



## **125th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2011

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1093

S.P. 326

In Senate, March 15, 2011

An Act To Require the State To Pay Costs and Fees in Actions against Certain State Agencies

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

Joseph G. Carleton Jr.

JOSEPH G. CARLETON, JR. Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator MARTIN of Kennebec. Cosponsored by Senator: TRAHAN of Lincoln.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §1523 is enacted to read:
3	§1523. Costs to prevailing party in certain administrative or court proceedings
4 5	<b>1. Definitions.</b> As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
6 7 8	A. "Administrative proceeding" means any procedure or other action before the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services or the Department of Environmental Protection.
9	B. "Court proceeding" means any civil action brought in a court of this State.
10	C. "Position of the State" means:
11 12	(1) The position taken by the State in a judicial proceeding to which subsection 2 applies; and
13 14	(2) The position taken by the State in an administrative proceeding to which subsection 2 applies.
15 16	D. "Prevailing party" means any party in any proceeding to which subsection 2 applies:
17	(1) That has substantially prevailed with respect to the amount in controversy; or
18 19	(2) That has substantially prevailed with respect to the most significant issue or set of issues presented.
20 21 22	A party may not be treated as the prevailing party in a proceeding to which subsection 2 applies if the State establishes that the position of the State was substantially justified.
23	E. "Reasonable litigation costs" includes:
24	(1) Reasonable court costs; and
25 26	(2) Based upon prevailing market rates for the kind or quality of services furnished:
27 28 29 30	(a) The reasonable expenses of expert witnesses in connection with a court proceeding, except that no expert witness may be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rate of compensation for expert witnesses paid by the State;
31 32 33	(b) The reasonable cost of any study, analysis, engineering report, test or project that is found by the court to be necessary for the preparation of the party's case; and
34 35	(c) The reasonable fees paid or incurred for the services of attorneys in connection with the court proceeding.
36 37	<b>2. Application.</b> This section applies to any administrative or court proceeding that is brought by or against this State in connection with:

1 A. The determination, collection or refund of any tax, interest or penalty under Title 2 36: or B. The determination of any fine, penalty or interest under Title 38. 3 4 **3.** Prevailing party if not the State. In any proceeding described in subsection 2, if 5 the State is not the prevailing party, the prevailing party may be awarded a judgment or a 6 settlement for: 7 Reasonable administrative costs incurred in connection with an administrative Α. 8 proceeding within the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine 9 Revenue Services or the Department of Environmental Protection; and 10 B. Reasonable litigation costs incurred in connection with a court proceeding. 11 4. Limitations. A judgment for reasonable litigation costs may not be awarded under subsection 2 in any court proceeding unless the court determines that the prevailing 12 13 party has exhausted the administrative remedies available to the party within the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services or the 14 15 Department of Environmental Protection, as applicable. 16 5. Costs denied when party prevailing protracts proceedings. An award for 17 reasonable litigation and administrative costs may not be made under subsection 2 with 18 respect to any portion of the administrative or court proceeding during which the 19 prevailing party has unreasonably protracted such proceeding. 20 6. Period for applying for administrative costs. An award may be made under 21 subsection 2 by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services or the Department of Environmental Protection, as applicable, for 22 23 reasonable administrative costs only if the prevailing party files an application with 24 Maine Revenue Services or the Department of Environmental Protection for such costs 25 before the 91st day after the date on which the final decision of Maine Revenue Services or the Department of Environmental Protection as to the determination of the tax, interest, 26 27 fine or penalty is mailed to the party. 28 7. Right of appeal; court proceedings. An order granting or denying, in whole or 29 in part, an award for reasonable litigation or administrative costs under subsection 2 in a 30 court proceeding may be incorporated as a part of the decision or judgment in the court 31 proceeding and is subject to appeal in the same manner as the decision or judgment. 32 8. Right of appeal; administrative proceedings. A decision granting or denying, 33 in whole or in part, an award for reasonable administrative costs under subsection 2 by 34 the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services or the 35 Department of Environmental Protection is subject to the filing of a petition for review 36 with the Superior Court as a final agency action under Title 5, chapter 375. 37 SUMMARY 38 This bill authorizes the award of administrative costs or litigation costs to the 39 prevailing party in an administrative action or a court action involving the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services or the Department of
 Environmental Protection if the State is not the prevailing party.

A judgment for reasonable litigation costs may not be awarded in any court proceeding unless the court determines that the prevailing party has exhausted the administrative remedies available to such party within Maine Revenue Services or the Department of Environmental Protection, as applicable. An award for reasonable litigation and administrative costs may not be made with respect to any portion of the administrative or court proceeding during which the prevailing party has unreasonably protracted such proceeding.

- An application for costs must be filed within 90 days after the final decision is made.
  The award of costs may be appealed.
- 12 A party may not be treated as the prevailing party in a proceeding if the State 13 establishes that the position of the State in the proceeding was substantially justified.