# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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2	DATE: 5. 27.05 (Filing No. S-280)
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6	LABOR
8	Reported by: MAJORITY
10	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
12	STATE OF MAINE
14	SENATE 122ND LEGISLATURE
16	FIRST SPECIAL SESSION
18	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 361, L.D. 1044, Bill, "An
20	Act To Care for Families"
22	Amend the bill in section 1 in that part designated "§636." in subsection 1 by striking out all of paragraphs A and B (page
24	1, lines 11 to 18 in L.D.) and inserting in their place the following:
26	'A. "Employer" means a public or private employer with 15
28	or more employees.
30	B. "Immediate family member" means an employee's child, spouse or parent.
32	C. "Paid leave" means time away from work by an employee
34	for which the employee receives compensation, and is limited to sick time, vacation time, compensatory time and leave
36	that is provided as an aggregate amount for use at the discretion of the employee for any of these same purposes.
38	"Paid leave" does not include paid short-term or long-term
40	disability, catastrophic leave or similar types of benefits.'
42	Further amend the bill in section 1 in that part designated "§636." in subsection 2 in the last line (page 1, line 23 in
44	L.D.) by inserting after the following: " <a href="mailto:right">ill</a> " the following: 'as provided in this section'
46	Further amend the bill in section 1 in that part designated
48	"§636." by striking out all of subsections 3 to 6 (page 1, lines 25 to 49 in L.D.) and inserting in their place the following:

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'3. Election of time; amount; process. An employer may
adopt a policy limiting the number of hours of paid leave taken
under this section, but in no case may the number of hours
allowed be fewer than 40 hours for a 12-month period. An
employee is not entitled under this section to use paid leave
until that leave has been earned. An employee who receives more
than one type of paid leave may elect which type and the amount
of each of those types of paid leave to use, except that the
employee's election may be limited by a bona fide employment
policy as long as the policy is uniformly applied to all
employees at that workplace. An employer may require notice or
verification of illness for leave taken pursuant to this section
if such notice or verification is required when an employee takes
leave because of the employee's own illness. An employer may
require an employee to specify that leave is taken pursuant to
this section.
<del></del>
4. Relationship to collective bargaining. This section
applies to employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement
unless the agreement provides paid leave benefits that are equal
to or greater than those provided in this section.
co or greater than those provided in this section.
5. Prohibited actions by employer. An employer may not

- 5. Prohibited actions by employer. An employer may not discharge, demote, suspend, discipline or otherwise discriminate against an employee or threaten to take any of these actions against an employee who exercises rights granted under this section or who files a complaint or testifies or assists in an action brought against the employer for a violation of this section. Nothing in this section prohibits an employer from taking employment action against an employee for taking leave that is not protected by this section or other applicable law.
- 6. Application of family medical leave requirements. For purposes of applying family medical leave requirements, the employer shall treat leave under this section in the same manner as the employer treats leave for a sick employee.
- 7. Penalty. An employer who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of \$50 for the first violation, \$100 for the 2nd violation and \$250 for each subsequent violation, collectible in a civil action by the Department of Labor. For purposes of imposing a penalty for a violation of subsection 2, each day that a request for leave under this section is denied constitutes a separate violation.

Further amend the bill in section 1 in that part designated "§636." by renumbering the subsections to read consecutively.

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### **SUMMARY**

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à	This amendment:
4	1. Limits application of the bill to employers with 15 or
6	more employees;
8	2. Narrows and clarifies the definitions of "immediate
10	family member" and "paid leave";
	3. Allows employers to limit an employee's use of paid leave
12	for care of a family member to 40 hours per year;
14	<ol> <li>Allows employers to eliminate or modify paid leave benefits;</li> </ol>
16	
18	5. Establishes penalties of \$50 for a first violation, \$100 for a 2nd violation and \$250 for each subsequent violation; and
20	6. Clarifies certain other provisions of the bill.
22	
24	FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED (See attached)

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## 122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

**LD 1044** 

LR 1441(02)

An Act To Care for Families

Fiscal Note for Bill as Amended by Committee Amendment 'A''

Committee: Labor

Fiscal Note Required: Yes

### **Fiscal Note**

Undetermined future biennium cost increase - General Fund Minor revenue increase - General Fund

#### **Fiscal Detail and Notes**

This bill will increase costs to local school administrative units and other public and private employers who do not currently provide paid leave for illness of an immediate family member. The amount of these additional costs can r be determined at this time. Increased costs to local school administrative units will increase the total future cost of funding K-12 education as well as the level of General Fund appropriations required to fund the State's share beginning in fiscal year 2007-08.

Establishing civil penalties for employers who violate the provisions of this legislation may increase revenues to the General Fund beginning in fiscal year 2005-06. The amount can not be determined at this time and will depend on the number of penalties assessed.

Additional costs to the Department of Labor associated with rulemaking can be absorbed utilizing existing budgeted resources.