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| S.P. 668 | April 12, 2007 |

S.P. 668

An Act Regarding Campaign Finance Reporting and the Maine **Clean Election Act**

Reported by Senator MARRACHÉ of Kennebec for the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 1, section 1009.

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on April 11, 2007. Referred to the Committee on Legal and Veterans Affairs pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

PART A

3 Sec. A-1. 21-A MRSA §1, sub-§13-A, is enacted to read:

13-A. Domestic partner. "Domestic partner" means one of 2 unmarried adults who are domiciled together under long-term arrangements that evidence a commitment to 6 remain responsible indefinitely for each other's welfare.

7 Sec. A-2. 21-A MRSA §1001, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is 8 amended to read:

9 3. Person. "Person" means an individual, committee, firm, partnership, corporation, 10 association, group or organization.

11 Sec. A-3. 21-A MRSA §1002, as repealed and replaced by PL 2001, c. 667, Pt. A, 12 §43, is amended to read:

13 §1002. Meetings of commission

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14 The commission shall meet in Augusta for the purposes of this chapter at least once 15 per month in any year in which primary and general elections are held and every 2 weeks in the 60 days preceding an election. In the 28 days preceding an election, the 16 17 commission shall meet in Augusta within one calendar day of the filing of any complaint 18 or question with the commission. Agenda items in the 28 days preceding an election 19 must be decided within 24 hours of the filing unless all parties involved agree otherwise. 20 Meetings may be held over the telephone if necessary, as long as the commission office remains open for attendance by complainants, witnesses and other members of the public. 21 22 Notwithstanding Title 1, chapter 13, telephone meetings of the commission are permitted only during the 28 days prior to an election when the commission is required to meet 23 24 within 24 hours of the filing of any complaint or question with the commission. The commission office must be open with adequate staff resources available to respond to 25 inquiries and receive complaints from <u>8 8:00</u> a.m. until at least 5:30 p.m. on the Saturday, 26 27 Sunday and Monday immediately preceding an election and from 8 a.m. until at-least 8 28 p.m. on election day. The commission shall meet at other times on the call of the Speaker 29 of the House, the President of the Senate, the chair or a majority of the members of the 30 commission, as long as all members are notified of the time, place and purpose of the 31 meeting at least 24 hours in advance.

32 Sec. A-4. 21-A MRSA §1004-A, last ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 628, Pt. A, §1, 33 is amended to read:

34 When the commission has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the 35 commission shall provide written notice to the candidate, party committee, political action committee, committee treasurer or other respondent and shall afford them an 36 37 opportunity to appear before the commission before assessing any penalty. In determining any penalty under subsections 3, 4 and 5, the commission shall consider, 38 among other things, the level of intent to mislead, the penalty necessary to deter similar 39

1 misconduct in the future and the harm suffered by the public from the incorrect 2 disclosure.

3 Sec. A-5. 21-A MRSA §1012, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 301, §7,
 4 is further amended to read:

5 B. Does not include:

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(1) The value of services provided without compensation by individuals who volunteer a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee;

9 (2) The use of real or personal property and the cost of invitations, food and 10 beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual to a candidate in rendering 11 voluntary personal services for candidate-related activities, if the cumulative 12 value of these activities by the individual on behalf of any candidate does not 13 exceed \$100 with respect to any election;

14 (3) The sale of any food or beverage by a vendor for use in a candidate's 15 campaign at a charge less than the normal comparable charge, if the charge to the 16 candidate is at least equal to the cost of the food or beverages to the vendor and if 17 the cumulative value of the food or beverages does not exceed \$100 with respect 18 to any election;

(4) Any unreimbursed travel expenses incurred and paid for by an individual
who volunteers personal services to a candidate, if the cumulative amount of
these expenses does not exceed \$100 with respect to any election;

(4-A) Any unreimbursed <u>campaign-related</u> travel expenses incurred and paid for
by the candidate or the candidate's spouse <u>or domestic partner;</u>

(5) The payment by a party's state, district, county or municipal committee of the
 costs of preparation, display or mailing or other distribution of a party candidate
 listing;

(6) Documents, in printed or electronic form, including party platforms, single
copies of issue papers, information pertaining to the requirements of this Title,
lists of registered voters and voter identification information, created, obtained or
maintained by a political party for the general purpose of party building and
provided to a candidate who is a member of that party;

(7) Compensation paid by a political state party committee to an employee of that party its employees for the following purposes:

(a) Providing advice no more than a total of 20 hours of assistance from its
 employees to any one a candidate for a period of no more than 20 hours in
 any election;

37 (b) Recruiting and overseeing volunteers for campaign activities involving 3
38 or more candidates; or

- (c) Coordinating campaign events involving 3 or more candidates;
- 40 (8) Campaign training sessions provided to 3 or more candidates;

- 1 (8-A) Costs paid for by a party committee in connection with a campaign event 2 at which 3 or more candidates are present;
- 3 (8-B) Wood or other materials used for political signs that are found or 4 contributed if not originally obtained by the candidate or contributor for 5 campaign purposes;
- 6 (8-C) The use or distribution of any communication, as described in section 7 1014, obtained by the candidate for a previous election and fully paid for during 8 that election;
- 9 (9) The use of offices, telephones, computers and similar equipment when that 10 use does not result in additional cost to the provider; or

(10) Activity or communication designed to encourage individuals to register to
 vote or to vote if that activity or communication does not mention a clearly
 identified candidate.

Sec. A-6. 21-A MRSA §1012, sub-§3, ¶B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 301, §8,
 is further amended to read:

- 16 B. Does not include:
- (1) Any news story, commentary or editorial distributed through the facilities of
 any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine or other periodical publication,
 unless the facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political
 committee or, candidate or candidate's immediate family;

(1-A) Any communication distributed through a public access television station
 if the communication complies with the laws and rules governing the station and
 all candidates in the race have an equal opportunity to promote their candidacies
 through the station;

- 25 (2) Activity or communication designed to encourage individuals to register to
 26 vote or to vote if that activity or communication does not mention a clearly
 27 identified candidate;
- (3) Any communication by any membership organization or corporation to its
 members or stockholders, if that membership organization or corporation is not
 organized primarily for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of
 any person to state or county office;
- (4) The use of real or personal property and the cost of invitations, food and
 beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual to a candidate in rendering
 voluntary personal services for candidate-related activities, if the cumulative
 value of these activities does not exceed \$100 with respect to any election;
- 36 (5) Any unreimbursed travel expenses incurred and paid for by an individual
 37 who volunteers personal services to a candidate, if the cumulative amount of
 38 these expenses does not exceed \$100 with respect to any election;
- 39 (5-A) Any unreimbursed <u>campaign-related</u> travel expenses incurred and paid for
 40 by the candidate or the candidate's spouse <u>or domestic partner;</u>

| 1 2 3 | (6) Any communication by any person that is not made for the purpose of influencing the nomination for election, or election, of any person to state or county office; |
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| 4 5 6 | (7) The payment by a party's state, district, county or municipal committee of the costs of preparation, display or mailing or other distribution of a party candidate listing; |
| 7 8 9 | (8) The use or distribution of any communication, as described in section 1014, obtained by the candidate for a previous election and fully paid for during that election campaign; |
| 10 11 12 13 14 | (9) Documents, in printed or electronic form, including party platforms, single copies of issue papers, information pertaining to the requirements of this Title, lists of registered voters and voter identification information, created or maintained by a political party for the general purpose of party building and provided to a candidate who is a member of that party; |
| 15 16 | (10) Compensation paid by a political state party committee to an employee of that party its employees for the following purposes: |
| 17 18 19 | (a) Providing advice no more than a total of 20 hours of assistance from its employees to any one a candidate for a period of no more than 20 hours in any election; |
| 20 21 | (b) Recruiting and overseeing volunteers for campaign activities involving 3 or more candidates; or |
| 22 | (c) Coordinating campaign events involving 3 or more candidates; |
| 23 24 | (10-A) Costs paid for by a party committee in connection with a campaign event at which 3 or more candidates are present; |
| 25 | (11) Campaign training sessions provided to 3 or more candidates; |
| 26 27 28 | (11-A) Wood or other materials used for political signs that are found or contributed if not originally obtained by the candidate or contributor for campaign purposes; or |
| 29 30 | (12) The use of offices, telephones, computers and similar equipment when that use does not result in additional cost to the provider. |
| 31 32 | Sec. A-7. 21-A MRSA §1012, sub-§5, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 301, §9, is amended to read: |
| 33 34 35 | C. The treatment of all candidates in the communication is substantially similar, except for any requirement under federal law applicable to communications regarding federal candidates. |
| 36 37 | Sec. A-8. 21-A MRSA §1012, sub-§5, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 301, §9, is amended to read: |
| 38 | D. The content of the communication is limited to: |
| 39 | (1) The identification of each candidate, with which pictures may be used; |

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1 (2) The offices sought;

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- (3) The offices currently held by the candidates;
- 3 (4) The party affiliation of the candidates and a brief statement, including
 4 <u>campaign slogans</u>, about the party party's or the candidates' positions, philosophy,
 5 goals, accomplishments or biographies;
- 6 (5) Encouragement to vote for the candidates identified; and
 - (6) Information about voting, such as voting hours and locations-; and
 - (7) Campaign or party logos.
- 9 If the communication contains language outside the categories of this paragraph, it 10 does not qualify as a party candidate listing.

Sec. A-9. 21-A MRSA §1013-A, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 1999, c. 729,
 §1, is further amended to read:

13 C. No later than 10 days after becoming a candidate, as defined in section 1, 14 subsection 5, a candidate for the office of State House of Representatives or Senate 15 shall file in writing a statement declaring that the candidate agrees to accept voluntary 16 limits on political expenditures or that the candidate does not agree to accept 17 voluntary limits on political expenditures, as specified in section 1015, subsections 7 to 9, or that the. A candidate who has filed a declaration of intent to become certified 18 19 as a candidate under the Maine Clean Election Act is not required to file the written 20 statement required by this paragraph.

21 The statement filed by a candidate who voluntarily agrees to limit spending must 22 state that the candidate knows the voluntary expenditure limitations as set out in 23 section 1015, subsection 8 and that the candidate is voluntarily agreeing to limit the 24 candidate's political expenditures and those made on behalf of the candidate by the 25 candidate's political committee or committees, the candidate's party and the 26 candidate's immediate family to the amount set by law. The statement must further 27 state that the candidate does not condone and will not solicit any independent 28 expenditures made on behalf of the candidate.

The statement filed by a candidate who does not agree to voluntarily limit political expenditures must state that the candidate does not accept the voluntary expenditure limits as set out in section 1015, subsection 8.

The statement filed by a candidate who has filed a declaration of intent under the
 Maine Clean Election Act must state that the candidate will be bound by the
 expenditure limitations imposed by that Act.

35 Sec. A-10. 21-A MRSA §1013-B, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 839, §7 and affected
 36 by §34, is amended to read:

§1013-B. Removal of treasurer; filling vacancy of treasurer; substantiation of records of treasurer; notification to commission

A candidate may remove any treasurer that the candidate has appointed. In case of a vacancy in the position of treasurer of a candidate or treasurer of a political committee

1 before the obligations of the treasurer have been performed, the candidate shall serve as treasurer from the date of the vacancy until the candidate appoints a successor and reports 2 3 the name and address of the successor to the commission. The candidate shall file a written statement of resignation of a treasurer of a candidate or a treasurer of a political 4 5 committee and until that statement has been filed, the resignation is not effective. An 6 individual who vacates the position of treasurer by reason of removal or resignation shall 7 certify in writing the accuracy of the treasurer's records to the succeeding treasurer. A 8 succeeding treasurer may not be held responsible for the accuracy of the predecessor's 9 records.

10 Sec. A-11. 21-A MRSA §1014, as amended by PL 2005, c. 542, §1, is further 11 amended to read:

12 §1014. Publication or distribution of political communications

13 1. Authorized by candidate. Whenever a person makes an expenditure to finance a 14 communication expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified 15 candidate through broadcasting stations, newspapers, magazines, campaign signs or other 16 outdoor advertising facilities, publicly accessible sites on the Internet, direct mails or 17 other similar types of general public political advertising or through flyers, handbills, 18 bumper stickers and other nonperiodical publications, the communication, if authorized 19 by a candidate, a candidate's authorized political committee or their agents, must clearly 20 and conspicuously state that the communication has been so authorized and must clearly 21 state the name and address of the person who made or financed the expenditure for the 22 communication. The following forms of political communication do not require the 23 name and address of the person who made or authorized the expenditure for the 24 communication because the name or address would be so small as to be illegible or 25 infeasible: ashtrays, badges and badge holders, balloons, campaign buttons, clothing, 26 coasters, combs, emery boards, envelopes, erasers, glasses, key rings, letter openers, 27 matchbooks, nail files, noisemakers, paper and plastic cups, pencils, pens, plastic 28 tableware, 12-inch or shorter rulers, swizzle sticks, tickets to fund-raisers and similar 29 items determined by the commission to be too small and unnecessary for the disclosures 30 required by this section. A communication financed by a candidate or the candidate's 31 committee that is made through a radio station is not required to state the address of the 32 candidate or committee that financed the communication.

33 2. Not authorized by candidate. If the communication described in subsection 1 is 34 not authorized by a candidate, a candidate's authorized political committee or their agents, 35 the communication must clearly and conspicuously state that the communication is not 36 authorized by any candidate and state the name and address of the person who made or 37 financed the expenditure for the communication. If the communication is in written 38 form, the communication must contain at the bottom of the communication in print that is 39 no smaller in size than 10-point bold print, Times New Roman font, the words "NOT 40 PAID FOR OR AUTHORIZED BY ANY CANDIDATE."

41 2-A. Other communications. If Whenever a person makes an expenditure to
 42 finance a communication that names or depicts a clearly identified candidate and that is
 43 disseminated during the 21 days before an a primary election or 60 days before a general

election through the media described in subsection 1, the communication must state the name and address of the person who made or financed the communication and a statement that the communication was or was not authorized by the candidate. <u>The</u> <u>disclosure is not required if the communication was not made for the purpose of</u> <u>influencing the candidate's nomination for election or election.</u>

6 3. Broadcasting prohibited without disclosure. No person operating a
broadcasting station or agent of that person within this State may broadcast any
communication, as described in subsections 1 and 2 to 2-A, without an oral or written
visual announcement of the name of the person who made or financed the expenditure for
the communication disclosure required by this section.

11 3-A. In-kind contributions of printed materials. A candidate, political committee 12 or political action committee shall report on the campaign finance report as a contribution 13 to the candidate, political committee or political action committee any contributions of in-14 kind printed materials to be used in the support of a candidate or in the support or defeat of a cause to be voted upon at referendum. Any in-kind contributions of printed materials 15 16 used or distributed by a candidate, political committee or political action committee must 17 include the name or title of that candidate, political committee or political action 18 committee as the authorizing agent for the printing and distribution of the in-kind 19 contribution.

The use or distribution of in-kind printed materials contributed to a candidate, political committee or political action committee must be reported as an expenditure on the campaign finance report of that candidate, political committee or political action committee.

3-B. Newspapers. A newspaper may not publish a communication described in subsection subsections 1 or 2 to 2-A without including the disclosure required by this section. For purposes of this subsection, "newspaper" includes any printed material intended for general circulation or to be read by the general public, including a version of the newspaper displayed on a website owned or operated by the newspaper. When necessary, a newspaper may seek the advice of the commission regarding whether or not the communication requires the disclosure.

31 4. Enforcement. An expenditure, communication or broadcast made within 10 20 32 days before the election to which it relates that results in a violation of this section may result in a civil fine of no more than \$200. The person who financed the communication 33 34 or who committed the violation shall correct the violation within 10 days after receiving 35 notification of the violation from the commission. An expenditure, communication or 36 broadcast made more than 10 20 days before the election that results in a violation of this 37 section may result in a civil fine of no more than \$100 if the violation is not corrected 38 within 10 days after the candidate person who financed the communication or other 39 person who committed the violation receives notification of the violation from the 40 commission. If the commission determines that a person violated this section with the 41 intent to misrepresent the name or address of the person who made or financed the 42 communication or whether the communication was or was not authorized by the 43 candidate, the commission may impose a fine of no more than \$5,000 against the person responsible for the communication. Enforcement and collection procedures must be in
 accordance with section 1020-A.

3 5. Telephone calls. Automated Prerecorded automated telephone calls and scripted live telephone communications that name a clearly identified candidate during the 21 4 days before a primary election or the 60 days before a general election must clearly state 5 the name of the person who made or financed the expenditure for the communication, 6 except for prerecorded automated telephone calls paid for by the candidate that use the 7 candidate's voice in the telephone call and that are made in support of that candidate. 8 9 Telephone calls made for the purposes of researching the views of voters are not required 10 to include the disclosure.

Sec. A-12. 21-A MRSA §1015, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 729, §2, is
 further amended to read:

13 **1. Individuals.** An individual may not make contributions to a candidate in support 14 of the candidacy of one person aggregating more than \$500 in any election for a 15 gubernatorial candidate or more than \$250 in any election for any other candidate. This 16 limitation does not apply to contributions in support of a candidate by that candidate or 17 that candidate's spouse or domestic partner.

Sec. A-13. 21-A MRSA §1015, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 729, §2, is
 further amended to read:

Committees; corporations; associations. A political committee, political action
 committee, other committee, firm, partnership, corporation or organization
 may not make contributions to a candidate in support of the candidacy of one person
 aggregating more than \$500 in any election for a gubernatorial candidate or more than
 \$250 in any election for any other candidate.

Sec. A-14. 21-A MRSA §1015, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is
 amended to read:

3. Aggregate contributions. No individual may make contributions to candidates
 aggregating more than \$25,000 in any calendar year. This limitation does not apply to
 contributions in support of a candidate by that candidate or his that candidate's spouse or
 domestic partner.

31 Sec. A-15. 21-A MRSA §1015, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is
 32 amended to read:

4. Political committees; intermediaries. For the purpose of the limitations imposed
 by this section, contributions made to any political committee authorized by a candidate
 to accept contributions on the candidate's behalf are considered to be contributions made
 to that candidate.

For the purposes of the limitations imposed by this section, all contributions made by a person, either directly or indirectly, on behalf of a particular candidate, including contributions which that are in any way earmarked or otherwise directed through an intermediary or conduit to the candidate, are considered to be contributions from that
 person to the candidate. The intermediary or conduit shall report the original source and
 the intended recipient of the contribution to the commission and to the intended recipient.

4 Sec. A-16. 21-A MRSA §1015, sub-§8, as amended by PL 1999, c. 729, §3, is 5 further amended to read:

8. Political expenditure limitation amounts. Total expenditures in any election for
legislative office by a candidate who voluntarily agrees to limit campaign expenditures as
provided in subsection 7 are as follows:

9 A. For State Senator, \$25,000; and

10 B. For State Representative, \$5,000; and.

C. For State Senator or State Representative as a candidate certified under the
 Maine Clean Election Act, to the extent authorized by that Act.

Expenditure limits are per election and may not be carried forward from one election to
 another. For calculation and reporting purposes, the reporting periods established in
 section 1017 apply.

16 Sec. A-17. 21-A MRSA §1015-A, sub-§2 is enacted to read:

17 2. Sole proprietorships. A sole proprietorship and its owner are treated as a single
 18 entity.

19 Sec. A-18. 21-A MRSA §1017, as amended by PL 2005, c. 542, §2, is further
 20 amended to read:

21 §1017. Reports by candidates

1. Federal candidates. The treasurer of the campaign committee of each candidate for federal office shall file with the commission a copy of the complete report required of them under federal law on the same date that those reports are required to be filed under federal law.

26 2. Gubernatorial candidates. A treasurer of a candidate for the office of Governor
 shall file reports with the commission as follows. Once the first required report has been
 filed, each subsequent report must cover the period from the completion end date of the
 prior report filed.

30 A. In any calendar year, other than a gubernatorial election year, in which the 31 candidate or the candidate's political committee has received contributions in excess 32 of \$1,000 or made or authorized expenditures in excess of \$1,000, reports must be filed no later than 5 5:00 p.m. on July 15th of that year and January 15th of the 33 following calendar year. These reports must include all contributions made to and all 34 expenditures made or authorized by or on behalf of the candidate or the candidate's 35 treasurer as of the end of the preceding month, except those covered by a previous 36 37 report.

B. Reports must be filed no later than 5500 p.m. on the 42nd day before the date on 1 2 which an election is held and must be complete as of the 49th day before that date. If a report was not filed under paragraph A, the report required under this paragraph 3 4 must cover all contributions and expenditures through the completion date 49th day 5 before the election.

C. Reports must be filed no later than 55:00 p.m. on the 6th 11th day before the date on which an election is held and must be complete as of the 12th 14th day before that date.

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9 D. Contributions aggregating \$1,000 or more from any one contributor or single expenditures of \$1,000 or more, made after the 12th 14th day before the election, and 10 more than 24 hours before 5 5:00 p.m. on the day of the election, must be reported within 24 hours of those contributions or expenditures. 12

13 E. Reports must be filed no later than $\frac{5}{500}$ p.m. on the 42nd day after the date on which an election is held and must be complete for the filing period as of the 35th day 14 15 after that date.

16 F. Unless further reports will be filed in relation to a later election in the same calendar year, the disposition of any surplus or deficit in excess of \$50 \$100 shown in 17 18 the reports described in paragraph E must be reported as provided in this paragraph. The treasurer of a candidate or political committee with a surplus or deficit in excess 19 20 of \$50 \$100 shall file reports semiannually with the commission within 15 days 21 following the end of the 2nd and 4th quarters of the State's fiscal year, complete as of the last day of the quarter, until the surplus is disposed of or the deficit is liquidated. 22 23 The first report under this paragraph is not required until the 15th day of the period 24 beginning at least 90 days from the date of the election. The reports may either will 25 be considered timely if filed electronically or in person with the commission on that date or postmarked on that date. The reports must set forth any contributions for the 26 27 purpose of liquidating the deficit, in the same manner as contributions are set forth in 28 other reports required in this section.

29 G. Unless otherwise specified in this subsection, reports must be complete back to 30 the completion end date of the previous report filing period. The reports described in 31 paragraph E, if filed with respect to a primary election, are considered previous 32 reports in relation to reports concerning a general election.

33 H. Reports with respect to a candidate who seeks nomination by petition for the 34 office of Governor must be filed on the same dates that reports must be filed with 35 respect to a candidate who seeks that nomination by primary election.

36 3-A. Other candidates. A treasurer of a candidate for state or county office other 37 than the office of Governor shall file reports with the commission and municipal 38 candidates shall file reports with the municipal clerk as follows. Once the first required 39 report has been filed, each subsequent report must cover the period from the completion 40 end date of the prior report filed.

41 A. In any calendar year in which an election for the candidate's particular office is 42 not scheduled, when any candidate or candidate's political committee has received contributions in excess of \$500 or made or authorized expenditures in excess of \$500, 43

reports must be filed no later than \$ 5:00 p.m. on July 15th of that year and January
 15th of the following calendar year. These reports must include all contributions
 made to and all expenditures made or authorized by or on behalf of the candidate or
 the treasurer of the candidate as of the end of the preceding month, except those
 covered by a previous report.

B. Reports must be filed no later than 5 5:00 p.m. on the 6th 11th day before the date
on which an election is held and must be complete as of the 12th 14th day before that
date. If a report was not filed under paragraph A, the report required under this
paragraph must cover all contributions and expenditures through the completion date
14th day before the election.

C. Contributions aggregating \$1,000 \$500 or more from any one contributor or
single expenditures of \$1,000 \$500 or more, made after the 12th 14th day before any
election and more than 24 hours before \$5:00 p.m. on the day of any election must
be reported within 24 hours of those contributions or expenditures.

15 D. Reports must be filed no later than 55:00 p.m. on the 42nd day after the date on 16 which an election is held and must be complete for the filing period as of the 35th day 17 after that date.

18 E. Unless further reports will be filed in relation to a later election in the same 19 calendar year, the disposition of any surplus or deficit in excess of \$50 \$100 shown in 20 the reports described in paragraph D must be reported as provided by this paragraph. 21 The treasurer of a candidate with a surplus or deficit in excess of \$50 \$100 shall file 22 reports semiannually with the commission within 15 days following the end of the 2nd and 4th quarters of the State's fiscal year, complete as of the last day of the 23 24 quarter, until the surplus is disposed of or the deficit is liquidated. The first report 25 under this paragraph is not required until the 15th day of the period beginning at least 26 90 days from the date of the election. The reports may either will be considered 27 timely if filed electronically or in person with the commission on that date or 28 postmarked on that date. The reports must set forth any contributions for the purpose 29 of liquidating the deficit, in the same manner as contributions are set forth in other 30 reports required in this section.

F. Reports with respect to a candidate who seeks nomination by petition must be
filed on the same dates that reports must be filed by a candidate for the same office
who seeks that nomination by primary election.

34 3-B. Accelerated reporting schedule. Additional reports are required from
 anonparticipating Maine Clean Election Act candidates, as defined in section 1122,
 subsection 5, pursuant to this subsection.

37 A. In addition to other reports required by law, any candidate for Governor, State 38 Senate or State House of Representatives who is not certified as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate under chapter 14 and who receives, spends or obligates more 39 40 than 1% in excess of the primary or general election distribution amounts for a Maine 41 Clean Election Act candidate in the same race shall file by any means acceptable to the commission, within 48 hours of that event, a report with the commission detailing 42 the candidate's total campaign contributions, including any campaign balance from a 43 44 previous election, obligations and expenditures to date.

| | 1 | B. A nonparticipating candidate with a Maine Clean Election Act opponent who is |
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| | 2 | required to file a report under paragraph A shall file the following additional reports |
| | 3 | detailing the candidate's total campaign contributions, obligations and expenditures to |
| | 4 | date, unless that candidate signs an affidavit by the date the report is due, attesting |
| | 5 | that the candidate has not received, spent or obligated an amount sufficient to require |
| | 6 | a report under paragraph A no later than 5:00 p.m.: |
| | 7 | (1) A report filed not later than 5 p.m. on the 42nd day before the date on which |
| | 8 | an election is held and that is complete as of the 44th day before that date; |
| | 9 | (2) <u>A For gubernatorial candidates only, a</u> report filed no later than 5 p.m. on |
| | 10 | the 21st 25th day before the date on which an election is held and that is complete |
| | 11 | as of the 23rd 27th day before that date; and |
| • | 12 | (3) A report filed no later than 5 p.m. on the 12th 18th day before the date on |
| | 13 | which an election is held and that is complete as of the 14th 20th day before that |
| | 14 | date <u>-; and</u> |
| | 15 | (4) A report on the 6th day before the date on which an election is held that is |
| | 16 | complete as of the 8th day before that date. |
| | 17 | The reports must contain the candidate's total campaign contributions, including any |
| | 18 | campaign balance from a previous election, obligations and expenditures as of the |
| | 19 | end date of the reporting period. |
| | 20 | The nonparticipating candidate shall file only those reports that are due after the date |
| | 21 | on which the candidate filed the report required under paragraph A. |
| | 22 | C. A candidate who is required to file a report under paragraph A must file with the |
| | 23 | commission an updated report that reports single expenditures in the following |
| | 24 | amounts that are made after the 14th day before an election and more than 24 hours |
| | 25 | before 5:00 p.m. on the date of that election: |
| | 26 | -(1) For a candidate for Governor, a single expenditure of \$1,000; |
| | 27 | (2) For a candidate for the state Senate, a single expenditure of \$750; and |
| | 28 | (3) For a candidate for the state House of Representatives, a single expenditure |
| | 29 | of \$500. |
| | 30 | A report filed pursuant to this paragraph must be filed within 24 hours of the |
| | 31 | expenditure. |
| | 32 | The commission shall provide forms to facilitate compliance with this subsection. The |
| | 33 | commission shall notify a candidate within 48 hours if an amount reported on any report |
| × | 34 | under paragraph B exceeds 1% in excess of the primary or general election distribution |
| | 35 | amounts for a Maine Clean Election Act candidate in the same race and no report has |
| | 36 | been received under paragraph A. |
| | 37 | 4. New candidate or nominee. A candidate for nomination or a nominee chosen to |
| | 38 | fill a vacancy under chapter 5, subchapter HI 3 is subject to section 1013-A, subsection 1, |
| | 39 | except that the candidate shall register the name of a treasurer or political committee and |
| | 40 | all other information required in section 1013-A, subsection 1, paragraphs A and B within |
| | 41 | 7 days after the candidate's appointment or at least 6 days before the election, whichever |
| | | |

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1 is earlier. The person required to file a report under section 1013-A, subsection 1 shall 2 file a campaign report under this section 15 days after the candidate's appointment or 6 days before the election, whichever is earlier. The report must include all contributions 3 4 received and expenditures made through the completion date. The report-must be 5 complete as of 4 days before the report is due. Subsequent reports must be filed on the 6 schedule-set forth in this section. The commission shall send notification of this 7 registration requirement and registration and report forms and schedules to the candidate 8 and the candidate's treasurer immediately upon notice of the candidate's and treasurer's 9 appointments.

10 5. Content. A report required under this section must contain the itemized accounts of contributions received during that report filing period, including the date a contribution 11 12 was received, and the name, address, occupation, principal place of business, if any, and 13 the amount of the contribution of each person who has made a contribution or 14 contributions aggregating in excess of \$50. The report must contain the itemized 15 expenditures made or authorized during the report filing period, the date and purpose of each expenditure and the name of each payee and creditor. Total contributions with 16 respect to an election of less than \$500 and total expenditures of less than \$500 need not 17 18 be itemized. The report must contain a statement of any loan to a candidate by a financial 19 institution in connection with that candidate's candidacy that is made during the period 20 covered by the report, whether or not the loan is defined as a contribution under section 1012, subsection 2, paragraph A. Until December 31, 1992, the candidate is responsible 21 22 for the timely and accurate filing of each required report. Beginning January 1, 1993, the The candidate and the treasurer are jointly and severally responsible for the timely and 23 24 accurate filing of each required report.

25 5-A. Valuation of contributions sold at auction. Any contribution received by a
 26 candidate that is later sold at auction shall must be reported in the following manner.

A. If the contribution is sold at auction before the commencement of the appropriate
reporting period specified in subsections 4 2 to 4, or during that period, the value of
the contribution is deemed to be the amount of the purchase price paid at auction.

30 B. If the contribution is sold after the termination of the appropriate reporting period specified in subsections $1 \ge 10^{-4}$ to 4, the value of the contribution is the difference 31 between the value of the contribution as originally reported by the treasurer and the 32 amount of the purchase price paid at auction. Unless further reports are filed in 33 34 relation to a later election in the same calendar year, the disposition of any net surplus or deficit in excess of \$50 resulting from the difference between the auction price and 35 the original contribution value must be reported in the same manner as provided in 36 37 subsection 2, paragraph F or subsection 3-A, paragraph E, as appropriate.

6. Forms. Reports required by this section not filed electronically must be on forms prescribed, prepared and sent by the commission to the treasurer of each registered candidate at least 7 days before the filing date for the report. Establishment of or amendments to the campaign report filing forms required by this section must be by rule. Persons filing reports may use additional pages if necessary, but the pages must be the same size as the pages of the form. Although the commission mails the forms for required reports to candidates who are exempt from filing electronically, failure to receive forms by mail does not excuse treasurers, committees and other persons who must
 file reports from otherwise obtaining the forms or from late filing penalties.

3 Rules of the commission establishing campaign report filing forms for candidates are 4 routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

5 **7-A. Reporting exemption.** A candidate is exempt from reporting as provided by this subsection.

A. A candidate may, at the time the candidate registers under section 1013-A, notify the commission that the candidate and the candidate's agents, if any, will not personally accept contributions, make expenditures or incur obligations associated with that candidate's candidacy. The notification must be sworn and notarized. A candidate who provides this notice to the commission is not required to appoint a treasurer and is not subject to the filing requirements of this subchapter if the statement is true.

14 B. The notice provided to the commission under paragraph A may be revoked. Prior 15 to revocation, the candidate must appoint a treasurer. The candidate may not accept contributions, make expenditures or incur obligations before the appointment of a 16 17 treasurer and the filing of a revocation notice are accomplished. A revocation notice 18 must be in the form of an amended registration, which must be filed with the 19 commission no later than 10 days after the appointment of a treasurer. The candidate 20 and the candidate's treasurer, as of the date the revocation notice is filed with the 21 commission, may accept contributions, make expenditures and incur obligations 22 associated with the candidate's candidacy. Any candidate who fails to file a timely 23 revocation notice is subject to the penalties prescribed in section 1020-A, subsection 24 4, up to a maximum of \$5,000. Lateness is calculated from the day a contribution is 25 received, an expenditure is made or an obligation is incurred, whichever is earliest.

8. Disposition of surplus. A treasurer of a candidate registered under section 1013 A or qualified under sections 335 and 336 or sections 354 and 355 may must dispose of a
 surplus exceeding \$50 \$100 within 4 years of the election for which the contributions
 were received by:

A. Returning contributions to the candidate's or candidate's authorized political
 committee's contributors, as long as no contributor receives more than the amount
 contributed;

B. A gift to a qualified political party within the State, including any county or
 municipal subdivision of such a party;

C. An unrestricted gift to the State. A candidate for municipal office may dispose of
 a surplus by making a restricted or unrestricted gift to the municipality;

D. Carrying forward the surplus balance to a political committee established to
 promote the same candidate for a subsequent election;

39 D-1. Carrying forward the surplus balance for use by the candidate for a subsequent
 40 election;

41 E. Transferring the surplus balance to one or more other candidates registered under 42 section 1013-A or qualified under sections 335 and 336 or sections 354 and 355, or to

- 1 political committees established to promote the election of those candidates, provided 2 that the amount transferred does not exceed the contribution limits established by 3 section 1015;
- 4 F. Repaying any loans or retiring any other debts incurred to defray campaign 5 expenses of the candidate;
- 6 G. Paying for any expense incurred in the proper performance of the office to which 7 the candidate is elected, as long as each expenditure is itemized on expenditure 8 reports; and
- 9 H. A gift to a charitable or educational organization that is not prohibited, for tax 10 reasons, from receiving such a gift.

11 The choice must be made by the candidate for whose benefit the contributions were made and distribution of the entire surplus by one or more of the methods prescribed in this subsection must be completed within 4-years of the election for which the contributions were received.

15 9. Campaign termination report forms. The commission shall provide each 16 candidate required to report campaign contributions and expenditures with a campaign 17 termination report form. A candidate shall file the campaign termination report with the 18 commission as required in this subsection. The campaign termination report must be 19 complete as of June 30th of the year following the campaign of the previous year. This 20 form must show any deficits or surpluses to be carried over to the next campaign. Funds not carried forward to the next campaign must be disposed of as provided in section 1017, 21 22 subsection 8. Campaign reporting is as follows.

- A. Candidates with surplus campaign funds following an election shall file
 termination reports no later than July 15th of the year following the campaign of the
 previous year.
- B. Candidates with a campaign deficit following an election shall file termination
 reports no later than July 15th of the year following the campaign of the previous
 year.
- C. Candidates with a deficit who will not participate in the next election for the same
 office shall file semiannual reports until the deficit is liquidated.
- 31 D. Candidates who collect funds subsequent to an election for purposes other than 32 retiring campaign debt shall register with the commission pursuant to section 1013-A.

33 10. Electronic filing. Beginning January 1, 2006, the The treasurer of a candidate or 34 committee that has receipts or expects to have receipts of more than \$1,500 shall file each report required by this section through an electronic filing system developed by the 35 36 commission. The commission may make an exception to this electronic filing requirement if a candidate or committee submits a written request that states that the 37 candidate or committee lacks access to the technology or the technological ability to file 38 39 reports electronically. The request for an exception must be submitted by April 15th of 40 the election year, except that a candidate registered according to subsection 4 has 10 41 business days from the date of registration to submit a request to the commission. The 42 commission shall grant all reasonable requests for exceptions.

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Sec. A-19. 21-A MRSA §1017-A, as amended by PL 2005, c. 301, §§18 to 20, is
 further amended to read:

3 §1017-A. Reports of contributions and expenditures by party committees

1. Contributions. A party committee shall report all contributions in cash or in kind from an individual <u>a single</u> contributor that in the aggregate in a campaign total more than \$200. The party committee shall report the name, mailing address, occupation and place of business of each contributor. Contributions of \$200 or less must be reported, and these contributions may be reported as a lump sum.

2. Expenditures on behalf of candidates, others. A party committee shall report
 all expenditures in cash or in kind of the committee made on behalf of a candidate,
 political committee, political action committee or party committee registered under this
 chapter. The party committee shall report:

A. The name and address of each candidate and the identity and address of a
 eampaign or, political committee, political action committee or party committee;

B. The office sought by a candidate and the district that the candidate seeks torepresent; and

17 C. The date and, amount and purpose of each expenditure.

3. Other expenditures. Operational expenses and other expenditures in cash or in
 kind of the party committee that are not made on behalf of a candidate, committee or
 campaign must be reported as a separate item separately. The party committee shall
 report:

- 22 A. The name and address of each <u>payee or</u> recipient;
- B. The reason purpose for the expenditure; and
- 24 C. The date and amount of each expenditure.

4-A. Filing schedule. A state party committee shall file its reports according to the
 following schedule.

- A. Quarterly reports must be filed by 5:00 p.m.:
- 28 (1) On January 15th and must be complete up to January 5th;
- 29 (2) On April 10th and must be complete up to March 31st;
- 30 (3) On July 15th and must be complete up to July 5th; and
- 31 (4) On October 10th and must be complete up to September 30th.
- 32 B. General and primary election reports must be filed by 5:00 p.m.:
- 33 (1) On the 6th 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must
 34 be complete up to the 12th 14th day before that date; and
- (2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be
 complete up to the 35th day after that date.

1 C. Reports of spending to influence special elections, referenda, initiatives, bond 2 issues or constitutional amendments must be filed by 5:00 p.m.: 3 (1) On the 6th 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must 4 be complete up to the 12th 14th day before that date; and 5 (2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be 6 complete up to the 35th day after that date. 7 D. A state party committee that files an election report under paragraph B or C is not 8 required to file a quarterly report under paragraph A when the deadline for that 9 quarterly report falls within 10 days of the filing deadline established in paragraph B 10 or C. 11 . E. A state party committee shall report any expenditure of \$500 or more- made after 12 the 12th 14th day before the election and more than 24 hours before 5:00 p.m. on the 13 day of the election, within 24 hours of that expenditure. 14 4-B. Filing schedule for municipal, district and county party committees. 15 Municipal, district and county party committees shall file reports according to the following schedule. 16 de. 17 A. Reports filed during an election year must be filed with the commission by 5:00 18 p.m. on: 19 (1) July 15th and be complete as of June 30th; 20 (2) October 27th The 11th day before the date on which the election is held and 21 must be complete as of October 22nd up to the 14th day before that date; and 22 (3) January 15th and be complete as of December 31st. 23 B. Reports filed during a nonelection year must be filed by 5:00 p.m. on: 24 (1) July 15th and be complete as of June 30th; and 25 (2) January 15th and be complete as of December 31st. 26 C. Any contribution or expenditure of \$1,000 \$500 or more made after the 12th 14th day before any election and more than 24 hours before that 5:00 p.m. on the day of 27 the election must be reported within 24 hours of that contribution or expenditure. 28 29 4-C. Electronic filing. Beginning January 1, 2006, state State party committees 30 shall file each report required by this section through an electronic filing system 31 developed by the commission. The commission may make an exception to this electronic 32 filing requirement if a party committee submits a written request that states that the party 33 committee lacks access to the technology or the technological ability to file reports 34 electronically. The request for an exception must be submitted by March 1st of the 35 election year. The commission shall grant all reasonable requests for exceptions. 36 5. Penalties. A party committee is subject to the penalties in section 1020-A, 37 subsection 4-A. 38 6. Notice; forms. A state party committee shall notify all county, district and 39 municipal party committees of the same political party of the party committee reporting 1 requirements. The party committees shall obtain the necessary forms from the 2 commission to complete the filing requirements.

3 7. Exemption. Any party committee receiving and expending less than \$1,500 in
4 one calendar year is exempt from the reporting requirements of this section for that year.

5 8. Municipal elections. When a party committee makes contributions or 6 expenditures on behalf of a candidate for municipal office subject to this subchapter, it 7 shall file a copy of the reports required by this section with the clerk in that candidate's 8 municipality.

9 Sec. A-20. 21-A MRSA §1017-B is enacted to read:

10 §1017-B. Records

Any party committee that makes expenditures that aggregate in excess of \$50 to any one or more candidates, committees or campaigns in this State shall keep records as provided in this section. Records required to be kept under this section must be retained by the party committee until 10 days after the next election following the election to which the records pertain.

16 <u>1. Details of records.</u> The treasurer of a party committee shall record a detailed
 account of:

18 A. All expenditures made to or on behalf of a candidate, campaign or committee;

19 B. The identity and address of each candidate, campaign or committee;

20 <u>C. The office sought by a candidate and the district the candidate seeks to represent</u>, 21 for candidates that a party committee has made an expenditure to or on behalf of; and

22 D. The date of each expenditure.

23 2. Receipts. The treasurer of a party committee shall retain a vendor invoice or
 24 receipt stating the particular goods or services purchased for every expenditure in excess
 25 of \$50.

3. Record of contributions. The treasurer of a party committee shall keep a record of all contributions to the committee, by name and mailing address, of each donor and the amount and date of the contribution. This subsection does not apply to aggregate contributions from a single donor of \$50 or less in an election. When any donor's contributions to a party committee exceed \$50, the record must include the aggregate amount of all contributions from that donor.

32 Sec. A-21. 21-A MRSA §1018, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is 33 repealed.

34 Sec. A-22. 21-A MRSA §1019-B, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 448,
 §3, is amended to read:

B. Is presumed in races involving a candidate who is certified as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate under section 1125, subsection 5 to be any expenditure made to design, produce or disseminate a communication that names or depicts a clearly
 identified candidate and is disseminated during the 21 days, including election day,
 before a primary election; the 21 60 days, including election day, before a general
 election; or during a special election until and on election day.

5 Sec. A-23. 21-A MRSA §1019-B, sub-§3, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 448,
§3, is amended to read:

7 B. A report required by this subsection must contain an itemized account of each 8 contribution or expenditure aggregating in excess of \$100 in any one candidate's 9 election, the date and purpose of each contribution or expenditure, a description of all 10 communications related to the expenditure and the name of each payee or creditor. The report must state whether the contribution or expenditure is in support of or in 11 12 opposition to the candidate and must include, under penalty of perjury, as provided in 13 Title 17-A, section 451, a statement under oath or affirmation whether the 14 contribution or expenditure is made in cooperation, consultation or concert with, or at 15 the request or suggestion of, the candidate or an authorized committee or agent of the 16 candidate.

Sec. A-24. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 483, §15, is
 amended to read:

Registration. A candidate that fails to register the name of a candidate, treasurer
 or political committee with the commission within the time allowed by section 1013-A,
 subsection 1 may be assessed a forfeiture fine of \$10 \$100. The commission shall
 determine whether a registration satisfies the requirements for timely filing under section
 1013-A, subsection 1.

Sec. A-25. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2003, c. 628, Pt.
 A, §3, is further amended to read:

26 2. Campaign finance reports. A campaign finance report is not timely filed unless 27 a properly signed or electronically submitted copy of the report, substantially conforming 28 to the disclosure requirements of this subchapter, is received by the commission before 5 by 5:00 p.m. on the date it is due. Except as provided in subsection 7, the commission 29 shall determine whether a report satisfies the requirements for timely filing. 30 The commission may waive a penalty if the commission determines that the penalty is 31 disproportionate to the size of the candidate's campaign, the level of experience of the 32 33 candidate, treasurer or campaign staff or the harm suffered by the public from the late disclosure. The commission may waive the penalty in whole or in part if the commission 34 35 determines the failure to file a timely report was due to mitigating circumstances. For purposes of this section, "mitigating circumstances" means: 36

A. A valid emergency determined by the commission, in the interest of the sound
 administration of justice, to warrant the waiver of the penalty in whole or in part;

- 39 B. An error by the commission staff;
- 40 C. Failure to receive notice of the filing deadline; or

D. Other circumstances determined by the commission that warrant mitigation of the 2 penalty, based upon relevant evidence presented that a bona fide effort was made to file the report in accordance with the statutory requirements, including, but not 3 4 limited to, unexplained delays in postal service.

5 Sec. A-26. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§4-A, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 714, Pt. PP, $\S1$ and affected by $\S2$, is amended to read: 6

7 4-A. Basis for penalties. The penalty for late filing of a report required under this subchapter, except for accelerated campaign finance reports required pursuant to section 8 9 1017, subsection 3-B, is a percentage of the total contributions or expenditures for the filing period, whichever is greater, multiplied by the number of calendar days late, as 10 11 follows:

12 A. For the first violation, 1%;

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13 B. For the 2nd violation, 3%; and

14 C. For the 3rd and subsequent violations, 5%.

15 Any penalty of less than \$5 \$10 is waived.

16 Violations accumulate on reports with filing deadlines in a 2-year period that begins on January 1st of each even-numbered year. Waiver of a penalty does not nullify the finding 17 of a violation. 18

1446.0

19 A report required to be filed under this subchapter that is sent by certified or registered 20 United States mail and postmarked at least 2 days before the deadline is not subject to 21 penalty.

22 A registration or report may be provisionally filed by transmission of a facsimile copy of the duly executed report to the commission, as long as the facsimile copy is filed by the 23 24 applicable deadline and an original of the same report is received by the commission 25 within 5 calendar days thereafter.

26 The penalty for late filing of an accelerated campaign finance report as required in section 27 1017, subsection 3-B may be up to but no more than 3 times the amount by which the 28 contributions received or expenditures obligated or made by the candidate exceed the 29 applicable Maine Clean Election Fund disbursement amount, per day of violation. The 30 commission shall make a finding of fact establishing when the report was due prior to imposing a penalty under this subsection. A penalty for failure to file an accelerated 31 32 campaign finance report must be made payable to the Maine Clean Election Fund. In 33 assessing a penalty for failure to file an accelerated campaign finance report, the 34 commission shall consider the existence of mitigating circumstances. For the purposes of 35 this subsection, "mitigating circumstances" has the same meaning as in subsection 2.

36 Sec. A-27. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§6, as corrected by RR 1995, c. 2, §38, is 37 amended to read:

38 6. Request for a commission determination. Within 3 days following the filing 39 deadline, a notice must be forwarded sent to a candidate and treasurer whose registration 40 or campaign finance report is not received by 5500 p.m. on the deadline date, informing 41 them of the basis for calculating penalties under subsection 4 and providing them with an

1 opportunity to request a commission determination. The notice must be sent by certified 2 United States mail. Any request for a determination must be made within 10 calendar 3 days of receipt of the commission's notice. The 10-day period during which a 4 determination may be requested begins on the day a recipient signs for the certified mail 5 notice of the proposed penalty. If the certified letter is refused or left unclaimed at the post office, the 10-day period begins on the day the post office indicates it has given first 6 7 notice of a certified letter. A candidate or treasurer requesting a determination may either appear in person or designate a representative to appear on the candidate's or treasurer's 8 9 behalf or submit a notarized written explanation of the mitigating circumstances for 10 consideration by the commission.

Sec. A-28. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§7, as corrected by RR 2003, c. 1, §14, is
 amended to read:

7. Final notice of penalty. After a If a determination has been requested by the
 candidate and made by the commission meeting, notice of the commission's final
 determination and the penalty, if any, imposed pursuant to this subchapter must be sent to
 the candidate and the treasurer.

17 If no determination is requested, the commission staff shall calculate the penalty as 18 prescribed in subsection 4-A and shall mail final notice of the penalty to the candidate 19 and treasurer. A detailed summary of all notices must be provided to the commission.

Sec. A-29. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§8, as repealed and replaced by PL 2003,
c. 628, Pt. A, §5, is amended to read:

8. Failure to file report. The commission shall notify a candidate who has failed to 22 file a report required by this subchapter, in writing, informing the candidate of the 23 requirement to file a report. The notice must be sent by certified mail. If a candidate fails 24 to file a report after 3 written communications from 2 notices have been sent by the 25 commission, the commission shall send up to 2 more written communications a final 26 notice by certified mail informing the candidate of the requirement to file and that the 27 matter may be referred to the Attorney General for criminal prosecution. A candidate 28 who fails to file a report as required by this subchapter after the commission has sent the 29 communications notices required by this subsection is guilty of a Class E crime. 30

31 Sec. A-30. 21-A MRSA §1051, first ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 483, §16, is
 32 further amended to read:

This subchapter applies to the activities of political action committees organized in and outside this State that accept contributions, incur obligations or make expenditures in an aggregate amount in excess of $\frac{30}{1500}$ in any one calendar year for the election of state, county or municipal officers, or for the support or defeat of any campaign, as defined in this subchapter.

38 Sec. A-31. 21-A MRSA §1052, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is
39 amended to read:

1 **2. Committee.** "Committee" means any political action committee, as defined in 2 this subchapter, and includes any agent of a political <u>action</u> committee.

3 Sec. A-32. 21-A MRSA §1052, sub-§4, ¶B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 301,
 §22, is further amended to read:

5 B. Does not include:

6 (1) Any news story, commentary or editorial distributed through the facilities of
7 any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine or other periodical publication,
8 unless these facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political
9 committee or, candidate or candidate's immediate family;

10 (2) Activity designed to encourage individuals to register to vote or to vote, if 11 that activity or communication does not mention a clearly identified candidate;

12 (3) Any communication by any membership organization or corporation to its 13 members or stockholders, if that membership organization or corporation is not 14 organized primarily for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of 15 any person to state or county office;

16 (4) The use of real or personal property and the cost of invitations, food and 17 beverages, voluntarily provided by a political action committee in rendering 18 voluntary personal services for candidate-related activities, if the cumulative 19 value of these activities by the political action committee on behalf of any 20 candidate does not exceed \$100 with respect to any election;

(5) Any unreimbursed travel expenses incurred and paid for by a political action
 committee that volunteers personal services to a candidate, if the cumulative
 amount of these expenses does not exceed \$100 with respect to any election; and

24 (6) Any communication by any political action committee member that is not
25 made for the purpose of influencing the nomination for election, or election, of
26 any person to state or county office.

27 Sec. A-33. 21-A MRSA §1053, as amended by PL 2005, c. 575, §6, is further 28 amended to read:

29 §1053. Registration

30 Every political action committee that accepts contributions, incurs obligations or 31 makes expenditures in the aggregate in excess of \$1,500 in any single calendar year to 32 initiate, support, defeat or influence in any way a campaign, referendum, initiated 33 petition, including the collection of signatures for a direct initiative, candidate, political 34 committee or another political action committee must register with the commission, 35 within 7 days of accepting those contributions, incurring those obligations or making 36 those expenditures, on forms prescribed by the commission. These forms must include 37 the following information and any additional information reasonably required by the 38 commission to monitor the activities of political action committees in this State under this 39 subchapter:

1 **1. Identification of committee.** The names and mailing addresses of the committee, 2 its treasurer, its principal officers and, the identity names of any candidates, and 3 Legislators or other who have a significant role in fund-raising or decision-making for the 4 committee and all individuals who are the primary fund-raisers and decision makers for 5 the committee;

2. Status. A statement whether the political action committee is a continuing one;

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7 3. Depository of funds. The names and addresses of the depositories in which funds
 8 of the committee are kept and the account numbers of each depository account;

9 4. Form of organization. The form or structure of organization, including
 10 cooperatives, corporations, voluntary associations, partnerships or any other structure by
 11 which the committee functions. The date of origin or incorporation must also be
 12 specified; and

5. Assets. The total assets of the committee available to influence elections in this
 State at the time of registration to be itemized and to include deposits in financial
 institutions, real property, personal property, investments, cash and any other form of
 wealth available to the committee;

6. Statement of support or opposition. A statement indicating the positions of the committee, support or opposition, with respect to a candidate, political committee, referendum, initiated petition or campaign, if known at the time of registration. If a committee has no position on a candidate, campaign or issue at the time of registration, the committee must inform the commission as soon as the committee knows this information; and.

7. Contributions to committee. The names and mailing addresses of contributors who donate in excess of \$50 each year to the committee with amount or value of each contribution at the time of registration. Any person who makes contributions on an installment basis, the total of which exceeds \$50 in the calendar year, is considered a contributor to be identified under this subsection.

Every change in information required by this section must be included in an amended registration form submitted to the commission within 10 days of the date of the change. The committee must file an updated registration form every 2 years between January 1st and March 1st of an election year. The commission may waive the updated registration requirement for newly registered political action committees or other registered political action committees if it determines that the requirement would cause an administrative burden disproportionate to the public benefit of updated information.

35 At the time of registration, the political action committee shall file an initial 36 campaign finance report disclosing all information required by section 1060.

37 Sec. A-34. 21-A MRSA §1054, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to
 38 read:

1 §1054. Appointment of treasurer

Any political action committee required to register under section 1053 must appoint a treasurer before making any expenditure, as defined in this chapter registering with the commission. The treasurer shall retain, for a minimum of 4 years, all receipts, including cancelled checks, of expenditures made in support of or in opposition to a campaign, political committee, political action committee, referendum or initiated petition in this State.

8 Sec. A-35. 21-A MRSA §1055, as amended by PL 2005, c. 308, §2, is further 9 amended to read:

10 §1055. Publication or distribution of political communications

11 When a A political action committee that makes an expenditure to finance a 12 communication expressly advocating the election or defeat of a candidate through broadcasting stations, newspapers, magazines, outdoor advertising facilities, direct mails 13 14 and other similar types of general public political advertising and through flyers, 15 handbills, bumper stickers and other nonperiodical publications, the communication must 16 clearly and conspicuously state the name and address of the political action committee 17 that authorized, made or financed the expenditure for the communication and that the 18 communication has been authorized by the political action committee or that names or 19 depicts a clearly identified candidate is subject to the requirements of section 1014.

20 <u>A person operating a broadcasting station within this State may not broadcast any</u> 21 <u>such communication without an oral or visual announcement of the name and address of</u> 22 <u>the political action committee that made or financed the expenditure for the</u> 23 <u>communication.</u>

A newspaper may not publish a communication described in this section without including the disclosure required by this section. For purposes of this paragraph, "newspaper" includes any printed material intended for general circulation or to be read by the general public. When necessary, a newspaper may seek the advice of the commission regarding whether or not the communication requires the disclosure.

An expenditure, communication or broadcast that results in a violation of this section
 may result in a civil penalty of no more than \$200. Enforcement and collection
 procedures must be in accordance with section 1062-A.

32 Sec. A-36. 21-A MRSA §1057, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is 33 amended to read:

Receipts. The treasurer of a political action committee must retain all receipts of
 expenditures made for a candidate, committee or campaign in this State a vendor invoice
 or receipt stating the particular goods or services purchased for every expenditure in
 excess of \$50. Receipts may be in the form of cancelled checks.

38 Sec. A-37. 21-A MRSA §1057, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1989, c. 504, §§27
 39 and 31, is further amended to read:

3. Record of contributions. The treasurer of a political action committee must keep a record of all contributions to the committee, by name and mailing address, of each donor and the amount and date of the contribution. This provision does not apply to aggregate contributions which do not exceed from a single donor of \$50 each or less for a general election, primary an election and or referendum campaign. When any donor's contributions to a political action committee exceed \$50, the record must include the aggregate amount of all contributions from that donor.

8 Sec. A-38. 21-A MRSA §1058, as amended by PL 2005, c. 575, §7, is further 9 amended to read:

10 §1058. Reports; qualifications for filing

11 A political action committee that is registered with the commission or that accepts 12 contributions or makes expenditures and incurs obligations in an aggregate amount in excess of \$50 \$1,500 on any one or more campaigns for the office of Governor, for state 13 14 or county office or for the support or defeat of a referendum or initiated petition shall file 15 a report on its activities in that campaign with the commission on forms as prescribed by the commission. A political action committee organized in this State required under this 16 section to file a report shall file the report for each filing period under section 1059. A 17 political action committee organized outside this State shall file with the Commission on 18 Governmental Ethics and Election Practices of this State a copy of the report that the 19 20 political action committee is required to file in the state in which the political action committee is organized. The political action committee shall file the copy only if it has 21 22 expended funds or received contributions or made expenditures in this State. The copy of the report must be filed in accordance with the schedule of filing in the state where it is 23 24 organized. If contributions or expenditures are made relating to a municipal office or 25 referendum, the report must be filed with the clerk in the subject municipality.

Sec. A-39. 21-A MRSA §1059, as amended by PL 2005, c. 301, §§25 and 26, is
 further amended to read:

28 §1059. Report; filing requirements

29 Committees required to register under section 1053 shall file reports in compliance 30 with this section. All reports must be filed no-later than 5 by 5:00 p.m. on the filing 31 deadline.

32 1. Contents; quarterly reports and election year reports. The reports required
 33 under subsection 2, paragraphs A, B and C, must contain the following:

34 A. Itemized expenditures required by the commission to closely monitor the
 35 activities of political action committees;

- 36 B.— Aggregate expenditures, listed by candidate or political committee, for the
 37 reporting period for which the report is filed;
- 38 **B-1.** Cumulative expenditures, listed by candidate or political committee,
- 39 aggregating the expenditures made during preceding reporting periods in the same
- 40 calendar year and during the reporting period for which the report is filed;

| 1 | C. The total cumulative balance from all preceding reporting periods; and |
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| 2 3 4 | D. In the report required to be filed under subsection 2, paragraph B, subparagraph 2, a summary of all expenditures made during the calendar year in which the election was held. |
| 5 6 | The commission may accept computer printout sheets that contain the information required by this chapter. |
| 7 8 | 2. Reporting schedule. Committees shall file reports according to the following schedule. |
| 9 | A. Quarterly reports shall must be filed: |
| 10 | (1) On January 15th and must be complete as of January 5th; |
| 11 | (2) On April 10th and must be complete as of March 31st; |
| 12 | (3) On July 15th and must be complete as of July 5th; and |
| 13 | (4) On October 10th and must be complete as of September 30th. |
| 14 | B. General and primary election reports shall must be filed: |
| 15 16 | (1) On the 6th 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must be complete as of the 12th 14th day before that date; and |
| 17 18 | (2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be complete as of the 35th day after that date. |
| 19 20 | C. Reports of spending to influence special elections, referenda, initiatives, bond issues or constitutional amendments shall <u>must</u> be filed: |
| 21 22 | (1) On the 6th 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must be complete as of the $\frac{12\text{th}}{14\text{th}}$ day before that date; and |
| 23 24 | (2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be complete as of the 35th day after that date. |
| 25 26 27 | D. A committee that files an election report under paragraph B or C is not required to file a quarterly report when the deadline for that quarterly report falls within 10 days of the filing deadline established in paragraph B or C. |
| 28 29 30 | E. A committee shall report any expenditure of \$500 or more, made after the $\frac{12\text{th}}{14\text{th}}$ day before the election and more than 24 hours before $\frac{500}{500}$ p.m. on the day of the election, within 24 hours of that expenditure. |
| 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 | 5. Electronic filing. Beginning January 1, 2006, committees Committees shall file each report required by this section through an electronic filing system developed by the commission. The commission may make an exception to this electronic filing requirement if a committee submits a written request that states that the committee lacks access to the technology or the technological ability to file reports electronically. The request for an exception must be submitted no later than March 1, 2006 or within 30 days of the registration of the committee, whichever is later. The commission shall grant all reasonable requests for exceptions. |

1 Sec. A-40. 21-A MRSA §1060, as amended by PL 2005, c. 575, §8, is further 2 amended to read:

3 §1060. Content of reports

4 The reports must contain the following information and any additional information 5 required by the commission to monitor the activities of political action committees:

Identification of candidates. The names of and mailing addresses of any
candidate offices sought by all candidates whom the committee supports, intends to
support or seeks to defeat. The report must indicate the office that the candidate is
seeking, the political party represented by the candidate, if any, the date of the contest and
whether the contest is an election or a primary;

Identification of committees; parties. The names and mailing addresses of any
 all political committee committees or political party committees supported in any way by
 the registrant committee;

3. Identification of referendum or initiated petition. The referendum referenda or
 initiated petition which petitions that the committee supports or opposes and the names
 and mailing addresses of the organizations to which expenditures were made;

17 4. Itemized expenditures. An itemization of each expenditure made to support or oppose on behalf of any candidate, campaign, political committee, political action 18 committee, political and party, committee or to support or oppose a referendum or 19 initiated petition, including the date, payee and purpose of the expenditure and the 20 address of the payee; the name of each candidate, campaign, political committee, political 21 22 action committee or party committee on whose behalf the expenditure was made; and 23 each referendum or initiated petition supported or opposed by the expenditure. If expenditures were made to a person described in section 1012, subsection 3, paragraph A, 24 subparagraph (4), the report must contain the name of the person; the amount spent by 25 that person on behalf of the candidate, campaign, political committee, political action 26 27 committee, political party committee, referendum or initiated petition, including, but not limited to, expenditures made during the signature gathering phase; the reason for the 28 29 expenditure; and the date of the expenditure. The commission may specify the categories 30 of expenditures that are to be reported to enable the commission to closely monitor the activities of political action committees; 31

32 5. Aggregate expenditures. An aggregation of expenditures and cumulative
 33 aggregation of expenditures to a candidate, campaign, political committee, political
 34 action committee, party committee, referendum or initiated petition;

6. Identification of contributions. Names, occupations, places of business and mailing addresses of contributors who have given more than \$50 to the political action committee after the committee has registered under section 1053, in the reporting period and the amount contributed by each donor and the date of the each contribution. The information already reported as required by section 1053, subsection 7 should not be duplicated; and 1 7. Other expenditures. Operational expenses and other expenditures in cash or in 2 kind that are not made on behalf of a candidate, committee or campaign.

Sec. A-41. 21-A MRSA §1061, as amended by PL 1993, c. 695, §36, is further
 amended to read:

5 §1061. Dissolution of committees

6 Whenever any political action committee disbands or determines that it will no longer 7 solicit or accept any contributions, incur any obligations will no longer be incurred and no, make any expenditures will be made to or on behalf of any candidate, political 8 committee or political, party, or committee or political action committee to initiate, 9 support, defeat or influence in any way the outcome of a referendum, initiated petition, or 10 election or primary, and the committee has no outstanding loans, debts or other 11 obligations, the committee shall file a termination report that includes all financial 12 activity from the end date of the previous reporting period through the date of termination 13 14 with the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices commission. If a termination report is not filed, the committee shall continue to file periodic reports as 15 required in this chapter. 16

Sec. A-42. 21-A MRSA §1062-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2003, c. 628, Pt.
A, §7, is further amended to read:

19 2. Campaign finance reports. A campaign finance report is not timely filed unless a properly signed or electronically submitted copy of the report, substantially conforming 20 21 to the disclosure requirements of this subchapter, is received by the commission before 5 22 by 5:00 p.m. on the date it is due. Except as provided in subsection 6, the commission 23 shall determine whether a required report satisfies the requirements for timely filing. The 24 commission may waive a penalty if it is disproportionate to the level of experience of the person filing the report or to the harm suffered by the public from the late disclosure. The 25 commission may waive the penalty in whole or in part if the commission determines the 26 27 failure to file a timely report was due to mitigating circumstances. For purposes of this 28 section, "mitigating circumstances" means:

A. A valid emergency of the committee treasurer determined by the commission, in
 the interest of the sound administration of justice, to warrant the waiver of the penalty
 in whole or in part;

32 B. An error by the commission staff; or

C. Other circumstances determined by the commission that warrant mitigation of the penalty, based upon relevant evidence presented that a bona fide effort was made to file the report in accordance with the statutory requirements, including, but not limited to, unexplained delays in postal service or interruptions in Internet service.

37 Sec. A-43. 21-A MRSA §1062-A, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 483, §21, is
 38 amended to read:

3. Basis for penalties. The penalty for late filing of a report required under this
 subchapter is a percentage of the total contributions or expenditures for the filing period,
 whichever is greater, multiplied by the number of calendar days late, as follows:

A. For the first violation, 1%;

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5 B. For the 2nd violation, 3%; and

6 C. For the 3rd and subsequent violations, 5%.

7 Any penalty of less than $\frac{5}{10}$ is waived.

8 Violations accumulate on reports with filing deadlines in a 2-year period that begins on
9 January 1st of each even-numbered calendar year. Waiver of a penalty does not nullify
10 the finding of a violation.

11 A report required to be filed under this subchapter that is sent by certified or registered 12 United States mail and postmarked at least 2 days before the deadline is not subject to 13 penalty.

A required report may be provisionally filed by transmission of a facsimile copy of the duly executed report to the commission, as long as an original of the same report is received by the commission within 5 calendar days thereafter.

Sec. A-44. 21-A MRSA §1062-A, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 483, §21, is
 amended to read:

19 5. Request for a commission determination. Within 3 days following the filing 20 deadline, a notice must be forwarded to the principal officer and treasurer of the political action committee whose report is not received by 5 5:00 p.m. on the deadline date, 21 22 informing them of the basis for calculating penalties under subsection 3 and providing them with an opportunity to request a commission determination. The notice must be 23 sent by certified United States mail. A request for determination must be made within 10 24 25 calendar days of receipt of the commission's notice. The 10-day period during which a determination may be requested begins on the day a recipient signs for the certified mail 26 27 notice of the proposed penalty. If the certified letter is refused or left unclaimed at the 28 post office, the 10-day period begins on the day the post office indicates it has given first 29 notice of a certified letter. A principal officer or treasurer requesting a determination may either appear in person or designate a representative to appear on the principal officer's or 30 treasurer's behalf or submit a notarized written explanation of the mitigating 31 32 circumstances for consideration by the commission.

33 Sec. A-45. 21-A MRSA §1062-A, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 483, §21, is
 34 amended to read:

7. List of late-filing committees. The commission shall prepare a list of the names
 of political action committees that are late in filing a report required under section 1059,
 subsection 2, paragraph B, subparagraph (1), or section 1059, subsection 2, paragraph C
 or D or section 1059, subsection 3-A, paragraph B or C within 30 days of the date of the
 election and shall make that list available for public inspection.

PART B

2 Sec. B-1. 21-A MRSA §1122, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

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<u>4-A. Immediate family. "Immediate family" has the same meaning as in section 1,</u>
 <u>subsection 20 and includes a candidate's domestic partner and the immediate family of</u>
 the candidate's domestic partner.

6 Sec. B-2. 21-A MRSA §1122, sub-§7, as enacted by IB 1995, c. 1, §17, is 7 amended to read:

7. Qualifying contribution. "Qualifying contribution" means a donation:

9 A. Of \$5 in the form of a check or a money order payable to the fund, signed by the 10 <u>contributor and made</u> in support of a candidate;

B. Made by a registered voter within the electoral division for the office a candidate
is seeking and whose voter registration has been verified by the municipal registrar;

C. Made during the designated qualifying period and obtained with the knowledge
 and approval of the candidate; and

D. That is acknowledged by a written receipt that identifies the name and address of the donor the contributor acknowledges was made with the contributor's personal funds and in support of the candidate and was not given in exchange for anything of value and that the candidate acknowledges was obtained with the candidate's knowledge and approval and that nothing of value was given in exchange for the contribution, on forms provided by the commission.

Sec. B-3. 21-A MRSA §1122, sub-§9, as amended by PL 2005, c. 301, §28, is
 further amended to read:

23 9. Seed money contribution. "Seed money contribution" means a contribution of 24 no more than \$100 per individual made to a participating candidate by an individual who 25 is a Maine resident, including a contribution from the candidate or the candidate's family 26 spouse or domestic partner. To be eligible for certification, a candidate may collect and 27 spend only seed money contributions subsequent to becoming a candidate as defined by 28 section 1, subsection 5 and throughout the qualifying period .-- A participating candidate 29 who has accepted contributions or made expenditures that do not comply with the seed 30 money restrictions under this chapter may petition the commission to remain eligible for 31 certification as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate in accordance with rules of the 32 commission, if the failure to comply was unintentional and does not constitute a 33 significant infraction of these restrictions. Prior to certification, a candidate may obligate 34 an amount greater than the seed money collected if the value of the goods and services 35 received from a vendor does not exceed the amount paid to the vendor. A candidate may 36 not collect or spend seed money contributions after certification as a Maine Clean 37 Election Act candidate. A seed money contribution must be reported according to 38 procedures developed by the commission.

39 Sec. B-4. 21-A MRSA §1124, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2003, c. 673, Pt.
 40 EE, §1, is further amended to read:

B. Two million dollars of the revenues from the taxes imposed under Title 36, Parts 3 and 8 and credited to the General Fund, transferred to the fund by the State Controller on or before January 1st of each year, beginning January 1, 1999 2008 and 2009, then on or before September 1st of each year thereafter. These revenues must be offset in an equitable manner by an equivalent reduction within the administrative divisions of the legislative branch and executive branch agencies. This section may not affect the funds distributed to the Local Government Fund under Title 30-A, section 5681.

If the commission determines that the fund will not have sufficient revenues to cover the likely demand for funds from the Maine Clean Election Fund in an upcoming calendar year, by January 1st the commission shall provide a report of its projections of the balances in the Maine Clean Election Fund to the Legislature and the Governor and may request that the State Controller make the following transfers to the Maine Clean Election Fund from the General Fund:

- 15 (1) Up to \$2,000,000 no later than February 28, 2006, reflecting an advance of
 16 the transfer of the amounts that would be received on or before January 1, 2007
 17 pursuant to this paragraph;
- 18 (2) Up to \$2,000,000 no later than July 31, 2006, reflecting an advance of the
 19 transfer of the amounts that would be received on or before January 1, 2008
 20 pursuant to this paragraph; and
- 21 (3) Up to \$1,500,000 no later than September 1, 2004, reflecting a partial
 22 advance of the transfer of the amounts that would be received on or before
 23 January 1, 2005 pursuant to this paragraph;
- Sec. B-5. 21-A MRSA §1124, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2001, c. 559, Pt. OO,
 §1, is further amended to read:

26 3. Determination of fund amount. By September 1st preceding each election year, 27 If the commission shall publish an estimate of revenue in the fund available for 28 distribution to certified candidates during the upcoming year's elections and an estimate 29 of the likely demand for clean elections funding during that election determines that the 30 fund will not have sufficient revenues to cover the likely demand for funds from the 31 Maine Clean Election Fund in an upcoming election, by January 1st the commission shall 32 provide a report of its projections of the balances in the Maine Clean Election Fund to the 33 Legislature and the Governor. The commission may submit legislation to request 34 additional funding or an advance on revenues to be transferred pursuant to subsection 2, 35 paragraph B.

36 Sec. B-6. 21-A MRSA §1125, as amended by PL 2005, c. 542, §§3 to 5, is further
 37 amended to read:

38 §1125. Terms of participation

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Declaration of intent. A participating candidate must file a declaration of intent
 to seek certification as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate and to comply with the
 requirements of this chapter. The declaration of intent must be filed with the commission
 prior to or during the qualifying period, except as provided in subsection 11, according to

forms and procedures developed by the commission. A participating candidate must submit a declaration of intent within 5 business days of collecting qualifying contributions under this chapter, or the qualifying. Qualifying contributions collected before the declaration of intent has been filed will not be counted toward the eligibility requirement in subsection 3.

6 **2. Contribution limits for participating candidates.** Subsequent to becoming a 7 candidate as defined by section 1, subsection 5 and prior to certification, a participating 8 candidate may not accept contributions, except for seed money contributions. A 9 participating candidate must limit the candidate's <u>total</u> seed money contributions to the 10 following amounts:

- 11 A. Fifty thousand dollars for a gubernatorial candidate;
- 12 B. One thousand five hundred dollars for a candidate for the State Senate; or
- 13 C. Five hundred dollars for a candidate for the State House of Representatives.

14 The commission may, by rule, revise these amounts to ensure the effective 15 implementation of this chapter.

16 2-A. Seed money report. Seed money contributions and expenditures must be 17 reported according to procedures developed by the commission. A participating 18 candidate shall report the name, residential address and the occupation and employer of 19 every individual contributor regardless of the amount of the contribution.

2-B. Documentation of seed money contributions required for gubernatorial 20 candidates. For each seed money contribution regardless of amount, a candidate for 21 22 Governor shall obtain a contribution card on a form prescribed by the commission that is 23 signed by the contributor and that contains the contributor's residential address, mailing 24 address, employer, occupation and telephone number, an acknowledgment that the seed 25 money contribution was made with the contributor's personal funds and was not 26 reimbursed by any source and any other information determined necessary by the commission. Candidates for Governor also shall keep a photocopy of each seed money 27 28 contribution received by check or money order and all bank and merchant account 29 statements of contributions received by debit or credit card.

30 2-C. Seed money restrictions. To be eligible for certification, a participating candidate may collect and spend only seed money contributions subsequent to becoming 31 32 a candidate, as defined by section 1, subsection 5, and prior to certification. Unless 33 excluded from the definition of contribution in section 1012, subsection 2 paragraph B, 34 all goods and services received prior to certification must be paid for with seed money contributions. Prior to certification, a participating candidate may obligate an amount 35 36 greater than the seed money collected for goods and services but may only receive that 37 portion of goods and services that has been paid for or will be paid for with seed money. 38 A participating candidate may not solicit, accept or collect seed money contributions after 39 certification as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate. It is a violation of this chapter for 40 a participating candidate to use fund revenues received after certification to pay for goods and services received prior to certification. A participating candidate who has accepted 41 42 contributions or made expenditures that do not comply with the seed money restrictions

- 1 under this chapter may petition the commission to remain eligible for certification as a
- 2 Maine Clean Election Act candidate in accordance with rules of the commission, if the
- failure to comply was unintentional and does not constitute a significant infraction of
 these restrictions.
- 5 **3. Qualifying contributions.** Participating candidates must obtain qualifying 6 contributions during the qualifying period as follows:
- A. For a gubernatorial candidate, at least 2,500 verified registered voters of this State
 must support the candidacy by providing a qualifying contribution to that candidate;
- 9 B. For a candidate for the State Senate, at least 150 verified registered voters from 10 the candidate's electoral division must support the candidacy by providing a 11 qualifying contribution to that candidate; or
- C. For a candidate for the State House of Representatives, at least 50 verified
 registered voters from the candidate's electoral division must support the candidacy
 by providing a qualifying contribution to that candidate.
- A payment, gift or anything of value may not be given in exchange for a qualifying 15 contribution. A candidate may pay the fee for a money order that is a qualifying 16 17 contribution in the amount of \$5, which is a qualifying contribution, as long as the donor making the qualifying contribution pays the \$5 amount reflected on the money order. 18 19 Any money order fees paid by a participating candidate must be paid for with seed money 20 and reported in accordance with commission rules. A money order must be signed by the contributor to be a valid qualifying contribution. The commission may establish by 21 22 routine technical rule, adopted in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A, a 23 procedure for a qualifying contribution to be made by a credit or debit transaction and by electronic funds transfer over the Internet. 24
- It is a violation of this chapter for a participating candidate or an agent of the participtaing
 candidate to misrepresent the purpose of soliciting qualifying contributions and obtaining
 the contributor's signed acknowledgement.
- 28 4. Filing with commission. A participating candidate must submit qualifying contributions, receipt and acknowledgement forms, proof of verification of voter 29 registration and a seed money report to the commission during the qualifying period 30 according to procedures developed by the commission, except as provided under 31 subsection 11. Candidates for Governor shall also submit photocopies of all seed money 32 contributions received by check or money order, bank or merchant account statements of 33 contributions received by credit or debit card, contribution cards required by subsection 34 2-B and bank or other account statements for the campaign account. 35
- 5. Certification of Maine Clean Election Act candidates. Upon receipt of a final
 submittal of qualifying contributions by a participating candidate, the commission or its
 <u>executive director</u> shall determine whether or not the candidate has:
- 39 A. Signed and filed a declaration of intent to participate in this Act;
- 40 B. Submitted the appropriate number of valid qualifying contributions;
- 41 C. Qualified as a candidate by petition or other means;

| 1 2 | C-1. If the candidate is a gubernatorial candidate, raised at least \$15,000 in seed money contributions; |
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| 3 4 | D. Not accepted contributions, except for seed money contributions, and otherwise complied with seed money restrictions; |
| 5 6 | D-1. Not run for the same office as a nonparticipating candidate in a primary election in the same election year; and |
| 7 8 | D-2. Not been found to have made a material false statement in a report or other document submitted to the commission; |
| 9 10 11 | D-3. Not had prior requests for certification denied on the basis of substantial violations of this chapter or chapter 13 or certification revoked under subsection 5-A, paragraphs C to G; |
| 12 13 14 | D-4. Not failed to pay any civil penalty assessed by the commission under this Title, except that a candidate has 3 business days from the date of the request for certification to pay the outstanding penalty and remain eligible for certification; and |
| 15 | E. Otherwise met the requirements for participation in this Act. |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 | The commission <u>or its executive director</u> shall certify a candidate complying with the requirements of this section as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate as soon as possible and after final submittal of qualifying contributions and other supporting documents required under subsection 4 but no later than 3 business days after final submittal of qualifying contributions for legislative candidates and 5 business days for gubernatorial candidates. The commission and its executive director may take additional time if further investigation is necessary to verify compliance with this Act as long as the commission notifies the candidate regarding the anticipated schedule for conclusion of the investigation. |
| 25 26 27 28 | Upon certification, a candidate must transfer to the fund any unspent seed money contributions. A certified candidate must comply with all requirements of this Act after certification and throughout the primary and general election periods. Failure to do so is a violation of this chapter. |
| 29 30 31 | 5-A. Revocation of certification. The certification of a participating candidate may be revoked at any time if the commission determines that the candidate or an agent of the candidate: |
| 32 | A. Did not submit the required number of valid qualifying contributions; |
| 33 | B. Failed to qualify as a candidate by petition or other means; |
| 34 35 | C. Submitted any fraudulent qualifying contributions or qualifying contributions that were not made by the named contributor; |
| 36 37 | D. Misrepresented to a contributor the purpose of the qualifying contribution or obtaining the contributor's signature on the receipt and acknowledgement form; |
| 38 | E. Failed to fully comply with the seed money restrictions; |

F. Knowingly accepted any contributions, including any in-kind contributions, or used funds other than fund revenues distributed under this chapter to make campaign-related expenditures without the permission of the commission;

<u>G.</u> Knowingly made a false statement or material misrepresentation in any report or other document required to be filed under this chapter or chapter 13; or

H. Otherwise substantially violated the provisions of this chapter or chapter 13.

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The determination to revoke the certification of a candidate must be made by a vote of the members of the commission after an opportunity for a hearing. A candidate whose certification is revoked shall return all unspent funds to the commission within 3 days of the commission's decision and may be required to return all funds distributed to the candidate. In addition to the requirement to return funds, the candidate may be subject to a civil penalty under section 1127. The candidate may appeal the commission's decision to revoke certification in the same manner provided in subsection 14, paragraph C.

14 6. Restrictions on contributions and expenditures for certified candidates. After 15 certification, a candidate must limit the candidate's campaign expenditures and 16 obligations, including outstanding obligations, to the revenues distributed to the candidate 17 from the fund and may not accept any contributions unless specifically authorized by the 18 commission. Candidates may also accept and spend interest earned on fund revenues in 19 campaign bank accounts. All revenues distributed to a certified candidate from the fund 20 must be used for campaign-related purposes. The candidate, the treasurer, the candidate's 21 committee authorized pursuant to section 1013-A, subsection 1 or any agent of the 22 candidate and committee may not use these revenues for any but campaign-related 23 purposes. A candidate may not spend fund revenues on payments to the candidate, a 24 member of the candidate's immediate family or a business or nonprofit entity affiliated 25 with the candidate, except to make payment for goods or property provided to the 26 candidate's campaign. A candidate may not use fund revenues to pay or reimburse a 27 member of the candidate's immediate family for services provided to the campaign. The 28 commission shall publish guidelines outlining permissible campaign-related expenditures.

6-A. Assisting a person to become an opponent. A candidate or a person who later
 becomes a candidate and who is seeking certification under subsection 5, or an agent of
 that candidate, may not assist another person in qualifying as a candidate for the same
 office if such a candidacy would result in the distribution of revenues under subsections 7
 and 8 for certified candidates in a contested election.

Timing of fund distribution. The commission shall distribute to certified
 candidates revenues from the fund in amounts determined under subsection 8 in the
 following manner.

A. Within 3 days after certification, for candidates certified prior to March 15th of
 the election year, revenues from the fund must be distributed as if the candidates are
 in an uncontested primary election.

B. Within 3 days after certification, for all candidates certified between March 15th
and April 15th of the election year, revenues from the fund must be distributed
according to whether the candidate is in a contested or uncontested primary election.

B-1. For candidates in contested primary elections receiving a distribution under 2 paragraph A, additional revenues from the fund must be distributed within 3 days of March 15th of the election year.

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4 C. Within No later than 3 days after the primary election results are certified, for 5 general election certified candidates, revenues from the fund must be distributed 6 according to whether the candidate is in a contested or uncontested general election.

7 Funds may be distributed to certified candidates under this section by any mechanism that 8 is expeditious, ensures accountability and safeguards the integrity of the fund.

9 7-A. Deposit into account. The candidate or committee authorized pursuant to section 1013-A, subsection 1 shall deposit all revenues from the fund and all seed money 10 contributions in a campaign account with a bank or other financial institution. The 11 campaign funds must be segregated from, and may not be commingled with, any other 12 13 funds.

14 8. Amount of fund distribution. By July 1, 1999 of the effective date of this Act, and at least every 4 years after that date, the commission shall determine the amount of 15 16 funds to be distributed to participating candidates based on the type of election and office 17 as follows.

18 A. For contested legislative primary elections, the amount of revenues to be distributed is the average amount of campaign expenditures made by each candidate 19 during all contested primary election races for the immediately preceding 2 primary 20 21 elections, as reported in the initial filing period subsequent to the primary election, 22 for the respective offices of State Senate and State House of Representatives.

23 B. For uncontested legislative primary elections, the amount of revenues distributed is the average amount of campaign expenditures made by each candidate during all 24 25 uncontested primary election races for the immediately preceding 2 primary 26 elections, as reported in the initial filing period subsequent to the primary election, 27 for the respective offices of State Senate and State House of Representatives.

28 C. For contested legislative general elections, the amount of revenues distributed is 29 the average amount of campaign expenditures made by each candidate during all 30 contested general election races for the immediately preceding 2 general elections, as 31 reported in the initial filing period subsequent to the general election, for the 32 respective offices of State Senate and State House of Representatives.

33 D. For uncontested legislative general elections, the amount of revenues to be 34 distributed from the fund is 40% of the amount distributed to a participating candidate in a contested general election. 35

36 E. For gubernatorial primary elections, the amount of revenues distributed is 37 \$200,000 per candidate in the primary election.

38 F. For gubernatorial general elections, the amount of revenues distributed is 39 \$400,000 \$600,000 per candidate in the general election.

40 If the immediately preceding election cycles do not contain sufficient electoral data, the 41 commission shall use information from the most recent applicable elections.

1 9. Matching funds. When any campaign, finance or election report required under 2 this chapter or chapter 13 shows that the sum of a candidate's expenditures or obligations, 3 or funds raised or borrowed contributions and loans, or fund revenues received, 4 whichever is greater, alone or in conjunction with independent expenditures reported 5 under section 1019-B, exceeds the distribution-amount-under-subsection 8 sum of an 6 opposing certified candidate's fund revenues, in conjunction with independent 7 expenditures, the commission shall issue immediately to any the opposing Maine Clean 8 Election Act certified candidate an additional amount equivalent to the reported excess 9 difference. Matching funds for certified candidates for the Legislature are limited to 2 10 times the amount originally distributed under subsection 8, paragraph A_{τ} or C, E or F. whichever is applicable. Matching funds for certified candidates in a gubernatorial 11 12 election are limited to the amount originally distributed under subsection 8, paragraph E or F, whichever is applicable. 13

14 10. Candidate not enrolled in a party. An unenrolled candidate certified who 15 submits the required number of qualifying contributions and other required documents 16 under subsection 4 by 5:00 p.m. on April 15th preceding the primary election and who is certified is eligible for revenues from the fund in the same amounts and at the same time 17 as an uncontested primary election candidate and a general election candidate as specified 18 in subsections 7 and 8. For Otherwise, an unenrolled candidate not certified by April 19 20 15th at 5:00 p.m. the deadline for filing must submit the required number of qualifying contributions is and the other required documents under subsection 4 by 5:00 p.m. on 21 22 June 2nd preceding the general election. An unenrolled candidate certified after April 15th at 5:00 p.m. If certified, the candidate is eligible for revenues from the fund in the 23 same amounts as a general election candidate, as specified in subsections 7- and 24 25 subsection 8. Revenues for the general election must be distributed to the candidate no later than 3 days after certification. 26

11. Other procedures. The commission shall establish by rule procedures for qualification, certification, disbursement of fund revenues and return of unspent fund revenues for races involving special elections, recounts, vacancies, withdrawals or replacement candidates.

31 12. Reporting; unspent revenue. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, participating and certified candidates shall report any money collected, all campaign 32 expenditures, obligations and related activities to the commission according to procedures 33 developed by the commission. Upon the filing of a final report for any primary election 34 in which the candidate was defeated and for all general elections that candidate shall 35 36 return all unspent fund revenues to the commission. In developing these procedures, the commission shall utilize existing campaign reporting procedures whenever practicable. 37 The commission shall ensure timely public access to campaign finance data and may 38 utilize electronic means of reporting and storing information. 39

40 **12-A. Required records.** The treasurer shall obtain and keep:

A. Bank or other account statements for the campaign account covering the duration
of the campaign;

1 B. A vendor invoice stating the particular goods or services purchased for every 2 expenditure of \$50 or more; and

- C. A record proving that a vendor received payment for every expenditure of \$50 or more in the form of a cancelled check, <u>cash</u> receipt from the vendor or bank or credit card statement identifying the vendor as the payee.
- 6 The treasurer shall preserve the records for 2 years following the candidate's final 7 campaign finance report for the election cycle. The candidate and treasurer shall submit 8 photocopies of the records to the commission upon its request.

9 **12-B. Audit requirements for candidates for Governor.** The commission shall 10 audit the campaigns of candidates for Governor who receive funds under this chapter to 11 verify compliance with election and campaign laws and rules. Within one month of 12 declaring an intention to qualify for public financing, a candidate for Governor, the 13 campaign's treasurer and any other relevant campaign staff shall meet with the staff of the 14 commission to discuss audit standards, expenditure guidelines and record-keeping 15 requirements.

16 13. Distributions not to exceed amount in fund. The commission may not 17 distribute revenues to certified candidates in excess of the total amount of money deposited in the fund as set forth in section 1124. Notwithstanding any other provisions 18 19 of this chapter, if the commission determines that the revenues in the fund are insufficient to meet distributions under subsections 8 or 9, the commission may permit certified 20 candidates to accept and spend contributions, reduced by any seed money contributions, 21 22 aggregating no more than \$500 per donor per election for gubernatorial candidates and \$250 per donor per election for State Senate and State House candidates, up to the 23 24 applicable amounts set forth in subsections 8 and 9 according to rules adopted by the 25 commission.

14. Appeals. A candidate who has been denied certification as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate, the opponent of a candidate who has been granted certification as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate or other interested persons may challenge a certification decision by the commission or its executive director as follows.

A. A challenger may appeal to the full commission within 7 days of the
 certification decision. The appeal must be in writing and must set forth the reasons
 for the appeal.

33 Β. Within 5 days after an appeal is properly made and after notice is given to the challenger and any opponent, the commission shall hold a hearing, except that the 34 commission may extend this period upon agreement of the challenger and the 35 36 candidate whose certification is the subject of the appeal, or in response to the request of either party upon a showing of good cause. The appellant has the burden of 37 providing evidence to demonstrate proving that the commission certification decision 38 39 was improper in error as a matter of law or was based on factual error. The 40 commission must rule on the appeal within 3 5 business days after the completion of 41 the hearing.

42 C. A challenger may appeal the decision of the commission in paragraph B by 43 commencing an action in Superior Court according to the procedure set forth in section 356, subsection 2, paragraphs D and E within 5 days of the date of the commission's decision. The action must be conducted in accordance with Rule 80C of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, except that the court shall issue its written decision within 20 days of the date of the commission's decision. Any aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the Superior Court by filing a notice of appeal within 3 days of that decision. The record on appeal must be transmitted to the Law Court within 3 days after the notice of appeal is filed. After filing the notice of appeal, the parties have 4 days to file briefs and appendices with the clerk of the court. The court shall consider the case as soon as possible after the record and briefs have been filed and shall issue its decision within 14 days of the decision of the Superior Court.

D. A candidate whose certification by the commission as a Maine Clean Election Act candidate is revoked reversed on appeal must return to the commission any unspent revenues distributed from the fund. If the commission or court find finds that an appeal was made frivolously or to cause delay or hardship, the commission or court may require the moving party to pay costs of the commission, court and opposing parties, if any.

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SUMMARY

PART A

20 Part A makes changes affecting campaign finance reports in the Maine Revised
21 Statutes, Title 21-A, chapter 13. Specifically, Part A:

1. Amends the definition of "person" to remove the word "group";

23 2. Eliminates the requirement that the office of the Commission on Governmental
24 Ethics and Election Practices remain open after 5:00 p.m. on election day;

3. Adds the term "domestic partner" in sections referring to a candidate's spouse and
 includes a definition for the term in the general definition section for Title 21-A;

4. Exempts lists of registered voters obtained by party committees from the
 definitions of "contributions" and "expenditures";

Includes facilities owned by a candidate's immediate family in determining
 whether an exception to expenditure is applicable;

6. Clarifies that a state party committee can provide a total of only 20 hours of
assistance to a candidate in an election without making a contribution to that candidate
and expands the type of service provided from "advice" to "assistance";

Allows party candidate listings to treat federal candidates differently from other
 state candidates if required by federal election law and to include campaign slogans and
 logos;

8. Eliminates the requirement that Maine Clean Election Act candidates sign and file
 the voluntary spending limits statement;

9. Requires an outgoing treasurer to certify in writing the accuracy of a campaign's
records;

5 10. Removes the requirement that the address be included in the disclosure statement 6 in campaign communications financed by the candidate that are aired on the radio;

11. Requires that communications that name or depict a clearly identified candidate
within 21 days before a primary election or 60 days before a general election contain the
disclosure statement, unless the communication's purpose has a purpose other than
influencing an election;

11 12. Extends the prohibition against broadcasting communications without the 12 disclosure statement to agents of a broadcasting station and to online versions of 13 newspapers;

14 13. Extends the time period during which fines will be assessed for communications15 that lack the disclosure statement;

16 14. Establishes disclosure requirements regarding certain automated and live 17 telephone calls to voters;

18 15. Clarifies that funds that are earmarked for a candidate through a conduit or 19 intermediary are considered contributions to the candidate;

20 16. Clarifies expenditure limitations in legislative elections;

17. Requires that sole proprietorships and their owners be treated as a single entity
 for the purposes of contribution limits;

18. Removes the requirement that federal candidates and state party committees file
 federal campaign finance reports with the commission;

Revises the report filing schedule for candidates, party committees and political
 action committees to allow the commission to have more complete information upon
 which to base matching fund calculations;

28 20. Establishes a single 24-hour reporting requirement applicable to all candidates,
 29 party committees and political action committees;

Changes the amount of a campaign surplus or deficit from \$50 to \$100 that
 requires candidates to file semiannual reports with the commission;

32 22. Requires party committees to retain records of contributions and expenditures
 33 and receipts for expenditures;

34 23. Expands the period during which a communication that names or depicts a 35 clearly identified candidate is presumed to be an independent expenditure to 21 days before a primary election or 60 days before a general election and requires independent
 expenditure reports to contain a description of the communications made;

24. Increases the fine for not registering as a candidate from \$10 to \$100 and raises
the amount of the penalty waiver for a late-filed report for candidates, party committees
and political action committees from \$5 to \$10;

6 25. Clarifies when an electronically submitted or facsimile copy is allowed;

7 26. Increases the triggering threshold for political action committees from \$50 to
\$1,500;

9 27. Requires political action committees to identify, upon registering, Legislators 10 who have a significant role in fund-raising or decision-making for the committee;

Requires political action committees to file an initial campaign finance report
 upon registering with the commission; and

- 13 29. Clarifies the conditions for dissolving a political action committee.
- 14 **PART B**

Part B makes changes affecting the Maine Clean Election Act in the Maine Revised
Statutes, Title 21-A, chapter 14. Specifically, Part B:

- 17 1. Adds a definition of "immediate family";
- 18 2. Clarifies the requirements for a valid qualifying contribution;

Requires that seed money come from Maine residents only and adds restrictions in
 collection and use of seed money;

4. Requires a transfer of funds to the Maine Clean Election Fund on or before
 September 1st of each year, instead of January 1st, beginning on September 1, 2010;

- Allows the commission to request an advance on the annual amount to be
 transferred if there will be insufficient funds for an upcoming election;
- 6. Clarifies that Maine Clean Election Act funds cannot be used to pay for goods and
 services received during the qualifying period;

Adds new conditions for certification, including whether a candidate has made
 material false statements to the commission or has been denied certification or had
 certification revoked due to substantial violations of election laws;

8. Requires gubernatorial candidates to raise at least \$15,000 in seed money in order
 to be certified and establishes procedures for the documentation of seed money
 contributions to gubernatorial candidates seeking certification;

9. Extends the period of time the commission has to certify gubernatorial candidates and allows the commission to take additional time to certify a candidate if a compliance investigation is necessary;

4 10. Creates a process for the commission to revoke certification;

5 11. Increases the amount of the initial distribution to a gubernatorial candidate in the 6 general election to \$600,000 and limits the amount of matching to an equivalent amount;

Prohibits Maine Clean Election Act candidates from using public funds to pay
for services provided by the candidate or immediate family members;

9 13. Requires the commission staff to audit all gubernatorial candidates who receive 10 Maine Clean Election Act funds and requires gubernatorial candidates and campaign staff 11 to meet with the commission staff in order to discuss spending and record-keeping 12 requirements within one month of the candidate's declaring an intention to seek public 13 financing under the Maine Clean Election Act;

14 14. Clarifies the matching funds provision to include all contributions and fund 15 distributions in calculating matching funds;

16 15. Clarifies the amount and timing of distributions to unenrolled candidates; and

17 16. Updates the provisions regarding appeals from the commission's decisions18 regarding certification.