



122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2005

Legislative Document

No. 1034

H.P. 719

House of Representatives, March 1, 2005

An Act To Prevent Lead Poisoning of Children and Adults

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Failand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative DUPLESSIE of Westbrook. Cosponsored by Senator MAYO of Sagadahoc and Representatives: CUMMINGS of Portland, FAIRCLOTH of Bangor, MILLER of Somerville, PATRICK of Rumford, PINGREE of North Haven, Senators: BRENNAN of Cumberland, MILLS of Somerset, ROSEN of Hancock.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 2 Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1315, sub-§3-A, as amended by PL 1999, c. 276, $\S2$, is further amended to read: 4 6 3-A. Environmental lead hazard. "Environmental lead hazard" means any condition that may cause exposure to lead from lead-contaminated dust, lead-contaminated soil, lead-contaminated 8 water or, lead-based paint that is in poor condition or the use and disposal of lead-added products. 10 12 Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1315, sub-§4-H is enacted to read: 14 **4-H. Lead-added product.** "Lead-added product" means an item to which lead has been added during manufacture. 16 Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §§1322-E and 1322-F are enacted to read: 18 <u>\$1322-E. Lead Poisoning Prevention Fund</u> 20 1. Fund established. The Lead Poisoning Prevention Fund, 22 referred to in this section as "the fund," is established within the department as a nonlapsing fund for the purposes specified in 24 this section. 26 2. Sources of fund. The fund is funded from all fees collected under section 1322-F and from other funds accepted by the commissioner or allocated or appropriated by the Legislature. 28 30 3. Prevention purposes. Allocations from the fund must be made for the following purposes: 32 A. Grants for funding community and worker educational 34 outreach programs to enable the public to identify lead hazards and take precautionary actions to prevent exposure to lead. At least 50% of the fund must be allocated for 36 grants for the purposes of this paragraph; 3.8 B. An ongoing major media campaign to fulfill the purposes of the educational and publicity program required by section 40 <u>1317-B;</u> 42 Measures to prevent children's exposure to lead, C. including targeted educational mailings to families with 44 children that occupy dwellings built prior to 1978 with culturally appropriate information on the health hazards of 46 lead, the identification of lead sources, actions to take to prevent lead exposure and the importance of screening 48 children for lead poisoning;

2 D. Measures to prevent occupational exposures to lead for private and public employees, including improvements in the effectiveness of the occupational disease reporting system 4 required in chapter 259-A in identifying and educating health care providers, employers and lead-exposed adults 6 about occupational lead poisoning prevention strategies; and 8 E. Funding an assessment of current uses of lead and the 10 availability, effectiveness and affordability of lead-free alternatives. 12 4. Administration. The Bureau of Health shall administer the fund allocations with the review and advice of an advisory 14 board established by the department pursuant to section 1323. 16Preference must be given to programs that reach high-risk or underserved populations. The bureau may contract for professional services to carry out the purposes of this section. 18 20 <u>§1322-F. Lead poisoning prevention fee</u> 22 1. Fee imposed. A fee is imposed on manufacturers and other persons who have significantly contributed historically or 24 who currently contribute to environmental lead hazards or occupational lead hazards through the commerce of lead, lead-based substances or lead-added products or who are otherwise 26 responsible for identifiable sources of lead. 28 2. Criteria. To the maximum extent practicable, fees 30 established under this section must be assessed on a person on the basis of the following criteria: 32 The person's past and present responsibility for Α. 34 environmental lead hazards; 36 B. The person's relative responsibility for environmental lead hazards based on its market share of lead-based or lead-added products; 38 40 C. The lead content of lead-added products sold by the person in the State; 42 D. The person's reports of environmental releases or off-site transfers of lead under Title 38, chapter 26; and 44E. The person's potential as an employer for causing 46 occupational lead poisoning. 483. Rules. By July 1, 2006, the department shall adopt 50 rules that set the amounts of the annual fees on manufacturers

and other persons as imposed by subsection 1, taking into consideration the criteria listed in subsection 2. To the extent 2 practicable, the rules must ensure that fees are collected on 4 products sold by distributors and wholesalers. In determining the total amount of fees and the specific fee schedule, the department shall also consider similar fee-funded lead poisoning 6 prevention programs as adopted by other states. The costs for development of these rules and for administration of the fund 8 must be reimbursed from the fees collected. The rules must 10 specify that the first payment of fees is due on or before April 1, 2007. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 12 2-A. 14

4. Exemption. A fee may not be assessed upon a person if 16 that person demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the commissioner, that the lead or the product containing lead with 18 which it is or was associated does not or did not result in guantifiable persistent environmental or occupational lead 20 hazards.

22 Sec. 4. Report. The Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health shall report to the Joint Standing Committee on 24 Health and Human Services by January 15, 2006 with recommendations, if any, for additional legislation needed to fully implement the anticipated fee schedule under development by 26 rules as required by the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 1322-F, subsection 3. The Joint Standing Committee on 28 Health and Human Services may report a bill to the Second Regular Legislature Session of the 122nd in response 30 to the recommendations of the Bureau of Health.

32

34

SUMMARY

36 The bill creates the Lead Poisoning Prevention Fund to support grants, contracts and programs for educational outreach to prevent lead poisoning in children and adults. The bill 38 creates a fee to be imposed on manufacturers and other persons who contribute to environmental and occupational lead hazards. 40 The bill requires the Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health to adopt rules by July 1, 2006 to assess fees 42 based on a person's relative contribution to lead hazards, the lead content of products, releases of lead to the environment or 44 known occupational lead exposures. The Bureau of Health shall 46 report to the Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services by January 15, 2006 with recommendations to implement the fee schedule. 48