# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

### **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2005**

Legislative Document

No. 1177

S.P. 405

In Senate, March 8, 2005

An Act To Limit the Early Release of Persons Convicted of Certain Crimes

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator WOODCOCK of Franklin.

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 15 MRSA §104-A, sub-§1, as corrected by RR 1995, c. 2, §28 and amended by PL 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §§6 and 7, is further amended to read:

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Release and discharge. The term "release," as used in section, means termination of institutional in-patient inpatient residency and return to permanent residency in the community. The head of the institution in which a person is placed, under section 103, shall, annually, forward to the Commissioner of Health and Human Services a report containing the opinion of a staff psychiatrist as to the mental conditions of that person, stating specifically whether the person may be released or discharged without likelihood that the person will cause injury to that person or to others due to mental disease or mental defect. The report must also contain a brief statement of the reasons for the opinion. If a person who has been found not criminally responsible by reason of mental disease or mental defect under section 103 for the crime of murder or a Class A crime is the subject of a report finding that the person may be released, the report must specifically describe the supervision that the Department of Health and Human Services must provide to ensure that the person takes any medication as prescribed and complies with any other conditions of release. The commissioner shall immediately file the report in the Superior Court for the county in which the person is hospitalized. The court shall review each report and, if it is made to appear by the report that any person may be ready for release or discharge, the court shall set a date for and hold a hearing on the issue of the person's readiness for release or discharge. The court shall give notice of the hearing and mail a copy of the report to the the Attorney General, offices of district attorney prosecuted the criminal charges for which the person was acquitted by reason of insanity and the offices of the district attorneys in whose district the release petition was filed or in whose district release may occur. At the hearing, the court shall receive the testimony of at least one psychiatrist who has treated the person and a member of the State Forensic Service who has examined the person, the testimony of any independent psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist who is employed by the presecutor and has examined the person and any other relevant testimony. If, after hearing, the court finds that the person may be released or discharged without likelihood that the person will cause injury to that person or to others due to mental disease or mental defect, the court shall order, as applicable:

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A. Release from the institution, provided that:

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- (1) The order for release may--includes determined appropriate by including, but not limited to, eut-patient outpatient treatment and supervision by the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Mental Health. If the order for release covers a person found not criminally responsible by reason of mental disease or mental defect under section 103 for the crime of murder or a Class A crime, the order must specifically direct the department to provide the level of supervision necessary to ensure that the person takes any medication as prescribed and complies with any other conditions of release; and
  - (2) The order for release includes the condition that the person must be returned to the institution immediately upon the order of the commissioner whenever the person fails to comply with other conditions of release ordered by the court; or
- B. Discharge from the custody of the Commissioner of Health and Human Services.
  - Release from the institution is subject to annual review by the court and, except for return as ordered by the commissioner under paragraph A, subparagraph (1), must continue until terminated by the court. Each person released under this section shall remain in the custody of the commissioner. The Commissioner of Health and Human Services shall inform the public safety officer of the municipality or the sheriff's office of the county into which the person is released of the release.

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This bill requires that before a person who has been found not criminally responsible for the crime of murder or a Class A crime by reason of mental disease or mental defect may be released from institutional commitment, the Department of Health and Human Services must identify the level of supervision needed to ensure that the person takes any medication as prescribed and complies with any other conditions of release. The bill also requires that the court order for release direct the Department of Health and Human Services to provide the necessary level of supervision.