



122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2005

Legislative Document

No. 394

H.P. 296

House of Representatives, January 25, 2005

An Act To Create a High-risk Pool in the Health Insurance Market

Reference to the Committee on Insurance and Financial Services suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative McKANE of Newcastle. Cosponsored by Senator WESTON of Waldo and Representatives: AUSTIN of Gray, BISHOP of Boothbay, GLYNN of South Portland, LINDELL of Frankfort, RICHARDSON of Warren, SHIELDS of Auburn, VAUGHAN of Durham, Senator: SNOWE-MELLO of Androscoggin.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 2 Sec. 1. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§2, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 477, Pt. C, §1 and affected by Pt. F, §1, is amended to read: 4 6 A carrier may not vary the premium rate due to the Β. gender, health-status, claims experience or policy duration <u>A carrier may vary the premium rate</u> 8 of the individual. based on health status, age and tobacco use only as 10 permitted in paragraph D. Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended by PL 2001, 12 c. 410, Pt. A, \$1 and affected by \$10, is further amended to read: 14 C. A carrier may vary the premium rate due to smoking status-and family membership. The-superintendent-may-adopt 16 rules-setting-forth-appropriate-methodologies-regarding-rate 18 discounts - based - on - smoking - status - - Rules - adopted - pursuant to-this-paragraph-are-routine-technical-rules-as-defined-in 20 Title-5,-chapter-375,-subchapter-II-A. Sec. 3. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 2001, 22 c. 410, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by \S^{10} , is further amended to read: 24 A carrier may vary the premium rate due to age, health D. status, occupation or industry and, geographic area enly 26 under --- the -- following --- schedule -- and -- within -- the -- listed percentage--bands and tobacco use in accordance with the 28 following limitations. 30 For all policies, contracts or certificates that (1)are executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued 32 or renewed in this State between December 1, 1993 and 34 July 14, 1994, the premium rate may not deviate above or below the community rate filed by the carrier by more than 50%. 36 For all policies, contracts or certificates that 38 (2) are executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued 40 or renewed in this State between July 15, 1994 and July 14, 1995, the premium rate may not deviate above or below the community rate filed by the carrier by more 42 than 33%. 44 For all policies, contracts or certificates that (3) are executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued 46 or renewed in this State after July 15, 1995, the

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	premium rate may not deviate above or below the
2	community rate filed by the carrier by more than 20%.
4	(4) For all policies, contracts or certificates that
	are executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued
б	or renewed in this State after February 1, 2006, the maximum rate differential from the community rate filed
8	by the carrier for age as determined by ratio is 4 to
10	one. The limitation does not apply for determining rates for an attained age of less than 19 or more than
10	65 years.
12	(5) For all policies, contracts or certificates that
14	are executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued
16	or renewed in this State after February 1, 2006, the maximum rate differential from the community rate filed
10	by the carrier for health status as determined by ratio
18	is 1.5 to one and the maximum rate differential for tobacco use as determined by ratio is 1.5 to one. Rate
20	variations based on health status do not apply to rate
22	<u>variations based on an insured's status as a tobacco</u> <u>user.</u>
24	(6) A variation in rate is not permitted on the basis
	of changes in health status after a policy, contract or
26	certificate is issued or renewed.
28	Sec. 4. 24-A MRSA 2736-C, sub-2, G is enacted to read:
30	G. A carrier that offered individual health plans prior to
32	February 1, 2006 may close its individual book of business sold prior to February 1, 2006 and may establish a separate
	community rate for individuals applying for coverage under
34	an individual health plan after February 1, 2006.
36	Sec. 5. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§3, ¶A, as corrected by RR
38	2001, c. 1, §30, is repealed.
	Sec. 6. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§3, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1993,
40	c. 477, Pt. C, §1 and affected by Pt. F, §1, is repealed.
42	Sec. 7. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§3, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1999,
44	c. 256, Pt. D, §1, is amended to read:
16	D. Netwithstanding-paragraph Ar-earriers <u>Carriers</u> offering
46	supplemental coverage for the Civilian Health and Medical Program for the Uniformed Services, CHAMPUS, are not
48	required to issue this coverage if the applicant for
50	insurance does not have CHAMPUS coverage.
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Sec. 8. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§3, ¶E is enacted to read:

- E. An individual may not be denied health insurance due to age or gender. This paragraph may not be construed to require a carrier to actively market health insurance to an individual 65 years of age or older.
- Sec. 9. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 570, §7, is amended to read:
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9. Exemption for certain associations. The superintendent
 may exempt a group health insurance policy or group nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract issued to an association group, organized pursuant to section 2805-A, from the requirements of subsection--3,---paragraph--A; subsection 6, paragraph A; and subsection 8 if:

18 A. Issuance and renewal of coverage under the policy or contract is guaranteed to all members of the association who
 20 are residents of this State and to their dependents;

B. Rates for the association comply with the premium rate requirements of subsection 2 or are established on a nationwide basis and substantially comply with the purposes of this section, except that exempted associations may be rated separately from the carrier's other individual health plans, if any;

C. The group's anticipated loss ratio, as defined in subsection 5, is at least 75%;

- 32 D. The association's membership criteria do not include age, health status, medical utilization history or any other
 34 factor with a similar purpose or effect;
- 36 E. The association's group health plan is not marketed to the general public;
- F. The association does not allow insurance agents or
 40 brokers to market association memberships, accept applications for memberships or enroll members, except when
 42 the association is an association of insurance agents or brokers organized under section 2805-A;
- G. Insurance is provided as an incidental benefit of
 association membership and the primary purposes of the
 association do not include group buying or mass marketing of
 insurance or other goods and services; and

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Granting an exemption to the association does not н. 2 conflict with the purposes of this section. 4 Sec. 10. 24-A MRSA §2848, sub-§1-B, ¶A, as amended by PL 1999, c. 256, Pt. L, §2, is further amended to read: 6 8 Α. "Federally creditable coverage" means health benefits or coverage provided under any of the following: 10 An employee welfare benefit plan as defined in (1)Section 3(1) of the federal Employee Retirement Income 12 Security Act of 1974, 29 United States Code, Section 1001, or a plan that would be an employee welfare 14benefit plan but for the "governmental plan" or "nonelecting church plan" exceptions, if the plan 16 provides medical care as defined in subsection 2-A, and includes items and services paid for as medical care 18 directly or through insurance, reimbursement or 20 otherwise; 22 (2) Benefits consisting of medical care provided directly, through insurance or reimbursement and including items and services paid for as medical care 24 under a policy, contract or certificate offered by a 26 carrier; 28 (3) Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, Medicare; 30 (4) Title XIX of the Social Security Act, Medicaid, 32 other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under Section 1928 of the Social Security Act or a state children's health insurance program under Title XXI of 34 the Social Security Act; 36 (5) The Civilian Health and Medical Program for the Uniformed Services, CHAMPUS, 10 United States Code, 38 Chapter 55; 40 A medical care program of the federal Indian (6) Health Care Improvement Act, 25 United States Code, 42 Section 1601 or of a tribal organization; 44 (7) A state health benefits risk pool; 46 A health plan offered under the federal Employees (8) Health Benefits Amendments Act, 5 United States Code, 48 Chapter 89; 50

(9) A public health plan as defined in federal regulations authorized by the federal Public Health Service Act, Section 2701(c)(1)(I), as amended by Public Law 104-191; er

(10) A health benefit plan under Section 5(e) of the Peace Corps Act, 22 United States Code, Section 2504(e).; or

(11) Insurance coverage offered by the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool Association pursuant to chapter 54.

Sec. 11. 24-A MRSA §2849-B, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended by PL 2001, c. 258, Pt. E, §7, is further amended to read:

A. That person was covered under an-individual-or a group contract or policy issued by any nonprofit hospital or medical service organization, insurer, or health maintenance organization, or was covered under an uninsured employee benefit plan that provides payment for health services received by employees and their dependents or a governmental program, including, but not limited to, those listed in section 2848, subsection 1-B, paragraph A, subparagraphs (3) to (10). For purposes of this section, the individual or group policy under which the person is seeking coverage is the "succeeding policy." The group or-individual contract or policy, uninsured employee benefit plan or governmental program that previously covered the person is the "prior contract or policy"; and

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- Sec. 12. 24-A MRSA c. 54 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 54

COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH INSURANCE RISK POOL ASSOCIATION

§3901. Short title

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This chapter may be known and cited as "the Comprehensive 42 Health Insurance Risk Pool Association Act."

- 44 §3902. Purpose
- 46 It is the purpose of this chapter to establish a mechanism to spread among all insurers doing business in this State the
 48 cost of providing health and accident insurance coverage to those residents of this State who because of health conditions consume

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2	unusually large amounts of health care and to ensure a competitive insurance market.
4	§3903. Definitions
6	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
8	1. Association. "Association" means the Comprehensive
10	Health Insurance Risk Pool Association established in section 3904.
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14	2. Board. "Board" means the board of directors of the association.
16	3. Covered person. "Covered person" means an individual resident of this State who:
18	A. Is eligible to receive benefits from an insurer;
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22	<u>B. Is eligible for benefits under the federal Health</u> Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; or
24	<u>C. Has been certified as eligible for federal trade adjustment assistance or for pension benefit guarantee</u>
26	corporation assistance, as provided by the federal Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of 2002.
28	For the purposes of this chapter, "covered person" does not
30	include a dependent of a covered person.
32	4. Dependent. "Dependent" means a resident spouse, a resident unmarried child under 19 years of age, a child who is a
34	student under 23 years of age and who is financially dependent upon the parent or a child of any age who is disabled and
36	dependent upon the parent.
38	5. Health maintenance organization. "Health maintenance organization" means an organization authorized under chapter 56
40	to operate a health maintenance organization in this State.
42	6. Insurer. "Insurer" means an entity that is authorized to write medical insurance or that provides medical insurance in
44	this State. For the purposes of this chapter, "insurer" includes
46	an insurance company, a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization, a fraternal benefit society, a health maintenance
48	organization, a self-insurance arrangement that provides health care benefits in this State to the extent allowed under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, a
50	3rd-party administrator, a multiple-employer welfare arrangement,

another entity providing medical insurance or health benefits subject to state insurance regulation and a reinsurer that reinsures health insurance in this State.

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4 7. Medical insurance. "Medical insurance" means a hospital 6 and medical expense-incurred policy, nonprofit hospital and medical service plan, health maintenance organization subscriber 8 contract or other health care plan or arrangement that pays for or furnishes medical or health care services whether by insurance or otherwise, whether sold as an individual or group policy. 10 "Medical insurance" does not include accidental injury, specified disease, hospital indemnity, dental, vision, disability income, 12 Medicare supplement, long-term care or other limited benefit 14 health insurance or credit insurance; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; insurance arising out of 16 workers' compensation or similar law; automobile medical payment insurance; or insurance under which benefits are payable with or 18 without regard to fault and that is statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent 20 <u>self-insurance.</u> 22 8. Medicare. "Medicare" means coverage under both Parts A and B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act, 42 24 United States Code, Section 1395 et seq., as amended. 26 9. Plan. "Plan" means the health insurance plan adopted by the board pursuant to this chapter. 28 10. Producer. "Producer" means a person who is licensed to sell health insurance in this State. 30 11. Resident. "Resident" means an individual who: 32 34 A. Is legally located in the United States and has been legally domiciled in this State for a period to be established by the board, not to exceed one year, subject to 3.6 the approval of the superintendent; 38 B. Is legally domiciled in this State on the date of 40 application to the plan and is eligible for enrollment in the risk pool under this chapter as a result of the federal 42 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; or 44 C. Is legally domiciled in this State on the date of application to the plan and has been certified as eligible 46 for federal trade adjustment assistance or for pension

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federal Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of 2002.

benefit quarantee corporation assistance, as provided by the

	12. Reinsurer. "Reinsurer" means an insurer from whom a
2	person providing health insurance for a resident procures insurance for itself with the insurer with respect to all or part
4	of the medical insurance risk of the person. "Reinsurer"
б	includes an insurer that provides employee benefits excess insurance.
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8	13. Third-party administrator. "Third-party administrator" means any entity that is paying or processing medical insurance
10	claims for any resident.
12	§3904. Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool Association
14	1. Risk pool established. The Comprehensive Health
16	Insurance Risk Pool Association is established as a nonprofit legal entity. As a condition of doing business, an insurer that has sold medical insurance within the previous 12 months or is
18	actively marketing a medical insurance policy in this State must
20	<u>participate in the association.</u>
22	2. Board of directors. The association is governed by a board of directors in accordance with the following.
24	A. The board consists of 9 members appointed as follows:
21	A. The board consists of 2 members appointed as forlows.
26	(1) Six members appointed by the superintendent: 2 members chosen from the general public and who are not
28	associated with the medical profession, a hospital or
30	<u>an insurer; 2 members who represent medical providers;</u> one member who represents a statewide organization that
32	represents small businesses and that receives a majority of its funding from small businesses located
34	in this State; and one member who represents producers. A board member appointed by the superintendent may be removed at any time without
36	<u>superintendent may be removed at any time without</u> cause; and
38	(2) Three members appointed by the member insurers, at
40	<u>least 2 of whom are domestic insurers.</u>
42	B. Members of the board serve for 3-year terms, except that of those members initially appointed by the superintendent,
44	one member serves for a term of one year, 2 members for a term of 2 years and one member for a term of 3 years and of those members initially appointed by the member income
46	those members initially appointed by the member insurers, one member serves for a term of one year, one member serves
48	for a term of 2 years and one member serves for a term of 3 years. The appointing authority shall designate the period of service of each initial appointee at the time of
50	appointment.

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-	C. The board shall elect one of its members as chair.
4	D. Board members may be reimbursed from funds of the
	association for actual and necessary expenses incurred by
6	them as members but may not otherwise be compensated for
	their services.
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	3. Plan of operation. The board shall adopt a plan of
10	operation in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and
	submit its articles, bylaws and operating rules to the
12	superintendent for approval. If the board fails to adopt the
	plan of operation and suitable articles and bylaws within 90 days
14	after the appointment of the board, the superintendent shall
	adopt rules to effectuate the requirements of this chapter and
16	those rules remain in effect until superseded by a plan of
	operation and articles and bylaws submitted by the board and
18	approved by the superintendent. Rules adopted by the
	superintendent pursuant to this subsection are routine technical
20	rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
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22	4. Immunity. A board member is not liable and is immune
	from suit at law or equity for any conduct performed in good
24	faith that is within the scope of the board's jurisdiction.
,	<u>-vem more to means and booke of the sourd of juribulocity.</u>
26	§3905, Liability and indemnification
28	1. Liability. The board and its employees may not be held
28	1. Liability. The board and its employees may not be held liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action
28 30	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action
	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or
	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or
30	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in
30	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or
30 32	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter.
30 32	 liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or
30 32 34	liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter.
30 32 34	<pre>liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its</pre>
30 32 34 36	<pre>liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its</pre>
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30 32 34 36 ,38 40	 liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members and employees. §3906. Duties and powers of association
30 32 34 36 ,38 40	<pre>liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members and employees. 33906. Duties and powers of association 1. Duties. The association shall:</pre>
 30 32 34 36 .38 40 42 	 liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members and employees. §3906. Duties and powers of association 1. Duties. The association shall: A. Establish administrative and accounting procedures for
 30 32 34 36 .38 40 42 	 liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members and employees. §3906. Duties and powers of association 1. Duties. The association shall: A. Establish administrative and accounting procedures for
30 32 34 36 .38 40 42 44	 liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association; the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members and employees. \$3906. Duties and powers of association 1. Duties. The association shall: A. Establish administrative and accounting procedures for the operation of the association; B. Establish procedures under which applicants and participants in the plan may have grievances reviewed by an
30 32 34 36 .38 40 42 44	 liable for any obligations of the association. A cause of action may not arise against the association: the board, its agents or its employees; a member insurer or its agents, employees or producers; or the superintendent for any action or omission in the performance of powers and duties pursuant to this chapter. 2. Indemnification. The board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members and employees. §3906. Duties and powers of association 1. Duties. The association shall: A. Establish administrative and accounting procedures for the operation of the association; B. Establish procedures under which applicants and

<u>C. Select a plan administrator in accordance with section</u> <u>3907;</u>

4 D. Collect the assessments provided in section 3908. The level of payments must be established by the board. Assessments must be collected pursuant to the plan of 6 operation approved by the board and adopted pursuant to section 3904, subsection 3. In addition to the collection 8 of such assessments, the association shall collect an organizational assessment or assessments from all insurers 10 as necessary to provide for expenses that have been incurred or are estimated to be incurred prior to receipt of the 12 first calendar year assessments. Organizational assessments must be equal in amount for all insurers but may not exceed 14 \$500 per insurer for all such assessments. Assessments are due and payable within 30 days of receipt of the assessment 16 notice by the insurer;

- E. Require that all policy forms issued by the association conform to standard forms developed by the association. The forms must be approved by the superintendent and must comply with this Title; and
- F. Develop and implement a program to publicize the existence of the plan, the eligibility requirements for the plan and the procedures for enrollment in the plan and to maintain public awareness of the plan.
 - 2. Powers. The association may:

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A. Exercise powers granted to insurers under the laws of this State;

- B. Enter into contracts as necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter and may, with
 the approval of the superintendent, enter into contracts with similar organizations of other states for the joint
 performance of common administrative functions or with persons or other organizations for the performance of
 administrative functions;
- 42 <u>C. Sue or be sued, and may take legal actions necessary or</u> proper to recover or collect assessments due the association;
- 46 <u>D. Take legal actions necessary to avoid the payment of</u> 46 <u>improper claims against the association or the coverage</u> <u>provided by or through the association, to recover any</u> 48 <u>amounts erroneously or improperly paid by the association,</u> <u>to recover amounts paid by the association as a result of</u>

mistake of fact or law or to recover other amounts due the association;

E. Establish, and modify from time to time as appropriate, rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, expense allowances,
producers' referral fees, claim reserve formulas and any other actuarial function appropriate to the operation of the association in accordance with section 3910;

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- 10 <u>F. Issue policies of insurance in accordance with the</u> requirements of this chapter;
- G.Appointappropriatelegal,actuarialandother14committees as necessary to provide technical assistance in
the operation of the plan, policy and other contract design16and any other function within the authority of the
association;
- H. Borrow money to effect the purposes of the association.
 20 Notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the association not in default must be legal investments for insurers and 22 may be carried as admitted assets;
- I. Establish rules, conditions and procedures for reinsuring risks of member insurers desiring to issue in their own names plan coverage to individuals otherwise eligible for plan coverage;
- 30 J. Prepare and distribute application forms and enrollment 30 instruction forms to producers and to the general public;
- 32 K. Provide for reinsurance of risks incurred by the association. The provision of reinsurance may not subject
 34 the association to any of the capital or surplus requirements, if any, otherwise applicable to reinsurers;
- L. Issue additional types of health insurance policies to provide optional coverage, including Medicare supplement health insurance;
- M. Provide for and employ cost-containment measures and
 requirements, including, but not limited to, preadmission
 screening, 2nd surgical opinion, concurrent utilization
 review and individual case management for the purpose of
 making the benefit plan more cost-effective;
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 N. Design, use, contract or otherwise arrange for the
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 delivery of cost-effective health care services, including
 establishing or contracting with preferred provider

organizations, health maintenance organizations and other limited network provider arrangements; and

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O. Apply for funds or grants from public or private sources, including federal grants provided to gualified high-risk pools.

 3. Additional duties and powers. The superintendent may, by rule, establish additional powers and duties of the board and 10 may adopt such rules as are necessary and proper to implement this chapter. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are 12 routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

4. Review for solvency. The superintendent shall review the association at least every 3 years to determine its 16 solvency. If the superintendent determines that the funds of the 18 association are insufficient to support enrollment of additional persons, the superintendent may order the association to increase its assessments or increase its premium rates. If the 20 superintendent determines that the funds of the association are 22 insufficient to support the enrollment of additional persons and that the cap of assessments in section 3908 is too low to support 24 the enrollment of additional persons, the superintendent may order the association to charge assessments in excess of the cap 26 for a period not to exceed 12 months.

5. Annual report. The association shall report annually to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health insurance matters by March 15th. The report must include information on the benefits and rate structure of coverage offered by the association, the financial solvency of the association and the administrative expenses of the plan.

6. Audit. The association must be audited at least every 3
 years. A copy of the audit must be provided to the superintendent
 and to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health insurance matters.

<u>§3907. Selection of plan administrator</u>

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Selection of plan administrator. The board shall select
 an insurer or 3rd-party administrator, through a competitive
 bidding process, to administer the plan. The board shall
 evaluate bids submitted under this subsection based on criteria
 established by the board, including:

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A. The insurer's proven ability to handle large group50accident and health insurance;

B. The efficiency of the insurer's claims-paying 2 procedures; and 4 C. An estimate of total charges for administering the plan. 6 2. Contract with plan administrator. The plan administrator selected pursuant to subsection 1 serves for a 8 period of 3 years pursuant to a contract with the association. At least one year prior to the expiration of that 3-year period 10 of service, the board shall invite all insurers, including the current plan administrator, to submit bids to serve as the plan 12 administrator for the succeeding 3-year period. The board shall 14 select the plan administrator for the succeeding period at least 6 months prior to the ending of the 3-year period. 16 3. Duties of plan administrator. The plan administrator selected pursuant to subsection 1 shall: 18 A. Perform all eligibility and administrative 20 claims-payment functions relating to the plan; 22 B. Pay a producer's referral fee as established by the 24 board to each producer that refers an applicant to the plan, if the applicant's application is accepted. The selling or 26 marketing of the plan is not limited to the plan administrator or its producers. The plan administrator shall pay the referral fees from funds received as premiums 28 for the plan; 30 C. Establish a premium billing procedure for collection of 32 premiums from insured persons. Billings must be made periodically as determined by the board; 34 D. Perform all necessary functions to ensure timely payment 36 of benefits to covered persons under the plan, including: (1) Making available information relating to the 38 proper manner of submitting a claim for benefits under 40 the plan and distributing forms upon which submissions must be made; 42 (2) Evaluating the eligibility of each claim for 44 payment under the plan; and (3) Notifying each claimant within 45 days after 46 receiving a properly completed and executed proof of 48 loss whether the claim is accepted, rejected or subject to compromise. The board shall establish reasonable reimbursement amounts for any services covered under the benefit plans;

- 4 E. Submit regular reports to the board regarding the operation of the plan. The frequency, content and form of
 6 the reports must be as determined by the board;
- 8 F. Following the close of each calendar year, determine net premiums, reinsurance premiums less administrative expense 10 allowance, the expense of administration pertaining to the reinsurance operations of the association and the incurred 12 losses of the year, and report this information to the superintendent; and
- G. Pay claims expenses from the premium payments received16from or on behalf of covered persons under the plan. If the
payments by the plan administrator for claims expenses18exceed the portion of premiums allocated by the board for
payment of claims expenses, the board shall provide the plan20administrator with additional funds for payment of claims
expenses.

4. Payment to plan administrator. The plan administrator 24 selected pursuant to subsection 1 must be paid, as provided in the contract of the association, for its direct and indirect 26 expenses incurred in the performance of its services. As used in this subsection, "direct and indirect expenses" includes that 28 portion of the audited administrative costs, printing expenses, claims administration expenses, management expenses, building 30 overhead expenses and other actual operating and administrative expenses of the plan administrator that are approved by the board 32 as allocable to the administration of the plan and included in the bid specifications.

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<u>§3908. Assessments against insurers</u>

- Assessments. For the purpose of providing the funds necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association, the board shall assess member insurers at such a time and for
 such amounts as the board finds necessary. Assessments are due not less than 30 days after written notice to the member insurers
 and accrue interest at 12% per annum on and after the due date.
- 2. Maximum assessment. Each insurer must be assessed by the board an amount not to exceed \$2 per covered person insured or reinsured by each insurer per month for medical insurance. An insurer may not be assessed on policies or contracts insuring federal or state employees.

Determination of assessment. The board shall make 3. 2 reasonable efforts to ensure that each covered person is counted only once with respect to an assessment. For that purpose, the board shall require each insurer that obtains excess or stop loss 4 insurance to include in its count of covered persons all individuals whose coverage is insured, in whole or in part, 6 through excess or stop loss coverage. The board shall allow a reinsurer to exclude from its number of covered persons those who 8 have been counted by the primary insurer or by the primary 10 reinsurer or primary excess or stop loss insurer for the purpose of determining its assessment under this subsection. The board may verify each insurer's assessment based on annual statements 12 and other reports determined to be necessary by the board. The 14 board may use any reasonable method of estimating the number of covered persons of an insurer if the specific number is unknown.

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4. Excess funds. If assessments and other receipts by the association, board or plan administrator exceed the actual losses and administrative expenses of the plan, the board shall hold the excess as interest and may use those excess funds to offset future losses or to reduce plan premiums. As used in this subsection, "future losses" includes reserves for claims incurred but not reported.

5. Failure to pay assessment. The superintendent may
suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of
authority to transact insurance in this State of any member
insurer that fails to pay an assessment. As an alternative, the
superintendent may levy a penalty on any member insurer that
fails to pay an assessment when due. In addition, the
superintendent may use any power granted to the superintendent by
this Title to collect any unpaid assessment.

34 §3909. Availability of coverage

36 The association shall offer a choice of 2 or more coverage options through the plan as set out in section 3910, subsections 38 1 and 2. The plan becomes effective October 1, 2005. Policies offered through the association must be available for sale 40 February 1, 2006. The association shall directly insure the coverage provided by the plan, and the policies must be issued 42 through the plan administrator.

44 §3910. Requirements for coverage

 46 1. Coverage offered. The plan must offer in an annually renewable policy the coverage specified in this section for each
 48 eligible person. If a covered person is also eligible for Medicare coverage, the plan may not pay or reimburse any person
 50 for expenses paid by Medicare. A person whose health insurance coverage is involuntarily terminated for any reason other than
 nonpayment of premium may apply for coverage under the plan. If
 such coverage is applied for within 90 days after the involuntary
 termination and if premiums are paid for the entire period of
 coverage, the effective date of the coverage is the date of
 termination of the previous coverage.

8 2. Major medical expense coverage. The plan must offer major medical expense coverage to every covered person who is not 10 eligible for Medicare. The board shall establish the coverage to be issued by the plan, its schedule of benefits and exclusions 12 and other limitations, which the board may amend from time to time subject to the approval of the superintendent. In 14 establishing the plan coverage, the board shall take into consideration the levels of health insurance provided in the 16 State and medical economic factors as determined appropriate.

18 **3. Rates.** Rates for coverage issued by the association must meet the requirements of this subsection.

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- A. Rates may not be unreasonable in relation to the benefits provided, the risk experience and the reasonable expenses of providing the coverage.
- B. Rate schedules must comply with section 2736-C and are
 subject to approval by the superintendent.
- C. Subject to approval by the superintendent, standard risk rates for coverage issued by the association must be established by the association using reasonable actuarial techniques and must reflect anticipated experiences and expenses of such coverage for standard risks. The premium for the standard risk rates must range from a minimum of 125% to a maximum of 150% of the weighted average of rates charged by those insurers and health maintenance organizations with individuals enrolled in similar medical insurance plans.
- 4. Compliance with state law. Products offered by the
 40 association must comply with all relevant requirements of this
 Title applicable to individual health insurance, including
 42 requirements for mandated coverage for specific health care
 services and specific diseases and for certain providers of
 44 health care services.
- 5. Other sources primary. The association must be payer of last resort of benefits whenever any other benefit or source of 3rd-party payment is available. The coverage provided by the association must be considered excess coverage, and benefits
 otherwise payable under association coverage must be reduced by

all amounts paid or payable through any other health insurance 2 and by all hospital and medical expense benefits paid or payable under any short-term, accident, dental-only, vision-only, fixed indemnity, limited benefit or credit insurance; coverage issued 4 as a supplement to liability insurance; workers' compensation coverage; automobile medical payment; or liability insurance, 6 whether or not provided on the basis of fault, and by any hospital or medical benefits paid or payable by any insurer or 8 insurance arrangement or any hospital or medical benefits paid or 10 payable under or provided pursuant to any state or federal law or program.

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6. Recovery of claims paid. An amount paid or payable by Medicare or any other governmental program or any other 14 insurance, or self-insurance maintained in lieu of otherwise statutorily required insurance, may not be made or recognized as 16 a claim under such a policy or be recognized as or towards satisfaction of an applicable deductible or out-of-pocket maximum 18 or to reduce the limits of benefits available under the plan. 20 The association has a cause of action against a covered person for the recovery of the amount of any benefits paid to the 22 covered person that should not have been claimed or recognized as claims because of the provisions of this subsection or because 24 the benefits are otherwise not covered. Benefits due from the association may be reduced or refused as a setoff against any 26 amount recoverable under this subsection.

28 §3911. Eligibility for coverage

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1. Eligibility; application for coverage. A resident is eligible for coverage under the plan if the resident provides 32 evidence of rejection, a requirement of restrictive riders, a rate increase or a preexisting conditions limitation on a qualified plan, the effect of which is to substantially reduce 34 coverage from that received by a person considered a standard 36 risk by at least one member insurer within 6 months of the date of the certificate, or if the resident meets other eligibility 38 requirements adopted by rule by the superintendent that are not inconsistent with this chapter and that evidence that a person is 40 unable to obtain coverage substantially similar to that which may be obtained by a person who is considered a standard risk. Rules 42 adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

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2. Change of domicile. The board shall develop standards 46 for eligibility for coverage by the association for a natural person who changes domicile to this State and who at the time 48 domicile is established in this State is insured by an organization similar to the association. The eligible maximum 50 lifetime benefits for that covered person may not exceed the <u>lifetime benefits available through the association less any</u> benefits received from a similar organization in the former <u>domiciliary state.</u>

 3. Eligibility without application. The board shall
 develop a list of medical or health conditions for which a person is eligible for plan coverage without applying for health
 insurance under subsection 1. A person who can demonstrate the existence or history of any medical or health conditions on the
 list developed by the board may not be required to provide the evidence specified in subsection 1. The board may amend the list
 from time to time as appropriate.

<u>4. Exclusions from eligibility.</u> A person is not eligible for coverage under the plan if:

- A. The person has or obtains health insurance coverage substantially similar to or more comprehensive than a plan policy or would be eligible to have coverage if the person elected to obtain it, except that:
- 22 (1) A covered person may maintain other coverage for the period of time the person is satisfying a preexisting condition waiting period under a plan policy; and
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(2) A covered person may maintain plan coverage for
 28 the period of time the person is satisfying a preexisting condition waiting period under another
 30 health insurance policy intended to replace the plan policy;

- B. The person is determined eligible for health care benefits under the MaineCare program pursuant to Title 22;
- 36 <u>C. The person previously terminated plan coverage, unless</u> 12 months have elapsed since the person's last termination;
- D. The person has met the lifetime maximum benefit amount 40 under the plan of \$3,000,000;
- 42 <u>E. The person is an inmate or resident of a public</u> <u>institution; or</u>
- F. The person's premiums are paid for or reimbursed under
 any government-sponsored program or by any government agency
 or health care provider, except as an otherwise qualifying
 full-time employee, or dependent thereof, of a government
 agency or health care provider.

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	5. Termination of coverage. The coverage of any person
2	ceases:
4	A. On the date a person is no longer a resident;
6	B. Upon the death of the covered person;
8	<u>C. On the date state law requires cancellation of the policy; or </u>
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12	D. At the option of the association, 30 days after the association makes any inquiry concerning the person's eligibility or place of residence to which the person does
14	not reply.
16	The coverage of any person who ceases to meet the eligibility requirements of this section may be terminated immediately.
18	6. Unfair trade practice. It constitutes an unfair trade
20	practice for any insurer, producer, employer or 3rd-party administrator to refer an individual employee or a dependent of
22	an individual employee to the association, or to arrange for an individual employee or a dependent of an individual employee to
24	apply to the plan, for the purpose of separating such an employee or dependent from a group health benefits plan provided in
26	connection with the employee's employment.
28	§3912. Actions against association or member insurers based upon joint or collective actions
30	Participation in the association, the establishment of
32	rates, forms or procedures or any other joint or collective action required by this chapter may not be the basis of any legal
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	<u>action or criminal or civil liability or penalty against the</u> association or a member insurer.
36	association or a member insurer.
36 38	
	association or a member insurer. §3913. Reimbursement of member insurer 1. Reimbursement. A member insurer may seek reimbursement from the association and the association shall reimburse the
38	<pre>association or a member insurer. \$3913. Reimbursement of member insurer 1. Reimbursement. A member insurer may seek reimbursement from the association and the association shall reimburse the member insurer to the extent claims made by a covered person after February 1, 2006 exceed premiums paid on a calendar-year</pre>
38 40	 association or a member insurer. §3913. Reimbursement of member insurer 1. Reimbursement. A member insurer may seek reimbursement from the association and the association shall reimburse the member insurer to the extent claims made by a covered person
38 40 42	 association or a member insurer. §3913. Reimbursement of member insurer 1. Reimbursement. A member insurer may seek reimbursement from the association and the association shall reimburse the member insurer to the extent claims made by a covered person after February 1, 2006 exceed premiums paid on a calendar-year basis by the covered person to the member insurer for a covered person who meets the following criteria: A. The member insurer sold an individual health plan to the
38 40 42 44	association or a member insurer. §3913. Reimbursement of member insurer 1. Reimbursement. A member insurer may seek reimbursement from the association and the association shall reimburse the member insurer to the extent claims made by a covered person after February 1, 2006 exceed premiums paid on a calendar-year basis by the covered person to the member insurer for a covered person who meets the following criteria:

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B. The member insurer is able to determine through the use of individual health statements, claims history or any 2 reasonable means that at the time the person applied for 4 insurance coverage with the member insurer, the covered person was diagnosed with one of the following medical conditions: acquired immune deficiency syndrome, angina б pectoris, ascites, chemical dependency cirrhosis of the 8 liver, coronary occlusion, cystic fibrosis, Friedreich's ataxia, hemophilia, Hodgkin's disease, Huntington's chorea, 10 juvenile diabetes, leukemia, metastatic cancer, motor or sensory aphasia, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, myasthenia gravis, myotonia, heart disease causing open 12 heart surgery, Parkinson's disease, polycystic kidney, psychotic disorders, quadriplegia, stroke, syringomyelia or 14Wilson's disease.

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2. Rules. The superintendent may adopt rules to facilitate payment to a carrier pursuant to this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 13. Application for federal grant. Within 30 days of the effective date of this Act, the Superintendent of Insurance shall
 submit an application to the federal Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration for
 a federal seed grant to support the creation and initial operation of the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool
 Association established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24-A, chapter 54.

Sec. 14. Study of reinsurance. The Comprehensive Health 32 Insurance Risk Pool Association established pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24-A, section 3904 shall conduct a study 34 of the possibility of offering a reinsurance pool for the small group medical insurance market in order to spread the cost of high-risk individuals for the small group medical insurance 36 market. The study must address the cost of the reinsurance pool, 38 potential funding mechanisms and the effectiveness of а reinsurance pool. The association may address any other issues 40 regarding a reinsurance pool that it determines are relevant in the study. The association shall submit its report to the joint 42 standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health insurance matters by March 1, 2007.

Sec. 15. Effective date. Those sections of this Act that repeal the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24-A, section 2736-C, subsection 3, paragraphs A and C and that amend Title 24-A, section 2736-C, subsection 3, paragraph D and subsection 9 take effect October 1, 2005.

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SUMMARY

This bill creates the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool Association. The purpose of the association is to spread the cost of high-risk individuals among all health insurers. The bill funds the high-risk pool through an assessment on insurers. An individual insured through the high-risk pool may be charged a premium up to 150% of the average premium rates charged by carriers for similar health insurance plans. The bill requires the State to submit an application to the Federal Government for federal assistance to create a high-risk pool.

14 The bill also broadens the community rating laws to allow carriers to vary premiums on the basis of age within a maximum 16 rate differential on a ratio of 4 to one and on the basis of health status and tobacco use within a maximum rate differential 18 on a ratio of 1.5 to one. The bill also removes the guaranteed issuance requirement for individual health plans, effective 20 October 1, 2005.