# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 125th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2011**

**Legislative Document** 

No. 383

H.P. 309

House of Representatives, February 8, 2011

An Act To Eliminate the Annual Indexing of Fuel Tax Rates

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

HEATHER J.R. PRIEST Clerk

Heath & Buit

Presented by Representative CEBRA of Naples. Cosponsored by Senator THOMAS of Somerset and Senator: COLLINS of York. **Emergency preamble. Whereas,** acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

**Whereas,** indexing of the motor fuel tax rate will occur July 1, 2011 unless this bill takes effect before that date; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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- **Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §3203, sub-§1-B,** as amended by PL 2009, c. 413, Pt. W, §2 and affected by §6, is further amended to read:
- **1-B.** Generally; rates. Except as provided in section 3204-A, beginning July 1, 2008 and ending June 30, 2009, an excise tax is levied and imposed on all suppliers of distillates sold, on all retailers of low-energy fuel sold and on all users of special fuel used in this State for each gallon of distillate at the rate of 29.6¢ per gallon. Beginning July 1, 2009, an excise tax is levied and imposed on all suppliers of distillates sold, on all retailers of low-energy fuel sold and on all users of special fuel used in this State for each gallon of distillate at the rate of 30.7¢ per gallon. Tax rates for each gallon of low-energy fuel are based on the British Thermal Unit, referred to in this subsection as "BTU," energy content for each fuel as based on gasoline gallon equivalents or the comparable measure for distillates. The gasoline gallon equivalent is the amount of alternative fuel that equals the BTU energy content of one gallon of gasoline. In the case of distillates, the tax rate provided by this section is subject to annual inflation adjustment pursuant to section 3321. For purposes of this subsection, "base rate" means the rate in effect for gasoline or diesel on July 1st of each year as indexed under section 3321. A biodiesel blend containing less than 90% biodiesel fuel is subject to the rate of tax imposed on diesel.
  - A. This paragraph establishes the applicable BTU values and tax rates based on gasoline gallon equivalents.

30	Fuel type based on gasoline	BTU content per gallon or	Tax rate formula (BTU
31		gasoline gallon equivalent	value fuel/BTU value
32			gasoline) x base rate
33			gasoline
34	Gasoline	115,000	100% x base rate
35	Propane	84,500	73% x base rate
36	Compressed Natural Gas	115,000	100% x base rate
37	(CNG)		
38	Methanol	56,800	49% x base rate
39	Ethanol	76,000	66% x base rate
40	Hydrogen	115,000	100% x base rate

1 2	Hydrogen Compressed Natural Gas	115,000	100% x base rate
3 4	B. This paragraph establishes the applicable BTU values and tax rates based on distillate gallon equivalents.		
5 6 7 8	Fuel type based on diesel	BTU content per gallon or gallon equivalent	Tax rate formula (BTU value fuel/BTU value diesel) x base rate diesel
9	Diesel	128,400	100% x base rate
10	Liquified Liquefied Natural	73,500	57% x base rate
11	Gas (LNG)		
12	Biodiesel	118,300	92% x base rate

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- C. The conversion factors established in this paragraph must be used in converting to gasoline gallon equivalents.
  - (1) For compressed natural gas, BTUs per 100 standard cubic feet is 93,000, and there are 123.66 standard cubic feet per gasoline gallon equivalent.
  - (2) For hydrogen, BTUs per 100 standard cubic feet is 27,000, and there are 425.93 standard cubic feet per gasoline gallon equivalent.
  - (3) For hydrogen compressed natural gas, BTUs per 100 standard cubic feet is 79,800, and there are 144.11 standard cubic feet per gasoline gallon equivalent.

### **Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §3208, first** ¶, as amended by PL 2007, c. 438, §78, is further amended to read:

Every user subject to the tax imposed by section 3203 is entitled to a credit on the tax, equivalent to the then current rate of taxation per gallon imposed by section 3203 as adjusted pursuant to section 3321, on all special fuel purchased by that user from a supplier or retailer licensed in accordance with section 3204 upon which the tax imposed by section 3203 has been paid. Evidence of the payment of that tax, in a form required by or satisfactory to the State Tax Assessor, must be furnished by each user claiming the credit. When the amount of the credit to which any user is entitled for any quarter exceeds the amount of the tax for which that user is liable for the same quarter, the excess may be allowed as a credit on the tax for which that user would be otherwise liable for another quarter or quarters. Upon application to the assessor, the excess may be refunded if the applicant has paid to another state or province under a lawful requirement of that jurisdiction a tax similar in effect to the tax imposed by section 3203 on the use or consumption of that fuel outside the State, at the same rate per gallon that tax was paid in this State, but in no case to exceed the then current rate per gallon of the tax imposed by section 3203 as adjusted pursuant to section 3321. Upon receipt of the application the assessor, if satisfied after investigation that a refund is justified, shall so certify to the State Controller. The refund must be paid out of the Highway Fund. This credit lapses at the end of the last quarter of the year following that in which the credit arose.

1	Sec. 3. 36 MRSA c. 465, as amended, is repealed.
2 3	<b>Emergency clause.</b> In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.
4	SUMMARY
5 6	This bill repeals the annual indexing of motor fuel tax rates and deletes cross-references.