MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2005

Legislative Document

No. 1033

H.P. 718

House of Representatives, March 1, 2005

An Act To Implement Fusion Voting in Maine

Reference to the Committee on Legal and Veterans Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. MacFarland
MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND
Clerk

Presented by Representative PINGREE of North Haven.
Cosponsored by Senator DAMON of Hancock and
Representatives: KOFFMAN of Bar Harbor, PATRICK of Rumford, PELLETIER-SIMPSON of Auburn, PIOTTI of Unity, SAMPSON of Auburn, SCHATZ of Blue Hill, Senator:
GAGNON of Kennebec.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §144, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1995, c. 459, \$16, is further amended to read:

- 3. Restrictions during change of enrollment. provided in subsection 4, a voter may not vote at a caucus, convention or primary election for 15 days after filing an application to change enrollment. A--voter--must---file--an application -- to -- change -- enrollment -- prior -- to -- January -- 1st -- to -- be eligible-to-file-a-petition-as-a-candidate-in-that-election-year-
- Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §144, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
- 16 Change of residence. When a voter changes his residence from one municipality to another and establishes a new voting residence there, -he- the voter may enroll in any party and vote 18 at a caucus, convention or primary election, er-file-a-petitien 20 as-a-candidate-for-nemination-by-primary-election, regardless of his the voter's previous enrollment.
- 22 Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA §334, as amended by PL 1995, c. 459, §21, 24 is further amended to read:

§334. Qualification of candidate for primary nomination

A candidate for nomination by primary election must file a primary petition and consent under sections 335 and 336. eandidate-must-be-enrolled, - on-or-before -March-15th, -in-the-party named-in-the-petition-and-must-be-eligible-to-file-a-petition-as a-candidate-for-nomination-by-primary-election-under-section-144, subsection - 3 - - - The - registrar - in - the - candidate - s - municipality - of residence--must--certify--to--that--fact--upon--the--petitioncandidate for nomination by primary election need not be enrolled in the party named in the petition.

- Sec. 4. 21-A MRSA §355, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1999, c. 645, §2, is further amended to read:
- Oualifications declared. The consent must contain a declaration of the candidate's place of residence and -- the -- fact that-the-candidate-has-not-been-enrolled-in-a-party-qualified-te 44 participate-in-a-primary-or-general-election-after-March-1st-of that---election---year and that the candidate meets qualifications of the office the candidate seeks. The candidate must verify by oath or affirmation before a notary public or administer other person authorized by law to 48 affirmations that the declaration is true. If, pursuant to the challenge procedures in section 356, any part of the declaration 50

is found to be false by the Secretary of State, the consent and the nomination petition are void.

A.--Candidates-for-the-office-of-county-charter-commission need-not-verify-by-eath-or-affirmation-that-they-are-net enrolled-in-a-party-

Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §601, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2001, c. 310, §29, is further amended to read:

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B. The ballot must contain the name, without any title, and residence of each candidate, alphabetically with the last name first, under the proper office designation. The initial letters of the last names of the candidates must be printed directly beneath each other in a vertical line. The names of candidates for any one office may not be split into more than one column regardless of number. The For the primary election ballot, $\underline{\text{the}}$ name of each candidate may be printed on the ballot in only one space. For the general election ballot, -the-party er-political-designation-ef-each-eandidate-must-be-printed with-each-candidate's-name the name of a candidate nominated by more than one party or political designation must be printed once for each party or political designation. party or political designation may be abbreviated.

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Sec. 6. 21-A MRSA §696, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2001, c. 310, §41, is further amended to read:

Determination of choice possible. If a voter marks the

30 voter's ballot in a manner that differs from the instructions at 32 34 36 38

the top of the ballot but in such a manner that it is possible to determine the voter's choice, then the vote for the office or question concerned must be counted. A mark made on or in the voting indicator that differs from the instructions at the top of the ballot but that clearly indicates the voter's choice is not a distinguishing mark. If a voter marks the same name for the same office multiple times with different party or political designation labels, the voter's vote must be counted as if the voter cast one vote for the candidate selected on a ballot space

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SUMMARY

46 This bill authorizes cross-endorsement, which parties practice οf multiple or political designations 48 nominating the same candidate. It eliminates the current rules requiring enrollment in a political party in order to be a candidate for that party's nomination. It also requires the 50

without a party or political designation label.

- Secretary of State to list on the ballot a candidate nominated by multiple parties or political designations once for each party or political designation. The bill would also prevent overvotes,
- when a voter marks the same candidate's name multiple times, from invalidating the vote.