MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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124th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2009

Legislative Document

No. 1399

H.P. 978

House of Representatives, April 2, 2009

An Act Concerning Water Quality in Watersheds

Reference to the Committee on Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Macfaland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative TILTON of Harrington.
Cosponsored by Senator TRAHAN of Lincoln and
Representatives: EATON of Sullivan, PENDLETON of Scarborough, PERCY of Phippsburg,
PRESCOTT of Topsham, WEAVER of York, Senators: DAMON of Hancock, GERZOFSKY
of Cumberland, RAYE of Washington.

1	Ве	it enacted by the l	People of th	e State of M	laine as follo	ows:		
2 3	fur	Sec. 1. 30-A M ther amended to rea		1, sub-§5, ⁶	D, as amer	ided by PL 1	999, c. 228,	§3, is
4 5 6 7		D. A nonengine may be charged, a by the municipalit Shores Fund establishment.	nd a surcha y to the Tre	rge of \$10 m asurer of Sta	ust be charg te, who shal	ed. The surcl	narge must b	e paid
8	fur	Sec. 2. 38 MRS ther amended to rea		8, sub-§2, ¶	A, as amen	ded by PL 2	007, c. 558,	§3, is
10 11		A. The base, a assessed to catego				nd maximun ows.	fees that m	ay be
12 13 14 15 16		Discharge Group		Base fee no to exceed	t Maximum fee for individual in group	Annualized license renewal service fee	Water quali improvement surcharge	
17 18 19								
20 21 22 23 24 25		Publicly owned treatment facilities, 10,000 gallons per day or less	annual fee	\$67	none	\$150		
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33		Publicly owned treatment facilities, more than 10,000 gallons per day to 0.1 million gallons per day	annual fee	\$219	none	\$150		,
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41		Publicly owned treatment facilities, more than 0.1 million gallons per day to 1.0 million gallons per day	annual fee	\$219	none	\$225		

1		Publicly owned	annual fee	\$219	none	\$450
2		treatment facilities, more		, '		
4		than 1.0 million	*			
5		gallons per day to	i.			
6		5.0 million		* * *		
7	• •	gallons per day				
8						
9	•	Publicly owned	annual fee	\$770	none	\$650
10		treatment	`			
11 12		facilities, greater than 5 million			• •	
13		gallons per day				
14	•	or with		•	. "	•
15		significant				
16	,	industrial waste				
17						
18		Major industrial	annual fee	\$1,850	none	\$650
19		facility, process	•			
20 21		wastewater (based on EPA				
22	•	list of major				
23		source		•		
24	*	discharges)				
25			•	•		
26		Other industrial	annual fee	\$630	none	\$300
27		facility, process			٠,	
28		wastewater				
29 30		Food handling or	annual fee	\$315	\$2,100	\$150
31		packaging waste-	ainiuai icc	Ψ212	Ψ2,100	Ψ150.
32		water		,	•	
33						
34		Fish rearing	annual fee	\$288	\$1,753	\$300
35		facility over 0.1				
36		million gallons				
37	4	per day				
38 39		Fish rearing	annual fee	\$788	\$400	none
40		facility 0.1	amuai ice	Ψ200	ΨΤΟΟ	110110
41		million gallons	• •		•	
42		per day or less		•		
		•				

1				•		
2	Marine	annual fee*	\$288		none	
3	aquaculture					
4	facility					
5						
6	Noncontact	annual fee	\$90	\$7,000	\$60	•
7	cooling water	•				
8 .						•
9	Industrial or	annual fee	\$115	\$2,100	\$150	
10	commercial					
11	sources,	•		•	•	
12	miscellaneous or					
13	incidental non-				•	
14	process					
15	wastewater	•				
16	•				•	
17	Municipal	annual fee	\$115	\$1,400	\$150	25% or \$350,
18	combined sewer					whichever is less
19	overflow					
20				•		•
21	Sanitary	annual fee	\$60	\$1,200	\$300	
22	wastewater,					
23	excluding				•	•
24	overboard			ė		
25	discharge			•	•	
26		•		•		
27.	Sanitary	annual fee	\$210	\$1,200		<u>\$75</u>
28	overboard					•
29	discharge,					
30	commercial					
31	sources					
32		•				
33	Sanitary	annual fee	\$175			<u>\$75</u>
34	overboard					
35	discharge,				**	
36	residential				. *	
37	sources 600					
38	gallons per day	,		*		
39	and less	•		-		
40						

		• •			* .	
1 2	Sanitary overboard	annual fee	\$200	\$600		<u>\$75</u>
3	discharge, residential					
4 5	sources more		•			
6	than 600 gallons			. •	•	*.
7	per day			•		
8						
9	Sanitary	annual fee	\$210	\$500		<u>\$75</u>
10	overboard		•			
11	discharge, public	•		•		:
12	sources				•	
13		1.6*	#200		\$370	
14	Aquatic pesticide	annual fee	\$200		\$370	
15	application					
16 17	Snow dumps	annual fee*	\$125		\$150	
18	Silow dumps	amidai icc	Ψ125		Ψ130	•
19	Salt and sand	annual fee*	\$150		\$225	•
20	storage pile	umuu 100	413 0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
21				•		
22	Log storage	annual fee*	\$200		\$150	
23	permit					
24	-					
25	General permit	annual fee*	\$300	-	•	
26	coverage for		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
27	industrial storm				•	
28	water discharges	,			1	
29	(except			•		
30	construction)				*	
31	Com and mannit	annual fee*	£125		none	
32	General permit coverage for	ailliuai iee	\$125		none	
33 34	marine					
35	aquaculture					
36	facility					
37	identify		e.	,	• •	
38	General permit	annual fee*	\$100		\$30	
39	coverage (other)					
40					*.	
41	Experimental	license fee*	\$500		\$225	
42	discharge license					

1				
2	New or amended	flat fee*	\$4,000	
3 ′	mixing zone, in	* *		
4	addition to other			
5	applicable fees			
6				
7	Formation of	flat fee*	\$300	
8	sanitary district	•		
9			•	
10	Transfer of	flat fee*	\$100	
11	license for			
12	residential or			
13	commercial			
14	sanitary		·	
15	wastewater			
		٠.		

*Discharge or license quantity fees do not apply to these categories.

When a license authorizes multiple discharge points in different categories in the same license, the total maximum fee for the license may not exceed the maximum fee for the most significant category plus 1/2 of the maximum fee for each of the other applicable categories.

A publicly owned treatment facility shall submit annually in conjunction with its annual license fee an amount that represents \$2 per every ratepayer served by the facility.

Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §353-B, sub-§7 is enacted to read:

7. Revenues derived from surcharge. Revenues derived from a water quality improvement surcharge must be paid to the Treasurer of State, who shall credit those revenues to the Clean Shores Fund established under section 424-B.

Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §410-I, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

3. Annual water quality monitoring and remediation planning. The department shall in coordination with the public health division of the Department of Marine Resources create an annual work plan outlining priorities for the monitoring and classification of shellfish growing areas. The work plan must also prioritize remediation projects that will improve water quality within shellfish growing areas. Staff from both agencies must be assigned in determining responsibilities of the work plan. The Department of Marine Resources shall solicit priorities from municipalities with approved municipal shellfish programs for work within shellfish growing areas in those communities. In order for municipal recommendations to be considered for inclusion in a work plan, the municipality must commit to assist in the identification and remediation of nonpoint source pollution, including failing subsurface wastewater disposal systems, in areas affecting the water quality of shellfish growing areas.

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1 2		The agencies shall prepare a draft work plan by February 1st of each year and make is available for review at a regularly scheduled meeting of the Shellfish Advisory Council.
3		set out under Title 12, section 6038.
4		The agencies shall begin implementing the work plan by March 1st annually.
5		Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §424-B is enacted to read:
6		§424-B. Clean Shores Fund
7 8		1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
9		A. "Fund" means the Clean Shores Fund established in this section.
10 11		2. Fund established. The Clean Shores Fund is established as a nonlapsing fund under the jurisdiction and control of the department.
12	. •	3. Sources of the fund. The fund consists of:
13		A. Dedicated revenue derived from surcharges in accordance with section 353-B;
14 15		B. Dedicated revenue derived from surcharges in accordance with Title 30-A, section 4211, subsection 5, paragraph D;
16 17		C. Sums that are appropriated by the Legislature or transferred to the fund from time to time by the Treasurer of State;
18 19 20		D. Capitalization grants and awards made to the State or an instrumentality of the State by the Federal Government for any of the purposes for which the fund has been established;
21		E. Interest earned from the investment of fund balances;
22 23	/	F. Private gifts, bequests and donations made to the State for any of the purposes for which the fund has been established; and
24 25		G. Other funds from any public or private source received for use for any of the purposes for which the fund has been established.
26		4. Distribution. Revenue credited to the fund must be distributed as:
27 28 29	٠	A. A transfer to fund 3 positions within the Department of Marine Resources in the growing area classification program within that department's public health division; and
30 31		B. Grants to municipalities or other qualifying applicants for the sole purpose of identifying and abating pollution in shellfish growing areas.
32 33		5. Grants. The department shall establish by rule criteria for the grant application process, eligibility for grants and the award and use of grants made under this section.
34 35 36	, .	6. Rules. The department shall adopt rules to implement this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 6. Water quality standards for shellfish harvesting. The Department of Environmental Protection shall consider bacteria and viral standards used by the National Shellfish Sanitation Program's model ordinance when issuing waste discharge licenses to ensure that shellfish harvesting is protected as a designated use under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 465-B.

The Department of Environmental Protection shall review whether the imposition of year-round disinfection requirements at licensed wastewater discharge facilities would serve to improve the ability of the Department of Marine Resources to upgrade the classification of shellfish growing areas, where such facilities affect classification status. The Department of Marine Resources shall identify which facilities affect shellfish growing area classification. If the Department of Environmental Protection determines that year-round disinfection improves the ability to upgrade the classification of any shellfish growing areas, it shall change the license of that facility to require year-round disinfection sufficient to improve the classification.

SUMMARY

This bill creates the Clean Shores Fund within the Department of Environmental. Protection to provide a funding source for grants to municipalities and other entities to identify and abate pollution in shellfish growing areas and to pay the Personal Services cost for 3 employees within the Department of Marine Resources in the growing area classification program within the public health division. The dedicated revenue for the Clean Shores Fund is established through surcharges on the installation of new sewer systems and the municipal combined sewer overflow and overboard discharges and on sewer utilities based on the number of ratepayers.

The bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection to work in coordination with the Department of Marine Resources to establish an annual work plan to prioritize monitoring and classification of shellfish growing areas and remediation projects within those areas. The process of developing the work plan must include input from municipalities with approved municipal shellfish programs.

The bill also requires the Department of Environmental Protection to consider bacteria and viral standards when issuing waste discharge licenses to ensure that shellfish harvesting is protected as a designated use under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 465-B. The department shall also review whether disinfection requirements at licensed wastewater discharge facilities would improve the ability of the Department of Marine Resources to upgrade classifications of shellfish growing areas and may change license requirements based on the outcome of the review.