Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§10, as repealed and replaced by PL 1997, c. 393, Pt. A, §41, is amended to read:
4 5 6	10. Retailer. "Retailer" means a person who makes retail sales or and who is required to register by section 1754-A or 1754-B or who is registered under section 1756.
7	A. Required to register by section 1754-A or 1754-B; or
8	B. Registered under section 1756.
9 10	Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §1754-B, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 2005, c. 218, §18, is further amended to read:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	D. Every person that has a substantial physical presence in this State sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the due process and commerce clauses of the United States Constitution and that makes retail sales in this State of tangible personal property or taxable services on behalf of a principal that is outside of this State if the principal is not the holder of a valid registration certificate; For purposes of this paragraph, paragraph E and paragraph G, the following activities do not constitute a substantial physical presence in this State sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the due process and commerce clauses of the United States Constitution:
19 20 21	(1) Solicitation of business in this State through catalogs, flyers, telephone or electronic media when delivery of ordered goods is effected by the United States mail or by an interstate 3rd-party common carrier;
22	(2) Attending trade shows, seminars or conventions in this State;
23 24	(3) Holding a meeting of a corporate board of directors or shareholders or holding a company retreat or recreational event in this State;
25	(4) Maintaining a bank account or banking relationship in this State; or
26	(5) Using a vendor in this State for printing:
27 28	Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §1754-B, sub-§1, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 640, §3, is amended to read:
29 30 31 32 33 34	E. Every agent, representative, salesperson, solicitor or distributor that has a substantial physical presence in this State sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the due process and commerce clauses of the United States Constitution and that receives compensation by reason of sales of tangible personal property or taxable services made outside this State by a principal for use, storage or other consumption in this State;
35 36	Sec. 4. 36 MRSA $\$1754$ -B, sub- $\$1$, \PG , as amended by PL 2007, c. 328, $\$5$, is further amended to read:
37 38	G. Every seller of tangible personal property or taxable services that has a substantial physical presence in this State sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the due process

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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2	not constitute a substantial physical presence for the purpose of this paragraph:
3 4 5	(1) Solicitation of business in this State through catalogs, flyers, telephone or electronic media when delivery of ordered goods is effected by the United States mail or by an interstate 3rd-party common carrier;
6	(2) Attending trade shows, seminars or conventions in this State;
7 8	(3) Holding a meeting of a corporate board of directors or shareholders or holding a company retreat or recreational event in this State;
9	(4) Maintaining a bank account or banking relationship in this State; or
10 11	(5) Using a vendor in this State for printing, drop shipping or telemarketing services;
12 13	Sec. 5. 36 MRSA §1754-B, sub-§1, ¶H, as amended by PL 2009, c. 373, §5, is repealed.
14	Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §1754-B, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
15 16 17 18	1-A. Persons presumptively required to register. This subsection creates a rebuttable presumption that a seller not subject to subsection 1 is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property or taxable services for use in this State and is required to register as a retailer with the assessor.
19 20	A. As used in this subsection, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
21 22 23 24 25 26	(1) "Affiliated person" means a person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as the seller or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the seller as a corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations. For purposes of this subparagraph, "controlled group of corporations" has the same meaning as in the Code, Section 1563(a).
27 28	(2) "Person" means an individual or entity that qualifies as a person under the Code, Section 7701(a)(1).
29 30	(3) "Seller" means a person that sells, other than in a casual sale, tangible personal property or taxable services.
31 32 33 34 35	B. A seller is presumed to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property or taxable services for use in this State if an affiliated person has a substantial physical presence in this State or if any person, other than a person acting in its capacity as a common carrier, that has a substantial physical presence in this State:
36 37	(1) Sells a similar line of products as the seller and does so under a business name that is the same or similar to that of the seller.

2 similar place of business in the State to facilitate the delivery of property or 3 services sold by the seller to the seller's customers; 4 (3) Uses trademarks, service marks or trade names in the State that are the same or substantially similar to those used by the seller; 5 6 (4) Delivers, installs, assembles or performs maintenance services for the seller's 7 customers within the State: 8 (5) Facilitates the seller's delivery of property to customers in the State by 9 allowing the seller's customers to pick up property sold by the seller at an office, 10 distribution facility, warehouse, storage place or similar place of business 11 maintained by the person in the State; or (6) Conducts any activities in the State that are significantly associated with the 12 13 seller's ability to establish and maintain a market in the State for the seller's sales. 14 A seller who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall register with the assessor 15 and collect and remit taxes in accordance with the provisions of this Part. A seller 16 may rebut the presumption created in this paragraph by demonstrating that the 17 person's activities in the State are not significantly associated with the seller's ability 18 to establish or maintain a market in this State for the seller's sales. 19 A seller that does not otherwise meet the requirements of paragraph B is presumed to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property or 20 21 taxable services for use in this State if the seller enters into an agreement with a 22 person under which the person, for a commission or other consideration, while within 23 this State: 24 (1) Directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an 25 Internet website, by telemarketing, by an in-person presentation or otherwise, to 26 the seller; and 27 (2) The cumulative gross receipts from retail sales by the seller to customers in 28 the State who are referred to the seller by all persons with this type of an 29 agreement with the seller are in excess of \$10,000 during the preceding 12 30 months. 31 A seller who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall register with the assessor 32 and collect and remit taxes in accordance with the provisions of this Part. 33 A seller may rebut the presumption created in this paragraph by submitting proof that 34 the person with whom the seller has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the State that was significantly associated with the seller's ability to establish 35 36 or maintain the seller's market in the State during the preceding 12 months. Such 37 proof may consist of sworn, written statements from all of the persons within this 38 State with whom the seller has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any 39 solicitation in the State on behalf of the seller during the preceding 12 months; these statements must be provided and obtained in good faith. 40 Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §1754-B, sub-§4 is enacted to read: 41

(2) Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse or storage place or

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4. Agreement requiring legislative approval. Any ruling, agreement or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, between a seller and the Governor or a state agency or department stating, agreeing or ruling that a seller, as defined in subsection 1-A, paragraph A, that meets the requirements of subsection 1-A, paragraph B or C is not required to collect sales and use tax in this State is null and void unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of both Houses of the Legislature.

Sec. 8. Application. The provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 1754-B, subsection 1-A, paragraph C apply to sales made, uses occurring and services rendered on or after the effective date of this Act regardless of the date on which the seller and the person entered into the agreement described in that paragraph; except that, when calculating the 12-month period for purposes of determining whether the threshold amount specified in Title 36, section 1754-B, subsection 1-A, paragraph C, subparagraph (2) has been met, the 12-month period begins one year immediately preceding the seller's registering as a retailer pursuant to this Act.

15 SUMMARY

This bill creates a presumption that a seller of goods or services is engaged in business in this State and therefore required to register with the State Tax Assessor as a retailer and collect and remit sales and use tax on purchases made by persons in the State, if a person affiliated with the seller has a substantial presence in the State or a person who has a substantial presence in the State engages in certain activities, such as selling a line of products similar to that of the seller or maintaining an office or distribution center in the State to facilitate the delivery of the seller's products. Alternatively, a seller is presumed to be required to register with the State and collect and remit sales and use tax if the seller has an agreement with a person to refer potential customers to the seller and the seller generates more than \$10,000 in sales in the State annually. Both presumptions may be rebutted. This bill also requires any agreement or ruling by the Governor or an executive branch department or agency that allows a seller to avoid registering as a seller to be approved by both Houses of the Legislature.