MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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124th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2009

Legislative Document

No. 1075

H.P. 742

House of Representatives, March 17, 2009

An Act To Promote Community-based Energy

Reference to the Committee on Utilities and Energy suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Macfaland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative MacDONALD of Boothbay.
Cosponsored by Representatives: BOLAND of Sanford, FITTS of Pittsfield, HINCK of Portland, MARTIN of Eagle Lake, Speaker PINGREE of North Haven, SHAW of Standish, VAN WIE of New Gloucester.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:	F .
Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1766-A, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 52, §1, is amended to rea	ad:
§1766-A. Electricity purchases for state buildings	
No later than January 1, 2010, all electricity consumed in state-owned buildings	must
be supplied by renewable resources. For purposes of this section, "renewable resources.	
means any renewable resource defined in Title 35-A, section 3210, subsection	
paragraph C. In purchasing electricity for state-owned buildings and facilities, the	
shall to the maximum extent practicable give preference to electricity generate	
community-based energy facilities, as defined in Title 35-A, section 3602, subsection	<u>. 2.</u>
Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §3210, sub-§8, as amended by PL 2007, c. 403, §	6, is
further amended to read:	
8. Credit trading. The commission shall allow competitive electricity provide	
satisfy the portfolio requirements of subsections 3 and 3-A through the use of renew	
energy credits if the commission determines that a reliable system of electrical attr	ibute
trading exists. When renewable energy credits are used to satisfy the port	<u>folio</u>
requirements of subsections 3 and 3-A, the value of a renewable energy credi	t for
electricity generated from a community-based energy facility, as defined in section 3	<u> 3602,</u>
subsection 2 is equal to 150% of the amount of the electricity.	
Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §3212, sub-§7 is enacted to read:	
7. Community-based energy requirement. Beginning January 1, 2013	the
commission shall require a standard-offer service provider to purchase a minimum o	
of the electricity supplied under the standard-offer service contract from commu	
based energy facilities. Beginning January 1, 2015, the minimum amount required	
purchased from community-based energy facilities under this subsection increases to	
For the purposes of this subsection, "community-based energy facility" has the	
meaning as in section 3602, subsection 2.	
Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA c. 36 is enacted to read:	
CHAPTER 36	
COMMUNITY-BASED ENERGY	
§3601. Short title	
This chapter may be known and cited as "the Community-based Energy Act."	•
§3602. Definitions	
As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following t	erme
have the following meanings.	,011110

1	1. Commercial energy developer. "Commercial energy developer" means a person
2	or organization that develops an energy generation facility or sells services, machinery or
3	other supplies for the development of an energy generation facility.
4 5 6	2. Community-based energy facility. "Community-based energy facility" means an electricity-generating facility that generates electricity from renewable resources and meets the following criteria:
7 8	A. At least 51% of the gross revenues from electricity sales and renewable energy credit sales from the community-based energy facility flow to qualifying owners; and
.9 10 11	B. The legislative body of each political subdivision of the State or tribal land or territory in which the community-based energy facility is located has passed a resolution in support of the facility.
12 13	3. Qualifying owner. "Qualifying owner" means an owner of a community-based energy facility that is:
14 15	A. A resident of the State and not a commercial energy developer of the community-based energy facility;
16 17 18	B. A limited liability company organized under the laws of the State, not organized for the purpose of commercial energy development and made up of members who are residents of the State;
19	C. A nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State;
20 21	D. A rural electrification cooperative, as defined in Title 35-A, section 3703, subsection 2;
22 23 24 25 26	E. A political subdivision of the State, including, but not limited to, a county, municipality, municipal electric district, school administrative unit, public or private institution of higher education, regional council of governments or any other local or regional governmental organization, including, but not limited to, a board, commission or association;
27	F. A department, agency or instrumentality of the State; or
28	G. A federally recognized Indian tribe.
29 30	4. Renewable resource. "Renewable resource" has the same meaning as in section 3210, subsection 2, paragraph C.
31	5. Tribal land or territory. "Tribal land or territory" means:
32	A. Houlton Band Trust Land, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 2-A;
33 34	B. Passamaquoddy Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 6:
35	C. Penobscot Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 9; and
36	D. Aroostook Band Trust Land, as defined in Title 30, section 7202, subsection 2.

§3603. Community-based energy

- 1. Policy goal. The goal for community-based energy development in the State is that by 2017 at least 5% of electricity consumed by retail electricity customers in the State is generated by community-based energy facilities.
- 2. State involvement. Except when directly prohibited by law, deed restriction or other encumbrance, publicly owned land, water or facilities may be used by the State or political subdivisions in the development and operation of community-based energy facilities or may be leased to other qualifying owners for community-based energy facilities.
- 3. Model community-based energy facility organization. The Executive Department, State Planning Office, with assistance from the Office of the Attorney General, shall develop a model legal organizational structure for community-based energy facilities. The office shall make the model available on a publicly accessible website. The model must include a detailed guide to facilitate the efficient and effective establishment and operation of community-based energy facilities.
- 4. Tracking; biennial report. The commission and the Executive Department, Governor's Office of Energy Independence and Security shall develop and administer a system to register and track the development of community-based energy facilities and by January 15, 2011 and biennially by January 15th thereafter shall report progress toward meeting the community-based energy development goal established in subsection 1 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters. The report must include an assessment of the effectiveness of policies and programs designed to encourage community-based energy and make recommendations for any necessary adjustments to those policies and programs.

Sec. 5. 35-A MRSA §10008, sub-§6, ¶M is enacted to read:

- M. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the trust fund may be used to fund the development of community-based energy facilities, as defined in section 3602, subsection 2.
- Sec. 6. Consolidating state energy policy and energy efficiency responsibilities. Under the direction of the Public Utilities Commission, state agencies with responsibility for energy policy and programs, including, but not limited to, the Public Utilities Commission, the Energy and Carbon Savings Trust, the Energy Conservation Board, the Governor's Office of Energy Independence and Security and the State Planning Office within the Executive Department and the Maine State Housing Authority, shall prepare a plan to consolidate and integrate state-level energy policy and program functions and responsibilities within a single entity. The plan must be designed to provide streamlined management and administration of state energy policy and programs and to maximize leveraging opportunities and strengthen program effectiveness and accountability. The duties of the single entity shall include providing technical assistance for the development of community-based energy facilities, as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 3602, subsection 2.

1 2 3 4 5	By January 15, 2010, the Public Utilities Commission shall submit a report based on the plan, including any necessary implementing legislation, to the Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy. After receipt and review of the report, the committee may submit legislation related to the report to the Second Regular Session of the 124th Legislature.
6	SUMMARY
7 8 9	This bill includes a number of provisions designed to encourage the development of community-based energy facilities and to achieve a goal of having 5% of electricity consumed by retail customers produced by community-based energy facilities by 2017.
10	1. It requires the State to give preference to community-based energy facilities in

1. It requires the State to give preference to community-based energy facilities in purchasing electricity for state-owned buildings and facilities.

- 2. It increases the value of renewable energy credits for electricity generated by community-based energy facilities to 150% of the amount of the electricity.
- 3. It requires standard-offer service providers to purchase a minimum amount of electricity from community-based energy facilities.
- 4. It requires the Executive Department, State Planning Office to develop a model legal organizational structure for community-based energy facilities.
- 5. It requires the Public Utilities Commission and the Executive Department, Governor's Office of Energy Independence and Security to develop and administer a system to track the development of community-based energy facilities.
- 6. It requires those state agencies that have energy-related responsibilities to develop a plan to consolidate and integrate state-level energy policy and program functions and responsibilities within a single state entity.
- 7. It authorizes funding from the Energy and Carbon Savings Trust Fund to be used for the development of community-based energy facilities.