



# **123rd MAINE LEGISLATURE**

# FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2007

Legislative Document

S.P. 561

No. 1617

S.P. 301

March 21, 2007

An Act To Repeal Strict Foreclosure

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

Brian

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator WESTON of Waldo.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §6201, as amended by PL 1987, c. 736, §16, is repealed.
3	Sec. 2. 14 MRSA §6202 is repealed.
4	Sec. 3. 14 MRSA §6203, as amended by PL 1987, c. 667, §13, is repealed.
5	Sec. 4. 14 MRSA §6203-A, as amended by PL 1995, c. 106, §1, is repealed.
6	Sec. 5. 14 MRSA §6203-B, as enacted by PL 1967, c. 424, §2, is repealed.
7	Sec. 6. 14 MRSA §6203-C, as enacted by PL 1967, c. 424, §2, is repealed.
8	Sec. 7. 14 MRSA §6203-D, as enacted by PL 1967, c. 424, §2, is repealed.
9	Sec. 8. 14 MRSA §6203-E, as amended by PL 1987, c. 736, §17, is repealed.
10 11	Sec. 9. 14 MRSA §6203-F, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 707, §2, is repealed.
12	Sec. 10. 14 MRSA §6204, as amended by PL 1993, c. 321, §1, is repealed.

- 13 Sec. 11. 14 MRSA §6204-B, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 829, §2, is repealed.
- 14 Sec. 12. 14 MRSA §6251 is amended to read:

## 15 §6251. Form of complaint

16 The mortgagee or person claiming under him the mortgagee in an action for possession may declare on his the mortgagee's own seizin, in a real action, without 17 naming the mortgage or assignment. If it appears that the plaintiff is entitled to possession 18 19 and that the condition had been broken when the action was commenced, the court shall, 20 on motion of either party, award the conditional judgment, unless it appears that the tenant is not the mortgagor or a person claiming under him the mortgagor, or that the 21 22 owner of the mortgage-proceeded for foreclosure conformably to sections 6203 and 6204 23 before the action was commenced, the plaintiff not consenting to such judgment. Unless 24 such judgment is awarded, judgment shall-be is entered as at common law.

25 Sec. 13. 14 MRSA §6301 is amended to read:

## 26 §6301. Accounting required

Any mortgagor or other person having a right to redeem lands mortgaged may demand of the mortgagee or person claiming under him the mortgagee a true account of the sum due on the mortgage, and of the rents and profits, and money expended in repairs and improvements, if any. If he the mortgagee unreasonably refuses or neglects to render such account in writing, or in any other way by his default prevents the plaintiff from performing or tendering performance of the condition of the mortgage, he the mortgagor 1 may bring a civil action for the redemption of the mortgaged premises within the time 2 limited in <u>former</u> section 6204, and therein offer to pay the sum found to be equitably 3 due, or to perform any other condition, as the case may require. Such offer has the same 4 force as a tender of payment or performance before the commencement of the action. The 5 action <u>shall must</u> be sustained without such tender, and thereupon <u>he shall be the</u> 6 mortgagor is entitled to judgment for redemption and costs.

7 Sec. 14. 14 MRSA §6306 is amended to read:

#### 8 §6306. -- payment to clerk of court

9 When a mortgagee or person claiming under him a mortgagee residing out of the 10 State, or whose residence is unknown to the party entitled to redeem, has commenced 11 proceedings under section 6203 in accordance with this chapter, or when such mortgagee 12 or claimant having no tenant, agent or attorney in possession on whom service can be made has commenced proceedings under section 6201 in accordance with this chapter, in 13 either case the party entitled to redeem may bring the civil action, as prescribed in section 14 15 6301, and pay at the same time to the clerk of the court and sum due, which payment 16 shall have has the same effect as a tender before the action. The court shall order such 17 notice to be given of the pendency of the action, as it judges proper.

18 Sec. 15. 14 MRSA §6321, first ¶, as amended by PL 1983, c. 447, §2, is further
19 amended to read:

After breach of condition in a mortgage of first priority, the mortgagee or any person claiming under him the mortgagee may proceed for the purpose of foreclosure by a civil action against all parties in interest in either the Superior Court or the District Court in the division wherein the mortgaged premises or any part thereof is located, regardless of the amount of the mortgage claim. The method of foreclosure of real estate mortgages provided by this section is an alternative method to those provided in <u>former</u> sections 6201 and 6203 and is specifically subject to the order of priorities set out in section 6205.

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#### **SUMMARY**

This bill repeals the laws that permit foreclosure of a mortgage on real property by possession and by sale of the property.