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An Act To Reduce Wild Blueberry Theft

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on December 18, 2007. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator WESTON of Waldo.

Cosponsored by Representative PIEH of Bremen and Senators: DIAMOND of Cumberland, RAYE of Washington, SHERMAN of Aroostook, SNOWE-MELLO of Androscoggin, Representatives: BLANCHETTE of Bangor, MAREAN of Hollis, McFADDEN of Dennysville, TIBBETTS of Columbia. 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2 Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §4302, sub-§1-F is enacted to read:

3 <u>1-F. First hauler. "First hauler" means a person, firm, partnership, association or</u>
 4 corporation engaged in the transportation of wild blueberries from the field from which
 5 they were harvested to a shipper or processor.

6 Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §4302, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1997, c. 511, §8, is further 7 amended to read:

8 4. Shipper. "Shipper" means a person, firm, partnership, association or corporation
9 engaged in the shipping, transporting, storing, selling or otherwise handling of wild
10 blueberries either in processed form or as fresh fruit, whether as owner, agent or
11 otherwise, and that is not a first hauler as defined in subsection 1-F.

Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §4305, as amended by PL 2003, c. 705, §5, is repealed and the
 following enacted in its place:

14 §4305. Certification

15 **1.** Certification required. Every processor or shipper of wild blueberries shall 16 obtain certification from the assessor before processing or shipping wild blueberries. The 17 assessor shall provide the applications for the certification, which must contain the name 18 under which the processor or shipper is transacting business in the State, the place or 19 places of business, the names and addresses of the persons constituting a firm, company 20 or partnership and, if a corporation, the corporate name and names and addresses of its 21 principal officers and agents in the State. A processor or shipper may not process or ship 22 wild blueberries until the certification has been issued.

23 2. Violation; failure to obtain certification. The failure to obtain certification
 24 under subsection 1 is a civil violation punishable by a fine of not more than \$5,000.

- 25 <u>3. Discretionary suspension or revocation.</u> The assessor may suspend or revoke
 26 certification for:
- 27 A. Failure to pay the tax imposed by section 4303;
- 28 B. Filing false or fraudulent reports or returns; or
- 29 <u>C. Failure to comply with section 4315 or 4316.</u>

30 4. Mandatory suspension or revocation. The assessor may suspend or revoke 31 certification of a processor or shipper who is convicted under section 4316, subsection 32 3-A. Any person convicted under section 4316, subsection 3-A whose certification has 33 been suspended may not obtain a new certification from the assessor for 5 years from the 34 date of any such conviction. Any firm, company, partnership, association or corporation 35 who has one or more owners or principal officers who have been convicted or who have 36 been connected with a firm, company, partnership, association or corporation that has been convicted under section 4316, subsection 3-A may not obtain certification from the
 assessor for 5 years from the date of any such conviction.

5. Certificate not license. A certificate issued by the assessor pursuant to this
 section is not a license within the meaning of that term in the Maine Administrative
 Procedure Act.

6 Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §4314, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 511, §22, is further 7 amended to read:

8 1. Possession or removal unlawful. It is unlawful for a person to harvest, pick, 9 rake, possess or remove wild blueberries from the land of an owner without first securing 10 written permission from the owner or the owner's authorized agent. This section does not apply to members of an organized crew, if the crew leader has first secured the written 11 12 permission of the owner. The written permission must identify the land by reference to 13 tax map, lot number and town. A person authorized to make inspections under this 14 chapter may require a person on the land of an owner who has possession of wild 15 blueberries or is found harvesting, raking, picking or removing wild blueberries to show a 16 current written permit permission. Violation of this subsection is a strict liability crime as 17 defined in Title 17-A, section 34, subsection 4-A.

18 Sec. 5. 36 MRSA §4314, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 214, §2, is repealed 19 and the following enacted in its place:

3. Violation; first offense. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E
 crime.

22 Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §4314, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. Violation; subsequent offenses. A person who violates subsection 1 when the
 person has a prior conviction for violation of subsection 1 within the prior 5 years
 commits a Class C crime. Title 17-A, section 9-A governs the use of prior convictions
 when determining a sentence.

27 Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §4315, as amended by PL 2003, c. 452, Pt. U, §§6 to 8 and 28 affected by Pt. X, §2, is further amended to read:

29 §4315. Transportation of wild blueberries

30 1. Transportation of wild blueberries without permit. A person may not transport 31 wild blueberries in quantities exceeding 25 pounds without first obtaining a transportation 32 permit on an official form to be furnished by the Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine. 33 The Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine shall issue upon request official uniquely 34 numbered transportation permit forms to shippers and processors certified under section 35 4305 owners. Shippers and processors Owners may issue the transportation permits to 36 owners or owner's transportation agents with written authorization from owners first 37 haulers or shippers who transport wild blueberries directly from the field from which the 38 wild blueberries were harvested. Each transportation permit issued must bear a different 39 number and expire automatically expires at the end of September in the calendar year in

which it was issued. This subsection does not apply to wild blueberries that have been
 received by a certified shipper or processor and have been weighed, logged into a
 permanent record-keeping system and reloaded onto a vehicle for shipping under a bill of
 lading.

5 1-A. Records of permits; confidentiality. When a shipper-or processor an owner 6 issues a transportation permit, the shipper or processor owner shall immediately send a copy to the Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine within 3 business days of the date of 7 8 issuance. The commission shall keep a permanent record of all transportation permits 9 issued. The commission shall establish the form and content of transportation permits 10 and establish the record-keeping requirements of for the commission, shippers and 11 processors. Notwithstanding any provision of Title 1, chapter 13, subchapter 1 to the 12 contrary, records pertaining to transportation permits required to be kept by the Wild 13 Blueberry Commission of Maine under this section are confidential to the extent 14 necessary to preserve the identity of parties to individual business transactions. The confidential status does not apply when records kept by the Wild Blueberry Commission 15 of Maine are needed as evidence in a proceeding to enforce a provision the provisions of 16 17 section 4314-or this section chapter or in a prosecution for a violation of any other 18 criminal law.

Permits subject to forgery laws. Every permit specified under this section is
 deemed to be a written instrument subject to the laws of forgery.

21 **3. Violation.** The following penalties apply to violations of this section.

A. A person who transports wild blueberries in violation of this section commits a
 Class E crime. Violation of this paragraph is a strict-liability crime as defined in Title
 17 A, section 34, subsection 4 A.:

- 25 (1) A Class E crime if the value of the wild blueberries being transported was
 26 \$100 or less;
- 27 (2) A Class D crime if the value of the wild blueberries being transported was
 28 more than \$100 but not more than \$500;
- 29 (3) A Class C crime if the value of the wild blueberries being transported was
 30 more than \$500 but not more than \$5,000; and

31 (4) A Class B crime if the value of the wild blueberries being transported was
 32 more than \$5,000.

33 <u>Violation of this paragraph is a strict liability crime as defined in Title 17-A, section</u>
 34 <u>34, subsection 4-A.</u>

B. A person who violates any other provision of this section commits a civil
violation for which a fine of not more than \$500 \$1,000 may be adjudged.

4. Exceptions. A person is not guilty of transporting wild blueberries without a
 transportation permit if:

A. The person is transporting wild blueberries that were not harvested in this State;
 or

1 B. That person purchased the wild blueberries at a store, farm stand, produce 2 market or other retail outlet.; or

C. That person is an owner transporting less than 100 pounds of wild blueberries
 harvested from the owner's own land to the owner's residence for personal use.

5 Sec. 8. 36 MRSA §4316, as amended by PL 1997, c. 511, §24, is further amended 6 to read:

7 §4316. Receivers of wild blueberries

8 **1. Record keeping required.** A person who receives wild blueberries shall keep a 9 permanent record of each lot or load of wild blueberries received. The record must 10 include the name of the driver of the vehicle used to deliver the wild blueberries, the date 11 of delivery, the delivery point, the number of the transportation permit <u>a copy of the</u> 12 <u>transportation permit</u>, the driver's license number and the total pounds of wild blueberries 13 delivered.

2. Inspection of permit required. It is unlawful for a person to receive or accept delivery of wild blueberries in lots of greater than 5 pounds without first inspecting the transportation permit of the driver of the vehicle used to deliver the wild blueberries and recording the transportation permit number creating a permanent record in accordance with subsection 1.

3. Violation; civil. The failure to keep the permanent records of wild blueberries received as required in this section, failure to inspect the transportation permit of a driver of a vehicle used to deliver wild blueberries or any other violation of this section is a civil violation punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000-\$5,000 for a first-time violation and punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000 when the person is found to have committed a prior civil violation of this section within the prior 5 years.

3-A. Violation; criminal. A person who violates this section when the person is
 found to have committed 2 prior civil violations of this section commits a Class C crime.
 Title 17-A, section 9-A governs the use of prior convictions when determining a
 sentence.

30 <u>3-B. Strict liability crime.</u> Violation of this section is a strict liability crime as
 defined in Title 17-A, section 34, subsection 4-A.

31 4. Audits. The Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine may request the Department 32 of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources to conduct audits of the records of receivers for 33 the purpose of ascertaining compliance with this section. The commissioner, or a duly 34 authorized agent, has free access, during normal business hours, to all records required to 35 be kept by receivers pursuant to this section and also to receivers' accounts payable, 36 accounts receivable, records of inventories, actual inventories, records of shipments and 37 such other business records as are needed to ascertain compliance with this section. Any 38 documents inspected or taken by the department in furtherance of the audit functions or 39 any other information collected by the department pursuant to the audit must be kept 40 confidential notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in Title 1, chapter 41 13, subchapter 11. This confidential status does not apply to any documents, records or information that is needed as evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding to enforce any
 law under this chapter or any other criminal law.

SUMMARY

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4 This bill increases the penalties for violation of the laws regarding transportation and

5 receipt of wild blueberries. The bill also clarifies the law regarding issuance of permits

6 for transportation of wild blueberries.

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