



## **122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2006**

Legislative Document No. 1860

H.P. 1300

House of Representatives, January 3, 2006

## An Act Concerning Certain Provisions Regarding Protection of Natural Resources Related to Activities in Coastal Areas

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Received by the Clerk of the House on December 28, 2005. Referred to the Committee on Natural Resources pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative KOFFMAN of Bar Harbor. Cosponsored by Representative: PERCY of Phippsburg, Senator: NASS of York.

2	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
4	Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §480-E, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 298, §1, is repealed.
6	Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §480-W, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 230, §1, is amended to read:
8	
10	§480-W. Emergency actions to protect threatened property
12	Notwithstanding section 480-C, if the local code enforcement officer, a state-licensed professional engineer or a
14	state-certified geologist determines that the integrity of a seawall, bulkhead, retaining wall or similar structure in a
16	coastal sand dune system is destroyed or threatened, the owner of property protected by the seawall, bulkhead, retaining wall or
18	similar structure may, without obtaining a permit under this article:
20	
22	<ol> <li>Protective materials. Place riprap, sandbags or other heavy nonhazardous material to shore up the threatened structure and replace, repairor leave the materials in place untila</li> </ol>
24	project-designed-to-alleviate-the-threat-is-certified-by-the department-and-by-the-local-code-enforcement-officer,-and-that
26	project-requires-removal-of-the-material for no more than 18 months from the date the first repair material is placed; and
28	
30	2. Strengthening of structure. Take such actions as-are necessary-to-strengthen to the extent necessary to alleviate the imminent threat, including strengthening the seawall, bulkhead,
32	retaining wall or other structure, including widening the footings and securing the structure to the sand with belts
34	tie-back anchors.
36	If a local code enforcement officer <u>, state-licensed</u> <u>professional engineer or state-certified geologist</u> fails to
38	determine whether the integrity of a structure is destroyed or threatened within 12 <u>6</u> hours of initial contact by the property
40	owner, the property owner may proceed as if the code enforcement officer, state-licensed professional engineer or state-certified
42	<u>geologist</u> had determined that the integrity of the structure was destroyed or threatened.
44	
46	SUMMARY
48	This bill repeals a provision in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 480-E, subsection 9 that prohibits the
50	Department of Environmental Protection from denying a permit for reconstruction of a structure solely because the structure is
52	located in a V-Zone designated after January 1, 1999 by the
	Page 1-LR2943(1)

Federal Emergency Management Agency for the National Flood 2 Insurance Program.

This bill also clarifies certain emergency actions that may be taken without a permit, if specified criteria are met, when
the integrity of a seawall, bulkhead, retaining wall or similar structure in a coastal sand dune system is destroyed or
threatened by specifying that protective materials may be left in place to shore up a structure no more than 18 months and by
providing that actions taken to strengthen structures must be limited to those necessary to alleviate the imminent threat.
Also, the list of those persons authorized to make determinations concerning the integrity of a structure is expanded.