MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2006

Legislative Document

No. 1782

S.P. 699

In Senate, December 30, 2005

An Act To Prevent Elder and Dependent Adult Financial Abuse

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on December 28, 2005. Referred to the Committee on Insurance and Financial Services pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator MAYO of Sagadahoc.
Cosponsored by Representative PERRY of Calais and
Senators: BRENNAN of Cumberland, BRYANT of Oxford, President EDMONDS of
Cumberland, SULLIVAN of York, Representatives: BRAUTIGAM of Falmouth, BRYANT of
Windham, CUMMINGS of Portland, GLYNN of South Portland.

	Sec. 1. 9-B MRSA c. 17 is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 17
	REPORTING OF ELDER OR DEPENDENT ADULT FINANCIAL ABUSE
§ 1:	71. Short title
<u>De</u> j	This chapter may be known and cited as "the Elder and pendent Adult Financial Abuse Reporting Act of 2006."
<u>\$1</u> .	72. Reporting of suspected financial abuse of elder or dependent adult required
	1. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
	ntext otherwise indicates, the following terms have the
fo.	llowing meanings.
	A. "Dependent adult" means a person 18 years of age or
	older and under 65 years of age who resides in this State
	and has physical or mental limitations that restrict the
	person's ability to carry out normal activities or to
	protect the person's rights, including, but not limited to,
	persons who have physical or developmental disabilities or
	whose physical or mental abilities have diminished because
	of age.
	B. "Elder" means any person residing in this State who is
	65 years of age or older.
	C. "Financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult" means
	that a person or entity:
	(1) Takes, secretes, appropriates or retains real or
	personal property of an elder or a dependent adult for
	a wrongful use or with intent to defraud, or both; or
	(2) Assists in taking, secreting, appropriating or
	retaining real or personal property of an elder or a
	dependent adult for a wrongful use or with intent to
	defraud, or both.
	A norgan or antity is dogmad to have taken secreted
	A person or entity is deemed to have taken, secreted, appropriated or retained property for a wrongful use if,
	among other things, the person or entity takes, secretes,
	appropriates or retains possession of the property in back
	faith

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A person or entity is deemed to have acted in bad faith if

the person or entity knew or should have known that the elder or dependent adult had the right to have the property transferred or made readily available to the elder or dependent adult or to the elder or dependent adult's representative.

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For purposes of this paragraph, "representative" means a person or entity that is either a conservator, trustee or other representative of the estate of an elder or a dependent adult or an attorney-in-fact of an elder or a dependent adult who acts within the authority of the power of attorney.

D. "Financial institution" means a credit union authorized to do business in this State or a financial institution authorized to do business in this State.

E. "Mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult" or "mandated reporter" means all officers and employees of financial institutions.

F. "Suspected financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult" means knowledge of or observation by a person who is required to report under subsection 2 behavior or unusual circumstances or transactions, or a pattern of behavior or unusual circumstances or transactions, that would lead an individual with like training or experience, based on the same facts, to form a reasonable belief that an elder or a dependent adult is the victim of financial abuse.

2. Reporting required. Any mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult who has direct contact with the elder or dependent adult or who reviews or approves the elder or dependent adult's financial documents, records or transactions in connection with providing financial services with respect to the elder or dependent adult and who, within the scope of that mandated reporter's employment or professional practice, has observed or has knowledge of an incident that is directly related to the transaction or matter that is within that scope of employment or professional practice and that reasonably appears to be financial abuse or, in the case of a mandated reporter who does not have direct contact with the elder or dependent adult, who reasonably suspects that abuse based solely on the information before that mandated reporter at the time of reviewing or approving the document, record or transaction shall report the known or suspected instance of financial abuse by telephone immediately, or as soon as practicably possible, and by written report sent within 2 working

days to the local adult protective services agency or the local law enforcement agency.

- 3. Two or more mandated reporters. When 2 or more mandated reporters jointly have knowledge of or reasonably suspect that financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult for which a report under subsection 2 is mandated has occurred, and when the mandated reporters are in agreement, the telephone report may be made by a member of the reporting team who is selected by mutual agreement. A single report may be made and signed by the selected member of the reporting team. Any member of the team who has knowledge that the member designated to report has failed to do so shall thereafter make that report.
- 4. Rider or dependent adult resides in long-term care
 facility. If the mandated reporter under subsection 2 knows that
 the elder or dependent adult resides in a long-term care
 facility, the report under subsection 2 must be made to the
 long-term care ombudsman or a designee pursuant to Title 22,
 section 5106, subsection 11-C or to a local law enforcement
 agency.
 - 5. Allegation not sufficient for reporting requirement. An allegation by an elder or a dependent adult, or any other person, that financial abuse has occurred is not sufficient to trigger the reporting requirement under this section if both of the following conditions are met.
 - A. The mandated reporter is aware of no other corroborating or independent evidence of the alleged financial abuse of the elder or dependent adult. The mandated reporter is not required to investigate any accusations.
 - B. In the exercise of the mandated reporter's professional judgment, the mandated reporter reasonably believes that financial abuse of the elder or dependent adult did not occur.
 - 6. Failure to report. A person who fails to report financial abuse under this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged or, if the failure to report is willful, a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$5,000 may be adjudged. A financial institution that is the employer of the mandated reporter shall pay a fine adjudged under this subsection to the party bringing the action.
 - 7. Fine payable to Attorney General or District Attorney.
 The fine provided for in subsection 6 is recoverable only in a civil action brought against the financial institution. An action may not be brought under this section by any person other

- than the Attorney General or a district attorney. Multiple actions for the fine may not be brought for the same violation.
- Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit, expand or otherwise modify any civil liability or remedy that may exist under this or any other law.

§173. Confidentiality

- 10 1. Reports confidential. A report made pursuant to section 172 is confidential and may be disclosed only as provided in subsection 2. A person who violates this section commits a Class
- E crime.

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- 2. Reports may be disclosed. Reports of suspected financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult and information contained in those reports may be disclosed only to the following:
- A. Persons or agencies to whom disclosure of information or the identity of the reporting party is permitted; and
- B. Persons trained and qualified to serve on multidisciplinary personnel teams, who may disclose to one another information and records that are relevant to the prevention, identification or treatment of financial abuse of elderly or dependent persons.
 - Except as provided in this paragraph, any multidisciplinary personnel team or agency that receives information pursuant to this chapter is under the same obligations and subject to the same confidentiality penalties as the person disclosing or providing that information. The information obtained must be maintained in a manner that ensures the maximum protection of privacy and confidentiality rights.
- 3. Not construed to allow certain disclosures. 36 section may not be construed to allow disclosure of any reports or records relevant to the reports of financial abuse of an elder 38 or a dependent adult if the disclosure would be prohibited by any 40 other provisions of state or federal law applicable to the reports or records relevant to the reports of the financial 42 abuse, nor may it be construed to prohibit the disclosure by a financial institution of any reports or records relevant to the reports of financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult if 44 the disclosure would be required of a financial institution by otherwise applicable state or federal law or court order. 46
 - §174. Mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of elder or dependent adult not liable

1. No liability. A mandated reporter or an employee of an adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency who reports a known or suspected instance of financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult is not civilly or criminally liable for any report required or authorized by this chapter. Any other person reporting a known or suspected instance of financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult may not incur civil or criminal liability as a result of any report authorized by this chapter unless it can be proven that a false report was made and the person knew that the report was false. A person required to make a report pursuant to this chapter, or any person taking photographs at that person's discretion, is not civilly or criminally liable for taking photographs of an elder or a dependent adult who is suspected to be the victim of financial abuse or for causing photographs to be taken of such a victim or for disseminating the photographs with the reports required by this chapter. This section may not be construed to grant immunity from this liability with respect to any other use of the photographs.

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2. No liability for access. A mandated reporter or an employee of an adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency who, pursuant to a request from an adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency investigating a report of known or suspected financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult, provides the requesting agency with access to the elder or dependent adult who is known or suspected to be the victim of that abuse is not civilly or criminally liable as a result of providing that access.

§175. Adult protective services agency to report to law enforcement agency

An adult protective services agency shall immediately, or as soon as practically possible, report by telephone to the appropriate law enforcement agency any known or suspected instance of criminal activity and to any public agency responsible for the investigation of cases of elder and dependent adult financial abuse. Prior to making any cross-report of allegations of financial abuse to law enforcement agencies, an adult protective services agency shall first determine whether there is reasonable suspicion of criminal activity.

§176. Department of Health and Human Services to provide information

The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide mandated reporters with instructional materials regarding financial abuse of an elder or a dependent adult and their

	obligation to report under this chapter. At a minimum, the
2	instructional materials must include the following:
4	1. Explanation. An explanation of financial abuse of an
	elder or a dependent adult;
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	2. Information on how to recognize. Information on how to
8	recognize potential financial abuse of an elder or a dependent
	adult;
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	3. Information on investigations. Information on how the
12	Department of Health and Human Services investigates reports of
	known or suspected financial abuse; and
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	4. Instructions on how to report. Instructions on how to
16	report known or suspected incidents of financial abuse, including
	the appropriate telephone numbers to call and what types of
18	information would assist the Department of Health and Human
	Services with its investigation of the report.
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22	SUMMARY
24	This bill requires officers and employees of financial institutions to report suspected financial abuse of an elder or a
26	dependent adult.