# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

### SECOND SPECIAL SESSION-2004

Legislative Document

No. 1924

S.P. 761

In Senate, March 10, 2004

An Act To Reduce the Cost of Local Government through Increased State Education Funding and Provide Property Tax Relief

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator DOUGLASS of Androscoggin. (GOVERNOR'S BILL) Cosponsored by Representative CUMMINGS of Portland and Senator: MITCHELL of Penobscot, Representatives: FISCHER of Presque Isle, LEDWIN of Holden, MILLS of Cornville.

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4	Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §15603, sub-§11-A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. F, §13, is amended to read:
6	11-A. Fiscal capacity. "Fiscal capacity" means the ability
8	of a municipality to raise property tax revenues. For each year of funding, fiscal capacity is measured as the average of the
10	state valuation amounts for the 2 most recent years prior to the year of funding. For fiscal year 1993-94 and fiscal year 1994-95
12	only, if the most recent state valuation amount is less than the average of the 2 most recent state valuation amounts, the fiscal capacity of the municipality is considered to be the state
14	valuation for the most recent year. <u>Beginning in fiscal year</u> 2005-06. "fiscal capacity" means the certified state valuation
16	for the year prior to the most recently certified state valuation. The fiscal capacity of a school administrative
18	district or a community school district is the sum of the fiscal capacity amounts of its member municipalities.
20	Can 2 20 A MDCA 815402 and 824 A 4D
22	Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §15603, sub-§26-A, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. F, §15, is amended to read:
24	B. "Actual local program costs" includes the following:
26	(1) Bus purchase costs as defined in subsection 7;
28	(2) Early childhood educational program costs as defined in subsection 10;
30	<ul><li>(3) Special education costs as defined in subsection</li><li>22;</li></ul>
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34	(4) Transportation operating costs as defined in subsection 29. This subparagraph is repealed July 1.
36	2005; and
38	(5) Vocational education costs as defined in subsection 30.
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42	Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §15609, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
	2. Repeal. This section is repealed July 1, 2005.
44	Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA §15610, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
46	2. Repeal. This section is repealed July 1, 2005.
48	Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §15611, sub-§3 is enacted to read:
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Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

3. Repeal. This section is repealed July 1, 2005.

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Sec. 6. 20-A MRSA §15613, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 848, §10, is amended to read:

- 13. Minimum state allocation. Effective 1988-89, each school administrative unit shall-be is guaranteed a minimum state share of its total allocation that is determined by multiplying 5% of the foundation per pupil operating rate by the average number of resident kindergarten to grade 12 pupils, including special education tuition pupils, in the unit on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year immediately prior to the year of allocation. These funds shall must be included as part of the school unit's total allocation as computed under this chapter and not as an adjustment to the unit's total allocation. This subsection is repealed July 1, 2005.
  - Sec. 7. 20-A MRSA §15671, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 660, §1, is amended to read:

- 1. State and local partnership. The State and each local school administrative unit are jointly responsible for contributing to the cost of the components of essential programs and services described in this chapter. The state contribution to the cost of the components of essential programs and services, exclusive of federal funds that are provided and accounted for in the cost of the components of essential programs and services, must be made in accordance with this subsection:
- A. The level of the state share of funding attributable to the cost of the components of essential programs and services must be at least 50% of eligible state and local General Fund education costs statewide, no later than fiscal year 2007-08; and
  - B. By fiscal year 2009-10 the state share of the total cost of funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12, as described by essential programs and services, must be 55%. Beginning in fiscal year 2003-04 2005-06 and in each fiscal year until fiscal year 2007-08 2009-10, the-level-of the state share of-funding attributable to the cost-of-the eempenents of essential programs and services described costs must increase toward the 50% 55% level of-eligible state-and-local-General-Fund-education-costs required in fiscal year 2009-10.

Beginning in fiscal year 2003-04 2005-06 and in each fiscal year thereafter, the commissioner shall use the funding level determined in accordance with this section as the basis for a

recommended funding level for the state share of the cost of the components of essential programs and services.

#### Sec. 8. 20-A MRSA §15671-A is enacted to read:

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#### §15671-A. Property tax contribution to public education

- 8 1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
- A. "Funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12"

  means providing the cost of funding essential programs and

  services as described in this chapter plus the total
  allocations for program cost, debt service costs and

  adjustments.
- B. "Local cost share expectation" means the maximum amount of money for funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12 that may be derived from property tax.
- 22 <u>2. Local cost share expectation.</u> The local cost share expectation is established as follows.
- This paragraph applies to the local cost share 26 expectation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with respect to the assessment of any property taxes for 28 property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2005, this subsection establishes the local cost share expectation that 30 may be assessed on the value of property for the purpose of funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12. The commissioner shall annually by February 1st notify each 32 school administrative unit of its local cost share 34 expectation. Each superintendent shall report to the municipal officers whenever a school administrative unit is 36 notified of the local cost share expectation or a change made in the local cost share expectation resulting from an adjustment. 38
  - B. This paragraph applies to the calculation of the full-value education mill rate. For property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the full-value education mill rate that is required to raise the total of the local cost share expectation. The full-value education mill rate is calculated by dividing the applicable tax year percentage of the projected cost of funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12 by the certified total state valuation for the year prior to the most recently certified total state valuation for all municipalities. The

full-value education mill rate must decline over the period from fiscal year 2005-06 to fiscal year 2009-2010 and may 2 not exceed 9.0 mills in fiscal year 2005-06 and may not exceed 8.0 mills in fiscal year 2009-10. The full-value education mill rate must be applied according to section 15688, subsection 3, paragraph A to determine a 6 municipality's local cost share expectation. Я 3. Exceeding maximum local cost share expectations; separate article. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school budget, 10 the legislative body of a school administrative unit may adopt 12 property tax rates that exceed the local cost share expectation established by section 15688, subsection 3, paragraph A if that action is approved in a separate article by a vote of the school 14 administrative unit's legislative body through the same process 16 that the school budget is approved in that school administrative unit. 18 Sec. 9. 20-A MRSA §15672, sub-§23, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 20 504, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 22 Property fiscal capacity. "Property fiscal capacity" 23. means the lesser-of-the average of the certified state valuation 24 amounts amount for the 3-most-recent-years year prior to the year ef-funding-and-the-state-valuation-amount-for-the most recent 26 year recently certified state valuation. Sec. 10. 20-A MRSA §15673, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 504, Pt. 28 A, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 30 §15673. Relationship to School Finance Act of 1985 32 The provisions of chapter 606 apply for the purposes of calculating the total allocations for program costs and debt 34 service and for the purposes of calculating adjustments under section 15612 and miscellaneous reimbursements and subsidy under 36 section 15613. 38 Sec. 11. 20-A MRSA §15683, first ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 40 504, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: For each school administrative unit, that unit's total 42 operating allocation is the base total set forth in subsection 1 44 as adjusted in accordance with subsection 2 and including the total amount for subsection 3.

operating costs as defined in section 15603, subsection 29 must

Transportation

Sec. 12. 20-A MRSA §15683, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

Transportation operating costs.

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be based on prior-year adjusted rates. In order to calculate 2 adjusted rates, a predicted transportation cost for each school district based on district pupil transportation densities and the 4 most recent fiscal year transportation expenditures available must be established. Predicted costs and actual expenditures per pupil must be increased 10% to yield an adjusted predicted cost 6 rate and an adjusted expenditure rate per pupil. The essential R programs and services transportation operating cost per pupil beginning fiscal year 2005-06 is an amount equal to a school 10 district's adjusted cost or adjusted expenditure per pupil rate, whichever is lower.

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A. In no case may the essential programs and services transportation operating cost per pupil be less than 75% of the allocation for the previous year for fiscal years 2005-06 and 2006-07. Beginning in fiscal year 2006-07, individual school district essential programs and services transportation operating costs must be based on previous year's adjusted rates, plus an inflation adjustment.

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B. Beginning in fiscal year 2005-06, an appeals process to determine exceptions to the adjusted rates must be implemented. All appeals must include an analysis of cost efficiency and a cost comparison with school districts having comparable pupil transportation density indices.

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Sec. 13. 20-A MRSA §15684, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

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3. Repeal. This section is repealed July 1, 2005.

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Sec. 14. 20-A MRSA §15686, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 504, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

#### §15686. Transition adjustment

For each of the fiscal years described in section 15671, subsection 7, the commissioner shall establish a transition adjustment calculated to minimize the adverse fiscal impact directly---related---te that may be experienced by some municipalities as a result of the phase-in of this Act. The transition adjustment for a municipality must be directly related to the phase-in of essential programs and services and the local cost share expectation method under section 15671-A of determining the local contribution to the cost of funding essential programs and services. The amount of this adjustment must decline with each successive fiscal year, and the adjustments must end no later than fiscal year 2009-10.

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#### Sec. 15. 20-A MRSA §§15688 and 15689 are enacted to read:

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2	funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12
4	1. School administrative unit; total cost. For each school
	administrative unit, the commissioner shall annually determine
6	the school administrative unit's total cost of education. A
8	school administrative unit's total cost of education must include:
O	A. The school administrative unit's total cost of funding
10	essential programs and services subject to the transition
	percentages described in section 15671, subsection 7,
12	paragraph A;
14	B. The program cost allocation as used in chapter 606; and
16	C. The debt service allocation as used in chapter 606.
18	2. Member municipalities in school administrative districts
	or community school districts; total costs. For each
20	municipality that is a member of a school administrative district or community school district, the commissioner shall annually
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22	determine each municipality's total cost of education. A
	municipality's total cost of education is the school
24	administrative district's or community school district's total
	cost of funding multiplied by the percentage that the
26	municipality's most recent calendar year average pupils is to the
	school administrative district's or community school district's
28	most recent calendar year average pupils.
30	3. School administrative unit; contribution. For each
	school administrative unit, the commissioner shall annually
32	determine the school administrative unit's contribution in
32	accordance with the following.
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2.6	A. The school administrative unit's contribution to the
36	total cost of education is the lesser of:
38	(1) The total cost for each municipality as described
	in subsection 1 or 2; and
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•	(2) The total of the full-value education mill rate
42	calculated in section 15671-A, subsection 2 multiplied
	by the certified state valuation for the year prior to
44	the most recently certified state valuation for each
	municipality in the school administrative unit.
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	B. The school administrative unit's state contribution to
48	the total cost of education is the total cost of education
	calculated pursuant to subsection 1 less the school

2	administrative unit's contribution calculated pursuant to paragraph A.
4	4. Effective date. This section takes effect July 1, 2005.
6	§15689. Adjustments to state share of total allocation
8	Beginning July 1, 2005, adjustments to the state share of the total allocation must be made as set out in this section.
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12	1. Minimum state allocation. Each school administrative unit must be guaranteed a minimum state share of its total allocation that is determined by the sum of the following:
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16	A. Multiplying 5% of each school administrative unit's essential programs and services per-pupil elementary rate by the average number of resident kindergarten to grade 8
18	<pre>pupils as determined under section 15674, subsection 1, paragraph C, subparagraph (1); and</pre>
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22	B. Multiplying 5% of each school administrative unit's essential programs and services per-pupil secondary rate by the average number of resident grade 9 to grade 12 pupils as
24	determined under section 15674, subsection 1, paragraph C, subparagraph (1).
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28	These funds must be included as part of the school administrative unit's total allocation as computed under this chapter and not as an adjustment to the school administrative unit's total
30	allocation.
32	2. Adjustment for debt service grandfather clause. Each school administrative unit may receive an adjustment for a debt
34	service grandfather clause determined as follows:
36	A. A school administrative unit is eligible for this adjustment under the following conditions.
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40	(1) The school administrative unit's local share results in a mill rate expectation less than the local
42	cost share expectation as described in section 15671-A.
44	(2) The school administrative unit has debt service costs defined under section 15603, subsection 8 that
**	have been placed on the state board's priority list by
46	January 2005.
48	B. The amount of the adjustment is the difference, but not less than zero, between the state share of the total

_	allocation under this chapter and the amount computed as
2	follows:
4	(1) The school administrative unit's state share of
	the total allocation if the local share was the sum of
6	the following:
8	(a) The local share amount for the school
	administrative unit calculated as the lesser of
10	the total allocation excluding debt service costs
	and the school administrative unit's fiscal
12	capacity multiplied by the mill rate expectation
	established in section 15671-A less .50 mills; and
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	(b) The local share amount for the school
16	administrative unit calculated as the lesser of
	the debt service costs and the school
18	administrative unit's fiscal capacity multiplied
	by .50 mills.
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	3. Adjustment limitations. The amounts of the adjustments
22	paid to school administrative units or municipalities in
	subsections 1 and 2 are limited to the amounts appropriated by
24	the Legislature for these adjustments.
26	Sec. 16. Basis for funding costs of education from kindergarten to
	grade 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning
28	in fiscal year 2005-06, funding of the costs of education from
	kindergarten to grade 12 must be based on the cost of providing
30	essential programs and services as described in the Maine Revised
	Statutes, Title 20-A, chapter 606-B.
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-	Sec. 17. Special education. To ensure greater consistency in
34	providing special education services, beginning in fiscal year
	2004-05, state-approved guidelines must be utilized in the
36	identification of children requiring special education services.
-	Beginning in fiscal year 2004-05, the Department of Education
38	shall provide to school administrative units training in the
	application of the state-approved identification guidelines and

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shall conduct periodic reviews to ascertain compliance in the application of the state-approved guidelines. To ensure greater

equity and efficiency in the use of special education resources, beginning in fiscal year 2005-06, special education costs must be

included in the essential programs and services operating cost calculations and be based on a special education funding formula

that adheres to the 4 principles of being cost-based, equitable,

include provisions for providing supplemental funds for school districts with extraordinary expenses associated with high-cost

The funding formula must

flexible and identification-neutral.

in-district and out-of-district special education services and programs.

Sec. 18. Early childhood and vocational education. To ensure greater equity of education opportunities and efficiency in the use of early childhood and vocational education resources, beginning no later than fiscal year 2007-08, early childhood program costs and vocational education program costs must be included in the essential programs and services operating cost calculations.

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#### SUMMARY

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The bill provides that by fiscal year 2009-10 the state share of kindergarten to grade 12 education funding, as described by essential programs and services, must be 55%. It also establishes a local cost share expectation for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2005. The Commissioner of Education shall annually notify each school administrative unit of its expectation. This expectation must decline over the period from fiscal year 2005-06 to fiscal year 2009-10. expectation may not exceed 9.0 mills in fiscal year 2005-06. It may not exceed 8.0 mills in fiscal year 2009-10. The legislative body of a school administrative unit may not adopt a property tax rate that exceeds its mill expectation unless, in a vote separate from its adoption of the school budget, it votes to increase the property tax rate.

The bill also places transportation operating costs into the essential programs and services funding formula. It also states that special education costs will be included in essential programs and services starting in fiscal year 2005-06. Beginning in fiscal year 2004-05, the Department of Education will provide training in state-approved guidelines for identification of special education students. The bill also places early childhood education program costs and vocational education program costs into essential programs and services no later than fiscal year 2007-08.