



123rd MAINE LEGISLATURE

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Legislative Document

No. 1528

S.P. 551

March 20, 2007

An Act To Protect Native Diadromous Fish during Their Migration

Reference to the Committee on Marine Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator DAMON of Hancock.

Cosponsored by Representative WATSON of Bath and Senators: MITCHELL of Kennebec, ROTUNDO of Androscoggin, Representatives: BERRY of Bowdoinham, CRAVEN of Lewiston, PERCY of Phippsburg, SIMPSON of Auburn, WAGNER of Lewiston, WALCOTT of Lewiston.

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2 Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §465, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

5. All waters. Dams in all classifications of fresh and estuarine surface waters must
provide safe and effective upstream and downstream passage for indigenous anadromous
and catadromous migratory fish, including eels. For every day this fish passage is not in
effect, the dam owner may be automatically fined not less than \$1,000 by the department
or other appropriate state agency.

A. Passage does not include any method such as "trap and truck" in which fish or
9 eels are removed from the vicinity of the dam for any period of time.

B. For the purpose of this section, "safe" means that diadromous fish migrating
upstream can pass the dam and are not killed or severely injured by dams when
migrating downstream. "Safe" may not be construed to include passage through
operating turbines or to include remedial measures that continue to kill or severely
injure fish.

15 Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §465, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

16 6. Citizen suit provision. A person may commence a civil action on that person's 17 own behalf against any person, including any governmental instrumentality or agency, who is alleged to be in violation of this section. The Superior Court has jurisdiction to 18 19 enforce this section and impose penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation. The 20 Superior Court, in issuing any final order in any action brought pursuant to this section, 21 may award costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees, to 22 any prevailing or substantially prevailing party seeking to enforce this section against a 23 violator, whenever the court determines the award is appropriate. For the purpose of this 24 section, "citizen" means a person or persons having an interest that is or may be adversely 25 affected and "person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, 26 including an unincorporated association, state agency, municipality, commission or 27 political subdivision of the State.

28 Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §465-B, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. All waters. Dams in all classifications of fresh and estuarine surface waters must
provide safe and effective upstream and downstream passage for indigenous anadromous
and catadromous migratory fish, including eels. For every day this fish passage is not in
effect, the dam owner may be automatically fined not less than \$1,000 by the department
or other appropriate state agency.

A. Passage does not include any method such as "trap and truck" in which fish or
eels are removed from the vicinity of the dam for any period of time.

B. For the purpose of this section, "safe" means that diadromous fish migrating
upstream can pass the dam and are not killed or severely injured by dams when
migrating downstream. "Safe" may not be construed to include passage through
operating turbines or to include remedial measures that continue to kill or severely
injure fish.

1 Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §465-B, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

2 5. Citizen suit provision. A person may commence a civil action on that person's 3 own behalf against any person, including any governmental instrumentality or agency, 4 who is alleged to be in violation of this section. The Superior Court has jurisdiction to 5 enforce this section and impose penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation. The 6 Superior Court, in issuing any final order in any action brought pursuant to this section, 7 may award costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees, to 8 any prevailing or substantially prevailing party seeking to enforce this section against a 9 violator, whenever the court determines the award is appropriate. For the purpose of this section, "citizen" means a person or persons having an interest that is or may be adversely 10 affected and "person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, 11 including an unincorporated association, state agency, municipality, commission or 12 13 political subdivision of the State.

14 Sec. 5. Department of Environmental Protection's report. The Department 15 of Environmental Protection and Board of Environmental Protection are directed to 16 submit and support this revision to the Administrator of the United States Environmental 17 Protection Agency in accordance with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

18 Sec. 6. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2008.

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SUMMARY

This bill requires that dams in this State in all classifications of fresh and estuarine surface waters must provide safe and effective upstream and downstream passage for indigenous diadromous fish. Diadromous fish are those that migrate from fresh to sea water or sea water to fresh water and are known as anadramous and catadramous fish, such as alewives, shad and salmon. It also provides a process for any person to bring a civil action against violators of the requirements.