



122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

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No. 1226

H.P. 844

House of Representatives, March 10, 2005

An Act To Amend the Laws Governing the Taxation of Time-share Estates

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Failand MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND

Clerk

Presented by Representative COLLINS of Wells. Cosponsored by Senator NASS of York and Representatives: BIERMAN of Sorrento, CLARK of Millinocket, CLOUGH of Scarborough, McCORMICK of West Gardiner, PINEAU of Jay, SEAVEY of Kennebunkport, WATSON of Bath, Senator: COURTNEY of York.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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	Sec. 1. 33 MRSA §593, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1987, c. 358,
4	§1, is further amended to read:
6	2. Time-share estates as separate estates or as one
	parcel. Each time-share estate constitutes for all purposes a
8	separate estate in real property. Each time-share estate shall
	must be separately assessed and taxed. The <u>When so taxed, the</u>
L0	filing and discharge of tax liens on more than one time-share
	estate owned by the same person are governed by Title 36, section
2	942-A. If required by an ordinance enacted by the municipal
	officers, each whole condominium unit in which time-share estates
4	have been created must be valued for real estate tax purposes as
	if the unit were owned by a single taxpayer, in which case the
16	total cumulative purchase price paid for the time-share estates
	may not determine the unit's assessed value. Whether taxed as
. 8	separate estates or as one condominium unit, the assessed value
	may not include that portion of the purchase price attributable
0	to marketing costs, vacation or interval exchange rights,
2	vacation services or club memberships or costs associated with
6	those rights, services or memberships if the association of unit
4	owners or a managing entity provides competent information detailing such costs to the municipal assessor prior to March 1st.
б 8	Sec. 2. 33 MRSA §593, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1991, c. 197, §1, is further amended to read:
•	4. Collection and receipt of money for taxes; tax bills.
0	The managing entity may collect and receive money from time-share
	estate owners for the purpose of paying taxes assessed on
2	time-share estates.
4	If the municipal officers have enacted an ordinance requiring
	that each whole condominium unit in which time-share estates have
5	been created be valued for real estate tax purposes as if the
	unit were owned by a single taxpayer or if otherwise required by
3	an ordinance enacted by the municipal officers, the managing
	entity, or if there is none, the condominium's association, shall
)	collect and receive money from time-share estate owners for the
	purpose of paying taxes assessed on time-share estates. The If
2	the municipal officers have not enacted an ordinance requiring
	that each whole condominium unit in which time-share estates have
L	been created be valued for real estate tax purposes as if the
	unit were owned by a single taxpayer, the ordinance requiring the
5	managing entity to so collect and receive money must also require
~	that the municipality send the managing entity a tax bill and
8	information necessary to identify the assessed value of each
	time-share unit. Nothing in this subsection prevents a

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- municipality from sending separate tax bills to each time-share owner.
- 4 Any managing entity that collects taxes shall maintain an escrow account and pay the taxes as provided in subsection 5.

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Sec. 3. Application. This Act applies to taxes assessed based on the status of property on or after April 1, 2005.

10 SUMMARY 12 This bill provides that if required by an ordinance enacted 14 by the municipal officers, each whole condominium unit in which time-share estates have been created within a municipality must 16 be valued for real estate tax purposes as if the unit were owned by a single taxpayer.