MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2005

Legislative Document

No. 827

H.P. 586

House of Representatives, February 16, 2005

An Act To Preserve Farmland and Timberland following the Death of an Owner

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Millient M. Macfarland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative FLETCHER of Winslow.

Cosponsored by Representative FLOOD of Winthrop, Senator ANDREWS of York and Representatives: PIOTTI of Unity, RECTOR of Thomaston, SHERMAN of Hodgdon, THOMPSON of China, Senator: NUTTING of Androscoggin.

| | Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §4080 is enacted to read: |
|---|---|
| S | 4080. Exemptions |
| | 1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the |
| C | ontext otherwise indicates, the following terms have the |
| £ | ollowing meanings. |
| | A. "Eligible farmland" means a tract of land located in the |
| | State, including woodland and wasteland, of at least 5 |
| | contiguous acres on which a farming or agricultural activity |
| | has contributed to a gross annual farming income of at least |
| | \$2,000 per year in either 1 of the 2 calendar years or 3 of |
| | the 5 calendar years preceding the death of the owner. The |
| | farming or agricultural activity and the income derived from |
| | that activity may be earned by either the owner or lessee of |
| | the farmland. For the purposes of this paragraph, "gross annual farming income" includes the value of commodities |
| | produced for consumption by the farm household. |
| | Provided for consumpcion by the farm nonzenota. |
| | B. "Eligible timberland" means a tract of land of at least |
| | 10 acres used primarily for the growth of trees to be |
| | harvested for commercial use. Otherwise eligible timberland |
| | may not be excluded from the provision of this section due |
| | to: |
| | |
| | (1) Public recreational use of the land; |
| | |
| | (2) A statutory or governmental restriction that |
| | prevents commercial harvesting of trees or requires a |
| | primary use of the land other than commercial |
| | harvesting; |
| | (3) A deed restriction, restrictive covenant or |
| | organizational charter that prevents commercial |
| | harvesting of trees or requires a primary use of the |
| | land other than commercial harvesting and was effective |
| | prior to January 1, 1982; or |
| | <u>-</u> |
| | (4) Past or present mineral exploration on the land. |
| | |
| | 2. Exemption. The tax otherwise imposed by this chapter is |
| | educed by the amount of the tax attributable to eligible |
| | armland and eligible timberland included in the taxable estate, |
| | ncluding eligible timberland and eligible farmland held by an |
| | entity to the extent that the value of the entity is included in |
| | the taxable estate. If the value of a decedent's estate minus the value of eligible farmland and eligible timberland is below |
| | |

the amount that would incur federal estate tax, then no tax is

52

owed under this chapter.

| 2 | 3. Application. The provisions of this section apply to an |
|---|--|
| | estate of a decedent who dies on or after January 1, 2005. |
| 4 | |
| | |
| 6 | SUMMARY |
| • | S ON ALVANIAN A |
| 8 | mbin bill namena the males of climible formuland and |
| o | This bill removes the value of eligible farmland and |
| | timberland from the calculation of the Maine estate tax. |