MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE LAWY OFFIA-

124th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2009

Legislative Document

No. 1292

S.P. 474

In Senate, March 31, 2009

An Act To Provide More Transparency and Protection for Public Employees in the Laws Governing the Maine Public Employees Retirement System

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by President MITCHELL of Kennebec.
Cosponsored by Representative TUTTLE of Sanford and
Senators: JACKSON of Aroostook, McCORMICK of Kennebec, Representative: BLODGETT of Augusta.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 2 MRSA §6-D, as amended by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. L, §2 and PL 2007, c. 58, §3, is further amended to read:

§6-D. Salary of the Executive Director of the Maine Public Employees Retirement

Notwithstanding Title 5, section 17105, subsection 3, the salary of the Executive Director and deputy directors appointed by the Executive Director of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System are established by the Board of Trustees of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Governor and may not exceed the maximum rate of salary that may be received by a state employee.

- Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §17054, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 386, §2, is further amended to read:
- 3. Recovery of overpayments by the retirement system. Any amounts due the retirement system as the result of overpayment or erroneous payment of benefits, an excess refund of contributions or overpayment or erroneous payment of life insurance benefits may be recovered from an individual's contributions, any benefits or life insurance benefits payable under this Part to the individual or the beneficiary of the individual or any combination of contributions and benefits. If the overpayment or excess refund of contributions resulted from an unintentional mistake of or incorrect information provided by an employee of the retirement system or mistake of the retiree who is unaware of a rule or provision of law governing the operation of the retirement system, the retiree or the recipient of the benefit or life insurance benefit, no interest may be collected by the retirement system on the amount to be recovered no penalties or interest may be levied on the retiree's income and the retirement system may not reduce retirement benefits to the retiree to an extent that the reduction results in less than a livable income or an unreasonable and significant disruption in the ability of the retiree to sustain the retiree's quality of life. The executive director may also take action to recover those amounts due from any amounts payable to the individual by any other state agency or by an action in a court of competent jurisdiction. Whenever the executive director makes a decision to recover any amounts under this subsection, that decision is subject to appeal under section 17451; and

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System shall verify eligibility of an employee for retirement benefits under the retirement system no later than 60 days following the effective date of employment of the employee. If, after verification, it is determined that the employer provided incorrect information to the retirement system that would disqualify the employee for retirement benefits under the retirement system, the employee may not lose any retirement benefits. In the case in which social security is the proper retirement funding source, the employer shall pay the employee and employer share for the time period following the employee's retirement to the time of discovery of ineligibility under the retirement system. The State is not responsible for the employer contribution when the employer is a school district, municipality or county.

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and 63, is repealed.

1 2	Sec. 8. 5 MRSA §17103, sub-§11, as amended by PL 1997, c. 651, §3, is further amended to read:
3	11. Report to Legislature. The board shall make a written report to the appropriate legislative committee on or before the March 1st of each year that must contain:
5 6	A. A discussion of any areas of policy or administration that, in the opinion of the board, should be brought to the attention of the committee;
7 8	B. Any proposed legislation amending the retirement system law that the board recommends to improve the retirement system;
9	C. A discussion of the progress toward meeting the goals of chapter 161;
10 11 12	D. A review of the operations of the retirement system, including a summary of administrative expenses and improvements in the delivery of services to members of the retirement system; and
13 14 15	E. A budget report showing the budget status of the administrative operations and functions of the system for the current fiscal year relative to the budget for the current fiscal year:
16 17 18	F. The number of individuals who retired in the 12 months of the previous year by employee status to include state employees, teachers and participating local district employees;
19 20	G. The number of new active members of the retirement system for the previous year by employee status:
. 21	H. The amount of earnings on investment in the 12 months of the previous year;
22 23 24	I. The total amount of employee and employer contributions to the retirement system in the 12 months of the previous year and the total amount of payout to retirees by employee status; and
25 26	J. The number of persons who applied for disability retirement in the 12 months of the previous year including:
27 28	(1) The number of applicants for disability retirement who were awarded benefits at the application stage:
29 30	(2) The number of applicants for disability retirement who were awarded benefits following the submission of additional information:
31 32	(3) The net number of applicants for disability retirement who appealed decisions that denied disability retirement status; and
33 34	(4) The number of applicants who were granted disability retirement following their appeals.
35	Sec. 9. 5 MRSA §17103-A is enacted to read:
36	§17103-A. Appointment of the executive director
37 38	The executive director is appointed by the Governor in consultation with the board and subject to approval by the joint standing committee of the Legislature with

	1 2 3 4	jurisdiction over labor matters and confirmation by the Senate. The salary of the executive director is set by the Governor. The person nominated for executive director must demonstrate concern and understanding of the needs of public employees and retirees, as well as fiscal knowledge and competency.
-	5	Sec. 10. 5 MRSA §17105, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2007, c. 491, §78, is further amended to read:
	7 8 9	1. Duties. In addition to other duties set out in this Part, the executive director, as appointed under section 17103, subsection 8 17103-A, shall have has the following duties.
	10 11 12	A. The executive director shall have <u>has</u> administrative responsibility for the retirement system, including responsibility for the approval of the payment of all benefits under this Part.
	13 14	B. The executive director shall obtain whatever services are required to transact the business of the retirement system.
. •	15 16 17	C. The executive director shall keep in convenient form whatever data are necessary for actuarial valuation of the various funds of the retirement system and for checking the experience of each of the programs of the retirement system.
	18 19 20	D. Whenever the executive director determines that a fraud, <u>an</u> attempted fraud or a violation of law in connection with funds administered by the retirement system may have occurred, the executive director shall:
	21 22 23 24 25	(1) Report in writing all information concerning the fraud or violation to the Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee for such action as he the Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee may deem determine appropriate, including civil action for recovery of funds and criminal prosecution by the Attorney General; and
	26 27	(2) Upon request of the Attorney General and in such a manner as the Attorney General deems determines appropriate, assist in the recovery of funds.
	28 29 30 31	E. The executive director shall cause to be delivered to each participating local district a written notice setting forth the amendments or additions to this Part and shall require from each participating local district an acknowledgment of receipt of that notice.
	32 33	F. Upon discovery of any error in any record of the retirement system, the executive director shall, to the extent practicable, correct the record.
	34	Sec. 11. 5 MRSA §17105-A is enacted to read:
	35	§17105-A. Adverse decisions of the board or executive director
	36 37 38 39 40	Prior to any adverse decision rendered by the board or the executive director with respect to an applicant regarding any benefits, penalties or assessment of interest, the board and executive director shall hold a hearing to which the applicant may bring legal counsel. Failure to follow this procedure invalidates any adverse decision rendered by the board or the executive director.
	10	board of the executive director.

retirement system or its hearing officers or the board of trustees to deny or

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· 1	discontinue benefits unless the author of the opinion is made available for cross examination to the applicant or recipient or appointed legal representative.
3 ⁻ 4	B. An opinion on a material issue expressed by the medical board, whether subject to cross-examination or not, may not:
5 6 .7	(1) Be given dispositive weight whether in the administrative process triggered by an application for disability retirement benefits or any subsequent review process; and
8 9 10 11	(2) Be considered substantial evidence in support of the retirement system's decision to deny an initial application for disability retirement benefits, or to terminate those benefits in any subsequent review process, unless that opinion is independently supported by credible evidence in the record.
12 13	C. The weight to be given all expert medical evidence must be determined by the following factors:
1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9	(1) Preferential weight must be given to medical opinions offered by ar applicant's or recipient's treating medical provider on all material issues including, but not limited to, the existence of a medical condition, the impairment it causes directly or indirectly, the propriety of medical care, the permanency of any incapacity and prognosis, so long as those opinions are expressed by appropriately qualified providers;
20 21 22 23 24	(2) The amount of preferential weight afforded the opinions under subparagraph 1 must be gauged by the expertise of the provider with regard to the material medical issue commented upon, the extent or duration of treatment provided, the thoroughness of an evaluation, the medical foundation upon which the opinion is based and the consistency of the opinion with other evidence in the record; and
25 26 27 28 29	(3) If an opinion expressed by a treating medical provider on any material issue in dispute is supported by medically acceptable standards, practices, procedures and approaches, and is consistent with other expert opinion in the record, it must be given controlling weight over the contrary opinion or conclusion reached by any nontreating, nonevaluating source.
30 31 32 33 34 35	5. Cross-examination by deposition. When an applicant disagrees with the opinions of the medical board, and the medical board's written opinions are offered as evidence in an administrative hearing pursuant to this chapter, the applicant is entitled to cross-examine any member of the medical board by deposition, the cost of which must be borne by the applicant and the transcript of which must be admitted as evidence at hearing.
36 37 38	6. Opinions of treating medical providers. Unless the substantial evidence of record compels a contrary conclusion, the opinions of an applicant's treating medical provider must be accorded controlling weight by the hearing officer.
39	Sec. 13. 5 MRSA §17106-A is enacted to read:

1	§17106-A. Hearing officers
2 3 4 5	Any hearing officers employed or contracted pursuant to this chapter are authorized to make final decisions about disability benefits and other benefits based on all the data and evidence presented at the hearing, including information provided by treating physicians, public officials, witnesses, the medical board and other sources. The findings
6 7	and opinions of the hearing officers or examiners must be made in accordance with section 17106, subsections 5 and 6.
8.	Sec. 14. 5 MRSA §17924, sub-§2, ¶A is enacted to read:
9 10 11	A. This subsection applies only to members whose creditable service began 5 of fewer years prior to the member's application for disability benefits. This paragraph is effective retroactively to March 27, 2007.
12 13	Sec. 15. 5 MRSA §18504, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2007, c. 491, §244, is further amended to read:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	2. Exception. A member with fewer than 5 years of continuous creditable service immediately preceding that member's application for a disability retirement benefit is no eligible for that benefit if the disability is the result of a physical or mental condition that existed before the member's latest membership in a retirement program of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, unless the disability is a result of, or has been substantially aggravated by, an injury or accident received in the line of duty but from events or circumstances not usually encountered within the scope of the member's employment.
22 23 24	A. This subsection applies only to members whose creditable service began 5 of fewer years prior to the member's application for disability benefits. This paragraph is effective retroactively to March 27, 2007.
25 26	Sec. 16. 5 MRSA §18511, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1989, c. 878, Pt. B, §6, is further amended to read:
27 28 29	2. Presumption. In participating local districts which have not adopted the disability retirement benefits enacted by Public Law 1975, chapter 622, section 54, and subsequen amendments, it It is presumed that a member incurred a disability in the line of duty which that occurred while in actual performance of duty at some definite time and place.

- A. The disability is the result of a cardiovascular injury which that occurred, or a cardiovascular or pulmonary disease which that developed, within 6 months of having participated in fire fighting firefighting or in a training or drill which that involved fire fighting firefighting; and
- B. The member was an active member of a municipal fire department or of a volunteer fire association, as defined in Title 30-A, section 3151, for at least 2 years before the injury or the onset of the disease; and.
- C. The member has been granted workers' compensation benefits for the eardiovascular injury or disease or the pulmonary disease.

and which that was not caused by the willful negligence of the member if:

1 :	SUMMARY
2 3 4	This bill provides more transparency, accountability and protection for public employees with respect to the processes and policies of the Maine Public Employee Retirement System. The bill:
5 6	1. Provides that the executive director of the retirement system be appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Senate;
7 8 9	2. Provides that persons providing information to prospective retiring public employees be well trained and knowledgeable about retirement system laws and rules and be able to provide this information in understandable terms;
10	3. Provides that mistakes by public employees or employees of the retirement system

- 3. Provides that mistakes by public employees or employees of the retirement system in regard to retirement system benefits, including overpayments, may not result in punitive and unreasonable penalties that result in reducing benefits below a livable income;
- 4. Provides that public employees who enroll in the retirement system must be reviewed by the retirement system no later than 60 days following enrollment in regard to eligibility for benefits under the retirement system;
- 5. Authorizes hearing examiners to make final decisions about disability benefits and other benefits based on all the data and evidence presented at the hearing, including information provided by treating physicians, public officials, witnesses, the medical board and other sources;
- 6. Provides that the opinions of an applicant's treating medical provider must be accorded controlling weight unless the substantial evidence of record compels a contrary conclusion:
- 7. Requires the board of trustees to communicate with administrative staff throughout the retirement system at least once a year in regard to issues of concern to the staff;
- 8. Requires the medical board, the executive director or the board of trustees, prior to making any adverse recommendations regarding a disability case, to meet with the applicant or the applicant's attorney to provide the criteria, standards and reasons, including medical criteria on which the decisions of the medical board are based;
- 9. Requires the medical board to which a disability retirement request has been referred to be composed of physicians whose practices involve or have involved the treatment of the physical or mental conditions on which the case of the applicant is based;
- 10. Establishes as a purpose of the retirement system the provision of and preservation of access to disability benefits and a reasonable and decent quality of life for members of the retirement system, including individuals who become disabled. This provision is given equal weight with the integrity and financial well-being of the retirement system;

- 11. Requires additional information as part of the retirement system's annual report to include information regarding the number of state employees, teachers and participating district employees who retired and the amount of retirement payouts, the number of persons who applied for disability retirement and the number denied disability retirement in the previous year and the number of applicants who were denied disability retirement following submission of additional information and following applicants' appeals; and
- 7 12. Overrules a decision of the Superior Court that discriminates against all 8 employees who take more than 30 days of unpaid leave during any period of their last 5 9 years of retirement system service, regardless of their total service in the retirement 10 system.