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SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2008

Legislative Document

No. 2016

H.P. 1400

House of Representatives, December 21, 2007

An Act To Safeguard Imperiled or Critically Imperiled Natural Communities within Protected Natural Resources

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Received by the Clerk of the House on December 19, 2007. Referred to the Committee on Natural Resources pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

Millicent M. Mac Jarland

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative PERCY of Phippsburg. Cosponsored by Senator MARTIN of Aroostook and Representatives: DUCHESNE of Hudson, KOFFMAN of Bar Harbor, SAVIELLO of Wilton, WATSON of Bath, Senators: DAMON of Hancock, ROSEN of Hancock.

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §480-D, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2001, c. 618, §3, is further
 amended to read:

3. Harm to habitats; fisheries. The activity will not unreasonably harm any significant wildlife habitat, freshwater wetland plant habitat, threatened or endangered plant habitat, <u>imperiled or critically imperiled natural communities</u>, aquatic or adjacent upland habitat, travel corridor, freshwater, estuarine or marine fisheries or other aquatic life.

9 In determining whether there is unreasonable harm to significant wildlife habitat, the department may consider proposed mitigation if that mitigation does not diminish in the 10 11 vicinity of the proposed activity the overall value of significant wildlife habitat and 12 species utilization of the habitat and if there is no specific biological or physical feature unique to the habitat that would be adversely affected by the proposed activity. For 13 14 purposes of this subsection, "mitigation" means any action taken or not taken to avoid, 15 minimize, rectify, reduce, eliminate or compensate for any actual or potential adverse 16 impact on the significant wildlife habitat, including the following:

- A. Avoiding an impact altogether by not taking a certain action or parts of anaction;
- 19 B. Minimizing an impact by limiting the magnitude, duration or location of an 20 activity or by controlling the timing of an activity;
- 21 C. Rectifying an impact by repairing, rehabilitating or restoring the affected 22 environment;
- D. Reducing or eliminating an impact over time through preservation and
 maintenance operations during the life of the project; or
- E. Compensating for an impact by replacing the affected significant wildlife habitat.

SUMMARY

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This bill provides protection under the Natural Resource Protection Act for imperiled or critically imperiled natural communities, as identified by the Department of Conservation, that are located within protected natural resources.