



# **123rd MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2007

Legislative Document

No. 1582

H.P. 1107

House of Representatives, March 20, 2007

### An Act Reduce Maine's Tax Burden over a 10-year Period

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Failand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative WOODBURY of Yarmouth. Cosponsored by Senator NASS of York and Representative: PIOTTI of Unity, Senator: PERRY of Penobscot.

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1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1531, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. A, §5 and affected by §14, is repealed.

- 4 Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §1531, sub-§10 is enacted to read:
- 5 **<u>10. Tax burden reduction factor.</u>** "Tax burden reduction factor" means:
- 6 <u>A. For fiscal years 2008-09 and 2009-10, 50%;</u>
- 7 B. For fiscal years 2010-11 and 2011-12, 60%;
- 8 C. For fiscal years 2012-13 and 2013-14, 70%;
- 9 D. For fiscal years 2014-15 and 2015-16, 80%;
- 10 E. For fiscal years 2016-17 and 2017-18, 90%; and
- 11 <u>F. For fiscal year 2018-19 and later, 100%.</u>
- 12 Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §1531, sub-§11 is enacted to read:

13 <u>11. Total income growth factor.</u> "Total income growth factor" means average real
 personal income growth plus forecasted inflation.

- Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §1534, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. A, §5 and
   affected by §14, is amended to read:
- A. For the first fiscal year of the biennium, the General Fund appropriation
   limitation is equal to the biennial base year appropriation multiplied by one plus the
   spending growth limitation factor in subsection 2.
- 20 Sec. 5. 5 MRSA §1534, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 621, §3, is 21 further amended to read:
- B. For the 2nd year of the biennium, the General Fund appropriation limitation is
  the General Fund appropriation limitation of the first year of the biennium biennial
  base year appropriation multiplied by one plus the <u>spending</u> growth limitation factor
  in subsection 2.
- 26 Sec. 6. 5 MRSA §1534, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. A, §5 and 27 affected by §14, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

28 2. Spending growth limitation factor. The spending growth limitation factor is the
 29 total income growth factor multiplied by the tax burden reduction factor. The spending
 30 growth limitation factor may not be less than zero.

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- 31 Sec. 7. 20-A MRSA §15671-A, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. D, §35
   32 and affected by §§72 and 74 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §18, is repealed.
- 33 Sec. 8. 20-A MRSA §15671-A, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2005, c. 519, Pt.
   34 AAAA, §2, is repealed.

#### Sec. 9. 20-A MRSA §15671-A, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

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2 6. Exceeding EPS local growth factor. If the sum of a school administrative units 3 required local contribution determined pursuant to section 15688, subsection 3-A plus the 4 state contribution as calculated pursuant to section 15688, subsection 3-A, paragraph D 5 plus any state funds resulting from a transition adjustment pursuant to section 15686 plus 6 any additional local amount proposed to be raised pursuant to section 15690, subsection 3 7 exceeds the amount permitted to be spent by the school administrative unit for the 8 preceding year by more than the education spending growth limit factor, the following 9 provisions govern approval of that additional amount.

- A. The article approving the additional amount must conform to the requirements of
   section 15690, subsection 3, paragraph B.
- B. For all school administrative units that finally approve the school budget at a town meeting or district meeting, and notwithstanding section 1304, subsection 6; section 1701, subsection 7; Title 30-A, section 2528, subsection 5; or any other provision of law, municipal charter provision or ordinance, the article must be approved by at least 2/3 of the school administrative unit's legislative body or, if the legislative body votes to approve the article by a simple majority but not by at least a 2/3 majority, the article must be finally approved by a majority of voters at referendum.
- 19 C. For all school administrative units with a legislative body that adopts the school
   20 budget by a referendum process, the article must be approved by a majority of voters
   21 at referendum.
- D. For all school administrative districts and community school districts that have adopted the budget validation process established in sections 1305-A or 1701-A, the article must be approved by a majority of the voters at the open district meeting and a majority of voters at the budget validation referendum.

E. In a municipality where the responsibility for final adoption of the school budget
 is vested by the municipal charter in a council, this paragraph applies, except that the
 petition and referendum provisions apply only if the municipal charter does not
 otherwise provide for or prohibit a petition and referendum process with respect to
 the matters described in this paragraph.

- 31 (1) A majority of the entire membership of the school board or committee must
   32 approve the additional amount in a regular budget meeting.
- (2) An article approving the additional amount must conform to the requirements
   of section 15690, subsection 3, paragraph B and be approved by at least 2/3 of
   the entire membership of the council in a vote taken in accordance with section
   15690, subsection 5 or, if the council votes to approve the article by a simple
   majority of the council but not by at least a 2/3 majority of the entire
   membership, by a majority of voters at referendum.
- 39 (3) If an article is approved by at least 2/3 of the entire membership of the
  40 council pursuant to subparagraph (2), the voters may petition for a referendum
  41 vote on the same article in accordance with subparagraph (4). If a petition is filed
  42 in accordance with subparagraph (4), the vote of the council is suspended
  43 pending the outcome of the referendum vote. Upon approval of the article by a

1 <u>majority of the voters voting in that referendum, the article takes effect. If the</u> 2 <u>article is not approved by a majority of the voters voting in that referendum, the</u> 3 <u>article does not take effect. Subsequent to the vote, the school committee or</u> 4 <u>board may again propose an additional amount, subject to the requirements of</u> 5 <u>this section.</u>

6 (4) If a written petition, signed by at least 10% of the number of voters voting in 7 the last gubernatorial election in the municipality, requesting a vote on the 8 additional amount is submitted to the municipal officers within 30 days of the 9 council's vote pursuant to subparagraph (2), the article voted on by the council 10 must be submitted to the legal voters in the next regular election or a special 11 election called for the purpose. The election must be held within 45 days of the 12 submission of the petition. The election must be called, advertised and conducted 13 according to the law relating to municipal elections, except that the registrar of 14 voters is not required to prepare or the clerk to post a new list of voters and 15 absentee ballots must be prepared and made available at least 14 days prior to the 16 date of the referendum. For the purpose of registration of voters, the registrar of 17 voters must be in session the secular day preceding the election. The voters shall 18 indicate by a cross or check mark placed against the word "Yes" or "No" their 19 opinion on the article. The results must be declared by the municipal officers and 20 entered upon the municipal records.

21 Sec. 10. 20-A MRSA §15672, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:

3-A. Education spending growth limit factor. "Education spending growth limit factor" means the EPS local growth factor multiplied by the tax burden reduction factor as defined in Title 5, section 1531, subsection 10. The education spending growth limit factor may not be less than zero.

26 Sec. 11. 20-A MRSA §15672, sub-§7-B is enacted to read:

27 <u>7-B. EPS local growth factor. "EPS local growth factor" means the percentage</u>
 28 increase in the state-determined cost of essential programs and services for a school
 29 administrative unit over the preceding year.

30 Sec. 12. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§1, ¶C-1 is enacted to read:

31 <u>C-1. "Local distribution factor" means the figure determined by dividing the property</u> 32 growth factor by the average of the property growth factors for all counties.

- 33 Sec. 13. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§1, ¶F is enacted to read:
- 34 <u>F. "Tax burden reduction factor" means:</u>
- 35 (1) For fiscal years 2008-09 and 2009-10, 50%;
- 36 (2) For fiscal years 2010-11 and 2011-12, 60%;
- 37 (3) For fiscal years 2012-13 and 2013-14, 70%;
- 38 (4) For fiscal years 2014-15 and 2015-16, 80%;
- 39 (5) For fiscal years 2016-17 and 2017-18, 90%; and

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1 (6) For fiscal year 2018-19 and later, 100%. 2 Sec. 14. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§1, ¶G is enacted to read: 3 G. "Total income growth factor" means average real personal income growth plus 4 forecasted inflation. 5 Sec. 15. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. B, §1 and affected by §§2 and 4 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §14, is repealed and the following enacted in its 6 7 place: 8 3. Growth limitation factor. The growth limitation factor is the total income 9 growth factor multiplied by the local distribution factor and the tax burden reduction 10 factor. The growth limitation factor may not be less than zero. 11 Sec. 16. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§5, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. B, §1 12 and affected by §§2 and 4 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §14, is amended to read: 13 Β. The county assessment limit may be exceeded only as provided in subsection 7 14 7-A. 15 Sec. 17. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§5, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 348, §1, is amended to read: 16 17 For fiscal years 2005-06 and 2006-07 in Sagadahoc County, and fiscal years D. 2006 and 2007 in Lincoln County, that portion of the county assessment that is 18 19 attributable to the costs of construction, debt service, operation and maintenance of a 20 new jail facility authorized under chapter 17 is not subject to paragraphs A, B and C 21 or to subsections 2, 6 and 7 7-A. Notwithstanding subsection 2, paragraph A, the county assessment limit for fiscal year 2007-08 for Sagadahoc County and fiscal year 22 23 2008 in Lincoln County is the county assessment for each county for the previous fiscal year, multiplied by one plus the growth limitation factor pursuant to subsection 24 25 3. Notwithstanding subsection 2, paragraph C, the county assessments for Sagadahoc 26 County in fiscal year 2008-09 and subsequent fiscal years and for Lincoln County in 27 fiscal year 2009 and subsequent fiscal years are subject to subsection 2, paragraph B. 28 Sec. 18. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. B, §1 and 29 affected by §§2 and 4 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §14, is amended to read: 30 6. Increase in county assessment limit. The county assessment limit established in 31 subsection 2 may be increased for other purposes only as provided in subsection 7 7-A. Sec. 19. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§7, as affected by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. B, §4 and 32 amended by c. 12, Pt. WW, §10 and affected by §§13 and 14, is repealed. 33 34 Sec. 20. 30-A MRSA §706-A, sub-§7-A is enacted to read: 35 7-A. Process for exceeding county assessment limit. A county may exceed or increase the county assessment limit only if approved by a vote of a majority of all the 36 members of both the county budget committee or county budget advisory committee and 37 38 the county commissioners and the approval is ratified at referendum. For the purposes of

1 conducting the referendum election, the article voted on by the commissioners and budget 2 advisory committee must be submitted to the legal voters in the next regular election or a 3 special election called for that purpose. The election must be called, advertised and conducted according to the law relating to municipal elections, except that the registrar of 4 5 voters is not required to prepare or the clerk to post a new list of voters, the filing requirement contained in section 2528 does not apply and absentee ballots must be 6 prepared and made available at least 14 days prior to the date of the referendum. For the 7 purpose of registration of voters, the registrar of voters must be in session the business 8 day preceding the election. The voters shall indicate by a cross or check mark placed 9 against the word "Yes" or "No" their opinion on the article. The results must be declared 10 by the county commissioners and entered upon the county records. 11 Sec. 21. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§1, ¶B-1 is enacted to read: 12 B-1. "Local distribution factor" means the figure determined by dividing the property 13 growth factor by the average of the property growth factors for all municipalities. 14 Sec. 22. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§1, ¶F is enacted to read: 15 F. "Tax burden reduction factor" means: 16 17 (1) For fiscal years 2008-09 and 2009-10, 50%; (2) For fiscal years 2010-11 and 2011-12, 60%; 18 19 (3) For fiscal years 2012-13 and 2013-14, 70%; (4) For fiscal years 2014-15 and 2015-16, 80%; 20 21 (5) For fiscal years 2016-17 and 2017-18, 90%; and 22 (6) For fiscal year 2018-19 and later, 100%. Sec. 23. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§1, ¶G is enacted to read: 23 24 G. "Total income growth factor" means average real personal income growth plus 25 forecasted inflation. 26 Sec. 24. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§5, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. C, §1 and affected by §§3 and 5 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §16, is amended to read: 27 28 Β. The property tax levy limit may be exceeded only as provided in subsection 7 7-29 Α. 30 Sec. 25. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. C, §1 and affected by §§3 and 5 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §16, is amended to read: 31 32 6. Increase in property tax levy limit. The property tax levy limit established in 33 subsection 2 may be increased for other purposes only as provided in subsection 77-A. 34 Sec. 26. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§7, as affected by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. C, §5 and amended by c. 12, Pt. WW, §12 and affected by §§15 and 16, is repealed. 35 Sec. 27. 30-A MRSA §5721-A, sub-§7-A is enacted to read: 36

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7-A. Process for exceeding property tax levy limit. A municipality may exceed or 2 increase the property tax levy limit only by the following means.

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A. If the municipal budget is adopted by town meeting, the property tax levy limit may be exceeded only if approved by at least 2/3 of the assembled membership of the town meeting or, if the legislative body votes to approve the article by a simple majority but not by at least a 2/3 majority, the property tax levy limit may be exceeded only if finally approved by a majority of voters at referendum.

8 B. If the municipal budget is adopted by referendum, the property tax levy limit may 9 be exceeded only if a separate article that specifically identifies the intent to exceed 10 the property tax levy limit is approved by a simple majority of the referendum voters.

C. In a municipality where the responsibility for final adoption of the budget is 12 vested by the municipal charter in a council, this paragraph applies, except that the 13 petition and referendum provisions apply only if the municipal charter does not 14 otherwise provide for or prohibit a petition and referendum process with respect to 15 the matters described in this paragraph.

(1) An article approving the property tax levy limit must be approved by at least 2/3 of the entire membership of the council or, if the council votes to approve the article by a simple majority of the council but not by at least a 2/3 majority of the entire membership, by a majority of voters at referendum.

20 (2) If an article is approved by at least 2/3 of the entire membership of the 21 council pursuant to subparagraph (1), the voters may petition for a referendum 22 vote on the same article in accordance with subparagraph (3). If a petition is filed 23 in accordance with subparagraph (3), the vote of the council is suspended 24 pending the outcome of the referendum vote. Upon approval of the article by a 25 majority of the voters voting in that referendum, the article takes effect. If the 26 article is not approved by a majority of the voters voting in that referendum, the 27 article does not take effect. Subsequent to the vote, the school committee or 28 board may again propose an additional amount, subject to the requirements of 29 this section.

30 (3) If a written petition, signed by at least 10% of the number of voters voting in 31 the last gubernatorial election in the municipality, requesting a vote on the 32 additional amount is submitted to the municipal officers within 30 days of the 33 council's vote pursuant to subparagraph (1), the article voted on by the council 34 must be submitted to the legal voters in the next regular election or a special 35 election called for the purpose. The election must be held within 45 days of the 36 submission of the petition. The election must be called, advertised and conducted 37 according to the law relating to municipal elections, except that the registrar of 38 voters is not required to prepare or the clerk to post a new list of voters and 39 absentee ballots must be prepared and made available at least 14 days prior to the 40 date of the referendum. For the purpose of registration of voters, the registrar of 41 voters must be in session the secular day preceding the election. The voters shall 42 indicate by a cross or check mark placed against the word "Yes" or "No" their 43 opinion on the article. The results must be declared by the municipal officers and 44 entered upon the municipal records.

1 Sec. 28. Application. The provisions of this Act apply to budgets for the first 2 fiscal year that begins after the effective date of this Act.

Sec. 29. Statutory referendum procedure; submission at election; form of question; effective date. This Act must be submitted to the legal voters of the State at a statewide election held in the month of November following the passage of this Act. The municipal officers of this State shall notify the inhabitants of their respective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in the manner prescribed by law for holding a statewide election, to vote on the acceptance or rejection of this Act by voting on the following question:

"Do you favor adopting a 10-year plan to reduce Maine's tax burden by establishing a statewide tax burden reduction factor and by establishing strict requirements to override the tax burden reduction limits imposed in the 10-year plan?"

14 The legal voters of each city, town and plantation shall vote by ballot on this question 15 and designate their choice by a cross or check mark placed within a corresponding square below the word "Yes" or "No." The ballots must be received, sorted, counted and 16 declared in open ward, town and plantation meetings and returns made to the Secretary of 17 18 State in the same manner as votes for members of the Legislature. The Governor shall 19 review the returns. If a majority of the legal votes are cast in favor of this Act, the 20 Governor shall proclaim the result without delay and this Act becomes effective 30 days 21 after the date of the proclamation.

The Secretary of State shall **prepare** and furnish to each city, town and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this Act necessary to carry out the purposes of this referendum.

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#### SUMMARY

This bill puts in place a 10-year plan to reduce Maine's tax burden by establishing a statewide tax burden reduction factor that would gradually lower taxes over time. The bill also defines procedures necessary to override the tax burden reduction limits imposed in the 10-year plan. The changes proposed by this bill are subject to approval by the voters at a referendum vote in November 2007.