## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 124th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2009

Legislative Document

No. 1337

S.P. 483

In Senate, March 31, 2009

An Act To Protect Maine Citizens and Franchised New Motor Vehicle Dealers

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Business, Research and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator SULLIVAN of York.

Cosponsored by Senators: COURTNEY of York, DAMON of Hancock, HOBBINS of York, MARRACHÉ of Kennebec, PERRY of Penobscot, RECTOR of Knox, SCHNEIDER of Penobscot, Representatives: CLEARY of Houlton, COHEN of Portland, KNIGHT of Livermore Falls, MacDONALD of Boothbay, MARTIN of Eagle Lake, MAZUREK of Rockland, PRESCOTT of Topsham, TARDY of Newport, WRIGHT of Berwick.

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2	purposes of a termination, cancellation, nonrenewal or noncontinuance when:
3 4 5 6 7 8	(1) There is a failure by the new motor vehicle dealer to comply with a provision of the franchise, which provision is both reasonable and of material significance to the franchise relationship, as long as compliance on the part of the new moto vehicle dealer is reasonably possible and the manufacturer first acquired actual o constructive knowledge of the failure not more than 180 days prior to the date or which notification is given pursuant to paragraph R.
9 10 11 12	When the failure by the new motor vehicle dealer relates to the performance of the new motor vehicle dealer in sales or service, the failure of the new motor vehicle dealer to effectively carry out the performance provisions of the franchise is good cause if:
13 14 15 16 17	(a) The new motor vehicle dealer was apprised by the manufacturer in writing of that failure; the notification stated that notice was provided of failure of performance pursuant to this section; and the new motor vehicle dealer was afforded a reasonable opportunity for a period of not less than 6 months to exert good faith efforts to carry out the performance provisions;
18 19 20	(b) The failure thereafter continued within the period that began not more than 180 days before the date notification of termination, cancellation or nonrenewal was given pursuant to paragraph R; and
21 22 23	(c) The new motor vehicle dealer has not substantially complied with reasonable performance criteria established by the manufacturer and communicated to the dealer; or
24 25 26 27	(3) The dealer and the manufacturer or distributor agree not to renew the franchise, although the dealer is entitled to the protections set forth in paragraph S in any termination, whether by the manufacturer, the dealer or the parties in unison; or
28 29	(4)—The manufacturer discontinues production or distribution of the franchise product;
30 31	<b>Sec. 3.</b> 10 MRSA §1174, sub-§3, ¶S, as amended by PL 1997, c. 521, §18, is further amended to read:
32 33 34	S. To cancel, terminate, fail to renew or refuse to continue any franchise relationship with a licensed new motor vehicle dealer without providing fair and reasonable compensation to the licensed new motor vehicle dealer for:
35 36	(1) All unsold new model motor vehicle inventory of the current and previous model year purchased from the manufacturer;
37	(2) Supplies and parts purchased from the manufacturer or its approved sources;
38 39	(3) Equipment and furnishings purchased from the manufacturer or its approved sources; and
40	(4) Special tools purchased from the manufacturer or its approved sources.

If the involuntary termination, cancellation or nonrenewal is due to a failure of performance of the new motor vehicle dealer in sales or service and the new motor vehicle dealer is leasing the dealership facilities from a lessor other than the manufacturer, the manufacturer shall pay the new motor vehicle dealer a sum equivalent to the rent for the unexpired term of the lease or one year's rent, whichever is less greater, or, if the new motor vehicle dealer owns the facilities, the manufacturer shall pay the new motor vehicle dealer a sum equivalent to the reasonable rental value of the facilities for one year, prorated for each line make at the facility based on total sales volume of each line make at the facility for the calendar year prior to the involuntary termination, cancellation or nonrenewal. The manufacturer shall pay the new motor vehicle dealer the sum equivalent to the rent or the reasonable rental value of the facilities when possible within 90 days of the effective date of the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal if the new motor vehicle dealer has notified the manufacturer of the amount of rent or reasonable rental value to which the dealer is entitled.

The fair and reasonable compensation for the items listed in subparagraphs (1) to (4) may in no instance be less than the acquisition price and must be paid by the manufacturer when possible within 90 days of the effective date of the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal, provided that the new motor vehicle dealer has clear title to the inventory and other items and is in a position to convey that title to the manufacturer.

In lieu of any injunctive relief or any other damages, if the manufacturer fails to prove there was good cause for the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal, or if the manufacturer fails to prove that it acted in good faith, then the manufacturer may pay the new motor vehicle dealer fair and reasonable compensation for the value of the dealership as an ongoing business; of

Sec. 4. 10 MRSA §1174, sub-§3, ¶T, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 521, §19, is amended to read:

T. To act as, offer to act as or purport to be a broker; or

## Sec. 5. 10 MRSA §1174, sub-§3, ¶U is enacted to read:

U. To cancel, terminate, fail to renew or refuse to continue any franchise relationship with a licensed new motor vehicle dealer not less than 180 days prior to the effective date of such termination, cancellation or nonrenewal that occurs in whole or in part as a result of any change in ownership, operation or control of all or any part of the business of the manufacturer, whether by sale or transfer of assets, corporate stock or other equity interest, assignment, merger, consolidation, combination, joint venture, redemption, operation of law or otherwise; or the termination, suspension or cessation of a part or all of the business operations of the manufacturer; or discontinuance of the sale of the product line or a change in distribution system by the manufacturer, whether through a change in distributors or the manufacturer's decision to cease conducting business through a distributor altogether.

In addition to any other payments or requirements in this chapter, if a termination, cancellation or nonrenewal was premised in whole or in part upon any of the

1 2 3 4	occurrences set forth in this paragraph, the manufacturer is liable to the licensed new motor vehicle dealer in an amount at least equivalent to the fair market value of the franchise or the pecuniary loss to the dealer arising from the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal of the franchise, whichever is greater.
5 6 7 8 9	(1) If liability is based on the fair market value of the franchise, which must include diminution in value of the facilities leased or owned by the dealer as a result of the loss of the franchise to operate in the facilities, the fair market value must be computed on the date in divisions (a) to (c) that yields the highest fair market value:
10 11	(a) The date the manufacturer announces the action that results in termination, cancellation or nonrenewal;
12 13	(b) The date the action that results in termination, cancellation or nonrenewal first becomes general knowledge; or
14 15	(c) The date 12 months prior to the date on which the notice of termination, cancellation or nonrenewal is issued.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(2) As an alternative to the methodology set forth in subparagraph (1), a licensed new motor vehicle dealer may choose to accept the pecuniary loss arising out of a termination, cancellation or nonrenewal under this paragraph. This pecuniary loss must be established based upon the dealer's reasonable expectation of gain for a period of time not to exceed 7 years from the date of notice of termination, cancellation or nonrenewal. Pecuniary loss includes diminution in the value of the facilities leased or owned by the dealer as a result of the loss of the franchise to operate in the facilities.
24 25 26 27	If the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal is due to the manufacturer's change in distributors, the manufacturer may avoid paying fair market value or pecuniary loss to the licensed new motor vehicle dealer if the new distributor or the manufacturer offers the dealer a franchise agreement with terms acceptable to the dealer.
28 29 30 31 32	If an entity other than the original manufacturer of a line make becomes the manufacturer for the line make and intends to distribute motor vehicles of that line make in this State, that entity shall honor the franchise agreements of the original manufacturer and its licensed new motor vehicle dealers or offer those dealers a new franchise agreement for the line make on substantially similar terms and conditions; and
34 35	<b>Emergency clause.</b> In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.
36	SUMMARY
37 38	This bill provides protections to franchised new motor vehicle dealers against losses caused by unreasonable terminations by manufacturers.