MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2005

Legislative Document

No. 1573

H.P. 1111

House of Representatives, April 13, 2005

An Act To Authorize a Tribal Commercial Track and Slot Machines in Washington County

Reference to the Committee on Legal and Veterans Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Macfarland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative MOORE of the Passamaquoddy Tribe.

Cosponsored by Senator RAYE of Washington and

Representatives: BIERMAN of Sorrento, DUGAY of Cherryfield, EMERY of Cutler,

McFADDEN of Dennysville, PATRICK of Rumford, PERRY of Calais, Senators: GAGNON

of Kennebec, PLOWMAN of Penobscot.

| Re | it enacted | hy the | People o | of the | State | of Maine | as follows: |
|----|------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Dt | n enacted | DV LUC | reome | n me | SIMILE (| DI WIAINE | as ionows: |

Sec. 1. 8 MRSA §271, sub-§9, as reallocated by RR 1997, c. 1, §7, is amended to read:

9. Previous year's dates. Beginning with licenses issued for calendar year 1996, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, every commercial track or tribal commercial track that is licensed for a specific calendar year must be assigned all of the race dates that it requests for that year if it conducted live racing on those dates during the immediately preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this section, a race date is the same from year to year if it is the closest calendar date that falls on the same day of the week.

Sec. 2. 8 MRSA §275-A, sub-§12 is enacted to read:

- 12. Tribal commercial track. "Tribal commercial track" means a harness racing track, operated by a tribe federally recognized as a tribe in Maine as of January 1, 2005, that:
- A. Is located more than 90 miles from an existing commercial track but within 45 miles of the operating tribe's tribal land held in trust by a federally recognized Indian tribe in Maine; and
- B. Conducts racing on more than 25 days each calendar year after being granted a license to conduct harness racing.
- Sec. 3. 8 MRSA §275-C, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 390, §1, is amended to read:
 - 2. Payments to agricultural fairs conducting live racing. A commercial track or tribal commercial track located within a 35-mile radius of an agricultural fair track may not present a simulcast on a day when the commercial track or tribal commercial track is not conducting live racing and the agricultural fair track is conducting live racing unless the commercial track or tribal commercial track pays the agricultural fair track 2% of the wagers made at the commercial track or tribal commercial track at the time live racing is being conducted at the agricultural fair track and 1% of the wagers on the other races conducted on a day when live racing is being conducted at the agricultural fair track.
 - Sec. 4. 8 MRSA §275-D, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2003, c. 401, §12, is further amended to read:
 - 3. Notice to commercial racetracks or tribal commercial tracks; objections. An applicant shall send written notice of

application for an off-track betting license to 2 commercial racetrack or tribal commercial track in whose market area the facility will be located and shall present proof to the commission that it has provided the notice. 4 The notice must include all information contained in the application except described in subsection 2, paragraph information commercial racetrack or tribal commercial track shall notify the commission within 30 days of receiving notice if the racetrack objects to the location of the facility based on adverse impact 10 commercial track or tribal commercial track. commission shall suspend consideration of the application for the 30-day objection period. If the commission receives an objection from a racetrack in whose market area the facility would be located within the 30-day period, the commission shall reject the application. If the commission does not receive an objection within that period, the commission may proceed to consider the application. For purposes of this subsection, the market area is 18 determined by measuring a distance of 50 miles from the center of the racetrack along the most commonly used roadway adjacent to the racetrack, as determined by the Department of Transportation, drawing a circle around the center of the racetrack using that 50-mile measurement.

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Sec. 5. 8 MRSA §275-D, sub-§6, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 388, \S 8, is amended to read:

No commercial racetrack, tribal commercial track or off-track betting facility in whose market area the facility would be located has filed a written objection to the facility within the time period prescribed in subsections 3 and 4.

Sec. 6. 8 MRSA §275-N, as amended by PL 2003, c. 401, §14, is further amended to read:

§275-N. Limitations on off-track betting facilities

The commission may not allow interstate simulcasting or license any off-track betting facility for any calendar year unless during the preceding 2 calendar years there were at least 150 race dates on which live racing actually was conducted at the commercial tracks or tribal commercial track. simulcasting always must be allowed at any commercial track or tribal commercial track that conducted at least 136 race dates during the immediately preceding 2 calendar years or at an existing commercial track as defined in section 275-A, subsection 1, paragraph B or tribal commercial track as defined in section 275-A, subsection 12 at which at least 35 race dates were conducted during the preceding 2 years if the interstate simulcasting at the commercial track or tribal commercial track

| | is conducted during the regular meeting. For the purposes of |
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| 2 | this section, any race date that the commission determines was |
| 4 | canceled due to a natural or other disaster must be counted as a race date. For the purposes of this section and for the purpose |
| | of meeting the requirements of section 275-A, subsection 1, any |
| 6 | race date that is canceled at a commercial race track due to the |
| | inability to meet the requirements of section 275-A, subsection |
| 8 | 9-A because of a horse shortage, as verified by the state |
| 10 | steward, is counted as a race date. |
| 10 | Sec. 7. 8 MRSA §286, sub-§2, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL 1997, |
| 12 | c. 528, §46, are amended to read: |
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| 14 | A. On exotic wagers: |
| 7.0 | (1) The second of the first term of the second of the secon |
| 16 | (1) The state share is 2.248% for an off-track betting facility located in the same municipality as a |
| 18 | commercial track or tribal commercial track and 2.578% |
| | for all other facilities; |
| 20 | |
| | (2) The Sire Stakes Fund share is 1.551%; |
| 22 | |
| | (3) The Stipend Fund share is 1.169%; |
| 24 | (4) The Harness Racing Promotional Fund share is 0.25%; |
| 26 | (4) The harness racing fromotional rund share is 0.23%, |
| 20 | (5) The horsemen's purse share is 7.871%; |
| 28 | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| | (6) The track share is 7.922%; and |
| 30 | |
| 2.2 | (7) The off-track betting facility share is 4.659%. |
| 32 | B. On regular wagers: |
| 34 | 2. On regular wagers. |
| - | (1) The state share is 0.493% for an off-track betting |
| 36 | facility located in the same municipality as a |
| | commercial track or tribal commercial track and 0.823% |
| 38 | for all other facilities; |
| 40 | (2) The Sire Stakes Fund share is 0.072%; |
| 40 | (2) The Sire Stakes rund share is 0.072%, |
| 42 | (3) The Stipend Fund share is 1.186%; |
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| 44 | (4) The Harness Racing Promotional Fund share is 0.25%; |
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| 46 | (5) The horsemen's purse share is 5.062%; |
| 48 | (6) The track share is 7.899%; and |
| *0 | (0) The clack shale is 1.0590, and |
| 50 | (7) The off-track betting facility share is 2.718%. |

Sec. 8. 8 MRSA §287, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1999, c. 622, §1, is further amended to read:

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5. Definition. For the purposes of this "improvements" means the amount paid out for new buildings or for permanent improvements made to improve the facilities utilized by the licensee for conducting its racing meetings; or the amount expended in restoring property or in improving the facility or any part of the facility that results in the addition, replacement or substantial enhancement or restoration of a fixed asset or of a movable asset that is important to efficient operation of the racing meetings. In general, the amounts referred to as improvements include amounts paid that add to the value, improve or substantially prolong the useful life of the racetrack and moveable assets utilized by the licensee for conducting its racing meetings. Amounts paid or incurred for routine repairs and maintenance of property, interest expense or lease payments in connection with the capital improvements are not improvements within the meaning of this section. In order to an improvement, a substantial enhancement qualify as restoration of an asset must cost at least \$2,000 and must be an expenditure that would qualify for depreciation under the United States Internal Revenue Code. A moveable asset may be considered important to the efficient operation of a race meeting if the asset will remain at the commercial track or tribal commercial track or at the offices of the licensee throughout its use and if that asset is directly associated with running accommodating patrons of the race meet, conducting pari-mutuel wagering or paying purses.

Sec. 9. 8 MRSA §287, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 622, §2, is amended to read:

to Interim payments commercial tracks commercial track. If during the course of any calendar year the commission finds that wagers placed at facilities licensed under this chapter for the year are likely to exceed \$35,000,000, it may, if reasonably necessary for improvements to be effected expeditiously, direct the Treasurer of State to make interim payments to a commercial track or tribal commercial track in amounts as the commission finds the commercial track or tribal commercial track is likely to be entitled to receive under this If a commercial track or tribal commercial track receives interim payments under this subsection that exceed the total amount the commercial track or tribal commercial track is entitled to receive for the calendar year, the Treasurer of State shall reimburse the General Fund for this excess by retaining money otherwise due to that commercial track or tribal commercial track pursuant to section 295.

| 2 | Sec. 10. 6 MINSA 9300-A is enacted to read: |
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| 4 | §300-A. Tribal Commercial Track Development Fund |
| 6 | 1. Fund created. The Tribal Commercial Track Development |
| | Fund is established to provide revenues to be used for |
| 8 | development, administration and infrastructure maintenance of the |
| | tribal commercial track and development and funding of a |
| 10 | vocational education program focusing on harness racing in |
| | Washington County. |
| 12 | |
| | 2. Distribution. On January 30th, May 30th and September |
| 14 | 30th all amounts credited to the fund established by this |
| | section, pursuant to section 1036, subsection 3, paragraph H, as |
| 16 | of the last day of the preceding month must be distributed to a |
| | tribal commercial track. |
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| | Sec. 11. 8 MRSA §1001, sub-§43-A is enacted to read: |
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| | 43-A. Tribal commercial track. "Tribal commercial track" |
| 22 | has the same meaning as in section 275-A, subsection 12. |
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| 24 | Sec. 12. 8 MRSA §1011, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. |
| | 687, Pt. A, §5 and affected by Pt. B, §11, are amended to read: |
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| | 2. Eligible persons. The board may accept applications for |
| 28 | a license to operate slot machines from a person licensed to |
| | operate a tribal commercial track. The board may also accept |
| 30 | applications for a license to operate slot machines from any |
| | person who is licensed to operate a commercial track that |
| 32 | satisfies the following criteria: |
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| 34 | A. The commercial track is located at or within a 5-mile |
| | radius of the center of a commercial track that conducted |
| 36 | harness racing with pari-mutuel wagering on more than 25 |
| | days during calendar year 2002; and |
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| | B. The operation of slot machines at the commercial track |
| 40 | is approved by the voters of the municipality in which the |
| | commercial track to be licensed is located by referendum |
| 42 | election held at any time after December 31, 2002 and before |
| | December 31, 2003. |
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| | 3. Requirements for license; continued commercial track or |
| 46 | tribal commercial track licensure. The board may not issue a |
| | license to operate slot machines to any person unless that person |
| 48 | demonstrates compliance with the qualifications set forth in |
| | sections 1016 and 1019. A person who is granted a license to |

operate slot machines must maintain a license to operate a commercial track or a tribal commercial track, without lapse, suspension or revocation for the duration of the slot machine operator's license.

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Sec. 13. 8 MRSA \$1012, first \P , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, \$5 and affected by Pt. B, \$11, is amended to read:

An application for renewal of a slot machine operator license must first be approved under this section by the municipal officers of the municipality in which the commercial track or tribal commercial track with slot machines is located or, if the commercial track or tribal commercial track is in an unincorporated place, the application must be approved by the county commissioners of the county in which the commercial track or tribal commercial track with slot machines is located.

- Sec. 14. 8 MRSA $\S1012$, sub- $\S1$, \PB , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, $\S5$ and affected by Pt. B, $\S11$, is amended to read:
 - B. Municipal officers or county commissioners, as the case may be, shall provide public notice of any hearing held under this section by causing, at the applicant's prepaid expense, a notice stating the name and place of the hearing to appear on at least 3 consecutive days before the date of the hearing in a daily newspaper having general circulation in the municipality where the premises of the commercial track or tribal commercial track with slot machines are located or one week before the date of the hearing in a weekly newspaper having general circulation in the municipality where the premises are located.

Sec. 15. 8 MRSA §1012, sub-§2, ¶¶A and C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, §5 and affected by Pt. B, §11, are amended to read:

- A. Noncompliance of the commercial track or tribal commercial track licensed to operate slot machines with any local zoning ordinance or other land use ordinance not directly related to slot machine operations;
- C. Repeated incidents of record of breaches of the peace, disorderly conduct, vandalism or other violations of law on or in the vicinity of the premises of the commercial track or tribal commercial track with slot machines and caused by persons patronizing or employed by the commercial track or tribal commercial track licensed to operate slot machines; and

- Sec. 16. 8 MRSA §1012, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, §5 and affected by Pt. B, §11, is amended to read:
- Appeal to board. Any applicant aggrieved by the decision of the municipal officers or county commissioners under this section may appeal to the board within 15 days of the 6 receipt of the written decision of the municipal officers or county commissioners. The board shall hold a public hearing in 8 the city, town or unincorporated place where the premises of the 10 commercial track or tribal commercial track with slot machines are situated. In acting on such an appeal, the board may consider all licensure requirements and findings referred to in 12 subsection 2. If the decision appealed is an application denial, the board may issue the license only if it finds by clear and 14 convincing evidence that the decision was without justifiable 16 cause.
- Sec. 17. 8 MRSA §1016, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, §5 and affected by Pt. B, §11, is amended to read:
 - B. The person has sufficient financial assets and responsibility to meet any financial obligations imposed by this chapter and, if applying for a slot machine operator license or slot machine operator license renewal, has sufficient financial assets and responsibility to continue operation of a commercial track or tribal commercial track;
- Sec. 18. 8 MRSA $\S1020$, sub- $\S3$, $\P\P A$ and B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, $\S5$ and affected by Pt. B, $\S11$, are amended to read:
- 32 A. The total number of slot machines registered in the State may not exceed 1,500; and
- B. A slot machine operator may not operate more than 1,500 slot machines at any one commercial track or tribal commercial track.
- Sec. 19. 8 MRSA §1035, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, \$5 and affected by Pt. B, §11, is amended to read:
- 42 §1035. Location of slot machines

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- Slot machines may be located only on the premises of a commercial track or tribal commercial track.
- Sec. 20. 8 MRSA §1036, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 687, Pt. A, §5 and affected by Pt. B, §11, are amended to read:

2. Distribution from commercial track or tribal commercial track. A slot machine operator shall collect and distribute 39% of the total gross slot machine income from slot machines operated by the slot machine operator to the board for distribution by the board as follows:

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A. Three percent of the total gross slot machine income must be deposited to the General Fund for administrative expenses of the board, including gambling addiction counseling services, in accordance with rules adopted by the board:

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- B. Ten percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded by the board to the Treasurer of State, who shall credit the money to the fund established in section 298 to supplement harness racing purses;
- 18 C. Three percent of the total gross slot machine income must be credited by the board to the Sire Stakes Fund created in section 281;
 - D. Three percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded by the board to the Treasurer of State, who shall credit the money to the Agricultural Fair Support Fund established in Title 7, section 77;

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- E. Ten percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded by the board to the State Controller to be credited to the Fund for a Healthy Maine established by Title 22, section 1511 and segregated into a separate account under Title 22, section 1511, subsection 11, with the use of funds in the account restricted to the purposes described in Title 22, section 1511, subsection 6, paragraph E:
- F. Two percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded by the board to the University of Maine System

 Scholarship Fund created in Title 20-A, section 11631. The amount from a tribal commercial track allocated in accordance with this paragraph must fund scholarships at the University of Maine campuses in Washington County;

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G. One percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded by the board to the board of trustees of the Maine Community College System to be applied by the board of trustees to fund its scholarships program under Title 20-A, section 12716, subsection 1. The amount from a tribal commercial track allocated in accordance with this paragraph must fund scholarships at the community college in Washington County;

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H. Four percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded by the board to the Treasurer of State, who shall credit the money to the Fund to Encourage Racing at Maine's Commercial Tracks, established in section 299, except that the percentage from a tribal commercial track allocated in accordance with this paragraph must be credited by the Treasurer of State to the Tribal Commercial Track Development Fund established in section 300-A; however, the payment required by this paragraph to be deposited into the fund established by section 299 is terminated when all commercial tracks have obtained a license to operate slot machines in accordance with this chapter;

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- Two percent of the total gross slot machine income, 16 except income from slot machines operated at a tribal commercial track, must be forwarded by the board to the Treasurer of State, who shall credit the money to the Fund 18 to Stabilize Off-track Betting Facilities established by 20 section 300, as long as a facility has conducted off-track wagering operations for a minimum of 250 days during the preceding 12-month period in which the first payment to the 22 required. After 48 months of receiving 24 allocation of the total gross slot machine income from a licensed operator, the percent of total slot machine income forwarded to the Fund to Stabilize Off-track Betting 26 Facilities is reduced to 1% with the remaining 1% to be 28 forwarded to the State in accordance with subsection 1; and
- J. One percent of the total gross slot machine income must be forwarded directly to the municipality in which the slot machines are located.
- 34 K. One percent of the total gross slot machine income from a tribal commercial track must be forwarded directly to the Washington County Development Authority; and
- L. One percent of the total gross slot machine income from a tribal commercial track must be forwarded directly to the career and technical education centers located in Washington County.

Sec. 21. 17 MRSA §314-A, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:

5-A. Games on nontribal land. Notwithstanding subsection

46 5, upon proper application, the department may issue a
high-stakes beano license to a federally recognized Indian tribe

48 to operate games on nontribal land in Washington County. The
department may issue a high-stakes beano license in accordance

with this section to all federally recognized Indian tribes in the State jointly.

SUMMARY

This bill defines "tribal commercial track." A tribal commercial track would be operated by a federally recognized Indian tribe in this State. It authorizes the Department of Public Safety, Gambling Control Board to issue a license to operate up to 3,000 slot machines to a tribal commercial track. The slot machine facility operated at a tribal commercial track would be subject to the regulatory structure currently provided in law. The distribution of income from slot machines is the same as currently provided in law with the following exceptions.

1. The percentage of income designated for scholarships at Maine's community colleges would go directly to a community college in Washington County.

2. Instead of distribution of off-track betting facilities, the tribal commercial track slot machine facility would distribute that percentage to a development authority and career and technical education center in Washington County.