



122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2006

Legislative Document

No. 2075

I.B. 1

House of Representatives, March 16, 2006

An Act To Create the Taxpayer Bill of Rights

Transmitted to the Clerk of the 122nd Maine Legislature by the Secretary of State on March 15, 2006 and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac failand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1507, next to last ¶, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 24, Pt. C, §2, is repealed.
Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §1511, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. X, §1, is repealed.
Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §1513, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. X, §§2 to 4, is repealed.
Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §1517, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. X, §6, is repealed.
Sec. 5. 5 MRSA §§1522 and 1523 are enacted to read:
§1522. Maine Budget Stabilization Fund
1. Establishment. The Maine Budget Stabilization Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is established and must be administered for the purposes identified in this section.
2. Transfers to fund; limits. The fund may receive
transfers by the State Controller of unappropriated surplus at
the close of a fiscal year as provided in section 2045 and any other funds identified by law. The fund may not exceed 10% of
the total General Fund revenues received in the immediately
preceding fiscal year and may not lapse, but remains in a continuing carrying account to carry out the purposes of this
section. The limit at the close of a fiscal year is based on the
total General Fund revenues received in the fiscal year being
<u>closed.</u>
3. Use of fund. The Legislature may authorize transfers,
appropriations and allocations from the fund only to fund the costs of State Government up to the expenditure limit calculated under section 2044 in years when state revenues are less than the
amount necessary to finance the level of expenditure permitted under section 2044.
4. Investment of funds; proceeds. The money in the fund
may be invested as provided by law, with the earnings credited to the fund. At the close of every month during which the fund is
at the 10% limitation described in subsection 2, the State
Controller shall transfer the excess to the Tax Relief Reserve
Fund established under section 2045.
<u>§1523. Maine Highway Budget Stabilization Fund</u>
1. Establishment. The Maine Highway Budget Stabilization

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Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is established and must be administered for the purposes identified in this section.

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 2. Transfers to fund; limits. The fund may receive
 transfers by the State Controller of unallocated Highway Fund surplus at the close of a fiscal year as provided in section 2046
 and any other funds identified by law. The fund may not exceed 10% of the total Highway Fund revenues received in the
 immediately preceding fiscal year and may not lapse, but remains in a continuing carrying account to carry out the purposes of
 this section. The limit at the close of a fiscal year is based on the total Highway Fund revenues received in the fiscal year
 being closed.

16 3. Use of fund. The Legislature may authorize transfers. appropriations and allocations from the fund only to fund the costs of the Highway Fund budget up to the expenditure limit calculated under section 2044 in years when Highway Fund revenues are less than the amount necessary to finance the level of expenditures permitted under section 2044.

4. Investment of funds: proceeds. The money in the fund
 may be invested as provided by law with the earnings credited to
 the fund. At the close of every month during which the fund is
 at the 10% limitation described in subsection 2, the State
 Controller shall transfer the excess to the Highway Fund Reserve
 Fund established under section 2046.

Sec. 6. 5 MRSA §1664, last ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. X, §8, is amended to read:

The total General Fund appropriation for each fiscal year of biennium in the Governor's budget submission to 34 the the Legislature may not exceed the General Fund appropriation of the previous fiscal year multiplied by one plus the average--real 36 personal--income--growth--rate,--as--defined--in--section--1665, subsection--1,--plus--the-average-forecasted--inflation--rate---For 38 purposes - of -- this - paragraph, -- "average - forecasted -- inflation - rate" means - the - average - forecasted - change - in - the - Consumer - Price - Index 40 underlying--the--revenue--projections--developed--by--the--Revenue 42 Forecasting---Committee---pursuant---to---chapter---151-B----This appropriation - limitation - may - be - exceeded - only - by - the - amount - of 44 the--additional--costs--or--the--lost--federal--revenue--from--the fellowing-exceptional-circumstances--unfunded-or-under-funded-new 46 federal-mandates;-losses-in-federal-revenues-or-other-revenue sources /---citizens'---initiatives---or---referenda--that---require 48 increased-state-spending,-court-orders-or-decrees-that-require additional-state-resources to comply-with the orders or degrees; 50 and-sudden-or-significant-inereases-in-demand-for-existing-state

serviees--that - are--not--the - result--of--legislative - changes--that 2 increased-eligibility-er-increased-benefits----The-Governor--may designate -- exceptional -- circumstances -- that -- are -- not -- explicitly 4 defined-in-this-paragraph-but-meet-the-intent-of-this-paragraph. For-purposes-of-this-paragraph/-"exceptional-eireumstances"-means an-unfereseen-condition-or-conditions-over-which -the -Governor-and 6 the --- Legislature -- have --- little -- or -- no -- control ---- Exceptional eireumstanees-de-not-apply-te-new-programs-or-program-expansions 8 that-go-beyond-existing-program-critoria-and-operation population 10 adjustment factor plus the inflation adjustment factor as those terms are defined in section 2042, subsections 5 and 3, 12 respectively.

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Sec. 7. 5 MRSA §1665, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. X, §9, is further amended to read:

Expenditure and appropriation requirements. 1. On or 18 before September 1st of the even-numbered years, all departments and other agencies of the State Government and corporations and 20 associations receiving or desiring to receive state funds under the provisions of law shall prepare, in the manner prescribed by 22 and on blanks furnished them by the State Budget Officer, and submit to the officer estimates of their expenditure and appropriation requirements for each fiscal year of the ensuing 24 biennium contrasted with the corresponding figures of the last completed fiscal year and the estimated figures for the current 26 fiscal year. The total General Fund appropriation requests submitted by each department and agency for each fiscal year may 28 not exceed the General Fund appropriation of the previous fiscal 30 year multiplied by one plus the average--real-personal--income growth--rate --- For--purposes--of--this-subsection,--"average--real personal-income-growth-rate"-means-the-average-for-the-prior-10 32 ealendar-years, -ending-with-the-most-recent-ealendar-year-for which-data-is-available,-of-the-percent-change-in-personal-income 34 in-this-State-for-a-calendar-year-as-estimated-by-the-United States-Department-of-Gommerce,-Bureau-of-Economic Analysis,-less 36 the-percent-change-in-the-Consumer-Price-Index-for-that-calendar year .-- For -purposes - of -- this - subsection, -- "Consumer -- Price - Index" 38 has-the-same -meaning-as-in-Title-36,-section-5402,--subsection-1 inflation adjustment factor as defined in section 2042. The 40 expenditure estimates shall must be classified to set forth the data by funds, organization units, character and objects of 42 expenditure. The organization units may be subclassified by in any other manner, 44 functions and activities, or at the discretion of the State Budget Officer.

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Sec. 8. 5 MRSA c. 167 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 167

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THE TAXPAYERS' BILL OF RIGHTS

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	<u>§2041. Expenditure and revenue requirements; construction of</u>
4	chapter
б	The following provisions of this section apply,
	notwithstanding any other provision of law.
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	1. Expenditure limitations. Annual state and local
10	expenditures may not exceed the limits provided in this chapter.
12	2. Revenue increases. An increase in revenue may only be
	adopted as provided in section 2043.
14	<u>adopted as provided in section 2043.</u>
T.4	3. Construction. It is the intent of the Legislature that
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16	this chapter be interpreted liberally to restrain excess growth
1.0	of state and local government.
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	§2042. Definitions
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	<u>As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise</u>
22	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
24	1. Election officer. "Election officer" means:
26	A. In a statewide, county or municipal election, the
	municipal registrar of voters; or
28	<u></u>
20	B. In an election by the voters of a local district that is
30	not a municipality, the official with responsibility for
30	
22	managing the list of voters of the local district.
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~ ~	2. Increase in revenue. "Increase in revenue" means any
34	legislation, local ordinance or tax levy that causes a net gain
	in revenue and:
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	A. Enacts a new tax or fee;
38	
	B. Increases the rate or expands the base of an existing
40	tax or fee;
42	C. Reduces benefits or eligibility under the Business
	Equipment Tax Reimbursement program established in Title 36,
44	chapter 915 without providing the same level of benefits and
	eligibility under a comparable program or without providing
46	a 100% property tax exemption for property eligible for
	reimbursement under Title 36, chapter 915;
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10	D Popoole or reduced one for exemption and it is the
FO	D. Repeals or reduces any tax exemption, credit or refund;
50	or

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E. Extends an expiring tax or fee increase.

 3. Inflation adjustment factor. "Inflation adjustment factor" means the increase in the Consumer Price Index for the
 most recently available calendar year as calculated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

4. Local district. "Local district" means any county,
 10 municipality or other substate governmental entity with the authority to collect revenue.
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5. Population adjustment factor. "Population adjustment 14 factor" means the increase or decrease in population for the preceding calendar year over the prior calendar year as 16 determined annually by the Executive Department. State Planning Office statewide and for each municipality based on federal 18 census estimates.

 6. Quasi-governmental agency. "Quasi-governmental agency" means any separate legal entity for which the State is financially accountable and that is included in the financial statements of the State for financial reporting purposes under
 guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles mandated by a governmental accounting standards board.

7. Revenue. "Revenue" means taxes and fees collected by the
 State, a guasi-governmental agency or a local district pursuant
 to the statutes of the State, including those collected under
 Title 36, Part 2. It includes money received from the sale of
 goods and services only to the extent that the receipts exceed
 the cost of providing the goods or services.

34 §2043. Approval of revenue increases

36 **1. Approval of increases.** The following forms of approval are required to adopt an increase in revenue:

- A. The measure must be approved by a vote of 2/3 of all the
 40 members of each House of the Legislature or 2/3 of the
 members of the legislative body of a guasi-municipal agency
 42 or a local district; and
- 44 <u>B. Except as provided in subsection 2, the measure must be</u> approved by a majority of the voters in the jurisdiction as
 46 <u>described in subsection 3.</u>
- 48 **<u>2. Exceptions.</u>** Voter approval under subsection 1, paragraph B is not required if:

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- <u>A. Annual state or local revenue is less than acqual</u> 2 payments on general obligation bonds, required payments related to pensions and final court judgments; 4 B. The measure is an emergency tax and the provisions of 6 section 2049 are followed; or 8 C. The increase in revenue applies to a guasi-governmental agency that does not have a body of voters. 10 For the purposes of this subsection, "emergency" does not include 12 economic conditions, revenue shortfalls or district salary or fringe benefits increases. 14 3. Approval by voters: emergency approval. The question of whether to adopt legislation to impose an increase in revenue of 16 the State must be submitted to the voters for approval at the 18 next general election as defined in Title 21-A, section 1. If the Legislature determines by a 2/3 vote that legislation to 20 increase taxes or fees should take effect sooner than the next general election, the Legislature may provide for submission of 22 the question to the voters at any regular or special election as defined in Title 21-A, section 1. The question of whether to 24 adopt an increase in revenue of a local district must be submitted to the voters of the district at the next general or 26 special districtwide election. 4. Revenue estimates. A measure submitted to the voters 28 under this section must include an estimate of the amount to be 30 raised by the measure for the first 4 fiscal years of its implementation. 32 5. Notice. At least 30 days before an election required 34 under this chapter, the election officer shall mail at the least cost a titled notice or set of notices addressed to "All Registered Voters" at each address of every active registered 36 voter. Notices must include the following information and may 38 not include any additional information: 40 A. The election date, hours, ballot title and text and local election office address and telephone number; 42 B. For each proposed revenue increase, the estimated or 44 actual total of fiscal year spending for the current year and each of the past 4 years and the overall percentage and 46 dollar change; 48 C. For the first full fiscal year of each proposed revenue
 - increase, estimates of the maximum dollar amount of each

increase and of fiscal year spending without the increase; and

- D. Two summaries, up to 500 words each, one in support of and one in opposition to each proposal, of written comments
 filed with the election officer by 45 days before the election. A summary may not mention names of persons or private groups, nor any endorsements of or resolutions against the proposal. Measure representatives following
 these rules shall write this summary for their proposal. The election officer shall maintain and accurately summarize all other relevant written comments.
- Except by later voter approval, if an increase in revenue exceeds any estimate prepared under paragraph C for the same fiscal year.
 the tax increase is thereafter reduced in proportion to the amount of the excess, and the excess revenue that was collected
 must be refunded in the next fiscal year. Ballot questions for revenue increases must begin: "Shall (specify district) revenues
 be increased (amount of first or, if phased in, full fiscal year
- dollar increase) annually...?"
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- 6. Costs. The State shall reimburse municipalities for the following costs:
- A. The costs of any election under this section and providing the notice required under subsection 5 if the election provides for a state tax increase; and
- 30 <u>B. The cost of one local district election per year under</u> this section if that election occurs during a regular
 32 election.
- 34 §2044. Expenditure limitations

 36 1. State expenditure limitation. Beginning with the first fiscal year that begins after this section takes effect, the
 38 maximum annual percentage change in state fiscal year spending in the categories specified in this subsection equals the inflation
 40 adjustment factor plus the population adjustment factor and any increases attributable to measures approved under section 2043.
 42 This limitation must be calculated separately for the following categories:

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A. General Fund;

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B. Highway Fund;

C. Quasi-governmental agencies and Other Special Revenue 50 funds, for which separate individual limitations must be

	applied. For guasi-governmental agencies whose primary
2	purpose is providing educational programs, the limitation
4	must be calculated by substituting for the population adjustment factor a factor based on changes in student
-	enrollment.
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	2. Local expenditure limitation. Beginning with the first
8	fiscal year that begins after the effective date of this section,
10	the maximum annual percentage change in fiscal year spending for a local district that is a school administrative unit equals the
10	inflation adjustment factor plus the change in its student
12	enrollment and any increases attributable to measures approved
	under section 2043. The maximum annual percentage change in
14	fiscal year spending for a local district that is not a school
	administrative unit for a fiscal year may not exceed:
16	A. The amount of revenue for the local district for the
18	previous fiscal year adjusted by the change in the assessed
	value of taxable real and personal property in the local
20	district, or the amount of revenue for the local district
	for the previous fiscal year adjusted by the inflation
22	adjustment factor plus the population adjustment factor, whichever is lower; plus
24	whichever is lower; plus
	B. Any increases attributable to measures approved under
26	section 2043.
28	3. Exceptions. The following may not be counted in calculating expenditure limitations under this section:
30	calculating expenditure limitations under this section:
	A. Amounts returned to taxpayers as refunds of amounts
32	exceeding the expenditure limitation in a prior year;
34	B. Amounts received from the Federal Government;
36	C. Amounts collected on behalf of another level of
	government;
38	
4.0	D. Pension contributions by employees and pension fund
40	<u>earnings;</u>
42	E. Pension and disability payments made to former
	government employees;
44	
A.C.	F. Amounts received as grants, gifts or donations that must
46	be spent for purposes specified by the donor;
48	G. Amounts paid pursuant to a court award; or
50	H. Reserve transfers or expenditures.

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2	4. Exceeding expenditure limitation. If revenues are
	projected to exceed the expenditure limitations in this section,
4	the amount of revenues exceeding the expenditure limitations may
	be spent if approved in the same manner as required for a revenue
6	increase under section 2043.
8	§2045. Transfers and refund of unappropriated General Fund
	surplus
10	1. Fund created. The Tax Relief Reserve Fund, referred to
12	in this section as "the fund," is created for the purposes set
~~	forth in this chapter. The fund may not lapse, but remains in a
14	continuing carrying account to carry out the purposes of this
	section.
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	2. Transfer. At the close of each fiscal year, the State
18	Controller shall identify the amount of General Fund
	unappropriated surplus and make the following transfers:
20	WWWFYLOFT TOTED PULLED THE THE TOTTOWING CLEMPIELD.
20	A. Eighty percent of the unappropriated surplus must be
22	transferred to the fund; and
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24	P Thenty concert of the uncompanyisted overlap much he
24	B. Twenty percent of the unappropriated surplus must be
	transferred to the Maine Budget Stabilization Fund
26	established in section 1522.
28	3. Notification. By September 15th annually, the State
	Controller shall notify the Legislature and the State Tax
30	Assessor of the amount in the fund as a result of the transfers
	required by subsection 2.
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	4. Refund through legislative action. If the amount in the
34	fund exceeds \$25,000,000, the Legislature shall, by October 15th,
	enact legislation to provide for the refund to taxpayers of
36	amounts in the fund. Refunds may take the form only of temporary
	or permanent broad-based tax credits, rebates or rate reductions.
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	5. Refund in case of legislative inaction, If the
40	Legislature does not enact legislation by October 15th to provide
	refunds pursuant to subsection 4, then the State Controller
42	shall, by October 30th, notify the State Tax Assessor of the
	amount in the fund. The State Tax Assessor shall calculate a
44	one-time bonus personal exemption refund. The amount of the
	personal exemption refund must be calculated by dividing the
46	amount in the fund identified by the State Controller under
	subsection 3 by the number of personal exemptions claimed on
48	income tax returns filed for tax years beginning in the previous
10	calendar year and rounded down to the nearest \$5 increment. The
50	State Tax Assessor shall issue a refund by November 30th to a
20	place tax assessor shart issue a rerund by november 30cm co a

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taxpayer who filed an income tax return by April 15th of the same 2 calendar year based on the number of personal exemptions claimed on the taxpayer's return without regard to the taxpayer's tax 4 liability for the year. \$2046. Transfers and refund of unallocated Highway Fund surplus 6 8 1. Fund created. The Highway Fund Reserve Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is created for the purposes set forth in this chapter. 10 12 2. Transfer. At the close of each fiscal year, the State Controller shall identify the amount of Highway Fund unallocated 14 surplus and make the following transfers: 16 A. Eighty percent of the unallocated surplus must be transferred to the fund; and 18 B. Twenty percent of the unallocated surplus must be 20 transferred to the Maine Highway Budget Stabilization Fund established in section 1523. 22 3. Notification. By September 15th annually, the State 24 Controller shall notify the Legislature of the amount in the fund as a result of the transfers required by subsection 2. 26 4. Refund through legislative action. If the amount in the 28 fund exceeds 10% of Highway Fund expenditures for the previous fiscal year, the State Tax Assessor shall calculate, based on the 30 amount in the fund, a proportional reduction in the taxes on motor fuels under Part 5 to become effective the following 32 January 1st and remain in effect for one calendar year. 34 §2047. Revenues of guasi-governmental agencies and Other Special **Revenue funds accounts** 36 By September 15th annually, each guasi-governmental agency or state agency that manages an Other Special Revenue funds 38 account shall submit an annual report to the Legislature 40 identifying revenues received in the preceding fiscal year that exceed the expenditure limitation established in section 2044 and 42 any other uncommitted revenues received during the previous fiscal year and proposing a plan for refunding the amount 44 identified that exceeds 10% of the previous fiscal year's expenditure. 46 §2048. Refund of excess local revenues 48 If a local district receives revenues in a fiscal year in 50 excess of the expenditure limitation under section 2044 the

2	<u>local district must use the amount of the unprotected excess to</u> reduce the amount of property tax assessed in the succeeding
4	year. For purposes of this section, "unprotected excess" means the amount in excess of an amount set aside in a reserve account for unanticipated contingencies, which may not exceed 10% of the
6	previous fiscal year's expenditure.
8	§2049. Emergency taxes
10	1. Emergency taxes permitted: conditions. The State or a local district may impose emergency taxes only in accordance with
12	this section:
14	A. The tax must be approved for a specified time period by a 2/3 majority of the members of each House of the
16	Legislature or by a 2/3 majority of the legislative body of a local district;
18	
20	B. Emergency tax revenue may be spent only after other available reserves are depleted and must be refunded 180 days after the emergency ends if not spent on the emergency;
22	and
24	C. The tax must be submitted for approval by the voters at the next statewide or districtwide election.
26	2. Absence of approval. If not approved by the voters as
28	provided in this section, an emergency tax expires 30 days following the election.
30	Individual or class action lawsuits may be filed to enforce
32	this chapter and must be given the highest civil priority for resolution. Successful plaintiffs are allowed costs and
34	reasonable attorney's fees, but a district is not unless a suit against it is ruled frivolous. Revenue collected, kept or spent
36	in conflict with this chapter for 4 full fiscal years before a suit is filed must be refunded with 10% annual simple interest
38	from the initial conduct.
40	Sec. 9. 36 MRSA §3321, sub-§5 is enacted to read:
42	5. Voter approval. Beginning on the July 1st following the effective date of this subsection, a change in the rate of excise
44	tax resulting from the adjustment required in subsection 1 may only take effect if approved by a majority of the voters at a
46	regular or special election.
48	Constant Marine Destant Clark Providence Frond and the second second
	Sec. 10. Maine Budget Stabilization Fund. The Maine Budget Stabilization Fund established in the Maine Revised Statutes,

Budget Stabilization Fund established under Title 5, section 1513
that is repealed in this Act. All funds in the Maine Budget Stabilization Fund established under Title 5, section 1513 are
transferred to the Maine Budget Stabilization Fund established in Title 5, section 1522 on the effective date of this Act.

Sec. 11. Legislative intent; relationship to private and special laws. 8 It is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions of this Act supersede any conflicting provisions of private and special 10 law relating to the determination of revenue, fees and expenditures.

Sec. 12. Legislative intent; relationship to county tax and budget 14 laws. It is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions of this Act supersede any conflicting provisions of the Maine 16 Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, chapter 3 relating to the assessment of county taxes and county expenditures.

SUMMARY

22 The bill proposes to restrain the growth in state and local government by imposing expenditure limitations on state and local 24 government and by requiring a procedure of voter approval of tax and fee increases.

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Under this bill, growth in annual expenditures of the General Fund, the Highway Fund, guasi-governmental organizations, 28 Other Special Revenue funds and local district governments are limited according to increases in population and inflation. 30 Growth in budgets of school administrative units and state-level 32 educational institutions is limited according to increases in inflation and student enrollment. For the General Fund and 34 Highway Fund budgets, revenues exceeding the expenditure limitation must be distributed by directing 20% of that excess to a budget stabilization fund and 80% of that excess to a tax 36 relief fund. The budget stabilization funds may be used only in years when revenues are not sufficient to fund the level of 38 expenditure permitted by the growth limits. The tax relief funds must be used to provide tax relief through refunds proportional 40 to individual income tax personal exemptions claimed in the 42 previous tax year or a decrease in motor fuels taxes. For quasi-governmental agencies and state agencies that manage Other Special Revenue funds, the managers of those funds must report 44 excess surpluses to the Legislature with a plan for refund of 46 those revenues.

48 Under this bill, an increase in revenue would be possible only by a 2/3 vote of each House of the Legislature or the legislative body of a local district or the governing body of a quasi-governmental agency and the approval of the voters of the 2 jurisdiction, if applicable.

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