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No. 1328

S.P. 455

In Senate, March 17, 2005

An Act To Amend the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law To Encourage Public Access

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator MARTIN of Aroostook. Cosponsored by Representative PINEAU of Jay and Senators: BRENNAN of Cumberland, DAMON of Hancock, PERRY of Penobscot, STRIMLING of Cumberland, Representatives: CLARK of Millinocket, McCORMICK of West Gardiner.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2 Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §574-A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 508, §9, is 4 repealed and the following enacted in its place: **§574-A.** Ineligibility 6 1. Recreational lease. The Legislature finds that when the 8 value of a recreational use lease exceeds the value of the tree 10 growth that can be extracted on a sustained basis per acre as determined pursuant to section 576, then the land is no longer 12 primarily used for the continuous growth of forest products. This finding is sufficient cause to remove from taxation under this 14 subchapter those parcels that are more valuable in terms of recreation and are being leased on that basis. Notwithstanding 16 section 573, this subchapter does not apply to any parcel of forest land that is leased for consideration to any individual or group of individuals to use for recreational purposes if that 18 parcel of land exceeds 100 acres and if the consideration for 20 that lease per acre exceeds the value of the growth that can be extracted on a sustained basis per acre as determined pursuant to 22 section 576. The owner of the leased parcels shall submit a copy of the lease or leases on land subject to the provisions of this 24 subsection to the State Tax Assessor for land in the unorganized territory and the municipal assessors in organized 26 municipalities. The State Tax Assessor or the municipal assessor shall determine if the value of the lease exceeds the sustained growth value. If the value of the lease is determined to exceed 28 the sustained growth value, the owner of the forest land has 60 days from the date of notification to either terminate the lease, 30 amend the lease to comply with this section or withdraw the land covered by the lease from the tree growth taxation under this 32 subchapter. In the case of withdrawal, such action is subject to 34 section 581 of this subchapter. 2. Recreational access limited. A parcel of land to which 36 public access for recreational use is limited or prohibited by the owner of that parcel is ineligible for taxation under this 38 subchapter. 40 SUMMARY 42 44 This bill exempts from the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law benefits a parcel of land to which public access for recreational 46 use is restricted or prohibited.