MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



124th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2009

Legislative Document

No. 708

H.P. 491

House of Representatives, February 24, 2009

An Act To Create a Moratorium on the Open-air Production of Genetically Engineered Pharmaceutical Crops in Maine

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

Millient M. MacFarland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative PRATT of Eddington. Cosponsored by Representatives: BERRY of Bowdoinham, BOLAND of Sanford, CONNOR of Kennebunk, McCABE of Skowhegan, PIOTTI of Unity, SMITH of Monmouth.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §1051, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
3	4-A. Pharmaceutical or industrial crop. "Pharmaceutical or industrial crop"
4	means a plant that has been genetically engineered to produce a medical or industrial
5	product, including a human or veterinary drug, a biologic, industrial or research chemical,
6	enzymes, vaccines, human antibodies and human blood proteins.
.7	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §1055 is enacted to read:
8	§1055. Restrictions on the production of pharmaceutical or industrial crops
9	1. Prohibition on open-air production. Except as provided in subsection 2, a
10	person may not grow any pharmaceutical or industrial crop that requires a field test
11	permit from the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health
12	Inspection Service under 7 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 340.
13	2. Containment required. A person may grow a pharmaceutical or industrial crop
14	as long as:
15	A. The production is done in a state or federally licensed medical research institution
16	or laboratory;
17	B. All production activities are conducted under secure, enclosed indoor laboratory
18	conditions to prevent the release of genetically engineered material and cross
19	pollination with nongenetically engineered crops; and
20	C. A permit required by the United States Department of Agriculture for production
21	of the pharmaceutical or industrial crop has been received and is valid.
22	3. Monitoring of federal regulations. The commissioner shall monitor federal
23	regulation of pharmaceutical or industrial crops. The commissioner shall report to the
24	joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over agriculture matters
25	any change in federal regulation that allows the production of pharmaceutical and
26	industrial crops without a permit.
27	SUMMARY
28	This bill defines "pharmaceutical or industrial crop" and restricts production to indoor
29	laboratory and research settings to prevent release of genetically engineered material
30	from these crops. It requires the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural
31 .	Resources to monitor and report changes in the federal regulation of these crops.