



# **123rd MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2008**

Legislative	Document
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H.P. 1434

House of Representatives, December 21, 2007

No. 2050

An Act To Protect Maine Consumers of Electricity

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Received by the Clerk of the House on December 19, 2007. Referred to the Committee on Utilities and Energy pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

Millicent M. Mac Failand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative PINGREE of North Haven. Cosponsored by Senator BARTLETT of Cumberland and Representatives: BERRY of Bowdoinham, BRAUTIGAM of Falmouth, Speaker CUMMINGS of Portland, HINCK of Portland, MILLS of Farmington, Senators: President EDMONDS of Cumberland, HOBBINS of York, MARTIN of Aroostook.

### 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2 Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§2-B is enacted to read:

3 2-B. Compliant transmission and distribution utility. "Compliant transmission and distribution utility" means a transmission and distribution utility that has been found to be compliant with all directives of the commission to the extent that it has taken all reasonable and necessary steps within its control to achieve compliance.

A transmission and distribution utility is compliant with regard to discontinuing
 participation in ISO New England if it has made a filing with the Federal Energy
 Regulatory Commission requesting termination of membership in ISO New England.

10 Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§10-A is enacted to read:

11 <u>10-A. Noncompliant transmission and distribution utility.</u> "Noncompliant transmission and distribution utility" means a transmission and distribution utility that has not been found to be compliant with all directives of the commission to the extent that it has taken all reasonable and necessary steps within its control to achieve compliance.

15 Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §302, sub-§2 is enacted to read:

16 2. Costs of noncompliance. All costs incurred by a noncompliant transmission and
 distribution utility for participation in ISO New England, including, but not limited to,
 travel expenses, prorated salaries and ISO New England fees.

Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §312, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is
 amended to read:

21 During any proceeding initiated by a public utility by a filing pursuant to section 307 22 or 1302, the commission may temporarily approve any undisputed amounts of a 23 requested rate increase or rate decrease. If the parties are unable to agree on an 24 undisputed amount, any party, at any time after the cross-examination of the utility's 25 direct case has been conducted and all parties have filed their direct cases, may request the commission to require the parties to provide a written statement of those issues that 26 27 are being contested and an estimated dollar value of the extent of the disagreement between the utility and the other party on that issue. The commission, after examining 28 29 the statements of issues presented, may determine an amount which that is undisputed. 30 The commission may include in the undisputed amount the amount put in question by any party other than the utility, if the commission determines that that party has no possibility 31 32 of ultimately prevailing on that issue. The amounts temporarily approved shall must be filed by the utility as a temporary schedule which shall be that is effective from the date 33 34 of approval of the temporary schedule until the issuance of the final order in a section 307 35 Temporary rates may not be granted under any circumstances to a proceeding. noncompliant transmission and distribution utility. 36

37 Sec. 5. 35-A MRSA §2102, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §30
 38 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

1 2. Approval not required. Except as provided in section 2104, the commission's approval is not required for a public utility to furnish service in any municipality in which 2 that public utility is furnishing service on October 8, 1967. Approval is not required for 3 the operation of a radio paging service or mobile telecommunications services. Approval 4 is not required for a transmission and distribution utility to distribute electricity to any 5 other transmission and distribution utility. Approval is not required for a person seeking 6 to provide service within the service territory of a noncompliant transmission and 7 distribution utility. The commission shall develop an expedited process for ensuring that 8 such a person's new service meets the commission's guidelines and requirements. 9

Sec. 6. 35-A MRSA §2103, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is
 amended to read:

12 **2. Filing objections.** If, after notice, the other cooperative or utility opposes the 13 bringing of electrical service to the new service location, within 7 days of receipt of the 14 notice of proposed service, it shall:

15 A. File objections to the bringing of the electrical service with the commission; and

16 B. Send a copy of its objections to the utility or cooperative and to the party 17 requesting electrical service.

18 A noncompliant transmission and distribution utility may not object to any extension of 19 service within its service territory. The commission shall consider only the objections of 20 a compliant transmission and distribution utility. With regard to any proposed extension 21 of service by a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility, the commission shall 22 assume that the extension is adverse to the interests of the State's ratepayers.

Sec. 7. 35-A MRSA §2105, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is
 amended to read:

25 2. Declaration without hearing. The commission, may make a declaration without 26 public hearing; if it appears that the utility serving or authorized to serve, the utility seeking approval from the commission to provide service and any customer or customers 27 to receive service agree that the utility seeking approval to serve should provide service. 28 29 When the utility serving or authorized to serve is a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility, the commission shall make a declaration without public hearing 30 whenever the customer or customers to receive service and the utility seeking approval 31 32 from the commission to provide service agree that the utility seeking approval to serve 33 should provide service.

34 Sec. 8. 35-A MRSA §2110, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is 35 amended to read:

Commission authorization. The commission may authorize a public utility
 organized by private and special act of <u>the</u> Legislature to furnish or extend its service in,
 to or through a city or town notwithstanding any territorial limitations, express or
 implied, in the private and special act of the Legislature by which it was organized or
 under which it is enfranchised. <u>The commission may not authorize any extension of</u>
 service by a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility. Within 20 days after the

commission's final authorization, the public utility shall file a certificate that shows the
 authorization with and pay \$20 to the Secretary of State. When the certificate is filed, the
 public utility's power to extend its service becomes effective.

Sec. 9. 35-A MRSA §2305-B, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 110, §2, is
 amended to read:

D. If a public utility objects to the line on the basis that it may constitute a duplication of existing transmission or distribution facilities or may interfere with the adequate and safe delivery of electricity to others, the commission issues a finding that the line is not a duplication of existing transmission or distribution facilities and does not interfere with the adequate and safe delivery of electricity to others. A finding is not required under this paragraph unless a public utility has objected in writing to the applicable licensing authority. A noncompliant transmission and distribution utility may not make such an objection. A noncompliant transmission and distribution utility does not have standing to intervene in any proceeding under this section.

16 Sec. 10. 35-A MRSA §2306, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §36 and 17 affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

#### 18 §2306. No taking property without consent

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19 A public utility organized under section 2101 and former section 2109 may not take, 20 appropriate or use the location, pipes, lines, land or other property of any other person 21 doing or authorized to do a similar business, without consent of the other person, except 22 by Private and Special Act of the Legislature. The commission may authorize a public 23 utility to use the property of a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility after 24 providing the noncompliant transmission and distribution utility with an opportunity for 25 comment and a hearing, if requested, to determine the appropriate terms and conditions of 26 such authorized use.

Sec. 11. 35-A MRSA §3132, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is
amended to read:

5. Commission approval of a proposed line. The commission may approve or disapprove all or portions of a proposed transmission line and shall make such orders regarding its character, size, installation and maintenance as are necessary, having regard for any increased costs caused by the orders. The commission may not approve any project that causes an increase in the prices paid by ratepayers for capacity and energy unless the commission finds that the project is necessary to preserve the reliability of service to the ratepayers of the public utility.

36, Sec. 12. 35-A MRSA §3132, sub-§9, as amended by PL 2007, c. 148, §8, is 37 further amended to read:

38 9. Filing fee; waiver of fee. When a petition is filed under this section, the person or 39 persons involved shall pay to the commission an amount equal to 2/100 of 1% of the 40 estimated cost to erect, rebuild or relocate the transmission line provided except that, in the case of a petition filed under subsection 2, the fee is 4/100 of 1%. The person may, at the time of the filing of notice of its intent to file the petition, or, in the case of lines subject to subsection 2, at the time of the filing of the petition, request the commission to waive all or a portion of the filing fee. The commission shall rule on the request for waiver within 30 days. The fee for a petition filed by a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility is 1/20 of 1% of the estimated cost. No fee waivers may be granted to a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility.

8 Filing fees paid as required under this subsection must be segregated, apportioned and 9 expended by the commission for the purposes of this section. Any portion of the filing fee 10 that is received from any person and is not expended by the commission to process the 11 petition for a certificate of public convenience and necessity must be returned to the 12 person.

Sec. 13. 35-A MRSA §3136, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2007, c. 148, §12, is
 further amended to read:

15 1. Land necessary for location of transmission lines carrying 5,000 volts. 16 Subject to approval by the commission under subsection 4, a transmission and distribution utility may take and hold by right of eminent domain lands and easements 17 18 necessary for the proper location of its transmission lines that are designed to carry 19 voltages of 5,000 volts or more and of necessary appurtenances, located within the 20 territory in which the utility is authorized to do public utility business, in the same 21 manner and under the same conditions as set forth in chapter 65. A noncompliant 22 transmission and distribution utility is not granted the power of eminent domain. Once a 23 noncompliant transmission and distribution utility has been determined to be a compliant 24 transmission and distribution utility, it may exercise the power of eminent domain 25 pursuant to this subsection.

26 Sec. 14. 35-A MRSA §3136, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2007, c. 148, §13, is 27 further amended to read:

28 3. Prior right to locate distribution lines and appurtenances in right-of-way 29 limits of public way. Subject to approval by the commission under subsection 4, 30 transmission and distribution utilities may take and hold by right of eminent domain land 31 or easements necessary for the proper location of their distribution lines and the necessary 32 appurtenances, but only where the transmission and distribution utilities had a prior right 33 to locate their distribution lines and necessary appurtenances in the right-of-way limits of 34 a public way and the body having jurisdiction over the public way has caused the utility 35 to remove its distribution lines and appurtenant structures outside the right-of-way limits of the public way. This right does not apply to lands or easements as specified in 36 37 subsection 2, paragraphs B, C, D and E. A noncompliant transmission and distribution 38 utility is not granted the power of eminent domain. Once a noncompliant transmission 39 and distribution utility has been determined to be a compliant transmission and 40 distribution utility, it may exercise the power of eminent domain pursuant to this subsection. 41

42 Sec. 15. 35-A MRSA §3154, sub-§9 is enacted to read:

9. Demand-side management program. The commission shall use the full extent 1 of the powers and authority granted under this Title, including the right to participate in 2 proceedings and activities before a federal agency, including but not limited to the 3 4 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and the United States Department of Energy, a regional transmission organization or independent system operator in which a 5 transmission and distribution utility subject to its jurisdiction is a member and a state 6 regulatory agency or organization, to advocate for and, if possible, to require the 7 development, adoption and implementation of a demand-side management program that 8 9 compensates participants for reductions in local or increased output of on-site generation 10 coincident with annual or monthly system peak load on the transmission and distribution 11 system.

Sec. 16. 35-A MRSA §3195, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §71
 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

14 **1. Rate-adjustment mechanisms.** This Title may not be construed to prohibit the 15 commission from or to restrict the commission in establishing or authorizing any 16 reasonable rate-adjustment mechanisms to promote efficiency in transmission and 17 distribution utility operations and least-cost planning. Rate-adjustment mechanisms for a 18 compliant transmission and distribution utility may include, but are not limited to:

- 19 A. Decoupling of utility profits from utility sales through revenue reconciliation;
- B. Reconciliation of actual revenues or costs with projected revenues or costs, either
   on a total or per customer basis;
- 22 C. Adjustment of revenues based on reconciled, indexed or forecasted costs; and
- 23 D. Positive or negative financial incentives for efficient operations.
- 24 Sec. 17. 35-A MRSA §3195, sub-§7 is enacted to read:

25 7. Noncompliant transmission and distribution utility. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commission may not establish a rate-adjustment mechanism for a 26 noncompliant transmission and distribution utility. The commission shall immediately 27 remove any rate-adjustment mechanism in place for a transmission and distribution utility 28 that is found to be a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility on or after the 29 30 effective date of this subsection. Once a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility has submitted proof of its being a compliant transmission and distribution utility, 31 the commission may grant or authorize a rate-adjustment mechanism as the commission 32 33 finds appropriate under this section.

**Sec. 18. Time-of-use metering program for new construction.** The Public Utilities Commission shall develop a proposal for a program requiring all new commercial and residential construction to have time-of-use electric meters installed. The commission shall submit the proposal together with a recommendation concerning its implementation to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters by March 15, 2009. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters may submit legislation concerning time-of-use metering and the proposed program to the First Regular Session
 of the 124th Legislature.

3 Sec. 19. Working group. The Governor's Office of Energy Independence and Security shall convene a working group to examine barriers to and the creation of 4 5 incentives for installation of systems in residential, commercial and industrial buildings that conserve energy through reuse of waste heat. The working group must consist of 6 7 both public and private energy efficiency experts representing design, construction, installation and operations expertise. The working group shall examine technical and 8 policy issues in its work, including but not limited to the creation of tax incentives or 9 other programs to encourage such systems. The office shall also work with the 10 11 Department of Administrative and Financial Services to develop a plan that decreases wasteful peak load energy consumption in existing and new state buildings. The office 12 shall provide a report of the working group and the state building plan to the joint 13 14 standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy 15 matters by December 1, 2009. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having 16 jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters is authorized to submit legislation on the reuse of waste heat during the Second Regular Session of the 124th Legislature. 17

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#### SUMMARY

19 This bill defines "compliant transmission and distribution utility" and "noncompliant 20 transmission and distribution utility."

21 It clarifies that the Public Utilities Commission is not allowed to grant temporary 22 rates to a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility.

11 requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop an expedited process to ensure 124 that the new service of a person seeking to provide service within the service territory of a 125 noncompliant transmission and distribution utility meets the commission's guidelines and 126 requirements.

27 It describes what a noncompliant transmission and distribution utility must do to 28 regain certain powers lost due to the utility's being a noncompliant transmission and 29 distribution utility. It also clarifies what a noncompliant transmission and distribution 30 utility may not do.