

AUGUSTA, MAINE



121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION-2004

Legislative Document

No. 1920

H.P. 1421

House of Representatives, March 9, 2004

An Act To Revise the Fish and Wildlife Laws To Complement the Recodification of Those Laws

Reported by Representative DUNLAP of Old Town for the Joint Standing Committee of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife pursuant to Public Law 2003, chapter 414, Part D, section 5 and Resolve 2003, chapter 101, section 3.

Reference to the Committee on Inland Fisheries and Wildlife suggested and ordered printed under Joint Rule 218.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

E	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
	3-A. Aquarium. "Aquarium" means an enclosed container used
	n importing, possessing or displaying nonnative and exotic
	pecies of fish or other aquatic organisms that has a closed
	perating system, that is located within a home, exhibition
	ouilding or other permanent all-season structure and that does
	not allow the discharge of water or aquatic organisms into the
i	nland waters of the State.
	Sec. 7 17 MDSA \$10001 aub \$0 0
4	Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§9, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 14, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
	B. In Washington County: East Grand Lake; Mud Lake; St.
	Croix River; Spednic Lake; and Grand Falls flowage.
	Sec. 3 17 MDSA \$10001 out \$10 and successful the Dr. 2002
л	Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 14, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
4	14, Pt. A, 32 and affected by Pt. D, 37, 18 repeated.
	Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§20, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
4	14, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
1	in the second and allocled by i.e. b, g, is amended to read.
	20. Exotic. "Exotic" means of foreign nature or character,
r	not native,-introduced-from-abroad,-and-not-fully-naturalized-or
	acelimatized.
	Sec. 5. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§22, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
4	14, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
	22. Fish, the noun. "Fish" means a cold-blooded,
	completely aquatic vertebrate characteristically having gills,
	ins and an elongated streamlined body usually covered with
	scales, and includes any physical part of a fish. The term refers
	to fish living predominantly in inland waters, and anadremus to
	anadromous and eatadromus <u>catadromous</u> fish while in inland waters. Whenever the name of a fish, such as "bass" or "trout,"
	is used, it means the named fish or any of its physical parts.
Ļ	to used, it means the named fish of any of its physical parts.
	Sec. 6. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§27, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
4	114, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
	27. Fly-fishing. "Fly-fishing" means casting upon water
ā	and retrieving in a manner in which the weight of the fly line
F	propels the fly. Nomorethan3unbaitedartificialflies
3	individually-attached-to-a-line-may-be-used.

Sec. 7. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§42, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 2 following enacted in its place: 4 42. Muzzle-loading firearm. "Muzzle-loading firearm" means 6 a muzzleloader, a traditional muzzleloader or a muzzle-loading shotqun. 8 Sec. 8. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§§42-A and 42-B are enacted to 10 read: 12 42-A. Muzzleloader. "Muzzleloader" means a firearm that: 14 A. Is capable of being loaded only through the muzzle; 16 B. Is ignited by a matchlock, wheel lock, flintlock or caplock, including an in-line caplock or shotgun or rifle 18 primer mechanism; 20 C. Has a rifled or smooth-bored barrel or barrels, each barrel capable of firing only a single charge; 22 D. Propels a ball, bullet or charge of shot; and 24 E. May have any type of sights, including scopes. 26 42-B. Muzzle-loading shotgun. "Muzzle-loading shotgun" means a firearm that: 28 30 A. Is capable of being loaded only through the muzzle; 32 B. Is ignited by a matchlock, wheel lock, flintlock or caplock with an exposed ignition mechanism; 34 C. Has a smooth-bored single or double barrel, each barrel capable of firing only a single charge; 36 38 D. Is charged with black powder or black powder replica <u>only;</u> 40 E. Propels a load of shot for the purpose of fowling or 42 small game hunting; 44 F. Propels a charge of buckshot, patched round ball or full-bore diameter lead bullet for purposes of big or small game hunting; and 46 48 G. May have only open or aperture sights.

Sec. 9. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§45, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
 2 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 10. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§§60 and 61, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

8 60. Sunrise. "Sunrise" means the time computed and established for sunrise for Augusta <u>Bangor</u>, Maine, by the
 10 Nautical Almanac Office of the United States Naval Observatory, converted to the legal standard of time in force in this State on
 12 that day.

14 61. Sunset. "Sunset" means the time computed and established for sunset for Augusta <u>Bangor</u>, Maine, by the Nautical
16 Almanac Office of the United States Naval Observatory, converted to the legal standard of time in force in this State on that day.

Sec. 11. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§62-A is enacted to read:

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62-A. Traditional muzzleloader. "Traditional muzzleloader" 22 means a firearm that:

24 A. Is capable of being loaded only through the muzzle;

- 26 <u>B. Is ignited by a matchlock, wheel lock, flintlock or caplock with an exposed ignition mechanism;</u>
 28
- C. Has a rifled or smooth-bored barrel or barrels, each barrel capable of firing only a single charge;
- 32 D. Is charged with black powder or black powder replica only:
- E. Propels a lead ball, full-bore diameter lead bullet or 36 charge of shot; and
- 38 F. May have only open or aperture sights.

40 Sec. 12. 12 MRSA §10001, sub-§67-A is enacted to read:

 42 67-A. Valid license or valid permit. "Valid license" or "valid permit" means a license or permit lawfully obtained in the licensee's or permittee's name and signed by that person.

46 Sec. 13. 12 MRSA §10052, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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Land acquisition. The acquisition and development of 5. land for the protection, preservation and enhancement of the 2 inland fisheries and wildlife resources; and 4 Sec. 14. 12 MRSA §10053, sub-§§6 and 7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read: б 8 Data collection. The collection of data 6. for the effective management of the inland fisheries and wildlife 10 resources; 12 7. Research. Research activities for the effective management of the inland fisheries and wildlife resources; 14 Sec. 15. 12 MRSA §10054, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read: 16 18 Wildlife and fisheries enforcement. Enforcement of laws 2. and department rules pertaining to the management and protection of the inland fisheries and wildlife resources as further 20 designated by section 10353; 22 3. Snowmobile, watercraft and all-terrain vehicle 24 enforcement. Enforcement of laws and department rules pertaining to the registrations registration and operation of snowmobiles, watercraft and all-terrain vehicles; 26 Sec. 16. 12 MRSA §10054, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 28 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 30 7. Other. Such areas responsibilities as specified in state 32 law. Sec. 17. 12 MRSA §10056, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 34 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 36 §10056. Division of Public Information and Education 38 Division of Public Information and Education The is established within the Department of Inland Fisheries 40 andWildlife and is responsible for the administration of programs to 42 increase the public's knowledge and understanding of the inland fisheries and wildlife resources and the management of these 44 resources, including the administration of education programs for hunter safety and for the safe operation of snowmobiles, 46 watercraft and all-terrain vehicles. The division's responsibilities include public education, promotion of the

inland fisheries and wildlife resources and the dissemination of information.

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Sec. 18. 12 MRSA \$10103, sub-\$8, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read:

Biennial revision of fish and wildlife laws. As soon as 8. practicable after the adjournment of the Legislature, the Revisor 8 of Statutes, with the assistance of the commissioner, shall issue 10 a revision of all the public laws relating to inland fisheries and wildlife. The revision must be printed in a pamphlet of the same size pages as the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated, and its 12 printing and distribution must be the same as that of the 14 biennial laws, except that the commissioner may issue as many extra copies of this Part as necessary in a pamphlet of whatever size seems best to inform the people about the fish and wildlife 16 Fees may be established to offset the cost of printing laws. extra copies of this Part as provided in this subsection. 18

Sec. 19. 12 MRSA 10103, sub-10, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7, is amended to read:

Water level danger zones. The commissioner 10. mav establish, in accordance with section 10104, subsection 1, water 24 These zones are areas of rivers and streams level danger zones. 26 below water impoundment that are subject to rapidly changing The commissioner may adopt rules to protect water levels. individuals using those areas for hunting, fishing, trapping and 28 boating purposes. The commissioner may not regulate the flow of water under this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this 30 subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, 32 chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 20. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

1. Authorize taking or destruction of wildlife. Whenever 38 the commissioner determines it necessary for the accomplishment of the commissioner's statutory duties, the commissioner may issue-permits-authorizing-persons authorize a person to assist 40 the commissioner in the taking and destruction of any wildlife. 42 The commissioner may place conditions or restrictions on any authorization granted under this subsection. A person who 44 violates a condition or restriction placed on an authorization granted under this subsection invalidates that authorization and subjects that person to applicable laws under this Part. 46

48 A-person-may-not-engage-in-an-activity-for-which-a-permit-may-be issued-under-this-subsection-and-for-which-that-person-does-not have-a-valid-permit---Each-day-a-person-violates-this-subsection
that-person-commits--a-Class-E-crime-for-which-a-minimum-fine-of
\$50-and-an-amount-equal-to-twice-the-applicable-license-fee-must
be-imposed.

Commissioner's authority to terminate coyote season.
 The commissioner may terminate open season on coyote <u>night</u>
 hunting at any time in any area if, in the commissioner's opinion, an immediate emergency action is necessary due to
 adverse weather conditions or unlawful hunting activity.

12 Sec. 21. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 22. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 16 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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18 4. Search and rescue. Whenever the commissioner receives notification that any person has gone into the woodlands or onto
20 the inland waters of the State on a hunting, fishing or other trip and has become lost, stranded or drowned, the commissioner
22 shall exercise the authority to take reasonable steps to ensure the safe and timely recovery of that person; except in cases
24 involving downed or lost aircraft covered by Title 6, section 303.

A. The commissioner may summon any person in the State to assist in search and rescue attempts. Each person summoned
must be paid at a rate set by the commissioner with the approval of the Governor and must be provided with
subsistence while engaged in these activities.

B. The commissioner may enter into written agreements with other agencies or corporations, including commercial
 recreational areas, allowing partial search and rescue responsibility within specified areas.

C. The commissioner may terminate a search and rescue operation by members of the department when, in the commissioner's opinion, all reasonable efforts have been exhausted.

42 D. The commissioner may recover all costs directly related to a specific search and rescue operation:

(1) From the person for whom the search and rescue46 operation was conducted; or

48 (2) If a person knowingly provided false information that leads led to a search and rescue operation, from the person who provided that false information.

2 Any--person--who--has--knowledge--that--another--person--is--lost, stranded-or-drowned--in-the-woodlands-or-inland-waters-of--the 4 State-shall-notify-the-Bureau-of-Warden-Service-of-the-department.

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Sec. 23. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§§7 and 8, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

7. Sale or destruction of confiscated property. The 10 commissioner may sell all property held or confiscated by the State for violation of laws relating to the protection of inland 12 fisheries and wildlife that has ben forfeited to the State pursuant to sections 10502 and 10503. A confiscated or forfeited handgun that was confiscated or forfeited because it was used to 14 commit a homicide must be destroyed by the State, unless the handgun was stolen and the rightful owner was not the person who 16 committed the homicide, in which case the handgun must be returned to the owner if ascertainable. For purposes of this 18 subsection, "handgun" means a firearm, including a pistol or revolver, designed to be fired by use of a single hand. 20 The commissioner shall transmit all money received by-the from sales under this subsection to the Treasurer of State to be credited to 22 the department.

8. Employee discipline. The commissioner may dismiss,
26 suspend or otherwise discipline any department employee for cause. This right is subject to the right of appeal and
28 arbitration of grievances as set forth in statute <u>Title 5</u>.

30 Sec. 24. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the
 32 following enacted in its place:

- 34 **10. Taking and importing wildlife.** The commissioner may:
- A. For scientific purposes, take fish and wildlife and import fish and wildlife into the State or authorize others
 to do so; and
- 40 B. Take or import wild animals or wild birds of any kind, dead or alive, for the purpose of inspection, cultivation,
 42 propagation or distribution or for scientific or other purposes considered by the commissioner to be of interest to
 44 the game industry of this State.
- 46 Sec. 25. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

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Sec. 26. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 2 12. Purchase or sale of wildlife for use as evidence. 4 Δn agent of the commissioner may buy or sell wildlife for use as evidence in the prosecution of a violation of this Part. 6 Sec. 27. 12 MRSA §10106, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 8 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 10 2. Control of distribution and conservation of hares and rabbits. The commissioner may at any time take and transport live 12 hares or rabbits by purchasing them from local trappers whenever 14 the commissioner determines it necessary for the proper distribution and conservation of the hares and rabbits. 16 Sec. 28. 12 MRSA §10108, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 18 20 Supersport certificate. A person may be designated as a 3. supersport by obtaining a supersport certificate from the commissioner or the commissioner's agent for a fee of $$15 \pm 20$. 22 Sec. 29. 12 MRSA §10108, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 24 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 26 4. Landowner relations program. The commissioner shall 28 develop and implement a program to improve landowner relations. The program must foster public use of private land for hunting and fishing and; promote high standards of courtesy, respect and 30 responsibility by hunters and anglers for private lands; and prevent abuse of private lands by hunters and anglers. 32 The program must have the following 2 components: 34 Α. A program that supports landowners, called the Support 36 Landowners Program. Twelve Sixteen dollars of each \$15 \$20 collected under subsection 3 is dedicated to the Support 38 Landowners Program. The Support Landowners Program may: 40 (1) Offer a toll-free number for landowner concerns; From among existing staff, appoint a landowner 42 (2) relations coordinator at the Augusta office of the 44 department and regional landowner relations coordinators at the regional offices. Regional landowner relations coordinators may be appointed only 46 from the department's recreational safety coordinators 48 and volunteers;

(3) Provide linkage with local conservation2 organizations, volunteer groups and advisory groups;

- 4 (4) Enhance enforcement of trespass, dumping and property damage violations;
- 6 8
- (5) Provide educational materials and signs;

(6) Coordinate with other related landowner relationsactivities, including Landowner Recognition Day; and

12 (7) Encourage landowners who allow access to their property only with permission to conspicuously post
14 signs on the property indicating the name and address of the owner or other person with authority to grant
16 permission; and

A program called the Sport Hunter Program. 18 в. The Sport Hunter Program is established to combat disrespect and misconduct and to improve the hunter's 20 image through landowner relations, coordination with hunter safety programs and conservation ethics. 22 Three Four dollars of each \$15 \$20 collected under subsection 3 is dedicated to 24 the Sport Hunter Program.

26 The Support Landowners Program and the Sport Hunter Program must operate within the department and-must--be-implemented--no-later 28 than-January-1,-1996.

30 Sec. 30. 12 MRSA §10108, sub-§§10 and 11 are enacted to read:

32 10. Becoming an Outdoors Woman. The Becoming an Outdoors Woman program is established in the department to encourage women 34 to participate in hunting, fishing and other outdoor activities within the State. The commissioner may sponsor Becoming an 36 Outdoors Woman events, establish appropriate fees for participation and accept money, goods and services donated to the 38 department for the Becoming an Outdoors Woman program.

 40 <u>11. Coyote control program.</u> Pursuant to section 10053, subsection 8, the commissioner shall maintain a coyote control
 42 program as follows.

 A. The commissioner may employ qualified persons to serve as agents of the department for purposes of coyote control.
 These agents must be trained by the department in animal damage control techniques and must be utilized by the department to perform coyote control duties in areas where predation by coyotes is posing a threat to deer or other

	wildlife. Each agent shall execute a cooperative agreement
2	with the department specifying the conditions and
	limitations of the agent's responsibilities as an agent,
4	including any terms for reimbursement of expenses or payment
	of wages.
6	
	<u>B. An agent employed pursuant to paragraph A may use snares</u>
8	to control coyotes during winter months under the following
	conditions.
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	(1) An agent may use snares only for animal damage
12	<u>control purposes to help meet management goals</u>
	established by the commissioner for deer, threatened or
14	<u>endangered species or other wildlife species or to</u>
	<u>benefit agricultural interests as described in</u>
16	paragraph C.
18	(2) An agent must be trained and certified by the
	department in the use of snares.
20	
	(3) An agent must be deployed by a department wildlife
22	biologist before setting snares.
24	(4) An agent shall post access points to areas in
	which snaring activity is taking place, including, but
26	not limited to, roads and trails for motorized
20	vehicles, cross-country skiers or hikers or other
28	obvious travel ways that may be used by people.
20	ODVIOUS CLUVEL WAYS CHAE HAY DE ABEA DY PEOPLES
30	(5) An agent shall plainly label snares with the full
	name and address of that agent.
32	<u>maile and datropp of ande agener</u>
52	(6) An agent shall keep an accurate record of the
34	number and location of snares set by that agent and
24	must be able to account for those snares at all times.
36	must be able to account for those shales at all times.
30	(7) An agent shall check that agent's snares that are
38	equipped with relaxing locks on a daily basis.
50	equipped with relaxing focks on a daily basis.
40	(8) A department employee may accompany an agent at
40	any time an agent is checking snares.
42	any time an agent is checking shares.
42	(0) in prost shall report monthly to the dependence
	(9) An agent shall report monthly to the department,
44	on forms provided by the department, the coyotes and
16	nontarget species taken by snaring during the reporting
46	period.
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48	The commissioner shall revoke the snaring certificate of an
50	agent who violates any provision of this paragraph.
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	The commissioner shall adopt policies and procedures on the
2	use of snares as necessary to minimize the potential for
4	taking nontarget species and to adequately protect
4	threatened and endangered species.
6	C. An agent employed pursuant to paragraph A may be
0	employed for the benefit of agricultural interests as long
8	as the department is reimbursed annually for the cost of
•	those efforts by the Department of Agriculture, Food and
10	Rural Resources from funds specifically appropriated or
	otherwise made available to the Department of Agriculture,
12	Food and Rural Resources for that purpose.
14	Sec. 31. 12 MRSA §10109, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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1.0	B. The commissioner may purchase, lease or take and hold,
18	for and in <u>on</u> behalf of the State as for public uses, land
20	and all materials in and upon it or any rights necessary for the purpose of establishing, erecting and operating fish
20	hatcheries or fish feeding stations or wildlife management
22	areas or public access sites to inland or coastal waters.
24	Sec. 32. 12 MRSA §10152, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
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	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: §10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee
26 28	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee
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28 30	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed
28	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on
28 30	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physieian, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations
28 30 32	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on
28 30 32	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physieian, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, <u>representatives of</u> 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested
28 30 32 34	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the
28 30 32 34	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting,
28 30 32 34 36 38	\$10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physieian, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled
28 30 32 34 36	\$10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled persons. The commissioner shall meet with the advisory committee
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	\$10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physieian, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled persons. The commissioner shall meet with the advisory committee at least twice a year, once during the month of January, February
28 30 32 34 36 38	\$10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled persons. The commissioner shall meet with the advisory committee at least twice a year, once during the month of January, February or March and once during the month of July, August or September,
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	\$10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled persons. The commissioner shall meet with the advisory committee at least twice a year, once during the month of January, February or March and once during the month of July, August or September, to review applications for special permits to accommodate
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	§10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled persons. The commissioner shall meet with the advisory committee at least twice a year, once during the month of January, February or March and once during the month of July, August or September, to review applications for special permits to accommodate permanent physical disabilities provided for in section 10853,
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	\$10152. Disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee The commissioner shall establish a disabled hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee, referred to in this section as the "advisory committee," composed of 4 disabled persons, a-licensed physician, a representative of state agencies that work on disability issues, representatives of 2 statewide organizations representing hunters, trappers or anglers and one interested person. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise the commissioner on applications for a special permit under section 10853, subsection 11 and to provide recommendations to the commissioner on ways to promote and enhance access to hunting, fishing and trapping opportunities in this State for disabled persons. The commissioner shall meet with the advisory committee at least twice a year, once during the month of January, February or March and once during the month of July, August or September, to review applications for special permits to accommodate permanent physical disabilities provided for in section 10853, subsection 11 but may meet more often as the commissioner determines necessary. The commissioner may, within existing budgeted resources, reimburse advisory committee members for mileage or other expenses related to attending meetings of the

Sec. 33. 12 MRSA §10155, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 2 Compensation. All members of the board except state 4 6. employees, are entitled to receive compensation as provided in Title 5, chapter 379. 6 Sec. 34. 12 MRSA §10155, sub-§7 is enacted to read: 8 7. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules to implement the 10 provisions of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, 12 chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 14 Sec. 35. 12 MRSA §10156, sub-§1, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 16 Eight persons representing the public who are licensed 18 C. whitewater guides, appointed by the Governor for staggered terms of 3 years. In making appointments under this 20 paragraph, the Governor shall ensure that those appointments establish and maintain a wide diversity of whitewater guide 22 experience on the State's rapidly flowing rivers. The Governor-may-not-appoint-a A person who holds a commercial 24 whitewater outfitter's license is ineligible for appointment 26 to the board. At least 5 persons appointed under this paragraph must have expertise in whitewater rafting on both the Kennebec River and the West Branch of the Penobscot 28 River, including the cribworks. 30 Sec. 36. 12 MRSA §10157 is enacted to read: 32 \$10157, Landowners and Sportsmen Relations Advisory Board 34 1. Appointment and composition. The Landowners and Sportsmen Relations Advisory Board, referred to in this chapter 36 as "the advisory board" and established by Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 49-C, consists of the following members: 38 40 A. Three ex officio members: 42 (1) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee; (2) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection or 44 the commissioner's designee; and 46 (3) The Commissioner of Conservation or the commissioner's designee; 48

2	<u>B. Nine members, appointed by the Governor, representing landowners:</u>
4	(1) One representative of a statewide small woodland owners association;
6	(2) One representative of corporate landowners;
8	
10	(3) One representative of a statewide forest products organization;
12	<u>(4) One representative of a statewide farmers</u> organization;
14	(5) One representative of a statewide small forest
16	industry organization;
18	(6) One representative of private landowners who is not affiliated with any of the organizations or
20	associations in this subsection relating to farming,
22	<u>forestry or corporate ownership;</u>
24	<u>(7) One representative of a statewide tree farm</u> organization;
26	(8) One representative of land trust organizations; and
28	(9) One representative of a utility corridor ownership interest;
30	C. Nine members, appointed by the Governor, representing
32	land users:
34	(1) One representative of a statewide sportsmen's organization;
36	(2) One representative of a statewide trapping
38	organization;
40	(3) One representative of a statewide snowmobile organization;
42	(4) One representative of a statewide all-terrain
44	vehicle organization;
46	(5) One representative of a statewide turkey hunters organization;
48	(6) One representative of a statewide bowhunters
50	(6) One representative of a statewide bownunters organization;

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2	(7) One representative of a northern Maine sportsmen's organization;
4	(2) One representative of a couthern Maine sportsman's
б	(8) One representative of a southern Maine sportsmen's organization; and
8	<u>(9) One representative of a statewide environmental organization; and </u>
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12	D. No more than 2 nonvoting, ad hoc members, who may be appointed by the commissioner upon recommendation of the advisory board. These members must possess expertise or
14	knowledge of the advisory board's purpose and duties and may not be affiliated with any organization or association
16	listed in this subsection.
18	2. Terms. Members of the advisory board, including the ad
20	hoc members, serve for 3 years, except that, initially, the first 3 landowner representative members appointed and the first 3 land
22	<u>user representative members appointed serve 3 years; the next 3</u> landowner representative members appointed and the next 3 land
	user representative members appointed serve 2 years; and the
24	remaining landowner and land user representative members appointed serve for one year. When a vacancy occurs, the
26	Governor shall fill the vacancy by appointing a member from the
28	same category as the member who vacated the advisory board and that new member continues to serve for the remainder of the term.
30	3. Chair; election of board officers. The members of the
32	<u>advisory board shall annually elect one of its members as chair and one of its members as vice-chair.</u>
34	4. Quorum. A majority of the advisory board members
	representing landowners and a majority of the advisory board
36	members representing land users combined constitute a guorum.
38	5. Staffing of advisory board. The department shall provide administrative and staff support to the advisory board.
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42	6. Meetings. The advisory board shall hold quarterly meetings each year. Additional meetings may be held as necessary
	to conduct the business of the advisory board.
44	7. Duties. The advisory board shall:
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48	A. Propose changes to or advise the commissioner on landowner-related laws, rules, department policies and other significant landowner and land user issues;
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B. Review landowner-related policies and procedures, conduct studies, evaluate programs and make recommendations to the commissioner;

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- C. Obtain public use of private and public land for recreational activities by assisting with conflict resolution as it pertains to public access issues on both private and public lands and promote greater understanding and cooperation between owners and users of these lands;
- D. Review and make recommendations regarding programs administered by other agencies. The commissioner shall coordinate all reviews; and
- E. Conduct an organizational review of the advisory board every 5 years. This review must be designed to provide the 16 information necessary to ascertain whether the advisory board has the membership required by subsection 1 and the 18 advisory board is fulfilling its duties. If the review 20 indicates that the advisory board does not have the correct representational membership, a subcommittee of the members of the advisory board must be convened to recommend to the 22 commissioner appropriate changes. At any time, the advisory 24 board may recommend to the commissioner ways to improve the advisory board's membership or function, and the 26 commissioner shall act upon those recommendations.
- 28 Sec. 37. 12 MRSA §10201, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

1. Sale of publications. If the commissioner determines it advisable for the more effective dissemination of factual 32 information, information of public interest or information 34 tending to promote better public relations, the commissioner may fix the price, if any, of certain publications and materials of the department and sell and deliver them. 36 Publications and materials included within this authority are all publications, 38 articles, biological and statistical data, professional and technical service reports by departmental personnel and other materials in the department's possession and pertaining to the 40 department, except publications of the laws in-whatever-form as 42 described in section 10103, subsection 7. These publications may not carry any advertising of a political nature, but may carry commercial advertising. The commissioner shall accept commercial 44 advertising in the department's general circulation magazine entitled "Maine Fish and Wildlife" and any successor or similar 46 publication developed by the department. 48

The commissioner may sell or lease video tapes and audio 50 recordings, photographs of and negatives owned by the department and may fix the price, if any, giving consideration to their fair 2 market value.

4 6 Sec. 38. 12 MRSA 10201, sub-33, A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7, is amended to read:

 A. The commissioner may create dedicated accounts to deposit money received from the sale of general merchandise pursuant to this subsection and-may-accept-money,-goods-and
 services--donated--to--the--department--to--support--specific programs-carried-out-by-the-department---Any-money-donated
 to-the-dopartment-in-support-of-a-specific-program-must-be deposited--into--a--dedicated--account--for--the--purpose--of
 funding-activities-carried-out-by-that-program.

Sec. 39. 12 MRSA §10201, sub-§5, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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The commissioner may provide for the reproduction, sale, Α. licensing, distribution and other disposal of any art conjunction created in with the permit and. The rule commissioner shall establish by the procedures governing the design of the permit and the reproduction, sale, licensing, distribution and other disposal of any art created in conjunction with the permit. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 40. 12 MRSA §10201, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

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6. Donations. The commissioner may accept money, goods
 and services donated to the department to support specific programs carried out by the department. Any money donated to the
 department in support of a specific program must be deposited into a dedicated account for the purpose of funding activities

- 36 <u>carried out by that program.</u>
- 38 Sec. 41. 12 MRSA §10202, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

2. Additional funding. The appropriation of certain
 42 additional funds are is governed by the following.

44 Appropriations to the Department-wide-Inland-Fisheries Α. and-Wildlife-program-in-the department for costs that are 46 associated with search and rescue may are not be considered amounts appropriated to the department under the 48 Constitution of Maine, Article IX, Section 22. The liability of the General Fund for search and rescue costs is 50 limited to the amount appropriated.

Β. General Fund appropriations to the Fiscal Stability Program under subsection 9 may are not be considered to-be amounts appropriated to the department under the Constitution of Maine, Article IX, Section 22.

Sec. 42. 12 MRSA §10202, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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5. Nonlapsing appropriations. General Fund appropriations to the department may-not-lapse-but are nonlapsing and must be 12 carried forward in a separate General Fund program to be used by the department for the purposes described in section 10801, 14 subsection 5. The department, pursuant--to in accordance with the Constitution of Maine, Article IX, Section 22, shall seek legislatively authorized transfers from this program to meet the 16 various costs associated with the department's other programs.

Sec. 43. 12 MRSA §10202, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 20

22 Fiscal Stability Program. The Fiscal Stability Program 9. is established to ensure that the general public and hunters and anglers share the cost of the fish and wildlife conservation 24 programs of the department. To achieve this goal, beginning with 26 the 2004-2005 2006-2007 biennial budget and for each biennial budget thereafter, the biennial budget submitted by the executive branch must include a an additional General Fund appropriation of 28 18% in excess of the department's requested biennial budget.

Sec. 44. 12 MRSA §10202, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 32

34 13. Equipment. The department shall notify the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over 36 inland fisheries and wildlife matters of any vehicle or heavy equipment purchase prior to that purchase, including the name of the item and expected cost. 38 This--same--information--must--be supplied-prior-to-the purchase of -any-vehiele. In addition, the 40 department shall develop and implement a formal replacement schedule for the department's radio communication system. This plan-must-be--reviewed-by-the--joint-standing-committee-of--the 42 Legislature -- having -- jurisdiction -- over -- inland -- fisheries -- and 44 wildlife-matters. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over inland fisheries and wildlife matters 46 shall review the replacement schedule.

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Sec. 45. 12 MRSA §10202, sub-§15 is enacted to read:

	15. Temporary assessment on licenses, permits and
2	registrations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Part,
	an additional temporary assessment of \$3 is imposed on every
4	license, permit, application, registration or other fee pursuant
_	to this Part that is issued for the registration periods
6	beginning January 1, 2004 and January 1, 2005, except that the
	additional temporary assessment for ATV registrations is \$13 for
8	residents and \$30 for nonresidents. The additional temporary \$3
10	assessments for snowmobile registrations and the \$13 and \$30
10	additional temporary assessments for ATV registrations are
12	effective for the registration periods beginning on July 1, 2003
12	and July 1, 2004. Temporary assessments must be collected at the
14	time a license, permit, application, registration or other fee is
14	issued and credited in full to the department. This subsection
16	<u>is repealed June 30, 2005.</u>
10	Sec. 46. 12 MRSA §10203, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
18	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
10	A, 32 and allected by FC, D, 37, is amended to read:
20	§10203. Collection and disposition of money
20	groups, confection and disposition of money
22	1. General. The following money must be paid to the
	Treasurer of State as undedicated revenue to the General Fund:
24	
	A. All fees, fines, penalties, and officers' costs and all
26	other money received, collected or recovered by the court or
	the department under any provisions of this Part except
28	section 10206, subsections 1 and 3; section 10259; section
	10353, subsection 3; section 11157; chapter 925, subchapter
30	3; and chapter 929;
32	B. Any fees, fines and penalties recovered by the court
	from any prosecution by wardens pursuant to their acting,
34	under section 10353, subsection 3, with the same powers and
	duties as sheriffs; and
36	
	C. Money received from sale, lease or rental of
38	department-owned property.
40	2. Counties not to pay unpaid officers' fees. Officers'
4.2	fees taxed against a respondent, if any, under this Part that are
42	not paid by or recovered from the respondent may not be assumed
A A	or paid by the county where the offense was committed.
44	3 license and normit food license and normit food
46	3. License and permit fees. License and permit fees must
	be collected and expended in accordance with section 10801.
48	4. Watercraft. Money relating to watercraft laws and rules
10	must be collected and expended in accordance with section 10206,
50	subsection 3.
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5. Snowmobiles. Money relating to snowmobile laws and rules must be collected and expended in accordance with section
 1893, subsection 3 and section 10206, subsection 2.

6 6. Failure to pay fine or fee. A person who receives money for any fine, or part thereof, for a violation of this Part, or
8 any fee for a license or permit issued under the authority of this Part, may not neglect for more than 30 days to pay the money
10 over as provided in this section.

- 12 <u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
- 14 A-person-who-violates-this-section-commits-a-Class-E-crime.

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Sec. 47. 12 MRSA 10206, sub-1, B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7, is amended to read:

B. The department shall use--a--portion--of--the--revenue
 dedicated--to--the--ATV--Recreational-Management--Fund--for
 develop and implement an ATV law enforcement grant-in-aid
 program to assist law enforcement agencies other than the Bureau of Warden Service.

Sec. 48. 12 MRSA §10206, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

28 Sec. 49. 12 MRSA §10206, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

 Watercraft revenues. All <u>Except as provided in</u>
 <u>subsection 6, all</u> revenues collected under the provisions of this Part relating to watercraft, including chapter 935, are disposed of as follows.

A. All fees collected for certificates, licenses and permits by the commissioner are paid daily to the Treasurer
 of State and accrue as undedicated revenue to the General Fund and as dedicated revenue to the Department of Marine
 Resources in accordance with paragraph C.

B. Each eeunty court shall pay all fines, forfeitures and penalties collected for violations of the provisions of this
Part relating to watercraft, including chapter 935, and all officers' costs collected for either coastal wardens or game
wardens to the Treasurer of State, monthly, and that money accrues as undedicated revenue to the General Fund_r--All,
<u>except that all</u> fines, forfeitures and penalties collected as a result of the efforts of municipal law enforcement officers or harbor masters enforcing the provisions of this

Part relating to watercraft, including chapter 935, in their respective jurisdictions are paid to that municipality for the local enforcement efforts. The department shall record as dedicated revenue to the Department of Marine Resources that portion of fines, forfeitures and penalties allocable to the Department of Marine Resources in accordance with paragraph C.

C. All revenues collected under the provisions of this Part 10 relating to watercraft, including chapter 935, including fines, fees and other available money deposited with the Treasurer of State, must be distributed as undedicated 12 revenue to the General Fund and the Department of Marine Resources according to an allocation rate that directly 14 relates to the administrative costs of the Division of 16 Licensing and Registration. The Legislature shall appropriate to the department in each fiscal year an amount 18 equal to the administrative costs incurred by the department in collecting revenue under this subsection. Those costs 20 must be verified by the Department of Marine Resources and the Department of Administrative and Financial Services. The allocation rate must also allow for any necessary 22 year-end reconciliation and accounting distribution. The 24 allocation rate must be jointly agreed to by the department and the Department of Marine Resources and approved by the 26 Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of the Budget.

Sec. 50. 12 MRSA §10206, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 30 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

9. Moose hunting revenues; moose hunting research and management. Up to \$25,000 may be provided from the revenues generated by moose hunting application and permit fees to carry out the department's documented moose research.

Sec. 51. 12 MRSA §10252, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 38 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

40 §10252. Fish hatchery maintenance fund

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42 The fish hatchery maintenance fund, referred to in this section as the "fund," is established in the department as a nonlapsing fund to be used by the commissioner to fund or assist 44 funding engineering designs for the Embden Hatchery, in а statewide assessment of all other hatchery facilities and 46 maintenance, repair and capital improvements at fish hatcheries and feeding stations owned by the State and-the-per-diem-and 48 related-expenses-of-4-meetings-of-the-Commission-to-Study-the 50 Needs -- and -- Opportunities -- Associated -- with -- the -- Production -- of

Salmonid-Fish-in-Maine-in-fiscal-year-2001-02-and-4-meetings-of 2 the-commission-in-fiscal-year-2002-03. The fund may not be used to fund personnel services costs or general operating costs of a fish hatchery. The commissioner may accept and deposit into the 4 fund any monetary gifts, donations or other contributions from 6 public or private sources and must use that money for the purposes specified in this section. 8 Sec. 52. 12 MRSA §10254, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 10 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: Fund established. The Maine Wildlife Park Fund, 12 1. referred to in this section as the "fund," is established. The fund receives all funds collected by the department from the 14 operation of the Maine Wildlife Park, including gate fees, the proceeds of any sales at the Maine Wildlife Park and any 16 donations, grants or other funds presented to the department for 18 the benefit of the Maine Wildlife Park. All money deposited in the fund and the earnings on the money remain in the fund to be used for the management and maintenance of the Maine Wildlife 20 Park. Unexpended balances in the fund at the end of the fiscal 22 year may-net-lapse-but are nonlapsing and must be carried forward to the next fiscal year to be used for the same purposes. 24 Sec. 53. 12 MRSA §10301, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 26 "Board" means the Maine Outdoor Heritage Fund 28 2. Board. Board established in section 10308. 30 Sec. 54. 12 MRSA §10353, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 32 Accept personal recognizances in accordance with the 34 c. following procedures: 36 A game warden making an arrest for any violation (1)38 of this Part and Title 38, chapter 3, subchapter 1, former article 1-A 5-A, at a point more than 50 miles 40 distant from the nearest District Court having jurisdiction, may accept the personal recognizance of 42 the prisoner in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 for the prisoner's appearance before the nearest District Court on a specified date and a deposit in money to the 44 amount of that recognizance; and 46 The warden shall report forthwith all those (2) 48 recognizances and forward all those deposits to the court to which the recognizance is returnable. 50

Recognizances and deposits must be handled by the court in accordance with sections 10202 and 10203;

- Sec. 55. 12 MRSA §10451, sub-§§2 and 4, as enacted by PL 2003,
 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the
 following enacted in their place:
- 8 2. Responsibility for issuance and disposition. The commissioner is responsible for all fish and wildlife citation
 10 forms approved by the Chief Judge of the District Court prior to May 1, 1991. The Department of Public Safety is responsible for
 12 all Uniform Summons and Complaints issued to the warden service. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee is responsible
 14 for the further issuance of Uniform Summons and Complaint books to individual wardens and for the proper disposition of those
 16 books.
- **4. Lawful summons.** A citation as provided for in this section or a Uniform Summons and Complaint, when served upon a
 person by a law enforcement officer, acts as a summons to appear in court or to otherwise respond in accordance with law on or
 before the date specified in the summons.
- A. Any person who fails to appear in court as directed by the summons or to otherwise respond in accordance with law
 on or before the date specified in the summons commits a Class E crime.
- B. Upon a person's failure to appear or respond in accordance with law, the court may issue a warrant of arrest. It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this subsection that the failure to appear or respond resulted from just cause.

Sec. 56. 12 MRSA §§10452 and 10453, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 36 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

38 §10452. Refusal to sign

 A person who-refuses may not refuse to sign a citation or Uniform Summons and Complaint after having been ordered to do so
 by a law enforcement officer. A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.

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§10453. Unlawful disposition of citations

It-is-unlawful-and-official-misconduct-for-a <u>A</u> warden or 48 other public employee to <u>may not</u> dispose of an official citation form or Uniform Summons and Complaint, except in accordance with law and as provided for in any applicable official policy or 2 procedure of the Bureau of Warden Service.

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A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.

6 Sec. 57. 12 MRSA §10501, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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11. Failure to give notice of snowmobile accident. Failure of a person who is required to give notice of a snowmobile accident under section 13106 <u>13106-A</u>, subsection 22 <u>23</u> to give that notice to the available law enforcement officer nearest to the place where the accident occurred is prima facie evidence that the accident was not reported.

Sec. 58. 12 MRSA \$10502, sub-\$2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read:

Exemption from libel proceedings. The following
 property may be lawfully seized under this section but is not subject to the libel requirements of this section:

A. Unless reasonable doubt exists as to ownership, property having a value less than \$10;

26 B. Any firearm seized in connection with a violation of:

28 (1) Section 11206 11206-A;

30 (2) Section 10902, subsection 6; or

32 (3) Section 10752, subsection 6, paragraph B and section 10902, subsection 4, paragraphs A and B;

C. Any fishing equipment that is contraband under this section and is seized in connection with a violation of section 10902, subsection 8; and

D. Any fish or wildlife that is contraband under this 40 section and is seized in connection with any violation of this Part.

Property seized by the commissioner that is exempt from libel 44 under this subsection must be retained by the commissioner pending disposition of eriminal court proceedings and is 46 forfeited to the State upon conviction or adjudication that the person committed the violation.

Sec. 59. 12 MRSA §10502, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

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	3. Disposal. The commissioner may dispose of property
2	forfeited to the State under this section in a manner considered appropriate by the commissioner.
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6	Sec. 60. 12 MRSA §10502, last ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
8	• Sec. 61. 12 MRSA §10503, sub-§8, ¶H, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
10	H. Per mile for all necessary travel \neq_{\perp} 10¢; and
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14	Sec. 62. 12 MRSA §§10551 and 10552, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:
16	§10551. Prosecution by district attorney
18	Each district attorney shall prosecute all violations of
20	this Part occurring within the district attorney's district when requested by the commissioner or a game warden or other law
22	enforcement officer authorized to enforce these chapters <u>this</u> Part .
24	§10552. Compulsory testimony and witness immunity
26	In any prosecution under this Part, any participant in a
28	violation of this Part, when requested by the district attorney, commissioner or other officer instituting the prosecution, may be
30	compelled to testify as a witness against any other person charged with violating these-chapters this Part, but the evidence
30	charged with violating these-enapters this part, but the evidence
	given may not be used against the person testifying in any
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34	given may not be used against the person testifying in any
	given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place:
34	given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place: SUBCHAPTER 4
34 36	<pre>given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place: <u>SUBCHAPTER 4</u> <u>MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS AND SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES</u></pre>
34 36 38	given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place: SUBCHAPTER 4
34 36 38 40	<pre>given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place: <u>SUBCHAPTER 4</u> MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS AND SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES Sec. 64. 12 MRSA §§10601, 10602 and 10603, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed. Sec. 65. 12 MRSA §10605, sub-§1, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL</pre>
34 36 38 40 42	<pre>given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place: <u>SUBCHAPTER 4</u> MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS AND SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES Sec. 64. 12 MRSA §§10601, 10602 and 10603, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed.</pre>
34 36 38 40 42 44	<pre>given may not be used against the person testifying in any prosecution for such a violation. Sec. 63. 12 MRSA c. 907, sub-c. 4 is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place:</pre>

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prohibited-act--is-violated criminal violation is committed 2 at the same time, multiple convictions are deemed to be one offense; or 4 The person has been adjudicated as having committed 3 or в. more civil violations under this Part and convicted of 2 or 6 more Class E crimes pursuant-to-section-10603 as a result of 8 such prior adjudications within the previous 5-year period. 10 Sec. 66. 12 MRSA §§10606 and 10607, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, are repealed. 12 Sec. 67. 12 MRSA §10608 is enacted to read: 14 §10608. Juvenile violations 16 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, a person who has 18 not attained 18 years of age and who is convicted of a crime for a violation of this Part that is not defined as a juvenile crime under Title 15, section 3103, subsection 1 may not be sentenced 20 to imprisonment. 22 Sec. 68. 12 MRSA §§10650 and 10650-A are enacted to read: 24 §10650. General rule violation 26 Except as otherwise provided, a person who violates a provision of a rule adopted in accordance with this Part commits 28 <u>a Class E crime.</u> 30 \$10650-A. Rule violation; motor vehicles on public water supplies 32 1. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of rules regulating the operation of motor vehicles on public 34 water supplies. 36 A. A person who violates a rule regulating the operation of motor vehicles on public water supplies commits a civil 38 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 40 than \$500 may be adjudged. 42 B. A person who violates a rule regulating the operation of motor vehicles on public water supplies after having been 44 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 46 Sec. 69. 12 MRSA §10651, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 48 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 50

1. Requirement. A person may-net shall:

2 Fail-or-refuse-to-step Stop a motor vehicle or other Α. conveyance immediately upon request or signal of any officer 4 in uniform whose duty it is to enforce this Part; 6 Fail-te-step Stop or move that person's watercraft upon в. being ordered or directed to do so by any law enforcement 8 officer in uniform whose duty it is to enforce chapter 935; 10 Fail-er-refuse-te-step Stop any snowmobile on request or C. signal of any law enforcement officer in uniform whose duty 12 it is to enforce chapter 937; or 14 Fail-or-refuse-to-stop Stop any all-terrain vehicle on D. request or signal of any law enforcement officer in uniform 16 whose duty it is to enforce chapter 939. 18 Sec. 70. 12 MRSA §10652, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 20 A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 22 \$10652. Abuse of another person's property while fishing, hunting or trapping 24 26 1. Prohibitions. Prohibitions on the abuse of another person's property while fishing, hunting or trapping are as follows. 2.8 30 A. A person may not while fishing: 32 (1) Tear down or destroy any fence or wall on another person's land; 34 (2) Leave open any gate or bars on another person's 36 land; or 38 (3) Trample or destroy any crop on another person's land. 40 B. A person may not while hunting any wild animal or wild 42 bird: 44 (1) Damage or destroy a tree on another person's land by inserting into that tree any metallic or ceramic 46 object to be used as, or as part of, a ladder or observation stand unless the person has the permission 48 of the landowner;

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A person may-not-fail--to shall perform any act, duty or 2 obligation enjoined upon that person by this Part.

4 Sec. 72. 12 MRSA §10654, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
6 enacted in its place:

8 <u>\$10654. Harassment of hunters, trappers and anglers</u>

 10 <u>1. Interference with taking. A person may not</u> intentionally or knowingly interfere with the lawful hunting.
 12 fishing or trapping of a wild animal, wild bird or fish.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 18 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 20 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

2. Disturb or attempt to disturb. A person may not 24 intentionally or knowingly disturb or attempt to disturb a wild animal, wild bird or fish with the intent to interfere with the 26 hunting, fishing or trapping of a wild animal, wild bird or fish.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

3. Injunctions. The District Court or Superior Court may enjoin conduct that would be in violation of this section upon petition by a person affected or who reasonably may be affected by that conduct upon a showing that the conduct is threatened or that it has occurred on particular premises in the past and that it is not unreasonable to expect that under similar circumstances it will be repeated.

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- 4. Property rights otherwise provided by law. This section
 46 does not limit ownership use, access or control of property rights otherwise provided by law.
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- Sec. 73. 12 MRSA §10655, first ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, is amended to read:

2 Except as otherwise provided through written agreement, a person may-net,-if-that-person who has knowledge that a person is lost, stranded or drowned in the woodlands or inland waters of 4 the State,-fail-to shall give notice of the lost, stranded or drowned person by the quickest means to the Bureau of Warden 6 Service. 8 Sec. 74. 12 MRSA §10656, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 10 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 12 §10656. Defacement of notices 14 1. Prohibition on defacement of notices. A person may not 16 intentionally or knowingly mutilate, deface or destroy a notice or rule of the commissioner posted in conformity with this Part. 18 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. 20 22 A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 24 than \$500 may be adjudged. 26 B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 28 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 30 Sec. 75. 12 MRSA §10701, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed. 32 Sec. 76. 12 MRSA §10701, sub-§1-A is enacted to read: 34 36 1-A. Prohibition. Prohibitions against hunting and operating under the influence are as follows. 38 A. A person may not hunt wild animals or wild birds: 40 (1) While under the influence of intoxicating liquor 42 or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs; 44 (2) If 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or 46 (3) If less than 21 years of age, while having any amount of alcohol in that person's blood. 48

2	<u>B. A person may not operate or attempt to operate a watercraft:</u>
4	(1) While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs;
6	arage of a compraction of fright and arage)
8	(2) If 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or
10	(3) If less than 21 years of age, while having any amount of alcohol in the blood.
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14	<u>C. A person may not operate or attempt to operate a</u> snowmobile:
16	(1) While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs;
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20	(2) If 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or
22	(3) If less than 21 years of age, while having any amount of alcohol in the blood.
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26	D. A person may not operate or attempt to operate an ATV:
28	(1) While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs;
30	(2) If 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or
32	
34	(3) If less than 21 years of age, while having any amount of alcohol in the blood.
36	Sec. 77. 12 MRSA 10701 , sub- 2003 , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7 , are amended to read:
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40	2. Possession of hunting equipment while intoxicated. The possession of hunting equipment in the fields or forests or on the waters or ice in the State by a person while under the
42	influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs is prima facie evidence that the possessor is in violation of subsection $\frac{1}{1-A}$, paragraph
44	<u>A</u> .
46	3. Penalties. A person who violates this section commits a Class D crime. In determining an appropriate sentence, refusal
48	to submit to a chemical test must in every case be an aggravating

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factor. In the following cases the following minimum penalties 2 apply.

4 In the case of a person having no previous convictions Α. of a violation of subsection $1 \quad 1-A$ within the previous 6-year period, the fine may not be less than \$400. If that 6 person was adjudicated within the previous 6-year period for 8 failure to comply with the duty to submit to and complete a blood-alcohol test under section 10702, subsection 1, the fine may not be less than \$500. A conviction under this 10 paragraph must include a period of incarceration of not less 12 than 48 hours, none of which may be suspended, when the person:

> Was tested as having a blood-alcohol level of 0.15% or more;

18 (2) Failed or refused to stop upon request or signal of an officer in uniform, pursuant to section 6953 or
20 10651, during the operation that resulted in prosecution for operating under the influence or with a
22 blood-alcohol level of 0.08% or more; or

24 (3) Failed to submit to a chemical test to determine that person's blood-alcohol level or drug
26 concentration, requested by a law enforcement officer on the occasion that resulted in the conviction.

In the case of a person having one previous conviction в. of a violation of subsection $1 \frac{1-A}{1-A}$ within the previous 30 6-year period, the fine may not be less than \$600. If that 32 person was adjudicated within the previous 6-year period for failure to comply with the duty to submit to and complete a blood-alcohol or drug concentration test under section 34 10702, subsection 1, the fine may not be less than \$800. A conviction under this paragraph must include a period of 36 incarceration of not less than 7 days, none of which may be 38 suspended.

40 c. In the case of a person having 2 or more previous convictions of violations of subsection $1 \quad 1-A$ within the previous 6-year period, the fine may not be less than 42 \$1,000. If that person was adjudicated within the previous 6-year period for failure to comply with the duty to submit 44 to and complete a blood-alcohol or drug concentration test 46 under section 10702, subsection 1, the fine may not be less than \$1,300. A conviction under this paragraph must include a period of incarceration of not less than 30 days, none of 48 which may be suspended.

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D. In addition to the penalties provided under paragraphs A
to C, the court may order the defendant to participate in the alcohol and other drug education, evaluation and
treatment programs for multiple offenders administered by the Department of Behavioral and Developmental Services,
Office of Substance Abuse, as established in Title 5, chapter 521.

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E. The penalties provided under paragraphs B, C and D may not be suspended by the court.

F. If the State pleads and proves that, while hunting or operating a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle or watercraft in violation of this section, the defendant in fact caused serious bodily injury as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 23, to another person or in fact caused the death of another person, the sentencing class for the offenses in subsection 1 <u>1-A</u> is Class C erimes. The minimum penalties specified in this subsection apply, unless a longer minimum period otherwise applies.

Any alternatives defined in subsection 1 <u>1-A</u> may be pleaded in the alternative. The State may, but is not required to, elect an alternative prior to submission to the fact finder.

For purposes of this subsection, a prior conviction has occurred within the 6-year period if the date of docket entry by the clerk of a judgment of conviction or adjudication is 6 years or less from the date of the new conduct that is penalized or for which the penalty is or may be enhanced.

32 In determining the appropriate sentence, the court shall consider the defendant's record of convictions for hunting under the 34 influence or operating a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle or watercraft while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs and for failure to comply with the duty to submit. 36 The court may rely upon oral representations based on records 38 maintained by the courts, by the Department of Public Safety, State Bureau of Identification; by the Secretary of State, 40 including telecommunications of records maintained by the Secretary of State; or by the department. If the defendant 42 disputes the accuracy of any representation concerning a conviction or adjudication, the court shall grant a continuance 44 for the purposes of determining the accuracy of the record.

46 References in this Title to this subsection are deemed to refer to the juvenile crime stated in Title 15, section 3103,
48 subsection 1, paragraph E and to the disposition, including a suspension, for that juvenile crime as provided in Title 15,

section 3314, subsection 3, except as otherwise provided or when 2 the context clearly requires otherwise.

4 Sec. 78. 12 MRSA §10702, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 6

8 §10702. Chemical tests

10 1. Duty to submit. A person who hunts wild animals or wild birds or operates or attempts to operate a watercraft, snowmobile 12 or ATV within this State has a duty to submit to a test to determine that person's blood-alcohol level or drug concentration by analysis of blood, breath or urine if there is probable cause 14 to believe that the person is hunting wild animals or wild birds 16 or operating or attempting to operate a watercraft, snowmobile or ATV while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. The duty to submit to a blood-alcohol or drug concentration test 18 includes the duty to complete either a blood, breath or urine test or any combination of those tests. Tests and procedures for 20 determining whether a person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs are governed by section 10703. 22

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2. Failure to comply with duty to submit. A person shall submit to and complete a blood-alcohol or drug concentration test, or both, when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer who has probable cause to believe that the person hunted or operated or attempted to operate a watercraft, snowmobile or ATV while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

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3. Penalties. A person who violates this section commits a 32 civil violation for which a fine of up to \$500 may be adjudged.

Sec. 79. 12 MRSA §10703, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

Prerequisites to tests. Before any test is given, the 2. 38 law enforcement officer shall inform the person to be tested of the consequences of refusing to comply with the test. If the 40 person fails to comply with the duty to submit to and complete the requested chemical tests at the direction of the law enforcement officer, that person is committing a civil violation 42 for which the person may be required to pay a eivil-forfeiture 44 fine of up to \$500. The officer shall also inform the person that the failure to comply with the duty to submit to a chemical test is admissible in evidence against that person at any trial 46 for hunting or operating under the influence of intoxicating 48 liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs.

Test results may not be excluded as evidence in any proceeding before any administrative officer or court of this State as a result of the failure of the law enforcement officer to comply with these prerequisites. The only effects of the failure of the officer to comply with the prerequisites are as provided in subsection 7.

- 8 Sec. 80. 12 MRSA §10703, sub-§4, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
- C. For purposes of evidence in proceedings other than those arising under section 10701, subsection $\frac{1-A}{A}$, it is presumed that a person was under the influence of intoxicating liquor when that person has:

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- 16 (1) For a person 21 years of age or older, a blood-alcohol level of 0.08% or more by weight; and 18
- (2) For a person less than 21 years of age, any amountof alcohol in the blood.
 - Sec. 81. 12 MRSA \$10703, sub-\$8, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read:

8. Statements by accused. Any statement by a defendant 26 that the defendant was the operator of a watercraft, snowmobile or ATV that the defendant is accused of operating in violation of section 10701, subsection $\frac{1}{A}$ is admissible if it was made 28 voluntarily and is otherwise admissible under the United States 30 Constitution or the Constitution of Maine. The statement may constitute sufficient proof by itself, without further proof of 32 corpus delicti, that the watercraft, snowmobile or ATV was operated by the defendant. Any statement by a defendant that the defendant was hunting wild animals or wild birds is admissible 34 against a defendant accused of hunting wild animals or wild birds 36 in violation of section 10701, subsection 1 - A if the statement was made voluntarily and is otherwise admissible under the United 38 States Constitution or the Constitution of Maine. The statement may constitute sufficient proof by itself, without further proof 40 of corpus delicti, that the defendant was hunting wild animals or wild birds.

- Sec. 82. 12 MRSA §10703, sub-§10, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
- A. After a person has been charged with hunting wild animals or wild birds or with operating or attempting to
 operate a watercraft, snowmobile or ATV while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or with an

excessive blood-alcohol level, the investigating or 2 arresting officer shall investigate to determine whether the charged person has any previous convictions of a violation of section 10701, subsection 1 1-A or adjudications for 4 failure to comply with the duty to submit to and complete a chemical test under section 10702, subsection 1. As part of 6 that investigation, the officer shall review the records the State Bureau ٥f 8 maintained by the courts, Secretary State, including Identification, the of telecommunications of records maintained by the Secretary of 10 State, or the department. 12 Sec. 83. 12 MRSA §10751, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 14 16 1. Form. The commissioner shall furnish application blanks, licenses and permits in such form as the commissioner may 18 designate. The-department-may-charge-a fee-of-up-to-\$10-to-cover administrative-costs-for-the-issuance-of-miscellaneous-licenses 20 and-permits-fer-which-a-fee-is-net-provided-by-law. Sec. 84. 12 MRSA §10751, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 22 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed. 24 Sec. 85. 12 MRSA §10751, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 26 Sec. 86. 12 MRSA §10751, sub-§8 is enacted to read: 28 30 8. Transaction fees. The commissioner may charge a transaction fee of up to \$10 to cover administrative costs for the issuance of a license or permit that does not have a fee 32 provided by law. When a transfer of a license or permit or exchange of a hunting zone or area is authorized under this Part, 34 the commissioner may assess a \$5 transaction fee for that

- 36 transfer or exchange.
- 38 The commissioner may adopt rules to implement this subsection.
 Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical
 40 rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

42 Sec. 87. 12 MRSA §10752, sub-§§5 and 6, as enacted by PL 2003,
 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:
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5. Persons convicted of burglary, criminal trespass or
 46 theft. Persons <u>A person</u> convicted of <u>any of</u> the following offenses are-not-eligible is ineligible to obtain a license or
 48 permit issued by the department:

A. Burglary or criminal trespass of a building located
within the unorganized territories;

- 4 B. Theft of equipment used for trapping, hunting or fishing; or
- C. Theft of an animal that has been obtained by trapping or hunting and that was in the possession or control of the person who trapped or hunted the animal.

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If the--conviction a person is convicted of an offense under paragraph A, B or C was--a-first--conviction, the that person convicted is not--eligible ineligible to obtain a license or permit issued by the department within 2 years of the date of that first conviction.

6. License ineligibility following certain offenses. The
 18 following applies-to-the provisions set the period of time a
 person is ineligible to obtain a license following conviction of
 20 certain offenses.

- A. A person convicted of a violation of section 12256, disturbing traps, is net-eligible ineligible to obtain any
 license issued by the department for 3 years from the date of conviction in the case of a first offense and 5 years
 from the date of conviction in the case of a 2nd or subsequent offense.
- B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Part, a
 30 person is net--eligible ineligible to obtain a hunting license under the following circumstances.
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- (1) A person convicted of shooting a domestic animal
 in violation of section 11210 is net--eligible
 ineligible to obtain a license to hunt in this State
 for a period of at least 5 years from the date of conviction.
- (2) A person convicted of hunting while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs in violation of section 10701, subsection 1 <u>1-A</u> is net-eligible
 42 <u>ineligible</u> to obtain a license to hunt in this State for a period of 5 years from the date of conviction.
- (3) A person convicted of a violation of Title 17-A,
 (46 chapter 9, if the offense occurred in the context of a hunting activity and if, through failure of the hunter
 48 to make proper target identification, the offense resulted in the injury or death of another person, is
 50 net-eligible ineligible to obtain a license to hunt in

this State for a period of at least 10 years from the date of the conviction.

Sec. 88. 12 MRSA §10753, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

§10753. Proof of residency

An applicant for a license or permit under this Part is responsible for submitting proof of residency to the agent or the department, or both. A resident license issued to a person unable to meet the residency requirements at the time the license was issued is invalid and must be returned to the commissioner upon request. A resident license is valid as long as the license holder continues to satisfy the residency requirements set out in section 10001, subsection 53 and the license is not revoked, suspended or otherwise invalid under this Part.

Sec. 89. 12 MRSA §10754, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 20 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 90. 12 MRSA §10758, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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§10758. Possession of altered license or permit

A person may not possess a license or permit issued under 28 this Part that has been altered, tampered with or mutilated in any manner.

A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 91. 12 MRSA \$10801, sub-\$4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read:

 4. Deposit. The commissioner shall deposit funds collected by agents from the sale of licenses and permits and--any unencumbered-balances-as-of-June-30,-1990 in the State Treasury as undedicated revenue to the General Fund.

Sec. 92. 12 MRSA §10802, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 42 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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<u>§10802. Rule violations; agent</u>

The following penalties apply to violations of rules 48 regulating hunting and fishing agents.

2 4	1. Civil violation. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who violates a rule regulating hunting and fishing agents commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
б	2. Crime. A person who violates a rule regulating hunting and fishing agents after having been adjudicated as having
8	<u>committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the</u> <u>previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.</u>
10	Sec. 93. 12 MRSA §10803 is enacted to read:
12 14	§10803. Agent fee cap
16	A clerk or agent appointed by the commissioner under section 10801 to issue licenses or permits may charge agent fees as provided in this Part up to a maximum of \$6 during a single
18	transaction. For purposes of this section, "transaction" means a single event in which one or more licenses or permits are issued
20	to a person in that person's name.
22	Sec. 94. 12 MRSA §10851, sub-§1, ¶¶A, B and C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to
24	read:
26	A. For a resident who is less than 6 years of age:
28 30	(1) An infant resident lifetime fishing license. The fee for an infant resident lifetime fishing license is \$150;
32	(2) An infant resident lifetime hunting license. The fee for an infant resident lifetime hunting license is
34	\$150;
36	(3) An infant resident lifetime archery hunting license. The fee for an infant resident lifetime
38	archery hunting license is \$150;
40	<u>(3-A) An infant resident lifetime trapping license.</u> The fee for an infant resident lifetime trapping
42	license is \$150;
44	(4) An infant resident combination of any 2 lifetime licenses. The fee for an infant resident combination
46	of any 2 lifetime licenses is \$250; and
48	(5) An infant resident combination of a ll <u>any</u> 3 lifetime licenses. The fee for an infant resident
50	combination of all any 3 lifetime licenses is \$400;

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2	в.	For a resident from 6 to 15 years of age:
4		(1) A junior resident lifetime fishing license. The fee for a junior resident lifetime fishing license is
б		\$300;
8		(2) A junior resident lifetime hunting license. The fee for a junior resident lifetime hunting license is
10		\$300;
12 14		(3) A junior resident lifetime archery hunting license. The fee for a junior resident lifetime archery hunting license is \$300;
1.6		(2.) inview merident lifetime trapping ligence
16 18		(3-A) A junior resident lifetime trapping license. The fee for a junior resident lifetime trapping license is \$300;
10		
20		(4) A junior resident combination of any 2 lifetime licenses. The fee for a junior resident combination of
22		any 2 lifetime licenses is \$500; and
24		(5) A junior resident combination of a ll <u>any</u> 3 lifetime licenses. The fee for a junior resident
26		combination of all <u>any</u> 3 lifetime licenses is \$800;
28	c.	For a resident from 65 to 69 years of age:
30		(1) A senior resident lifetime fishing license. The fee for a senior resident lifetime fishing license is
32		\$50 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 65 years of age, \$40 for a
34		person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 66 years of age, \$30 for a person who
36		purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 67 years of age, \$20 for a person who purchases
38		the license in the year in which that person turns 68 years of age and \$10 for a person who purchases the
40		license in the year in which that person turns 69 years of age;
42		
		(2) A senior resident lifetime hunting license. The
44		fee for a senior resident lifetime hunting license is \$50 for a person who purchases the license in the year
46		in which that person turns 65 years of age, \$40 for a
48		person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 66 years of age, \$30 for a person who
50		purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 67 years of age, \$20 for a person who purchases

the license in the year in which that person turns 68 years of age and \$10 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 69 years of age;

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senior resident lifetime archery hunting 6 (3)Α The fee for a senior resident lifetime license. 8 archery hunting license is \$50 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person 10 turns 65 years of age, \$40 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 66 12 years of age, \$30 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 67 years of age, \$20 for a person who purchases the license in 14 the year in which that person turns 68 years of age and 16 \$10 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 69 years of age;

(3-A) A senior resident lifetime trapping license. The fee for a senior resident lifetime trapping license is 20 \$50 for a person who purchases the license in the year 22 in which that person turns 65 years of age, \$40 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which 24 that person turns 66 years of age, \$30 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person 26 turns 67 years of age, \$20 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 68 28 years of age and \$10 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 69 years 30 <u>of age;</u>

32 (4) A senior resident combination of any 2 lifetime licenses. The fee for a senior resident combination of 34 any 2 lifetime licenses is \$80 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person 36 turns 65 years of age, \$64 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 66 38 years of age, \$48 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 67 years of age, \$32 for a person who purchases the license in 40 the year in which that person turns 68 years of age and 42 \$16 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 69 years of age; and 44

(5) A senior resident combination of all any 3
lifetime licenses. The fee for a senior resident combination of all any 3 lifetime licenses is \$110 for
a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 65 years of age, \$94 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person

turns 66 years of age, \$78 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 67 years of age, $$62 \ \52 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 68 years of age and $\$46 \ \26 for a person who purchases the license in the year in which that person turns 69 years of age; and

Sec. 95. 12 MRSA §10853, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 10 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

12 Blind residents. A complimentary license to fish must 2. be issued to a resident who is 16 years of age or older and blind and applies to the commissioner for the fishing license to-the 14 commissioner. This complimentary license remains valid for the 16 life of the license holder if the license holder continues to satisfy the residency requirements in section 10001, subsection 18 53 and the license is not revoked or suspended. The application must be accompanied by certified evidence that the applicant is permanently blind. For the purpose of this subsection, "blind" 20 means having visual acuity for distant distance vision of 20/200 22 if the widest diameter of field of vision subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees.

Sec. 96. 12 MRSA §10853, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

28 11. Permits accommodate to permanent physical The commissioner may issue a special permit to a disabilities. 30 person with a permanent physical disability that includes special authorization that allows that person to hunt, trap or fish at 32 times or in a manner otherwise prohibited by this Part in order hunting, to enhance access to trapping and fishing 34 opportunities. No laws or rules may be waived except as are necessary to effect this subsection. A permit may be issued 36 under this subsection only if:

A. The applicant provides the commissioner with a letter signed by a licensed physician clearly stating the nature of that person's disability, the permanence of the disability and the extent to which the disability affects that person's
ambulatory ability or endurance; use of one or both hands, arms or legs; or sight or hearing;

B. The commissioner determines that the permanent physical disability prevents that person from safely accessing hunting, trapping or fishing opportunities at the times or in the manner allowed by this Part or by rules adopted pursuant to this Part; and

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C. The person meets all other requirements for issuance of that permit and related licensing requirements and is not otherwise ineligible for that permit.

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Prior to making a determination of eligibility under this subsection, the commissioner or the commissioner's agent shall 6 meet with the applicant in person at a location chosen by the 8 commissioner to discuss the applicant's needs. Each applicant's disability and needs must be reviewed in consultation with the hunter, trapper and angler advisory committee disabled 10 established in section 10152 and a determination made regarding the special authorization that may be made to enhance the 12 access applicant's to fishing, hunting and trapping A permit issued under this subsection must be opportunities. 14 signed by the commissioner and include a clear and specific description of the activities authorized by that permit. 16 The disabled person shall carry the permit whenever that person is 18 hunting, trapping or fishing, and the permit must be presented to a game warden or other law enforcement officer upon request. No laws or rules may be waived except as are necessary to effect 20 this subsection.

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commissioner may authorize only the minimum special The exceptions necessary to overcome the applicant's disability and 24 allow that applicant to safely hunt, trap or fish. This does not authorize the commissioner to issue special exceptions that 26 endanger public safety. A permit issued under this subsection may does not authorize a person to exceed the allowable bag or 28 size limits for any fish or wildlife species; to fish for or take 30 a fish or wildlife species for which a license is not otherwise issued; to fish for, trap or hunt a fish or wildlife species more than 7 days before the opening or more than 7 days after the 32 closing of the regular open season for that species; or to fish, 34 trap or hunt in any area permanently closed to those activities by state law or rule.

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Sec. 97. 12 MRSA §10853, sub-§12 is enacted to read:

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12. Persons with acquired brain injury. A complimentary license to fish must be issued to any person with a head injury, as defined by Title 22, section 3086, upon application to the commissioner. This complimentary license remains effective for the life of the license holder if the license is not revoked or suspended.

46 Sec. 98. 12 MRSA §10901, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
48 enacted in its place:

50 **§10901.** Compliance: noncompliance

2	1. Definitions. As used in this subchapter, unless the
4	<u>context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.</u>
6	A. "Compliance with a support order" means that the support obligor has obtained or maintained health insurance coverage
8	if required by a support order and is:
10	(1) No more than 60 days in arrears in making any of the following payments:
12	(a) <u>Payments in full for current support;</u>
14	(b) Periodic payments on a support arrearage
16	pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of Human Services; and
18	
20	<u>(c) Periodic payments as set forth in a support</u> order; and
22	(2) No more than 30 days in arrears in making payments as described in subparagraph (1) if the obligor has
24	been in arrears for more than 30 days in making
26	payments as described in subparagraph (1) at least 2 times within the past 24 months.
28	B. "Support order" means a judgment, decree or order, whether temporary, final or subject to modification, issued
30	by a court or an administrative agency of competent jurisdiction for the support and maintenance of a child,
32	including a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state, or a child and the parent with
34	whom the child is living, that provides for monetary
36	support, health care, arrearages or reimbursement and may include related costs and fees, interest and penalties, income withholding, attorney's fees and other relief.
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40	2. Compliance. In addition to other qualifications for licensure or registration and conditions for continuing eligibility to hold a license as prescribed by the various acts
42	of the department, applicants for licensure or registration,
44	licensees renewing their licenses and existing licensees must also comply with the requirements of Title 19-A, section 2201.
46	3. Noncompliance with support order. An applicant for the
48	issuance or renewal of a license or an existing licensee who is not in compliance with a support order is subject to the
50	requirements of Title 19-A, section 2201.

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	4. Suspension of license. If a license or registration is
2	suspended pursuant to Title 19-A, section 2201, the suspension
2	remains in effect until the person is in compliance with the
4	support order. On condition of payment of a \$25 reinstatement
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c	fee to the department, the suspension is rescinded and the
6	license reinstated.
8	• Sec. 99. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
-	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
10	III, IC. N, GI and alloced by IC. b, G, Ib anonada co read
ŦÛ	2. Refusal to issue license or permit. If a person is
12	convicted or adjudicated of a violation of any provision of this
±4	Part and is not the holder of a valid license or permit issued
14	
14	under this Part, the commissioner may refuse to issue a related
	license or permit to that person for up to 5 years following the
16	date of conviction or adjudication, except when the killing or
	wounding of a human being has occurred, in which case the
18	commissioner may reveke refuse to issue the license or permit for
	a period of not less than 5 years.
20	
	Sec. 100. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§4, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003,
22	c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
24	C. If an habitual violator, as defined in section 10605,
	subsection 1, is convicted or adjudicated of a violation of
26	any provision of this Part, the commissioner shall revoke
	all licenses and permits held by that person. A That person
28	is ineligible to have a license may-not-be-granted-to-that
	person for a period to be determined by the commissioner,
30	but-not which may not be less than 3 years from the date of
30	
32	revocation. A hearing for a person whose licenses and
32	permits have been revoked under this paragraph is governed
2.4	by the following.
34	
	(1) A person whose licenses and permits have been
36	revoked under this paragraph may, within 30 days of the
	effective date of the revocation, petition for a
38	hearing before the commissioner to show cause why the
	licenses and permits should not have been revoked.
40	
	(2) If, after the hearing, the commissioner finds that
42	the petitioner's record does not bring the petitioner
	within the definition of an habitual violator, the
44	commissioner shall rescind the revocation. If the
	commissioner finds that the petitioner's record does
46	bring the petitioner within the definition of an
	habitual violator, the revocation remains in effect.
48	If the petitioner denies any of the facts contained in
	the record, the petitioner has the burden of proof.
	the record, the petitioner has the burden of proof.

Sec. 101. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§6, ¶¶C and G, as enacted by PL 2 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to 4 read: C. Night hunting, in violation of section 11206 11206-A; 6 8 G. Buying or selling moose, unlawfully hunting moose or unlawfully possessing moose, in violation of section 11154, 10 11217, 11601, 11652, 12302 12302-A, 12304 12304-A, 12305 or 12403; or 12 Sec. 102. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 14 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: Mandatory hunting license revocation; coyote hunting 16 7. violation. A hunting license of a person convicted of hunting 18 coyote in violation of section 11160 or 12001 must be revoked and that person is not-eligible ineligible to obtain any hunting 20 license for a period of one year from the date of conviction. Sec. 103. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§8, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, 22 c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read: 24 A. Introducing fish into inland waters without a permit in 26 violation of section 12509, subsection 2; and sections 12510, 12511 and 12512; 28 Sec. 104. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§8, ¶B-1 is enacted to read: 30 B-1. Possessing fish in violation of section 12611; 32 Sec. 105. 12 MRSA §10902, sub-§8, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2003, 34 c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, is amended to read: D. Buying or selling freshwater sport fish, in violation of 36 section 12609 12609-A; or 38 Sec. 106. 12 MRSA §10904, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 40 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 42 **§10904**. Time limit for nonmandatory suspension decision and notice of suspension 44 A decision by the commissioner to suspend a license of a person convicted or adjudicated of a violation that does not 46 carry a mandatory suspension must be made within 60 days after 48 that conviction. The commissioner shall give written notice of

permit that is suspended and state the effective date and length of the suspension and must inform the person of any applicable 4 hearing provisions under section 10905. 6 Sec. 107. 12 MRSA §10906, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 8 §10906. Violation of suspended or revoked license 10 or permit 12 While a person's license or permit is under suspension or 14 revocation under this Part, a that person may not engage in the particular activity permitted by the license or permit that has 16 been suspended or revoked. A person who violates this section commits a Class D crime. 18 20 Sec. 108. 12 MRSA §10907, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 22 §10907. Obtaining suspended or revoked license or permit 24 A person may not obtain or attempt to obtain any license or 26 permit that has been suspended or revoked by the commissioner under this Part. 28 A person who violates this section commits a Class D crime. 30 Sec. 109. 12 MRSA §10908, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 32 34 2. Mandatory revocation. The commissioner shall revoke for a period of 3 years the guides guide license of a guide who is convicted of violating a provision of this Part punishable by a 36 mandatory fine of not less than \$1,000 and at least 3 days in 38 jail. The commissioner shall provide notice of revocation as provided in section 10904. A person whose license has been 40 revoked under this subsection may, within 30 days of the effective date of the revocation, petition the commissioner for a 42 hearing to show cause why the license should not have been revoked. If, after the hearing, the commissioner finds that the person has not been convicted or that the conditions of this 44 subsection do not apply, the revocation is rescinded. If the commissioner finds that the person has been convicted and that 46 the conditions of this subsection apply, the revocation remains 48 in effect.

all-suspensions <u>a suspension</u> immediately following a <u>the</u> decision to suspend. A notice of suspension must name the license or

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Sec. 110. 12 MRSA §10909, sub-§1, ¶F, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 2 F. For any violation of this section or section 12952 or 4 12953 or any rules adopted pursuant to subsection 5; section 12952, subsection 5; or section 12953, subsection 8. 6 Sec. 111. 12 MRSA §10909, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 8 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 10 Terms of revocation of license. A person whose license 4. 12 has been revoked under this section may--not is ineligible to apply for a new license for a minimum of 3 years. 14 Sec. 112. 12 MRSA §10909, sub-§5 is enacted to read: 16 5. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules to implement 18 the provisions of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 20 Sec. 113. 12 MRSA §11102, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 22 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 24 enacted in its place: §11102. Age limitation for obtaining hunting license 26 28 A person under 10 years of age is ineligible to obtain a hunting license. 30 Sec. 114. 12 MRSA §§11103 and 11104, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read: 32 §11103. Convicted felon 34 36 A person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm under Title 15, section 393, subsection 1 is not-eligible ineligible to obtain or possess any license or permit issued by the department 38 that authorizes a person to hunt with a firearm unless that person possesses a valid permit in accordance with Title 15, 40 section 393, subsection 2. 42 §11104. Mental deficiency or illness; eligibility 44 A hunting-license-may-not-be-issued-to-a person who is a 46 mentally ill person, as defined in Title 34-B, section 3801, or who has a mental deficiency or mental illness, as those terms are defined in Title 34-B, section 9002, is ineligible to obtain a 48 hunting license.

Sec. 115. 12 MRSA §11108, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 2 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read: 4 §11108. Hunting without license б Notwithstanding section 11109. 1. On certain land. 'subsection 1 as it applies to this subchapter, a resident over 10 8 years of age and a member of the resident's immediate family over 10 years of age, as long as the hunter's license to hunt is not 10 under suspension or revocation, may hunt without a license, including an archery hunting license and a muzzle-loading 12 license, on a single plot of land: 14 A. To which they are legally entitled to possession; 16 On which they are actually domiciled; в. 18 C. That is used exclusively for agricultural purposes; and 20 That is in excess of 10 acres. D. 2.2 2. -- Junior - hunters. -- A - resident -- or -- nonresident - hunter -- 10 24 years - of - - age - or - - older - - and - under - - 16 - years - of - - age - may - hunt - with firearms-only-in-the-presence-of+ 26 A---That-hunter's-parent-or-quardian+-or 28 B---A--person-at-least-18-years-of-age-approved-by-that hunter's-parent-or-quardian-who-either-holds-a-valid-Maine 30 hunting--license--or--has--successfully--completed--a--hunter safety-course-acceptable-under-sections-10108-and-11105. 32 A-hunter-who-is-16-years-of-age-and-who-is-hunting-with-a-junior 34 hunting--license-must--complete-a--hunter-safety--course-prior--te 36 hunting-without-the-adult-supervision-required-by-this-section. 38 3.----Allowing---junior---bunter---to---bunt---without---adult supervision. -- A - person -- who - is -- the - adult -- supervisor, - parent -- or 40 guardian-of--a-holder-of--a-junior-hunting-license--under--16-years of-age,-may-not-allow-that-junior-hunter-to-hunt-other-than-in 42 the -- presence - of - - and - under -- the -- supervision - of - - an - adult -- as provided-in-subsection-2. 44 A-person-who-vielates-this--subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation 46 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-loss-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged,-unless-otherwise-provided. 48 4.-- Expiration of -junior -hunting-license.-- A-junior -hunting license--issued-to--a-person-who-has-passed--that-person's--15th 50

2	birthday-is-valid-through-the-calendar-year-for-which-the-license is-issuedAll-other-permit-requirements-for-a-person-who-is-16
4	years-ofage-orolder-apply-toa-person-who-continuesto-hunt with-a-junior-hunting-license-
6	5. Hunting assistance. A person may assist in a hunt without a license or permit for that activity as long as that
8	person does not carry hunting equipment or engage in driving deer as described in section 11453.
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12	For-the-purposes-of-this-section,-"in the presence-of"-means in-visualand-voice-contact-without-the-use-of-visual-or-audio enhancement-devices,-including-binoculars-and-citizen-band-radios.
14	Sec. 116. 12 MRSA §11108-A is enacted to read:
16	§11108-A. Junior hunting license restrictions
18	1. Hunters at least 10 years of age and less than 16 years
20	of age; supervisor. A person who is the adult supervisor, parent or guardian of a holder of a valid junior hunting license under
22	<u>16 years of age may not allow that junior hunter to hunt other than in the presence of:</u>
24	A. That hunter's parent or guardian; or
26	K. Inde number 5 parene or guaratam, vi
28	B. A person at least 18 years of age approved by that hunter's parent or guardian who either holds a valid Maine
30	hunting license or has successfully completed a hunter safety course acceptable under sections 10108 and 11105.
32	2. Supervisor; penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 1.
34	
36	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
38	
40	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
42	<u>Class E crime.</u>
44	3. Hunters 16 years of age. A hunter who is 16 years of
46	age and who is hunting with a valid junior hunting license and who has not successfully completed a hunter safety course
48	acceptable under sections 10108 and 11105 may not hunt other than in the presence of:
50	A. That hunter's parent or guardian; or

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2 B. A person at least 18 years of age approved by that hunter's parent or guardian who either holds a valid Maine hunting license or has successfully completed a hunter 4 safety course acceptable under sections 10108 and 11105. 6 4. Hunters 16 years of age; penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 3. 8 10 A. A person who violates subsection 3 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 12 14 B. A person who violates subsection 3 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 16 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 18 5. Expiration of junior hunting license. A junior hunting 20 license issued to a person who has passed that person's 15th birthday is valid through the calendar year for which the license is issued. All other permit requirements for a person who is 16 22 years of age or older apply to a person who continues to hunt 24 with a junior hunting license. 26 6. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "in the presence of" means in visual and voice contact without the use of 28 visual or audio enhancement devices, including binoculars and citizen band radios. 30 Sec. 117. 12 MRSA §11109, sub-§3, ¶N, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is amended to read: 32 34 N. A license to use leashed dogs to track wounded deer animals, which permits a person to use one or more leashed 36 dogs to track a lawfully wounded deer, moose or bear, is \$25. Sec. 118. 12 MRSA §§11110 and 11111 are enacted to read: 38 §11110. Transfer of hunting areas or zones 40 42 A person who has been assigned a designated hunting area or zone by the department for purposes of hunting a game animal may 44 exchange that designated zone or area with another person assigned a different hunting zone or area for the same game animal for purposes of hunting that same game animal. The 46 commissioner may adopt rules to implement this section. Rules 48 adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

2 <u>§11111. Tracking wounded animals with leashed dogs; fee for</u> services

	Services
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6	A person who holds a valid license issued under section 11109, subsection 3, paragraph N to use leashed dogs to track wounded bear, deer or moose may charge a fee for dog tracking
8	services. Notwithstanding section 10001, subsection 28, a person is not a quide if the only services that person charges a fee for
10	are dog tracking services pursuant to this section.
12	Sec. 119. 12 MRSA §11151, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
14	1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized
16	pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt for bear without a valid permit from the first Monday preceding September 1st to the
18	day preceding the open firearm season on deer. This section does not apply to trapping for bear.
20	Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a
22	Class E crime for which a minimum <u>fine</u> of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
24	Sec. 120. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
26	414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
28	1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as
30	
	pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section.
30	pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit
30 32	pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section. Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
30 32 34	pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section. Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal
30 32 34 36	<pre>pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section.</pre> Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed. Sec. 121. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
30 32 34 36 38	<pre>pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section.</pre> Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed. Sec. 121. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 2. Authority to regulate taking of antlerless deer. The commissioner may regulate the taking of antlerless deer within an
30 32 34 36 38 40	 pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section. Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed. Sec. 121. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 2. Authority to regulate taking of antlerless deer. The commissioner may regulate the taking of antlerless deer within an area of the State as necessary to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat if the demarcation of each area
30 32 34 36 38 40 42	<pre>pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section.</pre> Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed. Sec. 121. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 2. Authority to regulate taking of antlerless deer. The commissioner may regulate the taking of antlerless deer within an area of the State as necessary to maintain deer populations in
30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	<pre>pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt antlerless deer as authorized in this section unless that person has a valid permit issued under this section.</pre> Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed. Sec. 121. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 2. Authority to regulate taking of antlerless deer. The commissioner may regulate the taking of antlerless deer within an area of the State as necessary to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat if the demarcation of each area follows recognizable physical boundaries such as rivers, roads

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Rulemaking. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary 3. 2 for the administration, implementation, enforcement and interpretation of this section, except that there-may-not-be the commissioner is not authorized to establish an antlerless deer 4 permit system unless otherwise specified in this section. Rules adopted by the commissioner that provide for permits to be issued б to nonresident or alien hunters must provide that: 8 The percentage of antlerless deer permits issued to Α. nonresident and alien hunters may not exceed the average 10 percentage of applicants for antlerless deer permits over the previous 3 years who were nonresidents or aliens; and 12 14 B. No more than 15% of the antlerless deer permits issued in any one district or in any one zone may be issued to 16 nonresident and alien hunters. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical 18 rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 20 Sec. 123. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 22 24 5. Junior hunter and senior hunter permit transfers. Α junior hunter or a person 65 years of age or older may take an antlerless deer, if a person who holds a valid antlerless deer 26 permit transfers the permit to the junior hunter or person 65 28 years of age or older by identifying the name, age and address of the transferee on the permit as well as any other information reasonably requested by the commissioner and then returns the 30 permit to the department prior to the start of the firearm season on deer. The commissioner shall record the transfer and return 32 the permit to the junior hunter or person 65 years of age or 34 older. A valid permit must be in the possession of the transferee in order for the transferee to take an antlerless 36 deer. If-a-person-transfers-the-permit-to-the-junior-hunter-er person-65-years of -age or -older - that - person-is - prohibited - from 38 taking-an-antlerless-deer. 40 Sec. 124. 12 MRSA §11152, sub-§6 is enacted to read: 6. Transfer of antlerless deer permit to person with 42 ambulatory disabilities. A person who holds a valid antlerless 44 deer permit may transfer that permit to a person who is suffering from the loss of, or the permanent loss of the use of, both lower 46 extremities. The commissioner shall administer transfers under this subsection. 48 Sec. 125. 12 MRSA §11153, sub-§3 is enacted to read: 50

	3. Penalty. Each day a person violates this section that
2	person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50
	and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be
4	imposed.
б	Sec. 126. 12 MRSA §11154, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
8	
	1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized
10	pursuantto provided in this Part, a person may not hunt or
1.0	possess a moose unless that person has a valid permit issued
12	under this section. Each-day-a-person-violates-this-subsection
14	that-person-commits a-Class-Ecrime-for-which-a-minimum-fine-of
14	\$50-and-an-amount-equal-to-twice-the-applicable-license-fee-must be-imposed. A person without a moose permit may possess moose
16	parts lawfully sold under section 11217, subsection 2, paragraph
	D.
18	
	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class D crime for</u>
20	which the court shall impose a sentencing alternative of not less
	than 3 days for the first offense, none of which may be
22	suspended, and of not less than 10 days for each succeeding
	offense, none of which may be suspended; the court also shall
24	<u>impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may be</u>
	suspended.
26	Cas 137 13 MDCA 811154 web 84
2.0	Sec. 127. 12 MRSA §11154, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
28	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
30	4. Big game hunting license required. While hunting moose
50	both, the permittee and the subpermittee, -may-not-fail-to shall
32	each have in that person's possession a valid Maine resident,
	nonresident or alien big game hunting license, whichever is
34	applicable.
36	Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a
	Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal
38	to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
10	Sec. 128. 12 MRSA §11154, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
40	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
42	414, IC. A, 32 and affected by IC. D, 37, 13 amended to read.
10	6. Application procedure. An eligible person wishing to
44	apply for a permit must file a written application for a permit
	on a form furnished by the commissioner. The application fee
46	may-not-be-refunded is nonrefundable. A person may file no more
	than one application. A person who submits more than one
48	application is disqualified from the selection of permittees.
	The application must be accompanied by an application fee of:
50	

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2	A. For a resident:
Z	(1) Five dollars for a one-chance application;
4	
c	(2) Ten dollars for a 3-chance application. A
6	resident must possess a valid big game hunting license to be eligible to purchase a 3-chance application; and
8	
	(3) Twenty dollars for a 6-chance application. A
10	resident must possess a valid big game hunting license to be eligible to purchase a 6-chance application; or
12	to be eligible to purchase a o-chance apprivation, or
	B. For a nonresident:
14	(1) The dellars for a one change application.
16	(1) Ten dollars for a one-chance application;
	(2) Twenty dollars for a 3-chance application;
18	
20	(3) Thirty dollars for a 6-chance application; and
	(4) Fifty dollars for a 10-chance application;
22	multiple 10-chance options may be purchased. After
24	<u>June 30, 2005, a nonresident may not file more than one</u> <u>10-chance application per year</u> .
24	<u>10-chance application per year</u> .
26	Sec. 129. 12 MRSA §11154, sub-§11, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003,
2.0	c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
28	C. An eligible person wishing to apply for a permit under
30	this subsection shall <u>must</u> submit a written application in
	such form as the commissioner may require. The application
32	must be accompanied by a bidding fee of \$25, which, except
34	as otherwise provided in paragraph D, may-net-be-fefunded <u>is</u> nonrefundable. The commissioner may waive the requirements
	of this paragraph when, as provided in paragraph G, the
36	commissioner enters into a contract with a conservation
38	organization to auction the permits.
50	Sec. 130. 12 MRSA §11154, sub-§11, ¶I, as enacted by PL 2003,
40	c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
42	I. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary for the
44	I. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary for the proper administration, implementation, enforcement and
44	interpretation of this subsection. Rules adopted pursuant
16	to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in
46	<u>Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.</u>

Sec. 131. 12 MRSA §11155, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 2 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

4 1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this Part, a person may not hunt or possess wild turkey unless that person has a valid permit issued under this б section. Each-day-a-person-violates-this-subsection-that-person commits-a-Class-E-crime-for-which-a-minimum-fine-of-\$50-and-an 8 amount-equal-to-twice-the-applicable-license-fee-must-be-imposed. 10 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime for which the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$500, none 12 of which may be suspended. The court also shall impose a fine of 14 \$500 for each turkey unlawfully possessed, none of which may be suspended. 16 Sec. 132. 12 MRSA §11155, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 18 20 Application procedure and fee. If wild turkey permits 4. are issued by public chance drawing, persons wishing to apply for a permit must apply in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. 22 The application must be accompanied by an application fee of \$5 residents and \$10 for nonresidents and aliens. 24 for The application fee may-net-be-refunded is nonrefundable. 26 Sec. 133. 12 MRSA §11156, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 28 414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is amended to read: 30 2. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary for the proper administration, enforcement and interpretation of this 32 section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 34 <u>2-A.</u> Sec. 134. 12 MRSA §11157, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 36 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is repealed and the 38 following enacted in its place: 40 4. Expiration date. Migratory waterfowl hunting permits expire on December 31st of the year issued. 42 Sec. 135. 12 MRSA §11158, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 44 46 1. Certification required; exception. A person may not hunt migratory game birds unless that person is certified under this section. This section does not apply to a resident of the 48 State who is 70 years of age or older and who is issued a 50 complimentary license pursuant to section 10853, subsection 1.

- A person -who -violates this subsection -commits a -civil -violation
 for -which a -forfeiture -of not less -than -\$100 nor more -than -\$500
 may-be-adjudged, -unless -otherwise -specified.
- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged, unless otherwise specified.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- Sec. 136. 12 MRSA §11159, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

4. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this section. <u>Rules</u>
 adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 137. 12 MRSA §11160, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

26 2. Eligibility; hunting license required. A person who possesses a valid hunting license is eligible to obtain a permit
 28 from the commissioner to hunt coyotes at night, except that a permit may not be issued to a person who has been convicted of a
 30 violation of section 11206 11206-A within 5 years of the date of application for the permit.

Sec. 138. 12 MRSA §11201, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 34 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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<u>§11201. Hunting during closed season</u>

- Closed season; general. A person may not hunt any wild
 animal or wild bird during the closed season or possess any wild
 animal or wild bird taken during the closed season on that wild
 animal or wild bird. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who violates this section commits a Class E
 crime.
- 46 2. Bear. A person who hunts or possesses a bear in violation of this section commits a Class D crime for which the
 48 court shall impose a sentencing alternative involving a term of imprisonment not to exceed 180 days; the court also shall impose
 50 a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may be suspended.

2	3. Deer. A person who hunts or possesses a deer in
4	<u>violation of this section commits a Class D crime for which the</u> court shall impose a sentencing alternative of not less than 3
6	<u>days for the first offense, none of which may be suspended, and of not less than 10 days for each succeeding offense, none of</u>
8	which may be suspended; the court also shall impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may suspended.
10	Sec. 139. 12 MRSA §11203, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
12	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
14	2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
16	
18	A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
20	
22	B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
24	Class E crime.
26	Sec. 140. 12 MRSA §11205, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
28	
	§11205. Hunting on Sunday
30	<pre>\$11205. Hunting on Sunday 1. Prohibition. A person may not:</pre>
30 32	
30	1. Prohibition. A person may not:
30 32	 Prohibition. A person may not: A. Hunt wild animals or wild birds on Sunday; or
30 32 34	 Prohibition. A person may not: A. Hunt wild animals or wild birds on Sunday; or B. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation
30 32 34 36	 Prohibition. A person may not: A. Hunt wild animals or wild birds on Sunday; or B. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of paragraph A except as otherwise provided in this Part. A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-Class-E-crime. 2. Penalties. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a
30 32 34 36 38	 Prohibition. A person may not: A. Hunt wild animals or wild birds on Sunday; or B. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of paragraph A except as otherwise provided in this Part. A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-Class-E-crime. 2. Penalties. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E crime.
30 32 34 36 38 40	 Prohibition. A person may not: A. Hunt wild animals or wild birds on Sunday; or B. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of paragraph A except as otherwise provided in this Part. A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-Class-E-crime. 2. Penalties. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a
30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 Prohibition. A person may not: A. Hunt wild animals or wild birds on Sunday; or B. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of paragraph A except as otherwise provided in this Part. A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-Class-E-crime. 2. Penalties. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E crime. Sec. 141. 12 MRSA §11206, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.

1. Prohibition. Except as otherwise provided in this Part, 2 a person may not: 4 A. Hunt wild birds or wild animals from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise of the following day; or 6 B. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation 8 of paragraph A. 10 2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class D crime for which the court shall impose a sentencing alternative of not less than 3 days for the first offense, none 12 of which may be suspended, and of not less than 10 days for each succeeding offense, none of which may be suspended; the court 14 also shall impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which 16 may be suspended. Sec. 143. 12 MRSA §11207, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 18 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is repealed. 20 Sec. 144. 12 MRSA §§11208 and 11209, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read: 22 24 §11208. Unlawful shooting or discharge of firearm 26 1. Shooting or discharge of firearm over or near public paved way. A person may not: 28 Shoot at any wild animal or wild bird from any public Δ. 30 paved way or within 10 feet of the edge of the pavement of the public paved way or from within the right-of-way of any 32 controlled access highway; 34 Discharge any firearm over a public paved way; or в. 36 C. Possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of paragraph A or B, except as otherwise provided in this 38 Part. 40 This subsection does not prohibit a person who has a valid permit to carry a concealed weapon from possessing that weapon on or 42 near a public paved way as long as it is not used for shooting at wild animals or wild birds or discharged in violation of this 44 subsection. A--person-who--vielates--this--subsection-commits--a Class-E-erime. 46 2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 48 50 §11209. Discharge of firearm near dwelling

2 **1. Prohibition.** A person may not:

4	A. Unless a relevant municipal ordinance provides otherwise and except as provided in sections 12401 and 12402,
6	discharge a firearm within 100 yards of a residential dwelling without the permission of the owner or, in the
8	owner's absence, of an adult occupant of that dwelling; or
10	B. Possess a wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of this subsection, except as otherwise provided in this Part.
12	
14	This subsection may not be construed to prohibit a person from killing or taking a wild animal in accordance with sections 12401 and 12402.
16	
18	A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-Class-E-crime.
10	2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a
20	<u>Class E crime.</u>
22	Sec. 145. 12 MRSA §11211, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
24	enacted in its place:
26	<u>§11211. Unlawful use of firearm in Southport</u>
28	1. Prohibited act. A person may not use any firearm other
30	than a shotgun in the Town of Southport or the islands within the confines of the Town of Southport.
32	2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
34	of this section.
36	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$100 nor less than \$500 may be adjudged.
38	
40	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
42	Class E crime.
44	Sec. 146. 12 MRSA §11212, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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48	A. A person may not shoot while in or on a motor vehicle or motorboat or while in or on a trailer or other type of vehicle being hauled by a motor vehicle except:

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2	(1) A person may hunt migratory waterfowl from a motorboat in accordance with federal regulations;
4	(2) Demonstration and simple on double amoutage of the
6	(2) Paraplegics and single or double amputees of the legs may shoot from motor vehicles that are not in motion; and
8	·
10	(3) A person may shoot from a motorboat when-the-meter is-shut-off-and-the <u>if that</u> boat is drifting,-beached, meered,resting-atanchor-oris <u>not</u> being propelled
12	selely by paddle,-ears-er-pele its motor.
14	Sec. 147. 12 MRSA §11212, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
16	2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E crime.
18	Sec. 148. 12 MRSA §11213, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
20	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.
22	Sec. 149. 12 MRSA §11213-A is enacted to read:
24	<u>§11213-A. Shooting at or near wildfowl decoys</u>
26	<u>1. Shoot or shoot at decoy.</u> A person may not with a firearm shoot or shoot at a wildfowl decoy of another person.
28	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
30	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
32	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
34	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
36	<u>Class E crime.</u>
38	2. Shoot within area of another person's decoys. A person may not with a firearm shoot within an area encompassed by a set
40	of another person's wildfowl decoys, including the area 50 yards away from the outer perimeter of the set of decoys.
42	dway from the outer perameter of the set of decoys.
44	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
46	
48	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
50	

	Sec. 150. 12 MRSA §11214, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
<u>Clas</u>	2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a as E crime.
	Sec. 151. 12 MRSA §11215, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following sted in its place:
<u>§11</u> 2	215. Use of motorized vehicle to kill, injure or molest
	wild animals or wild birds
or 1	1. Prohibition. A person may not intentionally kill, injure nolest a wild animal or wild bird with a:
	A. Motor vehicle;
	B. Motorboat; or
	C. Aircraft.
	2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a
<u>Cla</u>	<u>ss E crime.</u>
с. 4	Sec. 152. 12 MRSA §11216, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
	A. A person who violates subsection 1 without the taking of a bear, deer or moose commits a civil violation for which a ferfeiture <u>fine</u> of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged,-unless-etherwise-speeified.
	Sec.153. 12 MRSA §11216, sub-§2, ¶C is enacted to read:
	C. A person who violates subsection 1 without the taking of a bear, deer or moose after having been adjudicated as
	having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
	Sec. 154. 12 MRSA §11217, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
414	, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
	1. Prohibition against buying and selling bear, deer, moose
or not	<pre>wild turkey. Except as provided in subsection 2, a person may :</pre>
20 U U	
	A. Buy, sell or offer for sale or barter a:

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	(1) Bear;
2	(2) Deer;
4	
6	(3) Moose; or
8	(4) Wild turkey; <u>or</u>
0	B. Aid in buying, selling or offering for sale or bartering
10	a:
12	(1) Bear;
14	(2) Deer;
16	(3) Moose; or
18	(4) Wild turkey+-0r.
20	CCounsel-er-otherwise-aid-in-buying,-selling,-effering
	for-sale-or-bartering-a+
22	
	(1) Bear <i>+</i>
24	(2) Deer+
26	
	(3) M005e+-0f
28	(4)Wild-turkey-
30	
32	Sec. 155. 12 MRSA §11217, sub-§2, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
2.4	D Nebuith-tonding conting 10000 and it applies to section
34	B. Notwithstanding seetien- 10606-as-it-applies -te section 12954, the skin and head of a deer lawfully registered by
36	that person;
38	Sec. 156. 12 MRSA §§11219, 11220 and 11221, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed
40	and the following enacted in their place:
42	<u>§11219. Hunting on state game farm</u>
44	1. Prohibition. A person may not hunt on a state game farm at any time.
46	-
48	2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.

- A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil
 2 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been
 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
 Class E crime.

10 §11220. Hunting in licensed wildlife exhibit

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1. Prohibition. A person may not hunt in a licensed wildlife exhibit at any time.

- 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
 of this section.
- A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

<u>§11221. Disposal of offal; littering</u>

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 Prohibition. A person may not drop, deposit, discard,
 dump or otherwise dispose of a carcass, waste parts or remains of a wild animal, except waste parts or remains resulting from the
 normal field dressing of lawfully harvested wild game or the lawful use of waste parts or remains of wild game as bait.

2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.

- A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Additionally, a person who violates subsection 1 violates the Maine Litter Control Act,
 Title 17, chapter 80 and is subject to the penalties set forth in that Act.
- 44
- B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been
 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
 Class E crime.

Sec. 157. 12 MRSA §11222, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 2 Sec. 158. 12 MRSA §11223, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 4 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. б Sec. 159. 12 MRSA §11251, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, 8 c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, is amended to read: There is an open season on hunting bear from the first 10 Α. Monday preceding September 1st to November 30th annually. The commissioner may, pursuant to section 10104, subsection 12 1, adopt rules prohibiting the use of bait to hunt black bear during any portion of the open bear hunting season. 14 Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, 16 subchapter 2-A. 18 Sec. 160. 12 MRSA §11301, sub-§1, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, is amended to read: 20 22 The bait is placed more than 500 yards from a dump site C. permitted or licensed for the disposal of solid waste or a 24 campground; Sec. 161. 12 MRSA §11301, sub-§2 is enacted to read: 26 28 2. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 30 Sec. 162. 12 MRSA §11302, sub-§3 is enacted to read: 32 3. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 34 Sec. 163. 12 MRSA §11303, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 36 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 38 1. Dump demarcation. The commissioner, or the 40 commissioner's agent, shall establish a line of demarcation at least 200 500 yards from sites permitted or licensed for the 42 disposal of solid waste. Sec. 164. 12 MRSA §11303, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 2003, 44 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the 46 following enacted in their place:

_	2. Prohibition. A person may not within the area described
2	in subsection 1:
4	A. Hunt bear;
б	B. Trap bear;
8	C. Molest or harass a bear; or
10	D. Release dogs for the purpose of hunting a bear.
12	The commissioner, or the commissioner's agent, is exempt from this prohibition for the purpose of live-trapping nuisance bears.
14	CARD promipreton for the purpose of rive-trapping nursance searce.
16	3. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
18	A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil
20	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having been
24	<u>adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u> under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
0.6	<u>Class E crime.</u>
26	Sec. 165. 12 MRSA §11304, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
28	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
30	§11304. Permission to harvest another person's bear
32	A person may not, without the permission of the person conducting the hunt, kill or wound a bear that is treed or held
34	at bay by another person's dog or dogs.
36	A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.
38	Sec. 166. 12 MRSA §11351, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
40	
42	§11351. Bear bag limit
42	1. Hunting or trapping bear after having killed one. A
44	person may not hunt or trap bear after that person has killed or
46	registered one during any open season. A-person-whoviolates this-subsection-commits-a-Class-D-crime-for-which-the-court-shall
48	impose - a - contending -alternative - involving - a - term -of - imprisonment not-to-exceed - 180 - days; - the -court - also - shall - impose - a - fine -of - not
50	less-than-\$1,000,-none-of-which-may-be-suspended.

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	2. Exceeding bag limit on bears. Except as otherwise
2	provided, a person may not possess more than one bear in any
	calendar year. A person whe-violates-this-subsection-commits-a
4	Class-D-crime-for-which-the-court-shall-impose-a-sentencing
	alternative-involving-a-term-of-imprisonment-not-te-te-exceed-180
6	days +- the-court-also-shall-impose -a fine of -not -less -than -\$1,000,
	none-ofwhich-may-be-suspended may keep more than one legally
8	obtained bear in that person's home at any time.
10	3. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 or 2 commits
	a Class D crime for which the court shall impose a sentencing
12	alternative involving a term of imprisonment not to exceed 180
	days; the court also shall impose a fine of not less than \$1,000,
14	none of which may be suspended.
16	Sec. 167. 12 MRSA §11352, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
	A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed and the following
18	enacted in its place:
	-
20	<u>§11352. Bear tags and tagging bear</u>
22	1. Bear tags. The commissioner shall prescribe the form
	and content of and produce a bear tag.
24	
	2. Tagging. Prior to presenting a bear for registration, a
26	person may not possess or leave in the field or forest a bear
	killed by that person unless the bear has securely attached to it
28	a plainly visible tag that conforms to the requirements
	established under this section.
30	
	3. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
32	of this section.
34	A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil
	<u>violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more</u>
36	than \$500 may be adjudged.
38	B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
40	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
10	<u>Class E crime.</u>
42	Sec. 169. 12 MDSA \$11252
44	Sec. 168. 12 MRSA §11353, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
44	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.
46	Sec 160 12 MRSA 811354 an analysis by 2000 and 14 pt
-10	Sec. 169. 12 MRSA §11354, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
48	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
τU	enacted in its place:
50	<u>§11354. Possessing gift bear</u>
50	ATT RET TROEDENT ATT RET

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2	<u>A person may not possess any part or parts of a bear given</u>
	to that person unless that gift bear is plainly labeled with the
4	name of the person who registered it and the year the bear was
	registered by that person.
6	
	<u>A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.</u>
8	
	Sec. 170. 12 MRSA §11401, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003,
10	c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
12	B. The commissioner may shorten the open season on deer in
	any part of the State, as long as:
14	
	(1) The demarcation of the areas with the shortened
16	season follows recognizable physical boundaries, such
	as rivers and railroad rights-of-way; and
18	
	(2) Thedetermination-is-made-and-publishedprior-to
20	June-1st-of-any-year+-and
22	(3) The Saturday preceding the first day of open
	season on deer is an open day for residents of the
24	State only.
24	State only.
24 26	State only. Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003,
	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003,
26	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
26	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003,
26 28	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in
26 28	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in
26 28 30	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of
26 28 30	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of
26 28 30 32	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph.
26 28 30 32	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow.
26 28 30 32 34	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads
26 28 30 32 34	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads
26 28 30 32 34 36	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way.
26 28 30 32 34 36	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and
26 28 30 32 34 36 38	Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and
26 28 30 32 34 36 38	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and published-prior-to-August-1st-of-each-year.
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and published-prior-te-August-1st-of-each-year. (3) The commissioner may establish limits on the
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and published-prior-te-August-lst-of-each-year. (3) The commissioner may establish limits on the number of deer taken or possessed by persons during a
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and published-prior-to-August-1st-of-each-year. (3) The commissioner may establish limits on the number of deer taken or possessed by persons during a special season. Limits established by the commissioner
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and published-prior-to-August-1st-of-each-year. (3) The commissioner may establish limits on the number of deer taken or possessed by persons during a special season. Limits established by the commissioner under this subparagraph are exceptions to the limits
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 Sec. 171. 12 MRSA §11402, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: B. Create special hunting seasons for the taking of deer in any part of the State to maintain deer populations in balance with available habitat, subject to the provisions of this paragraph. (1) The demarcation of each area must follow recognizable physical boundaries, such as rivers, roads and railroad rights-of-way. (2)The-determination-of-these-areas-must-be-made-and published-prior-to-August-1st-of-each-year. (3) The commissioner may establish limits on the number of deer taken or possessed by persons during a special season. Limits established by the commissioner under this subparagraph are exceptions to the limits

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Sec. 172. 12 MRSA §11403, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 2 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 4 2. Open archery season on deer. The commissioner shall by rule establish a special archery season beginning at least 30 6 days prior and extending to the beginning of the regular deer 'hunting season, as described in section 11401, subsection 1, 8 paragraph A, for the purpose of hunting deer with bow and arrow 10 only. During the special archery season on deer, the following restrictions apply. 12 Α. A person may not take a deer during a special archery season unless that person uses a hand-held bow and broadhead 14 arrow with the following specifications. 16 (1) Bows must have a minimum draw weight of 35 pounds. 18 (2) Arrowheads, including mechanical broadheads when open, must be at least 7/8 inch in width. 20 22 в. A person may not carry firearms of any kind while hunting any species of wildlife with bow and arrow during the special archery season on deer, except that a person who 24 holds a license that allows hunting with firearms may carry 26 a handgun. 28 If a person takes a deer with bow and arrow during the Ç. special archery season on deer, that person is precluded from further hunting for deer during that year. 30 D. Except as provided in this subsection, the provisions of 32 this Part concerning deer are applicable to the taking of 34 deer with bow and arrow, including the transportation, registration and possession of deer taken by this method. 36 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 38 Sec. 173. 12 MRSA §11452, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 40 §11452. Baiting deer 42 44 1. Prohibitions. A person may not, during an open hunting season on deer: 46 Α. Place salt or any other bait or food in a place to 48 entice deer to that place; or

Β. Hunt from an observation stand or blind overlooking 2 salt, grain, fruit, nuts or other foods known to be attractive to deer. This prohibition does not apply to hunting from an observation stand or blind overlooking: 4 (1) Standing crops; 6 (2) Foods that are left as a result of normal 8 agricultural operations or as a result of a natural 10 occurrence; or 12 Bear bait that is placed at a bear hunting stand (3) or blind in accordance with section 11301, subsection 1. 14 2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a 16 <u>Class E crime.</u> Sec. 174. 12 MRSA §11454, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 18 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 20 enacted in its place: §11454. Hunting deer with .22 caliber rimfire cartridge 22 24 1. Prohibition. A person may not hunt deer with any firearms using a .22 caliber rimfire cartridge, except that the use of the .22 caliber rimfire magnum cartridge is not prohibited. 26 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 28 of subsection 1. 30 A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil Α. violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 32 than \$500 may be adjudged. 34 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 36 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 38 <u>Class E crime.</u> Sec. 175. 12 MRSA §11501, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 40 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 42 1. Exceeding bag limit. A person may not possess more than 44 one deer during any open season, except as otherwise provided. Α person may keep more than one legally obtained deer in that 46 person's home at any time. Sec. 176. 12 MRSA §11502, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 48 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 50

§11502. Deer tags and tagging

2 Deer tags. The commissioner shall prescribe the form 1. 4 and content of a-deer-tag and produce a deer tag that-is-part-of a-big-game-hunting-license. 6 Tagging. A Prior to presenting a deer for registration, 2. a person may not, - prior -- to - presenting -- a - deer - for -- registration, 8 possess or leave in the fields field or forests forest a deer killed by that person that-does-not-have unless the deer has 10 securely attached to it and \underline{a} plainly visible a-deer tag that 12 conforms to the requirements ef-subsection -1 established under this section. 14 3. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 16 of this section. A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil 18 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 20 22 B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 24 Class E crime. 26 Sec. 177. 12 MRSA §11503, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 28 enacted in its place: 30 §11503. Gift deer 32 A person may not possess any part or parts of a deer given to that person unless that gift deer is plainly labeled with the 34 name of the person who registered it and the year the deer was registered by that person. 36 38 A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime. Sec. 178. 12 MRSA §11551, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 40 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read: 42 §11551. Commissioner authority regarding moose 44 The commissioner may issue applications for moose hunting permits, issue permits and make all rules 46 pertaining to moose hunting permits, including provisions for the 48 permittees who are selected for a permit but unable to use the permit. The commissioner may make all other rules that the

commissioner considers necessary for the protection of the moose 2 resource. Sec. 179. 12 MRSA §11601, sub-§4 is enacted to read: 4 4. Unlawful possession. A person may not possess a moose 6 that has been hunted in violation of this section. R Sec. 180. 12 MRSA §§11603 and 11604. as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, are repealed and the 10 following enacted in their place: 12 §11603. Unlawful firearms for hunting moose 14 1. Prohibition. A person may not use a .22 caliber rimfire firearm or a shotgun using shot loads to hunt moose. 16 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 18 of subsection 1. 20 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 22 than \$500 may be adjudged. 24 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 26 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 28 30 §11604. Unlawful hunting methods 32 1. Prohibition. A person may not use electronic calling devices while hunting moose. 34 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 1. 36 38 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 40 than \$500 may be adjudged. 42 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 44 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 46 Sec. 181. 12 MRSA §11651, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 48 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.

Sec. 182. 12 MRSA §§11652, 11653 and 11654, as enacted by PL 2 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the following enacted in their place:

<u>§11652. Baq limit</u>

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One moose per permit holder. A person may not exceed the
 bag limit of one moose per permit holder. In the case of a permittee and a subpermittee, the permit allows one of them to
 take one moose. Except as provided in sections 12401 and 12402, a person may not shoot more than one moose in a calendar year. A
 person may keep more than one legally obtained moose in that person's home at any time.

2. Possession. A person may not possess a moose in violation of this section.

18 3. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a Class D crime for which the court shall impose a sentencing 20 alternative of not less than 3 days for the first offense, none of which may be suspended, and of not less than 10 days for each 22 succeeding offense, none of which may be suspended; the court also shall impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which 24 may be suspended.

- 26 §11653. Tagging moose
- 28 **1. Tags.** The commissioner shall prescribe the form and content of and produce moose tags.
- 30

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2. Tagging. Prior to presenting a moose for registration, a 32 person may not possess or leave in the field or forest a moose killed by that person unless the moose has securely attached to 34 it a plainly visible tag that conforms to the requirements established under this section.

- 3. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 2.
- A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 44 B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 46 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
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§11654. Unlawful possession of gift moose

A person may not possess any part or parts of a moose given to that person unless that gift moose is plainly labeled with the name of the person who registered it and the year the moose was registered by that person.

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A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 183. 12 MRSA §11701, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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§11701. Authority of commissioner; wild turkey hunting

The commissioner may establish open seasons for hunting wild 14 turkeys, designate areas that are open to the taking of wild turkeys in any part of the State, prescribe the form and regulate the number of permits to be issued, determine the number and sex 16 of the birds to be harvested, establish bag limits, establish permit eligibility requirements, specify the types of weapons to 18 be used during any open wild turkey hunting season and make any other rules that the commissioner considers necessary for the 20 protection of the wild turkey resource. The legal hunting time, 22 unless otherwise provided by rule of the commissioner, is 1/2 hour before sunrise to 11 a.m. each wild turkey hunting day. A 24 person may not hunt or possess a wild turkey taken outside the legal hunting time. 26

A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime 28 for which the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$500, none of which may be suspended. The court also shall impose a 30 fine of \$500 for each turkey unlawfully possessed, none of which may be suspended.

Sec. 184. 12 MRSA §11702, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 34 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

36 Sec. 185. 12 MRSA §11751, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

§11751. Unlawful possession of wild turkey

Possession of wild turkeys. A person may not possess a
 wild turkey except-in-accordance with section-11155,-subsections
 1--to--6;--sections in violation of any rule adopted by the
 commissioner under section 11701,-11702-and 12301;-section-12304,
 subsection-3;-and-section-12305.

2.-- Possession - of - wild - turkey - parts.-- A - person - may - net;48netwithstanding - section - 12356; --subsection - 1; - pessess - any - part - er48parts-of - a - wild - turkey; - unless - each - part - is - plainly - labeled - with50the - name - and - address - of - the - person - who - registered - the - wild - turkey;

3. Penalties. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E crime for which the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$500, none of which may be suspended. The court also shall impose a fine fer of \$500 for each turkey unlawfully possessed, none of which may be suspended.

8 Sec. 186. 12 MRSA §11752, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
 10 enacted in its place:

12 §11752. Tagging wild turkey

- 14 **<u>1. Tags.</u>** The commissioner shall prescribe the form and content of and produce wild turkey tags.
- 16

2. Tagging. Prior to presenting a wild turkey for
 registration, a person may not possess or leave in the field or
 forest a wild turkey killed by that person unless the wild turkey
 has securely attached to it a plainly visible tag that conforms
 to the requirements established under this section.

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3. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.

- A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 187. 12 MRSA §11753 is enacted to read:

<u>§11753. Gift wild turkey</u>

A person may not possess any part or parts of a wild turkey 40 given to that person unless that gift wild turkey is labeled with the name of the person who registered it and the year the wild 42 turkey was registered by that person.

44 <u>A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.</u>

46 Sec. 188. 12 MRSA §11801, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 2003,
 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:
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section 11701,-11702-and -12301,-section-12304,-subsection-3,-and 4 section-12305. 6 3. Penalties. A person who violates subsection--1 this section commits a Class E crime for which the court shall impose 8 a fine of not less than \$500, none of which may be suspended. The court also shall impose a fine of \$500 for each turkey 10 unlawfully killed, none of which may be suspended. 12 Sec. 189. 12 MRSA §11851, sub-§3 is enacted to read: 14 3. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a 16 Class E crime. Sec. 190. 12 MRSA §§11853 and 11855, as enacted by PL 2003, 18 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the following enacted in their place: 20 22 §11853. Closed season; Haley Pond 24 1. Prohibition. A person may not hunt waterfowl on Haley Pond in the Town of Rangeley and Dallas Plantation in the County 26 of Franklin. 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 28 of this section. 30 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil 32 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 34 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been 36 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a

1. Unlawful hunting of wild turkey. A person may not hunt turkeys, -- except -- in -- accordance -- with -- section -- 11155,

subsections -1 - to -6; - sections in violation of rules adopted under

38 <u>Class E crime.</u>

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40 **§11855.** Unlawful use of migratory game birds

 42 1. Prohibition. Unless specifically permitted by regulations of the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16 United
 44 States Code, Sections 703 to 712, or by rules adopted by the commissioner in conformity with Title 5, Part 18, except section
 46 8052, subsection 3 of that Title, a person may not:

- 48 <u>A. Hunt migratory game birds;</u>
- 50 <u>B. Possess migratory game birds;</u>

2	C. Transport migratory game birds; or
4	D. Buy or sell migratory game birds.
6	<u>2.</u> Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E crime.
8	Sec. 191. 12 MRSA §11856 is enacted to read:
10	<u>§11856. Pheasants</u>
12	The commissioner shall establish by rule a hunting season
14	for male pheasants that disallows the taking of female pheasants in certain areas of the State. Rules adopted pursuant to this
16	section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. A person may not take a female
18	pheasant in an area subject to the provisions of this section. A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.
20	Sec. 192. 12 MRSA §11951, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
22	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
24	§11951. Hunting hares and rabbits with dogs
26 28	A person may use a dog to hunt, or <u>may</u> be accompanied by a dog while hunting, wild hares or rabbits during the open firearm season on deer.
30	Sec.193. 12 MRSA §11952, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
32	2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a Class E crime.
34	Sec. 194. 12 MRSA §11953 is enacted to read:
36	<u>\$11953. Unlawful possession of wild hares or wild rabbits</u>
38	1. Unlawful possession; closed season. A person may not
40	possess a wild hare or rabbit taken during the closed season.
42	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
44	than \$500 may be adjudged.
46	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
48	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
50	

	2. Unlawful possession; prohibited method or device. A
2	person may not possess a wild hare or wild rabbit taken by any
	method or with any device prohibited by section 11952, subsection
4	<u>l or section 12252, subsection 2, paragraph A, B or C.</u>
6	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
8	than \$500 may be adjudged.
10	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
12	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u>
14	<u>Class E crime.</u>
T 1	Sec. 195. 12 MRSA §12001, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
16	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, is amended to read:
18	§12001. Night season and restrictions
20	1. Open night hunting season. Notwithstanding the night
	hunting prohibitions in section 11206 11206-A, there is an open
22	season for hunting coyotes at night in all counties of the State
2.4	from January 1st to April 30th is-established.
24	9 Winke hunting house ()] hunting is limited to the
26	2Night) - hunting-hours -All-hunting-is-limited-to-the hours-between-1/2-hour-after-sunset-and-1/2-hour-before-sunrise
20	and-ceases-at-midnight-cach-Saturday-and-may-resume-at-12:01-a.m.
28	each-Monday-
20	cach-Mondal +
30	3. Calling devices required. A person may not hunt coyotes
	at night without possessing an electronic, hand-held or
32	mouth-operated predator calling device.
-	
34	<u>A person who hunts coyotes in violation of this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
36	Committes a class is clime.
50	Sec. 196. 12 MRSA §12051, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
38	414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed and the
00	following enacted in its place:
40	
	3. Possessing firearm while training dogs. A person may not
42	possess a firearm while training a dog outside of the open
	training season on foxes, rabbits and raccoons as set out in
44	subsection 1.
46	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
48	than \$500 may be adjudged.

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B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 2 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 4 Sec. 197. 12 MRSA §12051, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 6 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 8 Sec. 198. 12 MRSA §12051, sub-§5 is enacted to read: 10 5. Unlawful use of firearm during training or field 12 trials. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person may not possess during the training or field trials 14 permitted in this section and section 12054 a firearm other than a blank pistol or shotgun loaded with blank ammunition, except 16 during an open season for hunting. The commissioner may issue a permit to a person authorizing the use of firearms during the training of sporting dogs to shoot and kill wild birds propagated 18 or legally acquired by the permittee and possessed in accordance 20 with section 12152. 22 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 24 than \$500 may be adjudged. 26 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 28 <u>Class E crime.</u> 30 Sec. 199. 12 MRSA §12052, sub-§4, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is amended to read: 32 34 C. A person may-net-fail-to shall plainly and conspicuously post the boundary line of a special dog training area with legible notices at least 11 inches square, placed not more 36 than 100 yards apart, that must bear the following warning: 38 "SPECIAL DOG TRAINING FIELD TRIAL AREA -- HUNTING AND 40 TRAPPING IS UNLAWFUL. This land is set aside under special license for the training of dogs and the 42 holding of field trials. Entering on this land for the purpose of hunting or permitting dogs to enter without 44 proper authorization is prohibited." 46 The name and address of the licensee must be printed on the notice. 48

	Sec. 200. 12 MRSA §12052, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
2	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
4	Torrowing endeced in its proce.
	8. Violation of license restriction. A person may not
6	violate any restriction of a license or permit issued in accordance with this section.
8	accordance with this section.
-	A. A person who violates a license or permit restriction
10	<u>under this section commits a civil violation for which a</u> fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be
12	adjudged.
14	<u>B. A person who violates a license or permit restriction</u> under this section after having been adjudicated as having
16	committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
18	
20	Each day a person violates a license or permit restriction under this section that person commits a separate violation.
22	Sec. 201. 12 MRSA §12053, sub-§1, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
24	c. 414, FC. A, 32 and allected by FC. D, 37, 15 repeated.
26	Sec. 202. 12 MRSA §12053, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
26	2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
28	of this section.
30	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil
32	<u>violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
34	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been
0.6	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
36	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.</u>
38	
4.0	Sec. 203. 12 MRSA §12055, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
40	414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
42	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	5. Violation of restrictions. A person may not violate any
44	restriction of a license or permit issued in accordance with this section.
46	SECTION.
	A. A person who violates a license or permit restriction
48	under this section commits a civil violation for which a
50	<u>fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be</u> adjudged.

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2	<u>B. A person who violates a license or permit restriction</u> under this section after having been adjudicated as having
4	committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within
	the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
6	Each day a person violates a license or permit restriction under
8	this section that person commits a separate violation.
10	Sec. 204. 12 MRSA §12101, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
12	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
	§12101. License to operate commercial shooting area
14	1IssuanceThecommissionermayissuelicenses
16	authorisingtheestablishmentandoperationofcommercial
10	sheeting-areas-to-qualified-applicantsA-commercial-sheeting
18	area- license-authorizes -the-owner-of-a-commercial-shooting-area techarge-others-forthe-opportunityto-huntmallardducks,
20	pheasants,quail, ChukarpartridgeandHungarian-partridgein
	that-areaA-commercial-shooting-area-license-is-valid-for-one
22	year-and-is-renewable-annually.
24	1-A. License required. A person may not charge others for
	the opportunity to hunt mallard ducks, pheasants, quail, Chukar
26	partridge and Hungarian partridge in an area or establish a commercial shooting area for such purposes unless that person has
28	a valid license issued under this section. Each day a person
	violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime for
30	which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the
	<u>applicable license fee must be imposed.</u>
32	A. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the operator of a
34	commercial shooting area from authorizing a person to hunt
	other wild birds or wild animals in the commercial shooting
36	<u>area during the regular open season on those species, in</u>
2.0	accordance with this Part, as long as the person possesses a
38	valid state hunting license that allows the hunting of those wild birds and wild animals.
40	
	1-B. Issuance. The commissioner may issue licenses
42	authorizing the establishment and operation of commercial
44	shooting areas to qualified applicants. A commercial shooting area license authorizes the owner of a commercial shooting area
77	to charge others for the opportunity to hunt mallard ducks,
46	pheasants, quail, Chukar partridge and Hungarian partridge in
	that area. A commercial shooting area license is valid for one
48	year and is renewable annually.

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Eligibility. In order to qualify for a commercial
 shooting area license:

A. The location of the land must be at least 5 miles from another commercial shooting area, as measured by a straight
line between the property lines at their closest points to each other;

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B. The land must be between 200 acres and 400 acres in area;

C. The land must be contiguous. Property bisected by a road or highway is considered to be contiguous for purposes of this paragraph; and

D. The land must be owned or leased by the licensed operator of the commercial shooting area.

18 A person is net-eligible ineligible to receive a new shooting area license within 6 months of the expiration of the license for
 20 another shooting area located within 5 miles unless the holder of the expired license states in writing to the commissioner that
 22 that license will be abandoned.

- A renewal of a shooting area license may be issued for a commercial shooting area within 5 miles of another commercial
 shooting area, notwithstanding paragraph A, as long as the renewed license is applied for within 6 months following the
 expiration of the old license.
- 30 **3. Fees.** The fee for a commercial shooting area license is:
- 32 A. For the first year of operation, \$500; and
- 34 B. For each subsequent year, \$250, payable prior to July 1st of each year.

Requirements. The following restrictions requirements
 apply to a commercial shooting area.

- A. The operator of the commercial shooting area shall maintain and keep open to inspection by representatives of
 the department a register of:
- 44 (1) The name and address of each person shooting in the area;
- (2) The date or dates when that person hunted in the area; and
- 50 (3) The number and type of birds killed by that person.

B. The operator of the commercial shooting area shall provide to each person taking birds in that area a receipted
invoice or bill of sale for possession and transportation of those birds.

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C. The operator of the commercial shooting area shall mark the boundary of the shooting area in a manner prescribed by the commissioner and shall post the boundary conspicuously with signs or other markings approved by the commissioner. The signs or markings must be of a color, size and wording prescribed by the commissioner and must be placed not more than 250 feet apart facing the outside of the area.

The-operators-of--a-commercial-shooting-area-may-not--fail-to-meet the-requirements-of-this-subsection.

4-A. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 4.

A. A person who violates subsection 4 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

B. A person who violates subsection 4 after having been
 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
 Class E crime.

30 5. Enforcement. Enforcement of the trespass laws of a commercial shooting area is the responsibility of the owner and
 32 may is not in any manner to be considered an obligation of the department.

6.---Exceptions.---The---following--exceptions--apply---to--a 36 commercial-shooting-area.

38 A.---Notwithstanding--subsection-l,--the-operator-of--a commercial-shooting-area-may-authorize--a-person-to-hunt 40 other-wild-birds-or-wild-animals-in-a-commercial-shooting area-during-the-regular-open-season-on-those-species,-in 42 accordance-with-this-Part,-as-long-as-the-person-possesses-a valid-state-hunting-license-that-allows-the-hunting-of-those 44 wild-birds-and-wild-animals.

46 Sec. 205. 12 MRSA §12151, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
 48 enacted in its place:

50 **§12151.** Keeping wildlife in captivity

2 1. Prohibition. A person may not keep wildlife in captivity except as provided under sections 10105, subsection 10, 12102, 12152, 12155, 12157, 12158 and 12704 and Title 7, section 4 1809 or except if the wild animal was purchased from a dealer or pet shop licensed under Title 7, section 3933. 6 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 8 of this section. 10 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 12 than \$500 may be adjudged. 14 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 16 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 18 Sec. 206. 12 MRSA §12152, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 20 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 22 Sec. 207. 12 MRSA §12153, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 24 enacted in its place: 26 **§12153.** Violation of rules regarding wild animals in captivity 28 The following penalties apply to the violation of rules 30 regarding wild animals in captivity. 32 1. Civil. A person who violates a rule regarding wild animals in captivity commits a civil violation for which a fine 34 of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 36 2. Criminal. A person who violates a rule regarding wild animals in captivity after having been adjudicated as having 38 committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 40 Sec. 208. 12 MRSA §12154, first ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 42 Notwithstanding section 10606 12151 as it applies to section 44 12152, section 10606 12151 does not apply to migratory game 46 birds, partridge, grouse or pheasant owned by the department. Sec. 209. 12 MRSA §12155, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 48 414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 50

2	 Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized
	<u>pursuant to this Part, a person may not:</u>
4	
	A. Introduce or import wildlife into the State; or
6	
•	B. Receive or possess wildlife introduced or imported into
8	the State.
10	This subsection does not apply to a person who has a valid permit
10	issued under this section.
12	ISSUED UNDER CHIS SECCION.
12	Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a
14	<u>Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal</u>
	to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
16	
	Sec. 210. 12 MRSA §12157, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
18	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following
	enacted in its place:
20	
	<u>§12157. Permit to transport wildlife for breeding and</u>
22	advertising
24	1. Permit required. The commissioner may issue a permit to
26	anyone permitting that person to take and transport within the
26	limits of the State wildlife taken in the State for breeding or
28	advertising purposes.
20	2. Prohibition. A person may not take or transport within
30	the limits of the State wildlife taken in the State for breeding
50	or advertising purposes unless that person holds a valid permit
32	issued under this section.
34	3. Penalty. Each day a person violates subsection 2 that
	person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50
36	and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be
	imposed.
38	
	Sec. 211. 12 MRSA §12158, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
40	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the
4.2	following enacted in its place:
42	
44	4. Requirements; leg band required. The following are leg
77	band requirements for ringneck pheasants.
46	A. Upon receipt of shipment, importers of ringneck
	pheasants shall attach securely to each bird a permanent leg
48	band.

2	B. A person may not remove a leg band attached to a bird under this subsection until the bird is finally prepared for
4	consumption.
1	Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a
б	<u>Class E crime.</u>
8	Sec. 212. 12 MRSA 12159 , sub- 1 , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7 , is repealed and the
10	following enacted in its place:
12	 Prohibition; penalties. Except as provided in this section, a person may not take and possess snakes or turtles from
14	the wild for export, sale or commercial purposes.
16	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
18	<u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
20	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
22	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
24	Sec. 213. 12 MRSA §12159, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
26	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
28 30	3. Rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules pertaining to harvest methods, confinement and disposal of snapping turtles. The commissioner may by rule:
32	A. Require reporting of commercial harvest activities;
34	B. Establish a season, including daily and season possession limits;
36	C. Establish size limits; and
38	D. Establish a fee schedule to implement a permit system
40	under this section.
42	Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
44	Sec. 214. 12 MRSA §12201, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
46	1-A. Trapping by agents of commissioner. The commissioner
48	may authorize a full-time department employee to trap wild animals without a license for purposes of animal damage control.
50	A person serving as an agent of the commissioner for purposes of

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2	<u>animal damage control, including animal control officers</u> appointed pursuant to Title 7, section 3947, must satisfy the
-	licensing requirements of this section prior to trapping or
4	attempting to trap a wild animal.
6	Sec. 215. 12 MRSA §12201, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
8	2. Eligibility. The following persons are eligible to
10	purchase a trapping license, subject to the provisions of subsection 3.
12 14	A. A resident 16 years of age or older is eligible to purchase a resident trapping license.
16 18	B. A resident 10 years of age or older and under 16 years is eligible to purchase a resident junior trapping license.
20	C. A resident under 10 years of age may trap without a license.
22	D. A nonresident is eligible to purchase a nonresident trapping license.
24 26	Nonresident aliens are net eligi ble <u>ineligible</u> to purchase a trapping license.
28 30	Sec. 216. 12 MRSA §12201, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
32 34	8. License violations. The following penalties apply to violations of restrictions of licenses under this section.
36	A. A person who violates a restriction of a license issued under this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be
38	adjudged.
40	B. A person who violates a restriction of a license issued under this section after having been adjudicated as having
42	committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
44 46	<u>Each day a person violates a restriction of a license issued</u> under this section is a separate offense.
48	Sec. 217. 12 MRSA §12203, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
50	., de and arzoocoa ar ree of gift is repeated.

Sec. 218. 12 MRSA §12251, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 2 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

4 **§12251.** Closed seasons

6 1. General. Except as otherwise provided in this Part and except as the commissioner may establish by rule that is not
 8 inconsistent with this chapter, there is a perpetual closed season on trapping any wild animal or wild bird.

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 Unity Utilities District. There is a continued closed
 season on all wild animals and wild birds on property owned by the Unity Utilities District located on Route 139 and Prairie
 Road in the municipality of Unity in Waldo County.

16 3. Closed season violation. A person may not trap, or attempt to trap, any wild animal or wild bird during the closed
18 season or possess any wild animal or wild bird taken during the closed season on that wild animal or wild bird.

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<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>

Sec. 219. 12 MRSA §12252, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a
 26 Class E crime.

28 Sec. 220. 12 MRSA §12253, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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§12253. Consent to trap

 Trapping without written consent. A person may not,
 without first obtaining the written consent of the landowner or occupant, trap any wild animal on land in any organized or
 incorporated place or on the cultivated or pasture area of land that is used for agricultural purposes in any unorganized place
 and on which land there is an occupied dwelling. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to:

- 40
- A. Beaver trapping;

42
B. Trapping with drowning sets in navigable rivers and
44 streams; or

46 C. Trapping with drowning sets on state-owned land and public rights-of-way.

48 <u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u> 50

written Trapping near occupied dwelling without 2. consent. A person may not trap any wild animal within 200 yards 2 of an occupied dwelling without first obtaining the written consent of the owner or occupant of the land on which the trap is 4 to be set. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to beaver trapping or trapping with drowning sets on state-owned 6 land or public rights-of-way. 8 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 10 Trapping near compact, built-up portion of city or 3. village. A person may not trap outside that person's land within 12 1/2 mile of the compact, built-up portion of a city or village, except: 14 A person may trap within 1/2 mile of the built-up 16 Α. portion of a city or village with drowning sets; and 18 B. A person who has a written permit from the landowner may trap on that landowner's land with cage-type live traps 20 within 1/2 mile of the built-up portion of a city or village. 22 A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 24 may-be-adjudged. 26 3-A. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 28 of subsection 3. 30 A. A person who violates subsection 3 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 32 than \$500 may be adjudged. 34 B. A person who violates subsection 3 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 36 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 38 Proof of ownership of land. Before any prosecution is 4. made under subsection 1 or 2, the landowner or occupant shall 40 prove provide proof to the commissioner of that landowner's ownership or that occupant's occupancy of the land in question. 42 44 5. Permission to trap on land of another. This section may does not be-construed-to give license or permission to set, place 46 or tend traps on property that is owned by another person. 48 Sec. 221. 12 MRSA §12254, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following 50 enacted in its place:

2 §12254. Labeling traps

4	1. Prohibition. A person may not set a trap for any wild
6	animal without having the trap plainly labeled with that person's full name and address.
8 10	2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
12	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
14 16	<u>B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u>
18	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
20	Sec. 222. 12 MRSA §12255, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
22	<pre>\$12255. Tending traps</pre>
24	 Failure to visit traps. A person may-net shall:
26 28	A. While trapping in an organized or incorporated place fail-te:
30	(1) Check each trap, except killer-type traps, at least once in every calendar day; and
32 34	(2) Check each killer-type trap at least once in every 3 calendar days; and
36	B. While trapping in an unorganized place fail -te:
38	(1) Check each trap, except killer-type traps and
40	drowning sets, at least once in every calendar day; and (2) Check each killer-type trap or drowning set at
42	least once in every 5 calendar days.
44	This subsection does not apply to under-ice drowning sets for beaver and muskrat. For the purposes of this subsection, "check"
46	means to visit or cause to be visited.
48	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>

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2. Failure to remove animal from trap. A person may-net fail-to shall remove or cause to be removed from that person's 2 trap an animal found caught in that trap. 4 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 6 Carrying a firearm while trapping. Notwithstanding 3. section 11205, subsection 1, paragraph A and section 11206 8 <u>11206-A</u>, subsection 1, paragraphs paragraph A and-B, a person who holds a valid trapping license may carry a firearm at any time. 10 during the open trapping season for the sole purpose of 12 dispatching trapped animals. Sec. 223. 12 MRSA §12257, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 14 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 16 enacted in its place: §12257. Trapping by certain department employees 18 20 1. Prohibition. A department biologist or warden may not trap wild animals for profit while on duty within the district to 22 which that person is assigned. 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 24 of this section. 26 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 28 than \$500 may be adjudged. 30 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 32 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 34 <u>Class E crime.</u> Sec. 224. 12 MRSA §12258, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 36 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 38 Restrictions. A licensed trapper with--an who holds a 2. valid eel permit may for purposes of baiting traps take eels by 40 eel pots or hook and line. A person harvesting eels under this subsection may not use any means other than eel pots or hook and 42 line to take eels and may not take more than 20 pounds of eels 44 annually,-by-cel-pots-or-hook-and-line-only,-for-use-in-baiting traps. 46 Sec. 225. 12 MRSA §12258, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 48 following enacted in its place: 50

	3. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
2	of a restriction of a permit issued in accordance with this
	section.
4	
	A. A person who violates a restriction of a permit issued
6	in accordance with this section commits a civil violation
	for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500
8	may be adjudged.
10	B. A person who violates a restriction of a permit issued
	in accordance with this section after having been
12	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u>
14	<u>Class E crime.</u>
16	Each day a person violates a restriction of a permit issued in
	<u>accordance with this section is a separate offense.</u>
18	
	Sec. 226. 12 MRSA §12259, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
20	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
22	3. Nonresident trapping beaver. A nonresident may not trap
	beaver in this State.
24	
	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
26	
	Sec. 227. 12 MRSA §12260, sub-§§2, 3 and 5, as enacted by PL
28	2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, are amended to
2.0	read:
30	
2.2	2. Unlawful trapping of bear. A person may not catch a
32	bear in a trap and cause or allow another person to kill or
2.4	register that bear. <u>A person who violates this subsection</u>
34	<u>commits a Class E crime.</u>
26	
36	3. Setting bear traps. Setting traps for bear is governed
2.0	by this subsection.
38)) porces may use a sphie type with a slesing dispeter of
40	A. A person may use a cable trap with a closing diameter of
40	not less than 2 1/2 inches to trap bear in the State during
42	the open season on bear.
42	P) now not get a base two other then a geble
44	B. A person may not set a bear trap other than a cable
44	trap, unless it conforms to the following specifications.
46	(1) The tran must be evaluated by at least 2 strends of
72 U	(1) The trap must be enclosed by at least 2 strands of wire one strand 2 foot from the ground and one strand
48	wire, one strand 2 feet from the ground and one strand
40	4 feet from the ground.
FO	(2) The wine much be seened by 13^{1} is a 11^{1}
50	(2) The wire must be securely held in position.

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2	(3) The wire must be not less than 5 yards nor more
4	than 10 yards at any point from the enclosed trap.
c	(4) The trap enclosure must be marked by substantial
6	signs with the words "BEAR TRAP" in letters not less than 3 inches in height.
8	
10	(5) The signs must be spaced around each enclosure at intervals of not more than 20 feet.
10	
12	(6) Each sign must be securely fastened to the top
14	strand of wire.
	A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.
16	5. Exceeding bag limit on bears A- Except as otherwise
18	provided in this Part, a person may not possess more than one
20	bear in any calendar year. A person who violates this subsection commits a Class D crime for which the court shall impose a
	sentencing alternative involving a term of imprisonment not tee
22	to exceed 180 days and a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may be suspended.
24	
26	Sec. 228. 12 MRSA §12260, sub-§6, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
28	A. The commissioner, or the commissioner's agent, shall
30	establish a line of demarcation at least 200 <u>500</u> yards from sites permitted or licensed for the disposal of solid waste.
32	Sec. 229. 12 MRSA §12260, sub-§6, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the
34	following enacted in its place:
36	B. A person may not trap within the demarcation area established under paragraph A. The commissioner, or the
38	commissioner's agent, is exempt from this prohibition for
40	the purpose of live trapping of nuisance bears.
40	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
42	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
44	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
16	(2) A person who violates subparagraph 1 after having
46	<u>been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil</u> violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
48	period commits a Class E crime.

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2	Sec. 230. 12 MRSA §12301, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
4	Sec. 231. 12 MRSA §12301-A is enacted to read:
6	<u>§12301-A. Registration of harvested animals</u>
8	1. Registration stations established. The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the establishment and closure of
10	bear, deer, moose and wild turkey registration stations for the purpose of registering harvested bear, deer, moose and wild
12	turkey and to allow for the collection of biological and hunting data. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine
14	technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
16	
18	2. Agents designated. An agent designated by the commissioner must be in charge of each bear, deer, moose or wild
20	turkey registration station.
20	3. Agent duties. Registration agents shall:
22	Je agone action agoned badter
	A. Register every bear, deer, moose or wild turkey legally
24	presented for registration;
26	B. Attach a seal to each bear, deer, moose or wild turkey
28	in the manner directed and with the materials furnished by
20	the commissioner; and
30	C. Collect and retain \$1 for each seal from the person registering a bear, deer, moose or wild turkey.
32	registering a bear, deer, moose or wild tarkey.
34	Sec. 232. 12 MRSA §12302, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, is repealed.
36	Sec. 233. 12 MRSA §12302-A is enacted to read:
38	§12302-A. Timely registration of bear, deer, moose or wild turkey
40	1. Requirement. A person who kills a bear, deer, moose or wild turkey shall:
42	
44	A. Remain with that animal until it is registered, except as provided in section 12303-A;
46	B. Present that animal for registration in that person's name at the first open registration station for that animal
48	on the route taken by that person; and

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C. Leave the registration seal attached to the animal in accordance with section 12301-A until that animal is 2 processed and packaged for consumption. 4 2. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime. 6 Sec. 234. 12 MRSA §12303, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 8 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed. 10 Sec. 235. 12 MRSA §12303-A is enacted to read: 12 \$12303-A. Time limits for registering bear, deer, moose or 14 wild turkey 16 1. Time limits. A person may not keep any of the following unregistered wild animals at home or any place of storage for more than 18 hours: 18 20 A. Bear; 22 B. Deer; 24 C. Moose; or 26 D. Wild turkey. 28 This subsection does not apply to an animal that is kept in an official registration station for that animal or at the office of a game warden. A person may leave in the woods an unregistered 30 harvested animal if that person notifies a game warden within 18 hours as to the location of that animal and the circumstances 32 necessitating leaving that animal in the woods. 34 2. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a 36 Class E crime. Sec. 236. 12 MRSA §12304, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 38 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed. 40 Sec. 237. 12 MRSA §12304-A is enacted to read: 42 \$12304-A. Condition of animal presented for registration 44 1. Prohibition. Except as provided in subsection 2, a 46 person must present the following wild animals for registration in their entirety: 48 A. Bear; 50

	B. Deer;
2	
4	<u>C. Moose; or</u>
6	D. Wild turkey.
0	2. Exceptions. A person may present a bear, deer, moose or
8	wild turkey for registration as follows:
10	A. The viscera and rib cage of the animal may be removed in a manner that permits determination of the sex of the
12	animal; and
14	B. A moose may be dismembered for ease of transportation, and the lower legs, head and hide of a moose may be removed.
16	If the head is not brought to the registration station, a canine tooth or the lower jaw also must be presented at the
18	time of registration.
20	3. Disposal of moose parts not presented for registration.
22	A person may not place the parts of a moose not presented for registration where they are visible to a person traveling on a public or private way.
24	<u>public of privace may:</u>
26	4. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.
28	Sec. 238. 12 MRSA §12305, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
30	2. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a
32	<u>Class E crime.</u>
34	Sec. 239. 12 MRSA 12306 , sub- 1 , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7 , is amended to read:
36	1. Prohibition. A person may not possess any of the
38	following animals if that animal has not been legally registered as provided in sections-12301-and-12304 this chapter, unless that animal is possessed in accordance with chapter 921:
40	animal is possessed in accordance with chapter 921;
42	A. Bear;
12	B. Deer;
44	C. Moose; or
46	
4.0	D. Wild turkey.
48	Sec. 240. 12 MRSA §12306, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
50	414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , is repealed.

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2	Sec. 241. 12 MRSA §12306, sub-§3 is enacted to read:
4	3. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.
6	
8	Sec. 242. 12 MRSA §12351, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
10	enacted in its place:
12	§12351. Transportation
14	1. Prohibition. A person may not transport a harvested wild animal or wild bird unless that animal is lawfully possessed by that person.
16	- 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
18	of this section.
20	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
22	<u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
24	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
26	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
28	Sec. 243. 12 MRSA §§12352 to 12356, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
30	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed.
32	Sec. 244. 12 MRSA §12402, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
34	5. Failure to report wounding, taking or killing of
36	nuisance wild animal or to properly care for carcass. A person may not:
38	A. Wound, take or kill a wild animal under section 12401 or
40	this section unless the person reports all the facts relative to the incident to the Maine Warden Service within
42	12 hours; or
44	B. Kill a deer, bear or moose pursuant to section 12401 or this section unless the person immediately and properly
46	dresses the carcass and cares for the meat to prevent spoilage.
48	A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.
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Sec. 245. 12 MRSA §12403, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 2003, 2 c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, are amended to read: 4 1. Claims. The State may-not--pay is not liable for any claims for damages to a motor vehicle by a wild animal or wild bird. 6 8 3. Penalties. The following penalties apply under to violations of this section. 10 A. A person who fails to report an accident in accordance 12 with subsection 2, paragraph A or who removes a portion of a carcass in violation of subsection 2, paragraph C commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture fine of not less than 14 \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 16 A-1. A person who fails to report an accident in accordance 18 with subsection 2, paragraph A or removes a portion of a carcass in violation of subsection 2, paragraph C after 20 having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period 22 commits a Class E crime. 24 в. A person who possesses a moose injured involved in an accidental collision, except in accordance with subsection 2, paragraphs A and B, commits a Class D crime for which the 26 court shall impose a sentencing alternative of not less than 28 days for the first offense, none of which may be 3 suspended, and of not less than 10 days for each succeeding 30 offense, none of which may be suspended; and a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may be suspended. 32 Sec. 246. 12 MRSA §12404, sub-§§2, 3, 5 and 6, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, are amended to 34 read: 36 2. Beaver. A person may not take or kill beaver under 38 sections 12401 and 12402. The commissioner may cause agents of the department to take nuisance beaver at any time. 40 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 42 3. Birds. A person may not take or kill wild birds, with 44 the exception of rock doves and wild turkeys under sections 12401 and 12402. 46 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 48

Deer. This subsection applies to the taking-or-killing
 of control of nuisance deer found-doing-damage in orchards and crops.

A. Whenever deer are doing damage to orchards and crops,
including legumes, but excepting grass, the department shall
furnish to the owner or agent of the orchards and crops
suitable repellants without cost to the owner or agent. The
commissioner may follow other good conservation practices to
alleviate the damage.

B. Whenever the commissioner determines it impossible to keep deer from doing damage to young orchards, the commissioner may enter into an agreement with the owner of a young orchard in which the department assumes 1/2 the cost of fencing the orchard.

18 **6.** Dogs. This subsection applies to nuisance dogs.

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A. A game warden may kill a dog outside the enclosure or immediate care of its owner or keeper when the game warden
 finds that dog:

24 (1) Chasing, killing, wounding or pursuing a moose, earibeu, or deer er-elk at any time;

(2) Chasing, killing, wounding or pursuing any otherwild animal in closed season; or

30 (3) Worrying, wounding or killing a domestic animal, livestock or poultry.

B. An owner of domestic animals, livestock or poultry, a
member of the owner's family or a person to whom is
entrusted the custody of domestic livestock or poultry may
kill any dog killing or attacking the domestic animals,
livestock or poultry.

C. A person having evidence of a dog chasing, killing,
 wounding or pursuing moose,-caribeu, or deer er-elk or any other wild animal in closed season may present that evidence
 to the commissioner or any game warden.

- 44 (1) The commissioner or game warden shall give notice in writing to the owner or keeper of the dog, stating
 46 the acts committed by the dog.
- 48 (2) After the owner or keeper of the dog has received written notice that the dog has committed any act
 50 prohibited by paragraphs E--and E-1, E-2, F and G,

anyone may kill the dog when it is found committing any of those prohibited acts.

A person having evidence of a dog chasing, killing, 4 D. wounding or pursuing a moose,-earibou, or deer er-elk or any other wild animal in closed season, or of a dog kept and б used for that purpose, or of a dog worrying, wounding or killing a domestic animal, including another 8 dog, or livestock, poultry, fowl or fur-bearing animal legally in captivity, when the dog is outside of the enclosure or 10 immediate care of the dog's owner or keeper, may present that evidence to the District Court having jurisdiction. 12

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- 14 (1) The court may issue a warrant against the owner of the dog, ordering the owner to show cause why the dog
 16 should not be killed.
- 18 (2) Upon hearing the evidence in the case, the court may order the dog killed by a game warden.
- (3) The costs of prosecution must be paid by the owneror keeper of the dog.

E.---Except-ac-provided-in-paragraph-F,-the-owner-or-keeper of-a-dog-commits-a-civil-violation-for-which-a-forfeiture-of not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500-may-be-adjudged-if+

28 (1)--That-owner's-or-keeper's-bird-dog,-retrieving-dog or-hound-dog-is-found-killing-or-wounding-a-moose, 30 earibou,-deer-or-elk-during-a-period-in-which-it-is lawful-to-train-dogs,-as-provided-for-in-section-12051, 32 subsection-l,-while-the-dog-is-at-a-licensed-dog training-area-or-at-a-licensed-trial-for-retrieving 34 degs,-er

36 (2)---That--owner--or-keeper-has-been-notified--under paragraph-C--and-that-owner-or-keeper-permits--any-deg 38 mentioned--in-the--notice--to--leave--the--owner's-or keeper's-immediate-control.

 E-1. Except as provided in paragraphs F and G, the owner or keeper of a dog is in violation of this paragraph if that owner's or keeper's bird dog, retrieving dog or hound dog is found killing or wounding a moose, deer or wild turkey during a period in which it is lawful to train dogs, as
 provided for in section 12051, subsection 1, while the dog is at a licensed dog training area or at a licensed trial for retrieving dogs.

	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
2	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
4	
	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
6	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
5	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
8	period commits a Class E crime.
0	period commits a class i crime.
10	E 2 Exact as provided in personable E and C the owner or
10	E-2. Except as provided in paragraphs F and G, the owner or
10	keeper of a dog is in violation of this paragraph if that
12	owner or keeper has been notified under paragraph C and that
	owner or keeper permits any dog mentioned in the notice to
14	leave the owner's or keeper's immediate control.
• -	
16	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
18	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
20	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
22	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
24	
	F. The owner or keeper of a dog commits-a-civil-violation
26	for-which-a-forfeiture-of-notless-than-\$500-nor-more-than
	\$1,000,-none-of-which-may-be-suspended,-may-be-adjudged is
28	in violation of this paragraph if that owner's or keeper's
	dog is found+ chasing or pursuing a moose, deer or wild
30	turkey at any time or any other wild animal in closed season.
32	(1) Chasing-or-pursuing-a-meese,-caribou,-deer-or-elk
	at-any-time-or-any-other-wild-animal-in-closed-season;
34	OF A person who violates this paragraph commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor
36	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
38	(2) Killing-or-wounding-a-meese,-caribou,-deer-or-elk
	at-any-time-or-any-other-wild animal-in-elosed-season A
40	person who violates this paragraph after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
42	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	period commits a Class E crime.
44	period commites a crass is crime.
	G. The owner or keeper of a dog is in violation of this
46	<u>G. The owner or keeper of a dog is in violation of this</u> paragraph if that owner's or keeper's dog is found killing
10	
48	or wounding a moose, deer or wild turkey at any time or any other wild animal in aloged season
T 0	other wild animal in closed season.

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(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a 2 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 4 (2) A person who violates this paragraph after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 6 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 8 period commits a Class E crime. Sec. 247. 12 MRSA §12456, sub-§3 is enacted to read: 10 12 3. Rules. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 14 Sec. 248. 12 MRSA §12457, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 16 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 18 §12457. Restricted areas 20 1. Closed waters. Except as the commissioner may by rule provide and as provided in subsection 2, the following waters are 22 closed to fishing: 24 Α. The area within 150 feet of any dam--in--which--a 26 operational fishway is-leeated, except: (1) At the following places, the fishway and the area 28 within 75 feet of any part of the fishway are closed to 30 fishing at all times: (a) Grand Falls Powerhouse Dam on the St. Croix 32 River in Baileyville; and 34 Woodland Dam on the St. Croix River in (b) 36 Baileyville; At the following places, the area within 75 feet 38 (2) of the mouth of the fishway is closed to fishing at all 40 times: (a) East Grand Lake Dam in Forest City Township, 42 T9 R4 NBPP; and 44 (b) Spednic Lake Dam in Vanceboro; 46 (3) At the so-called ice control dam on the Narraguagus River in the Town of Cherryfield, the area 48 within 100 feet of the dam must be closed to fishing at 50 all times;

2 (4) At East Outlet Dam in Sapling Township, T1R7, in Somerset County and in Big Moose Township, T2R6, in Piscataquis County at the outlet of Moosehead Lake, the 4 fishway and the area within 50 feet of any part of the fishway must be closed to fishing at all times; and б There is no fishing in or from the fishway at the (5) 8 Sheepscot Lake Dam in the Town of Palermo in Waldo 10 County; All waters within 200 feet of any fish hatchery or 12 в. rearing station; and 14 c. The property owned by the Unity Utilities District 16 located on Route 139 and Prairie Road in the municipality of Unity in Waldo County. 18 2. Prohibition. A person may not fish in inland waters 20 closed to fishing as described in this section except that a person may fish for alewives and smelts in the manner provided under the laws regulating marine resources. 22 3. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a 24 Class E crime. The court shall also impose a fine of \$20, none of which may be suspended, for each fish unlawfully possessed. 26 Sec. 249. 12 MRSA §12460 is enacted to read: 28 30 <u>§12460.</u> Smelt fishing in Long Lake 32 Notwithstanding section 12456, a person may fish for smelt by use of a dip net in the parts of Long Lake and its tributaries 34 that are within Township 17, Range 3, Aroostook County. A person may not: 36 1. Exceed daily bag limit. Exceed the daily bag limit of 2 quarts per person. A person who violates this subsection commits 38 a Class E crime; or 40 2. Harvest for commercial purposes. Harvest smelt for 42 commercial purposes. A person who violates this subsection commits a Class D crime for which a fine of not less than \$1,000 may be adjudged. 44 46 3. Repeal. This section is repealed December 31, 2005. Sec. 250. 12 MRSA §12501, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 48 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 50

7. Reciprocity with New Hampshire. When-similar-legislation is-enacted-by As long as the State of New Hampshire has similar 2 laws, a fishing license issued to any person by either this State or New Hampshire meets all requirements of the law for a fishing 4 license with respect to fishing in any lake or pond that lies partly in both of the states of Maine and New Hampshire. 6 Sec. 251. 12 MRSA §12502, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 8 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 10 2. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations 12 of this section. 14 A. A person who violates the terms of a special privilege under this section commits a civil violation for which a 16 fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be 18 adjudged. 20 B. A person who violates the terms of a special privilege under this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within 2.2 the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 24 Each day a person violates the terms of a special privilege under this section is a separate offense. 2.6 Sec. 252. 12 MRSA §12503, sub-§§2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, as enacted by PL 28 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read: 30 for 32 2. Land used agricultural purposes; domicile. Notwithstanding-section-10606-as-it-applies-to-this-subchapter, 34 any Any resident and any member of the resident's immediate family, as long as the angler's license to fish is not under 36 suspension or revocation, may fish without a license in open inland waters from land: 38 Α. To which they are legally entitled to possession; 40 в. On which they are actually domiciled; and 42 C. That is used exclusively for agricultural purposes. 44 Free fishing days. The Saturday and Sunday of Father's 3. Day weekend and the Saturday and Sunday immediately preceding 46 President's Day are free fishing days. Notwithstanding seetions 48 19606-and section 12501, it is lawful during a free fishing day established under this subsection for a person to fish without a 50 license in inland waters, except that this subsection does not apply to a person whose license to fish is under suspension or 2 revocation. All other provisions of this Part relating to fishing apply during a free fishing day.

4. Groups of resident students. The commissioner may
permit groups of residents who attend high school or who are
enrolled in special education courses for persons who are
'underprivileged, persons with handicaps or people with special
learning needs to fish without licenses for periods of not more
than 3 days as long as the fishing activity is conducted as part
of an educational program and is under the direct supervision of
a teacher or instructor.

- 14A.---Each-day-a-person-violates-the-terms-of-the-special
privilege-granted-under-this-subsection-that-person-commits16a-civil-violation-for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than
\$100-and-not-more-than-\$500-may-be-adjudged.
- B. A permit holder:
- (1) May not allow fishing to go on for more than 3 22 days;
- 24 (2) May not allow any fishing activity that is not conducted as part of an educational program; and
- (3) Shall provide direct supervision.
- C. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
- 32 (1) A permit holder who violates paragraph B commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
 34 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 36 (2) A person who violates paragraph B after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
 38 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

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Each day a person violates paragraph B is a separate offense.

5. Patients at Veterans Administration Hospital. The
44 commissioner may permit inpatients at the Veterans Administration
Hospital at Togus to fish without a license in the inland waters
46 within a 25-mile radius of Togus. Patients not under the direct
supervision of hospital staff or volunteer supervisors shall have
48 in their possession while fishing a valid pass issued by the
Veterans Administration Hospital.

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	AEach-daya-personvielatesthe-termsof-the-special
2	privilege-granted-under-this-subsection-that-person-commits
	a-civil-violation-for-which-a-forfeiture-of-net-less-than
4	\$100-and-net-mere-than-\$500-may-be-adjudged.
6	B. An inpatient at the Veterans Administration Hospital at
	Togus permitted under this subsection:
8	
	(1) May not fish beyond a 25-mile radius of Togus; and
10	
	(2) Shall have supervision while fishing or have in
12	that inpatient's possession a valid pass issued by the
	hospital.
14	
	C. The following penalties apply to violations of this
16	subsection.
18	(1) A person who violates paragraph B commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor
20	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	(2) A person who violates paragraph B after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
24	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
26	
	Each day a person violates paragraph B is a separate offense.
28	
	6. Fishing during event sanctioned by department.
30	Notwithstanding-section-10606-as-it-applies-to-this-subchapter-a
	\underline{A} person who does not hold a fishing license may assist a child
32	or a handicapped person who is a participant in a fishing event
	sanctioned by the department.
34	
	Sec. 253. 12 MRSA §12504, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
36	
	3-A. Violation of rules; penalty. Except as provided in
38	section 12602, the following penalties apply to violations of
	rules adopted under this section.
40	
	A. A person who violates a rule adopted under subsection 3
42	<u>commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than</u>
	\$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	
	B. A person who violates a rule adopted under subsection 3
46	after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more
	civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
48	period commits a Class E crime.

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Sec. 254. 12 MRSA §12505, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 2 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: Rules. The commissioner shall adopt all rules necessary 4 5. to carry out the purposes of this section, including, but not limited to: 6 8 Requiring that precautions be taken so that, if Α. possible, all fish caught may be retained alive and, following the close of the tournament, be released into the 10 body from which they were taken; 12 Fixing the maximum total value of prizes that may be в. awarded at each tournament; and 14 C. Limiting the length of a tournament to 3 days. 16 Α tournament lasting more than one day must be a regional or multistate tournament sanctioned by the applicant bass club. 18 Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical 20 rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 22 Sec. 255. 12 MRSA §12505, sub-§6 is enacted to read: 24 6. Violation of rules; penalty. Except as provided in section 12602, the following penalties apply to violations of 26 rules adopted under subsection 5. 28 A. A person who violates a rule adopted under subsection 5 30 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 32 B. A person who violates a rule adopted under subsection 5 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more 34 civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 36 Sec. 256. 12 MRSA §12506, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 38 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 40 enacted in its place: 42 §12506. Alewife, eel, sucker and yellow perch harvesting method permit; elver prohibition 44 1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized 46 pursuant to this Part and except as provided in subsections 5 and 5-A, a person may not fish for or possess the following fish 48 using the harvesting methods listed in subsection 2 without a valid permit issued under this section: 50

2	A. Alewives;
	B. Eels;
4	C. Suckers;
6	D. Lampreys; or
8	
10	E. Yellow perch.
12	Each day a person violates this subsection, that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
14	
16	2. Issuance. The commissioner may adopt rules providing for the issuance of permits to fish for or possess the following fish using the following harvesting methods in the inland waters
18	of the State, provided the permits do not interfere with any rights granted under section 6131:
20	A. Eels using eel pots or weirs;
22	
24	B. Suckers and yellow perch using trap nets, dip nets or spears;
2 6	C. Lampreys by hand or using hand-held dip nets; and
28	D. Alewives using trap nets, dip nets, spears or fish pumps.
30	The commissioner may place conditions on the use of gear allowed under this subsection and may prohibit or restrict the use of any
32	gear used to concentrate species for harvest under this subsection.
34	Each day a person violates a condition or restriction placed on
36	the use of gear allowed under this subsection, that person commits a Class E crime.
38	
40	3. Fees; transfer of permit. The minimum fee for an individual permit for alewives, suckers, lampreys and yellow
42	perch is \$42. A crew permit may be sold for alewives, suckers, lampreys and yellow perch for \$100, authorizing up to 3 persons
44	to engage in the permitted activity. The annual fee for an eel pot or weir permit is \$100. An eel pot or eel weir permit is not
	transferable.
46	4. Five-year limited entry; eel weirs. A person is
48	<u>ineligible to receive an eel weir permit unless that person</u> possessed a valid eel weir permit for calendar year 1995. The
50	department shall adopt routine technical rules pursuant to Title

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	5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A regarding the issuance of eel weir
2	permits. The number of weirs and the number of square miles of
	watersheds in this State fished by eel weirs can be no more than
4	those permitted in calendar year 1995.
6	5. Exception to permit requirement. Notwithstanding
8	subsection 1:
	A. A person may fish for alewives by use of a dip net or
10	single hook and line for consumption by that person or
	members of that person's family, provided that the person
12	takes or possesses no more than one bushel in any day and
	provided also that the alewives are not taken from any
14	waters in which a municipality or other person has been
	granted exclusive rights under section 6131;
16	
	C. A person may fish for or possess alewives from inland
18	waters if that person has been granted fishing rights under
	section 6131; and
20	
22	D. A person may take suckers for use as bait for fishing in
22	inland waters as provided in section 12551-A without a
24	permit under subsection 2.
44	6. Eels and elvers prohibitions. The following
26	prohibitions apply to the harvesting of eels and elvers in inland
20	waters.
28	
	A. A person may not fish for or take elvers from inland
30	waters.
32	B. A person other than the owner of a weir used to fish for
	or take eels in inland waters may not tend that weir while
34	the weir is immersed unless that person has in the person's
	possession written permission from the owner to tend the
36	weir or is in the presence of the owner and has the owner's
	permission to tend the weir.
38	
10	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
40	7 Other howesting setteds for suchas Nut it at 1
42	7. Other harvesting methods for suckers. Notwithstanding subsection 1, a person licensed or otherwise entitled to fish in
42	Maine waters may take suckers for that person's use in all
44	rivers, brooks and streams that are open to fishing between April
	11 1st and June 30th of each calendar year by the use of a hand
46	spear, by bow and arrow or by snagging.
4.0	
4 X	λ , λ person may not use a how and arrow to harrow to make a surface
48	A. A person may not use a bow and arrow to harvest suckers unless the arrow used has a barbed or pronged point and the

2	B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph
4	<u>A.</u>
т	(1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil
6	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor
	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
8	
	(2) A person who violates paragraph A after having been
10	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
10	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
12	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
14	Sec. 257. 12 MRSA §12507, sub-§§5 and 6, as enacted by PL 2003,
	c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the
16	following enacted in their place:
18	5. Requirements. A licensee shall:
20	A. Keep a license issued under subsection 2 constantly and
20	publicly posted in the office or place of business of the
22	licensee;
24	B. Be licensed for each wholesale and retail outlet from
	which a person sells fish;
26	C Thetifu is a new second by the completioner the
28	<u>C. Identify in a manner approved by the commissioner the name and address of the source of all fish offered for sale</u>
20	or sold under this section; and
30	<u>01_0010_0000_0000000000000000000000000</u>
	D. Keep invoices of fish sold and purchased under this
32	section so that the invoices are available at all times for
	inspection by the commissioner or the commissioner's duly
34	authorized agent.
36	6. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations
50	of subsection 5.
38	
	A. A person who violates subsection 5 commits a civil
40	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
4.2	<u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
42	B. A person who violates subsection 5 after having been
44	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
* *	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
46	<u>Class E crime.</u>
48	Each day a person violates subsection 5 is a separate violation.

Sec. 258. 12 MRSA §12508, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
2 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

4. Requirements. Except as otherwise authorized under this
Part, a person shall:

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- 8 A. Kill all fish taken from a private fee pond operated pursuant to this section prior to their transportation from
 10 the site; and
- B. Tag all fish transported from the site as provided by rules adopted by the commissioner. Rules providing for tagging adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
- 18 Each day a person violates this subsection that person commits a Class E crime.
- Sec. 259. 12 MRSA §12509, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 22 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
- Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this Part, a person may not introduce, import or transport any live fish or gametes into the State or receive or have in that person's possession fish or gametes so introduced,
 imported or transported without a valid permit issued under this section.
- Each-day -a A person who violates this subsection, that-person
 commits a Class E crime for-which -a-minimum-fine-of-\$50-and-an
 amount-equal-to-twice-the applicable license for must-be-imposed,
 except that, notwithstanding Title 17-A, section 1301, the fine
 may not be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000.
- Sec. 260. 12 MRSA §§12511 and 12512, as enacted by PL 2003, 38 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the following enacted in their place:

§12511. Permit to introduce fish or fish spawn into private pond

1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this Part, a person may not introduce fish or fish spawn into a private pond without a valid permit issued under this section. A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime, except that, notwithstanding Title 17-A, section 1301, the fine may not be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000.

2	2. Issuance. The commissioner may issue a written permit to introduce fish or fish spawn into a private pond.
4	§12512. Permit to transport live fish for breeding and advertising
6	
8	1. Permit required. Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this Part, a person may not take and transport within the limits of the State fish taken in the State for breeding or
10	advertising purposes without a valid permit issued under this section. A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E
12	crime, except that, notwithstanding Title 17-A, section 1301, the fine may not be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000.
14	
16	2. Issuance. The commissioner may issue a permit to a person permitting that person to take and transport within the limits of the State fish taken in the State for breeding or
18	advertising purposes.
20	Sec. 261. 12 MRSA §12551, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
22	Sec. 262. 12 MRSA §12551-A is enacted to read:
24	<u>§12551-A. Dealing in live smelts and baitfish</u>
26	JIZJJI-A, DEGIING IN IIVE SMELLS and Daltisn
	1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "business
28	facility" means a fixed place of business and does not include a motor vehicle or trailer. Live smelts or baitfish that are held
30	in or on a motor vehicle or trailer by a person licensed under this section are considered in transport even if the motor
32	vehicle or trailer may be temporarily placed at a specific
	location by the licensee, or the licensee's designee, for the
34	purpose of selling live smelts or baitfish to anglers.
36	2. License required. A person may not:
38	A. Possess for resale, sell or offer to sell live smelts,
40	Osmerus mordax, or live baitfish, as defined in section 10001, subsection 6, without an appropriate and valid license issued under subsection 3;
42	<u>110ense 1ssaed under subsection 5,</u>
	B. Engage in taking or assist in taking live baitfish for
44	<u>resale from inland waters without a valid baitfish</u> wholesaler's license;
46	whotesater s ticense;
	C. Engage in taking or assist in taking live smelts for
48	<u>resale from inland waters without a smelt wholesaler's</u> license; or
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2	D. Sell live smelts or baitfish from more than one facility without an appropriate and valid license for each facility.
4	Each day a person violates this subsection, that person commits a
	Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal
6	to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
8	• <u>3.</u> Issuance; eligibility. The commissioner may issue to a resident or nonresident upon payment of the appropriate fee:
10	
12	A. A live bait retailer's license that permits a person to possess for resale, sell or offer to sell live smelts and baitfish;
14	
16	B. A baitfish wholesaler's license that permits a person to take and possess for resale, sell or offer to sell live baitfish; and
18	
20	C. A smelt wholesaler's license that permits a person to take and possess for resale, sell or offer to sell live smelts.
22	
	4. Schedule of fees. The fees for licenses under this
24	section are:
26	A. For a live bait retailer's license, \$14;
28	B. For a baitfish wholesaler's license, \$24; and
30	C. For a smelt wholesaler's license, \$69.
32	5. Live bait retailer's license authorizations and
	restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the
34	<u>selling of live smelts and baitfish under a live bait retailer's</u> <u>license.</u>
36	
38	A. The holder of a live bait retailer's license may:
40	(1) Sell live baitfish or smelts acquired from a person licensed under this section to deal in live baitfish or smelts;
42	Datciton Of Smercs;
44	(2) Designate others to assist in selling live smelts and baitfish at the license holder's business facility;
46	(3) Transport live smelts and baitfish or designate
48	another to transport live smelts and baitfish on the license holder's behalf; and

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	(4) Possess more than the daily bag limit of smelts,
2	provided that the smelts were acquired from a person
^	licensed under this section to deal in live smelts.
4	B. The holder of a live bait retailer's license:
6	
0	(1) May not take or possess for the purposes of retail
8	<u>sale live baitfish or smelts from the inland waters of the State or private ponds;</u>
10	<u>Chie beace of privace ponds</u>
	(2) Shall present a receipted invoice, bill of lading,
12	bill of sale or other satisfactory evidence of the
	lawful possession of live baitfish or smelts for retail
14	sale to any agent of the commissioner upon request; or
16	(3) May not possess at that person's place of business
	any species of fish that may not legally be sold as
18	bait.
20	Each day a person violates this paragraph that person
20	<u>commits a class E crime.</u>
22	
	6. Baitfish wholesaler's license authorizations and
24	restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the
	taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's
26	
26	taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license.
	taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's
26	taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. <u>A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may:</u> (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from
26 28	taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may:
26 28	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds;</pre>
26 28 30 32	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring</pre>
26 28 30	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a</pre>
26 28 30 32 34	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring</pre>
26 28 30 32	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a</pre>
26 28 30 32 34	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net;</pre>
26 28 30 32 34 36 38	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; (3) Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and</pre>
26 28 30 32 34 36	 taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and Transport live baitfish or designate another to
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	<pre>taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: (1) Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; (2) Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; (3) Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and</pre>
26 28 30 32 34 36 38	 taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and Transport live baitfish or designate another to transport live baitfish on the license holder's behalf.
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and Transport live baitfish or designate another to transport live baitfish on the license holder's behalf.
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and Transport live baitfish or designate another to transport live baitfish wholesaler's license may not: When engaged in taking, or assisting in taking,
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and Transport live baitfish or designate another to transport live baitfish on the license holder's behalf. B. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may not: When engaged in taking, or assisting in taking, live baitfish for resale from inland waters, fail to
26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 taking and selling of baitfish under the baitfish wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a baitfish wholesaler's license may: Take for the purpose of sale live baitfish from the inland waters of the State or from private ponds; Use particles of food for the purpose of luring baitfish to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; Designate others to assist the holder in selling live baitfish at the holder's business facility; and Transport live baitfish or designate another to transport live baitfish wholesaler's license may not: When engaged in taking, or assisting in taking,

	(2) Take baitfish other than by use of a seine as
2	defined in section 10001, subsection 55; a baitfish
	trap as defined in section 10001, subsection 7; a dip
4	<u>net, a drop net, a lift net or a bag net; or by hook</u>
	and line;
б	
	(3) Attempt to take live bait for resale from the
8	inland waters of the State by fishing through the ice
	using drop nets unless the holder marks all holes made
10	in the ice by the holder for that purpose. The holes
	<u>must be marked by suspending at least one strand of</u>
12	<u>fluorescent biodegradable tape at least 3 feet above</u>
	the ice around the entire perimeter of the hole so that
14	the tape is visible from all sides;
16	(4) Take eels;
18	<u>(5) Take or sell suckers, Genus Catostomus, greater</u>
	than 10 inches in length between April 1st and
20	September 30th of each year; or
22	(6) Possess at that person's place of business any
	species of fish that may not legally be sold as bait.
24	
	<u>Each day a person violates this paragraph that person</u>
20	
26	commits a class E crime.
-	commits a class E crime.
26 28	commits a class E crime. 7. Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and
28	<u>commits a class E crime.</u> 7. Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the
-	commits a class E crime.7.Smeltwholesaler'slicenseauthorizationsandrestrictions.The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's
28 30	<u>commits a class E crime.</u> 7. Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the
28	<u>commits a class E crime.</u> <u>7. Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and</u> <u>restrictions.</u> The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's <u>license.</u>
28 30 32	commits a class E crime.7.Smeltwholesaler'slicenseauthorizationsandrestrictions.The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's
28 30	commits a class E crime.7.Smeltwholesaler'slicenseauthorizationsandrestrictions.The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license.A.The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may:
28 30 32	commits a class E crime.7.Smeltwholesaler'slicenseauthorizationsandrestrictions.The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license.A.The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may: (1)Take live smelts for resale from any inland water
28 30 32 34	Commits a class E crime.7.Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license.A. The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may:(1) Take live smelts for resale from any inland water or private pond. The taking of live smelts from inland
28 30 32 34 36	commits a class E crime.7.Smeltwholesaler'slicenseauthorizationsandrestrictions.The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license.A.The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may:(1)Take live smelts for resale from any inland water or private pond.The taking of live smelts from inland waters must be in accordance with general rules adopted
28 30 32 34	commits a class E crime.7.Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license.A.The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may:(1)Take live smelts for resale from any inland water or private pond. The taking of live smelts from inland waters must be in accordance with general rules adopted by the commissioner in regard to the taking of smelts.
28 30 32 34 36	commits a class E crime.7.Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license.A.The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may:(1)Take live smelts for resale from any inland water or private pond. The taking of live smelts from inland waters must be in accordance with general rules adopted by the commissioner in regard to the taking of smelts. Except as provided in paragraph B, the holder of a
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	<pre>commits a class E crime. 7. Smelt wholesaler's license authorizations and restrictions. The provisions of this subsection apply to the taking and selling of live smelts under the smelt wholesaler's license. A. The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may: (1) Take live smelts for resale from any inland water or private pond. The taking of live smelts from inland waters must be in accordance with general rules adopted by the commissioner in regard to the taking of smelts. Except as provided in paragraph B, the holder of a smelt wholesaler's license shall comply with the same daily bag limit and the same tackle restrictions that apply to all other anglers and is subject to the same penalties for violations of those limits and restrictions; (2) Use a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop net, a lift net, a bag net or hook and line to take up to 8 guarts </pre>

2	(3) May use particles of food for the purpose of
	luring smelts to a baitfish trap, a dip net, a drop
4	net, a lift net or a bag net;
6	(4) Transport or possess at the holder's business
8	facility more than the daily bag limit of smelts provided that the smelts were taken by the license
	holder in accordance with this section or acquired from
10	a person licensed under this section to deal in live
12	<u>smelts;</u>
12	(5) Designate others to assist in selling live smelts
14	at the holder's business facility; and
16	(6) Transport or designate others to transport on the
18	<u>license holder's behalf live smelts in accordance with</u> this subsection.
20	B. The holder of a smelt wholesale dealer's license may not:
22	(1) When engaged in taking, or assisting in taking, live smelts for resale from inland waters, fail to
24	exhibit the license to any agent of the commissioner
26	<u>upon request;</u>
28	(2) Take multiple bag limits from waters governed by general rules regulating the taking of smelts in order to attain the 8-guart limit of smelts described in
30	paragraph A, subparagraph 2;
32	(3) Use a seine to take smelts;
34	(4) Transport or possess at the holder's business facility more than the daily bag limit of smelts at any
36	time unless the smelts were acquired in accordance with
38	paragraph A, subparagraph 4. If the smelts were purchased from another person, the license holder must
40	present a receipted invoice, bill of lading or bill of sale to any agent of the commissioner upon request;
42	(5) Transport from an inland water source to the
44	<u>licensee's place of business more than 8 quarts of live</u> <u>smelts;</u>
46	(6) Permit any person to transport live smelts on the
48	<u>license holder's behalf directly from an inland water</u> source;

....

	(7) Attempt to take from the inland waters of the
2	State live smelts for resale using drop nets through
2	the ice unless the license holder marks all holes made
4	in the ice by that license holder for that purpose.
*	The holes must be marked either by evergreen boughs
6	placed around the hole or by suspending at least one
Ū	strand of fluorescent biodegradable tape at least 3
8	feet above the ice around the entire perimeter of the
Ū	hole so that the tape is visible from all sides;
10	note so that the tape is visible from all states,
10	(8) Take smelts during the winter months, except by
12	hook and line, unless the holder has a number 14 fish
12	grader in operable condition in that holder's immediate
14	proximity during the taking of smelts and uses that
	grader during the smelt harvesting activity. The
16	holder shall liberate immediately all undersized smelts
	alive into the waters from which they were taken. For
18	the purpose of this subparagraph, a number 14 grader is
20	a grader having a minimum grate size of 14/64 inches.
20	This subparagraph does not apply to a license holder
	who fishes with a hook and line only; or
22	
	(9) Possess at that person's place of business any
24	species of fish that may not legally be sold as bait.
26	Each day a person violates this paragraph that person
	<u>commits a class E crime.</u>
28	
	For purposes of this subsection, live smelts are considered in
30	possession of the licensee once the smelts have been removed from
	the inland waters and placed in a container.
32	
	8. Effect of revoked or suspended license. A person whose
34	license to deal in live smelts and baitfish has been revoked or
	suspended pursuant to section 10902 may not assist another dealer
36	in selling or transporting live smelts and baitfish.
• •	
38	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a class E crime.</u>
40	9. Inspection of live smelts and baitfish. A person
40	licensed under this section who possesses live smelts or baitfish
42	at a fixed place of business shall make those fish available for
76	inspection by a warden or a department fisheries biologist during
44	normal business hours. A person licensed under this section who
• •	possesses live smelts or baitfish at a location other than the
46	licensee's fixed place of business shall make those fish
	available for inspection by a warden or a department fisheries
48	biologist at any time, upon request.
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Sec. 263. 12 MRSA §12552, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 2 4 1. Prohibition. A person licensed to deal in live baitfish pursuant to section 12551 12551-A may not purchase live smelts from a person who does not hold a current license to sell live б smelts issued pursuant to section 12551 12551-A, subsection -4-3, paragraph A or C. 8 Sec. 264. 12 MRSA §12552, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 10 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 12 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of 14 this section. 16 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 18 than \$500 may be adjudged. 20 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 22 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 24 Class E crime. The commissioner, subject to the hearing provisions of section 26 10902, shall revoke for a period of at least one year from the date of adjudication any licenses issued under section 12551-A to 28 a person adjudicated of a violation of subsection 1. 30 Sec. 265. 12 MRSA §12553, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 32 34 §12553. Selling, using or possessing baitfish 36 1.--Selling,-using or possessing-unlawful-baitfish.-A-person may-not--except--as-provided -in-this-section--sell--offer--for 38 sale,-use-or-possess-for-use-as-bait-for-fishing-any-species-of fish-other-than-baitfish -as-defined-in-section-10001,-subsection 40 6. 42 A --- Nothing-in-this-Title-prohibits-the-use-of-commercially prepared-oqqs-from-species-that-do-not-naturally-occur-in the-State-for-bait-44 B.--A-person-may-take-baitfish-from-all-inland-waters-of-the 46 State-during-the-period-that-those-waters -are -open-to-fishing-and the -- commissioner - may -- grant -- permits - in -- accordance - with - section 48 12513-to-take-baitfish-from-certain-waters-at-any-time. 50

A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits--a-Class-E-crime. 2 The-court-shall,-in-addition,-impose -a fine of \$20, -none-of-which may-be-suspended,-for-each-fish-illegally-possessed. 4 1-A. Unlawfully selling, using or possessing baitfish. Except as provided in this subsection and for baitfish as defined 6 in section 10001, subsection 6, a person may not: 8 A. Sell or offer for sale fish as bait for the purpose of 10 fishing; or 12 B. Use or possess fish as bait for the purpose of fishing. 14 Nothing in this Title prohibits the use of commercially prepared eggs from species that do not naturally occur in the State for bait. A person may take baitfish from all inland waters of the 16 State during the period that those waters are open to fishing and 18the commissioner may grant permits in accordance with section 12513 to take baitfish from certain waters at any time. 20 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 22 The court shall, in addition, impose a fine of \$20, none of which may be suspended, for each fish illegally possessed. 24 Sale of bait or baitfish in containers. A person who 2. 26 sells bait or baitfish may not provide or sell the bait or baitfish in containers that-are-composed-in-whole-or-in-part-of 28 pelystyrene-foam-plastic unless the containers are composed of biodegradable paper or cardboard. 30 A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation 32 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged. 34 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 36 than \$500 may be adjudged. 38 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 40 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 42 Class E crime. 44 3. Failure to label baitfish traps, drop nets or baitfish holding boxes. A person may not set or place within the inland waters of the State any baitfish trap, drop net or baitfish 46 holding box without having the baitfish trap, drop net or 48 baitfish holding box plainly labeled with that person's full name and address.

50

A-person-who-violates-this-subsection -commits-a-civil-violation 2 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-loss-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged. 4 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 6 than \$500 may be adjudged. 8 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 10 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 12 <u>Class E crime.</u> Sec. 266. 12 MRSA §12555, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 14 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 16 §12555. Checking baitfish traps 18 20 1. Prohibition. While trapping for baitfish in the inland waters with the use of a baitfish trap as defined in section 10001, subsection 7, a person shall check the baitfish trap or 22 cause the baitfish trap to be checked at least once in every 7 24 calendar days. 26 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. 28 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil 30 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 32 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 34 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 36 Sec. 267. 12 MRSA §12601, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 38 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 40 \$12601. Rule violations; open-water fishing or ice fishing 42 1. Civil violations. Notwithstanding section 10650, a 44 person who violates a rule regulating open-water fishing or ice fishing, except a rule implementing a statute the violation of 46 which is a Class E crime, commits a civil violation for which a 48 fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

	2. Crime. A person who violates a rule regulating
2	open-water fishing or ice fishing, except a rule implementing a
	statute the violation of which is a Class E crime, after having
4	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class
6	<u>E crime.</u>
8	Sec. 268. 12 MRSA §12603, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
0	414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the
10	following enacted in its place:
12	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
	this section.
14	
	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil
16	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
	than \$500 may be adjudged.
18	
2.0	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been
20	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
22	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
22	<u>CIASS E CIIIIE.</u>
24	Sec. 269. 12 MRSA §12605, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
26	
	Sec. 270. 12 MRSA §12608, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
28	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following
~~	enacted in its place:
30	812600 Poiluge to Jobel Sich
32	§12608. Failure to label fish
52	1. Prohibition. A person may not keep the following
34	species of fish at any sporting camp, hotel or public lodging
	place unless the name and address of the person who caught the
36	fish is attached to the fish:
38	A. Black bass;
4.0	
40	B. Salmon;
42	
74	<u>C. Togue; or</u>
44	D. Trout.
46	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
	this section.
48	

A. A person who violates this section commits a civil
violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
<u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
B. A person who violates this section after having been
adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
<u>Class E crime.</u>
Sec. 271. 12 MRSA §12609, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.
Sec. 272. 12 MRSA §12609-A is enacted to read:
<u>§12609-A. Purchase or sale of certain fish</u>
SI2003-A. I ULLASE OF SALE OF LEI LAIM TISH
1. Prohibition. Except as otherwise provided in this
section, a person may not directly or indirectly purchase or sell
the following species of fish:
A. Black bass;
B. Landlocked salmon;
D. Bunutocked Summy
<u>C. Pickerel;</u>
D. Togue;
E. Trout; or
F. White perch.
2 Figh moduled by generated producers on imported)
2. Fish produced by commercial producers or imported. A
person may purchase or sell fish that have been lawfully produced
by commercial producers within the State or that have been
lawfully imported from without the State.
3. Skins of fish preserved through taxidermy. A person may
purchase or sell the skins of fish that have been preserved for
display through the art of taxidermy.
and the second s
4. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a
Class E crime. The court shall also impose a fine of \$20 for each
fish unlawfully possessed, none of which may be suspended.
Sec. 273. 12 MRSA §12610, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following
enacted in its place:
chacted in its brace.
<u>§12610. Unlawful importation or sale of certain fresh or</u>

<u>frozen fish</u>

2	
4	 Prohibition. A person may not import or offer for sale fresh or frozen any of the following fish:
4	riesh of frozen any of the forlowing fish.
6	A. Salmon;
8	B. Brook trout;
10	C. Brown trout;
12	D. Rainbow trout;
14	E. Lake trout; or
16	F. Any member of the family salmonidae whose source is outside of the continental United States, Canada or Alaska
18	or their adjacent waters.
20	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
22	A. A person who violates this section commits a civil
24	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
26	
28	B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
30	<u>Class E crime.</u>
32	Sec. 274. 12 MRSA §12611 is enacted to read:
34	§12611. Illegal possession of live fish
36	Except as otherwise provided in this Part, a person who
38	legally takes a fish, other than baitfish or smelt, from inland waters pursuant to this Part shall immediately release that fish alive into the waters from which it was taken or immediately kill
40	that fish. Any fish killed pursuant to this section becomes part of the daily bag limit. A person who possess a fish in violation
42	of this section commits a Class E crime.
44	Sec. 275. 12 MRSA §12651, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
46	
48	1. Prohibition. Except as provided in section 12506, subsection 5_{7} -paragraph-B $\underline{7}$, a person may not fish by snagging as defined by section 10001, subsection 58.
50	defined by Section 10001, Subsection 30.

2	Sec. 276. 12 MRSA $\$12652$, sub- $\$1$, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\$2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, is amended to read:
4	1. Prohibition. Except in accordance with section 12659
6	<u>12659-A</u> , subsections <u>subsection</u> 1 and 2, a person may not fish with more than 2 lines at any one time.
8	Sec. 277. 12 MRSA §12652, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
10	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
12	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
14	this section.
16	A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
18	
20	B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
22	Class E crime.
24	Sec. 278. 12 MRSA §12654-A is enacted to read:
26	<u>§12654-A. Limit on artificial flies</u>
28	§12654-A. Limit on artificial flies 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line.
	1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3
28 30	 Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
28 30 32	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil
28 30 32 34	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this section after having been
28 30 32 34 36	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
28 30 32 34 36 38	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. Sec. 279. 12 MRSA \$12655, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is repealed and the following
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. Sec. 279. 12 MRSA §12655, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 1. Prohibition. A person may not fish with more than 3 unbaited artificial flies individually attached to a line. 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. Sec. 279. 12 MRSA \$12655, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is repealed and the following

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2	<u>A. Live bait;</u>
4	B. Dead bait; or
б	C. Chemically preserved natural or organic bait.
8	• <u>2. Penalty.</u> A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.
10	Sec. 280. 12 MRSA §12657, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
12	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
14	3. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
16	this section.
18	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
20	<u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
22	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
24	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
26	Sec. 281. 12 MRSA §12658, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
28	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
30	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
32	this section.
34	A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
36	than \$500 may be adjudged.
38	<u>B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u>
40	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
42	Sec. 282. 12 MRSA §12659, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
44	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.
46	Sec. 283. 12 MRSA §12659-A is enacted to read:
48	<u>§12659-A. Ice fishing regulations</u>

	1. Five-line limit. Unless otherwise provided by rule, a
2	person licensed to fish may not fish through the ice with more
4	<u>than 5 lines set or otherwise.</u>
6	A. Except as provided in paragraph B, the licensee shall have all lines under that person's immediate supervision.
8	B. In waters that have been opened under section 12454, subsection 1, paragraph B, a person fishing for cusk in the
10	nighttime shall visit at least once every hour all lines set by that person for cusk.
12	
14	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
16	<u>A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more</u>
18	than \$500 may be adjudged.
20	<u>B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u>
22	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
24	G., 294 12 MDGA \$12((1, m)) \$1
26	Sec. 284. 12 MRSA 12661 , sub- 1 , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7 , is amended to read:
28	1. Prohibitions and requirements. A person who owns any shack or temporary structure used for ice fishing may-net:
30	
32	A. Leave <u>May not leave</u> or allow the shack or structure to remain on the ice of any inland waters more than 3 days after the waters on which the shack or structure is located
34	are closed to ice fishing;
36	B. Place <u>May not place</u> or allow the shack or structure to be placed on the ice of any inland waters more than 3 days
38	before the waters on which the shack or structure is located are opened to ice fishing; or
40	C. Fail-to Shall have painted on the outside of the shack
42	or structure in 2-inch letters the owner's name and address when the shack or structure is on the ice of any inland
44	waters.
46	Sec. 285. 12 MRSA §12661, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the
48	following enacted in its place:

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2	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 1.
4	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
6	than \$500 may be adjudged.
8	<u>B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been</u> adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
10	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
12	Sec. 286. 12 MRSA §12662, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
14	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
16	 Prohibition. Except as provided in section 12659 <u>12659-A</u>, subsection 2 <u>1</u>, a person may not ice fish from 1/2 hour
18	after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise of the following morning.
20	Sec. 287. 12 MRSA $\$12662$, sub- $\$2$, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\$2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, is repealed and the
22	following enacted in its place:
24	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 1.
26	A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil
28	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
30	B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been
32	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
34	<u>Class E crime.</u>
36	Sec. 288. 12 MRSA §12663, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
38	Sec. 289. 12 MRSA §12663-A is enacted to read:
40	
42	<u>§12663-A. Unlawful sale of lead sinkers</u>
44	1. Sale of lead sinker. A person may not sell a lead sinker for fishing that contains any lead and weighs 1/2 ounce or less.
46	
48	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
50	ANTER BOAR WAY NE GALAGACA.

B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 2 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 4 6 2. Offer lead sinker for sale. A person may not offer for sale a lead sinker for fishing that contains any lead and weighs 1/2 ounce or less. 8 10 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 12 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 14 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 16 Class E crime. 18 3. Definition; sinker. For the purposes of this section, "sinker" means a device that is designed to be attached to a 20 fishing line and intended to sink the line. "Sinker" does not include artificial lures, weighted line, weighted flies or jig 22 heads. 24 Sec. 290. 12 MRSA §12701, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 26 28 1. Public use. The commissioner may, pursuant to section 10104, adopt rules regulating hunting, fishing, trapping or other public use of any wildlife management area or wildlife sanctuary 30 as designated in section 12706, subsection 1, except that a landowner may not be prohibited from operating any vehicle on 32 land on which that person is domiciled. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in 34 Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 36 Sec. 291. 12 MRSA §12701, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 38 40 5. Access sites to inland and coastal waters. The commissioner may, pursuant to section 10104, subsection 1, adopt public department-owned 42 rules regulating use of or department-maintained sites that provide public access to inland or coastal waters. The commissioner may establish reasonable 44 fees for use of these sites by members of the public as necessary 46 to help defray the cost of routine maintenance and security. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical 48 rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 292. 12 MRSA §§12702 and 12703, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the following enacted in their place:

- <u>\$12702. Rule violations; state-owned wildlife management areas</u>

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The following penalties apply to violations of rules regulating state-owned wildlife management areas.

- 10 1. Civil violation. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who violates a rule regulating state-owned wildlife
 12 management areas commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 2. Criminal violation. A person who violates a rule
 regulating state-owned wildlife management areas after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

<u>§12703. Rule violations; state game farms</u>

- The following penalties apply to violations of rules 24 regulating state game farms.
- 26 **1. Civil violation.** Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who violates a rule regulating state game farms commits a 28 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 2. Criminal violation. A person who violates a rule 32 regulating state game farms after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part 34 within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- 36 Sec. 293. 12 MRSA §12705, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
 88 enacted in its place:
- 40 §12705. Rule violations; scientific collection permits
- 42 <u>The following penalties apply to violations of rules</u> regulating scientific collection permits.
 44
- Civil violation. Notwithstanding section 10650, a
 person who violates a rule regulating scientific collection permits commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less
 than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

	2. Criminal violation. A person who violates a rule
2	regulating scientific collection permits after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under
4	<u>this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E</u>
	crime.
6	
	Sec. 294. 12 MRSA §12706, sub-§1, ¶AA, as enacted by PL 2003,
8	c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
10	AA. Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary: The waters of
10	Carleton Pond, so called, in the Towns of Readfield and Winthrop in the County of Kennebec, and the lands of the
12	Augusta Water District adjacent to said pond and located in
14	said Towns of Readfield and Winthrop, now owned or which may
14	be-hereafter are acquired by said district in furtherance of
16	its chartered purposes. For provisions relating specifically
10	to Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary, see section 12707,
18	subsection 2, paragraphs F and G and subsection 6;
10	subsection 2, pulagraphs 1 and 0 and subsection 0,
20	Sec. 295. 12 MRSA §12707, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
20	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:
22	a_1, b_2 and approved a_1 for c, b_3, c_4 and the result
	§12707. Unlawful activity in wildlife sanctuary;
24	general prohibitions and exceptions
26	Except to the extent permitted by the commissioner under
	section 12701, activities listed in this section are prohibited
28	in a wildlife sanctuary.
30	1Unlawfulactivity-in-wildlifesanctuaryExceptac
	provided-in-subsection-2,-a-person-may-not+
32	
	A Trap-or-hunt-any-wild-animal-or-wild-bird-at-any-time
34	within-a-wildlife-sanctuary-as-designated-in-section-12706;
	θ£
36	
	BPossess-any-wild-animal-or-wild-bird-taken-in-violation
38	of-paragraph-A.
4.0	1-A. Unlawful activity in wildlife sanctuary. Except as
40	provided in subsection 2, the following activities are prohibited.
42	provided in subsection 2, the following activities are prohibited.
42	A percent may not trap or hunt any wild animal or wild
44	A. A person may not trap or hunt any wild animal or wild hird at any time within a wildlife constuary as designated
44	<u>bird at any time within a wildlife sanctuary as designated</u> in section 12706.
46	11 <u>550101 12700</u> ,
4 0	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
48	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
10	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
	not moto chan povo may be adjudgedt

2 (2) A person who violates this paragraph after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 4 period commits a Class E crime. 6 B. A person may not possess any wild animal or wild bird taken in violation of paragraph A. 8 10 (1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 12 14 (2) A person who violates this paragraph after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 16 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 18 2. Exceptions. The prohibitions--in-subsection--l--are 20 subject-to-the following exceptions and-limitations-listed in this apply to the prohibitions in subsection 1-A. 22 Subsection -1 - 1 - A does not apply to crows and skunks in Α. 24 the Willow Water Game Sanctuary. 26 Β. A person residing within the limits of the York Game Sanctuary in the County of Franklin may kill any wild bird, 28 except grouse, or any wild animal, except beaver, when found destroying that person's property. 30 A person residing within the limits of Prout's Neck, С. Richmond's Island and Cape Elizabeth Sanctuary may kill any 32 wild bird, except ruffed grouse or Hungarian partridge, or 34 any wild animal, when found destroying that person's property. 36 D. A person may trap any wild animal except moose,-caribeu, and deer and--elk within Fairfield Sanctuary, Narragansett 38 Game Sanctuary and Prout's Neck, Richmond's Island and Cape 40 Elizabeth Sanctuary in accordance with the general laws of the State. 42 If the commissioner determines that the public health Ε. 44 and safety are threatened by diseased animals within Rangeley Plantation Sanctuary, the commissioner may 46 authorize the use of firearms or any other device the commissioner determines appropriate to eliminate diseased 48 animals.

- F. The Augusta Water District may use Carleton Pond in the Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary as it determines necessary.
- G. Within the Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary, subsection
 <u>1-A</u> applies only to <u>fenced</u> lands that--are-or--may-be
 hereafter-fenced.
- 8 H. The use of firearms on Megunticook Lake and Vicinity Sanctuary is prohibited only from the first day of April of 10 each year to the 30th day of September following.
- 12 3. Using motorboat within Merrymeeting Bay Game Sanctuary. A person may not use a motorboat within Merrymeeting Bay Game 14 Sanctuary, except that motorboats may be used between the Woolwich shore on the east and a line on the west designated by a 16 series of red markers adjacent to the edge of the grassy marsh area from Kelly's Point to the southern boundary of the 18 Merrymeeting Bay Game Sanctuary.
- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 24 <u>B. A person who violates this subsection after having been</u> adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 26 <u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> Class E crime.

 Carrying loaded firearm on bounds of Limington, Hollis
 and Waterboro Sanctuary. A person may not carry a loaded firearm on any of the roads bounding the Limington, Hollis and Waterboro
 Sanctuary.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- 42

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 5. Carrying loaded firearm on bounds of Standish
 44 Sanctuary. A person may not carry a loaded firearm on any road or on the Maine Central Railroad right-of-way that bounds the
 46 Standish Game Sanctuary.

A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.

2 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 4 Class E crime. б 6. Fishing in Carleton Pond. A person may not fish in Carleton Pond in the Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary. 8 10 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 12 than \$500 may be adjudged. 14 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 16 <u>Class E crime.</u> 18 A-person-who-violates-this-section commits -a-eivil-violation 20 for-which-a -forfeiture-of-not-less -than-\$100-nor-more -than -\$500 may-be-adjudged. 22 Sec. 296. 12 MRSA §12708, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2003, 24 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended by enacting subparagraph (20-A) to read: 26 (20-A) Maine Youth Conservation WMA - T32MD - Hancock 28 County; Sec. 297. 12 MRSA §12751, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 30 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 32 **§12751.** Commissioner's authority relating to 34 culture and research Setting apart waters. The commissioner may by rule, 36 1. pursuant to section 10104, subsection 1, set apart, for a term not to exceed 10 years, any inland water for the use of by the 38 State in the-prosecution-of--the conducting work of on fish 40 culture and scientific research relative to fish. 42 In the waters so set apart, the commissioner and persons acting under the commissioner's authority in their respective fish culture and scientific work may take fish at any time or in any 44 manner and erect and maintain any fixtures necessary for these purposes. In no instance may the commissioner permit the taking 46 of fish by explosive, poisonous or stupefying substances, except 48 for the use of registered fish toxicants for reclamation purposes.

2	2Taking-ofcertainfish Afterahearing-pursuantte
2	section10104,subsection-1,thecommissioner-may-permitthe taking-ofpickerel,perch-and-other-fish-in-specified-waters,
4	subject-to-conditions-the-commissioner-may-prescriber-whenever-it appears-that-those-fish-seriously-injure-the-propagation-of-or
б	appears-chac-chose-iish-serrousry-injure-che-propagation-or-or the-fishing-for-any-game-fish-
8	Sec. 298. 12 MRSA 12753 , sub- $2,$ as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7 , is amended to read:
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12	2. Tampering with screen. A person may not take up, destroy or injure any screen installed pursuant to this section, unless the person is duly authorized by the commissioner.
14	
16	A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged.
18	Sec. 299. 12 MRSA §12753, sub-§3 is enacted to read:
20	
22	3. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 2.
24	A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
26	than \$500 may be adjudged.
28	<u>B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u>
30	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
32	Sec. 300. 12 MRSA §12755, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
34	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
36	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
38	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
40	A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
42	than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	<u>B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u>
46	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
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Sec. 301. 12 MRSA §12756, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 2 Damage Otherwise damage or destroy a fishway. 4 D. Sec. 302. 12 MRSA §12756, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 6 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 8 following enacted in its place: 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of 10 this section. 12 A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 14 than \$500 may be adjudged. 16 B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 18 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 20 <u>Class E crime.</u> 22 Sec. 303. 12 MRSA §12758, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed. 24 Sec. 304. 12 MRSA §12759, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 26 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 28 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of 30 this section. A person who violates this section commits a civil 32 Α. violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 34 B. A person who violates this section after having been 36 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 38 Class E crime. 40 Sec. 305. 12 MRSA §12760, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read: 42 Decision. In the event that the commissioner decides 44 6. that a fishway should be constructed, repaired, altered or 46 maintained pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall issue final orders with specific plans and descriptions of the fishway

48 construction, alteration, repair or maintenance requirements, the conditions of the use of the fishway and the time and manner

required for fishway operation. The commissioner may issue a decision requiring the owners, lessees or other persons in control of the dam or obstruction to construct, repair, alter or maintain a fishway. Such a decision must be supported by a finding based on evidence submitted to the commissioner that either of the following conditions exist:

One or more species of anadromous or migratory fish can 8 Α. be restored in substantial numbers to the watershed by construction, alteration, repair or maintenance of a fishway 10 and habitat anywhere in the watershed above the dam or to obstruction is sufficient and suitable support 12 а substantial commercial or recreational fishery for one or more species of anadromous or migratory fish; or 14

B. The construction, alteration, repair or maintenance of a fishway is necessary to protect or enhance rare, threatened
 or endangered fish species.

In the event that the commissioner decides that no fishway should be constructed, the commissioner shall specify in that decision a period not to exceed 5 years subsequent to that decision during which no fishway may be required to be constructed. That-period anay-not-exceed-5-years.

Sec. 306. 12 MRSA \$12761, sub-\$3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read:

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 3. Unlawful building of dam. A person may not build any
 30 dam or other obstruction in any of the rivers, streams or brooks of this State without first filing written notice with the
 32 commissioner pursuant to subsection 1. A-person-who--vielates this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation-for-which-a-ferfeiture
 34 of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500-may-be-adjudged.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 40 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 42 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 307. 12 MRSA §12762, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 46 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§12762. Fish kills; violations; fines; rules; definition

	1. Prohibition. A person may not improperly operate a
2	fishway required under this subchapter in a manner that results
	in a fish kill.
4	
	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of
6	this section.
8	· A. A person who violates this section commits a civil
	violation for which a fine equivalent to the value of the
10	fish killed but not more than \$10,000 for each day of that
	violation may be adjudged.
12	
	B. A person who violates this section after having been
14	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
1.0	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
16	<u>Class E crime.</u>
18	3. Rules; definition. The department and the Department of
10	Marine Resources shall jointly make rules defining "fish kill."
20	Marine Reportees bharr joinery make raies derining ribh kirre
	Sec. 308. 12 MRSA §12763, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
22	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
24	§12763. Use or possession of gill net; Penobscot
	Nation research; department personnel
26	- •
	1ProhibitionExcept-asotherwiseallowed-underthis
28	section, - a- person, - including -any -agent-of-the-State, - may -not-use
	er-pessess-a-gill-net.
30	
	A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-Class-E-crime-
32	Thecourtshallalsoimposeafineof\$20foreachfish
	unlawfully-pessessed,-none-ef-which-may-be-suspended.
34	
	2. Penobscot Nation research. Under the direction of its
36	director, the staff of the Department of Natural Resources of the
	Penobscot Nation may use gill nets for the purpose of scientific
38	fisheries research and management on any waters within, flowing
	through or adjacent to Penobscot Indian territory as defined in
40	Title 30, section 6205, subsection 2.
42	
42	A. The authority granted under this subsection is subject
44	to the following constraints.
44	(1) Both ends of the gill net must be marked with
46	(1) Both ends of the gill net must be marked with buoys that are clearly visible from a distance of 300
	feet and that identify the Department of Natural
48	Resources of the Penobscot Nation as the owner of the
	net.
50	

(2) The results of each netting must be forwarded on a 2 weekly basis to the office of the commissioner where the results must be available for public inspection. 4 A-person-may-not-fail-to-comply-with-any-provision-of-this 6 paragraph. A-person-who-violates-this-paragraph-commits-a-Class-E-erime. 8 10 B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph <u>A.</u> 12 (1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor 14 more than \$500 may be adjudged. 16 (2) A person who violates paragraph A after having 18 been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 20 period commits a Class E crime. 22 3. Use of gill nets by department personnel. Department personnel may use gill nets pursuant to this subsection. When requested by another agency to undertake a gill netting project, 24 the department must be reimbursed by that agency for all costs 26 relating to the gill netting project. 28 The department may use gill nets in inland waters Α. provided that: 30 (1) -- When - requested - by - another - agency - to - undertake - a gill-netting-project,-the-department-is-reimbursed-by 32 that-agency-for-all-costs-relating-to-the gill-netting 34 project; 36 (2) Both ends of the net are marked with buoys that are clearly visible from a distance of 300 feet and 38 that identify the department; and The results of each netting are forwarded on a 40 (3) weekly basis to the office of the commissioner. The 42 records of the results must be available for public inspection at the office of the commissioner. 44 A-1. The following penalties apply to violations of 46 paragraph A. (1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil 48 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 50

2 (2) A person who violates paragraph A after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 4 period commits a Class E crime. 6 B.-- A -person - may - not -fail - to -comply - with - the -restrictions established-under-this-subsection. 8 10 C. The department shall submit an annual report to the standing committee of the Legislature having joint jurisdiction over inland fisheries and wildlife matters no 12 later than March 1st of each year on the use of gill nets by 14 department personnel. The report must include a summary of each use of gill nets, indicating the following: 16 (1)The specific purpose for which the gill nets were 18 used; (2) The date of each use; 20 The location of each use by water body, town and 22 (3)county; and 24 The number and mortality of each species of fish (4)taken by gill nets. 26 28 Permits allowing use of gill nets by other state 4. agencies. The department may authorize the use of gill nets by other state agencies for purposes of scientific research or 30 public safety projects. Any authorization by the department for 32 another state agency to utilize gill nets must be given through written permit. 34 The authority granted to the department under this Α. 36 subsection is subject to the following constraints. 38 (1) -- Any -authorization- by - the--department - for--another state-agency-to-utilize-gill-nets-must-be-given-through 40 written-permit. 42 (2) Both ends of the gill net must be marked with buoys that are clearly visible from a distance of 300 44 feet and that identify the state agency responsible for setting the net. 46 The results of each netting must be forwarded on a (3) 48 weekly basis to the department, and the records of the results must be available for public inspection at the 50 department.

2 B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph <u>A.</u> 4 (1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor 6 more than \$500 may be adjudged. 8 (2) A person who violates paragraph A after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 10 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 12 period commits a Class E crime. Sec. 309. 12 MRSA §12802, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 14 414, Pt. A, \$2 and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is amended to read: 16 1. Investigations. The commissioner may conduct investigations in order to develop information relating to 18 population size, distribution, habitat needs, limiting factors 20 and other biological and ecological data relating to the status and requirements for survival of any resident species of fish or 22 wildlife occurring in the State, whether endangered or not. Sec. 310. 12 MRSA §12804, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 2003, 24 c. 414, Pt. A, \S^2 and affected by Pt. D, \S^7 , are amended to read: 26 2. Habitat. For species designated as endangered or threatened under this subchapter the commissioner may, by rule, 28 pursuant--to-Title--5,--chapter--375, identify areas currently or 30 historically providing physical or biological features essential to the conservation of the species and that may require special 32 management considerations. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5. chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 34 36 Protection guidelines. The commissioner may, by rule, 3. pursuant-to-Title--5,--chapter--375, develop guidelines for the protection of species designated as endangered or threatened 38 under this subchapter. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection 40 are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 42 Sec. 311. 12 MRSA §12808, first \P , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 44 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 46 For the purposes of this section, "to take," "take" and "taking" mean the intentional-or-negligent act or omission that 48 results in the death of any endangered or threatened species.

	Sec. 312. 12 MRSA §12808, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
2	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
4	fortowing endeced in its pidee.
-	1. Prohibited acts regarding endangered or threatened
6	species; negligence. Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3,
Ū.	a person may not negligently:
8	<u></u>
· ·	A. Import into the State or export out of the State any
10	endangered or threatened species. A person who violates
	this paragraph commits a Class E crime;
12	
	B. Hunt, take, trap or possess any endangered or threatened
14	species within the State. A person who violates this
	paragraph commits a Class E crime;
16	
	C. Possess, process, sell, offer for sale, deliver, carry,
18	transport or ship, by any means whatsoever, any endangered
	or threatened species or any part of an endangered or
20	threatened species. A person who violates this paragraph
	<u>commits a Class E crime; or</u>
22	
	D. Feed, set bait for or harass any endangered or
24	threatened species. A law enforcement officer, as defined in
	Title 25, section 2801-A, subsection 5, must issue a warning
26	to a person who violates this paragraph for the first time.
	A person who violates this paragraph after having previously
28	been given a warning under this paragraph commits a Class E
-	<u>crime.</u>
30	
	Sec. 313. 12 MRSA §12808, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
32	
	1-A. Prohibited acts regarding endangered or threatened
34	species; intentional. Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3,
	a person may not intentionally;
36	
	A. Import into the State or export out of the State any
38	endangered or threatened species. A person who violates
	this paragraph commits a Class D crime;
40	
	B. Hunt, take, trap or possess any endangered or threatened
42	species within the State. A person who violates this
	paragraph commits a Class D crime;
44	
	C. Possess, process, sell, offer for sale, deliver, carry,
46	transport or ship, by any means whatsoever, any endangered
	or threatened species. A person who violates this paragraph
48	commits a Class D crime; or

D. Feed, set bait for or harass any endangered or threatened species. A law enforcement officer, as defined 2 in Title 25, section 2801-A, subsection 5, must issue a 4 warning to a person who violates this paragraph for the first time. A person who violates this paragraph after having previously been given a warning under this paragraph 6 commits a Class D crime. 8 Sec. 314. 12 MRSA §12808, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 10 12 2. Exceptions for certain purposes. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 1-A or section 19602 10650 as it applies to rules adopted in accordance with this subchapter, the 14 commissioner may: 16 Under such terms and conditions as the commissioner may Α. prescribe, permit any act prohibited by this section or by 18 rule for educational or scientific purposes or to enhance 20 the propagation or survival of an endangered or threatened species; and 22 Under such terms and conditions as the commissioner may в. prescribe, permit any endangered or threatened species that 24 enters the State and is being transported to a point outside 26 the State to be so entered and transported without restriction in accordance with the terms of any federal or state permit. 28 30 Sec. 315. 12 MRSA §12851, first ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 32 The commissioner shall, pursuant-to-Title--5,-chapter--375, 34 with the advice and consent of the Advisory Board for the Licensing of Guides, adopt rules necessary to administer this Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine 36 chapter. technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 38 The commissioner shall establish safety standards to <u>2-A.</u> provide the clients of quides reasonable protection from 40 hazards. The commissioner may adopt rules in the following areas. Sec. 316. 12 MRSA §12852, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 42 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 44 enacted in its place: §12852. Rule violations; licensed guides and trip leaders 46 48 The following penalties apply to violations of rules regulating licensed guides or camp leaders and course instructor certificates. 50

 <u>1. Civil. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who</u> violates a rule regulating licensed guides or camp trip leaders and course instructor certificates commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

8 **2. Criminal.** A person who violates a rule regulating licensed guides or camp trip leaders and course instructor 10 certificates after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 12 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 317. 12 MRSA §12853, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 2003,
 c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

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 Prohibition. Except as provided in subsection 7, a
 person may not act as a guide without a valid license issued under this chapter. A-person-violates-this-subsection-each-day
 the-person-acts-as-a-guide-without-a-valid-license-issued-under this-chapter.

2. Penalty. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a
 Class D crime for which the court shall impose a sentencing alternative involving a term of imprisonment of 3 days, none of
 which may be suspended. The court shall also impose a fine of \$1,000, none of which may be suspended. A person violates
 subsection 1 each day that person acts as a guide without a valid license issued under this chapter.

Sec. 318. 12 MRSA §12857, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 32 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.

- A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 42 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 44 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- Sec. 319. 12 MRSA §12858, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 48 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

2 §12858. Guide license violations

4	1. Guide license violations. A person licensed as a guide
C	may not violate the following provisions.
6	A. A person licensed as a guide may not knowingly assist a
8	client in violating any of the provisions of this Part.
10	(1) If the violation committed by the client is a civil violation, a person licensed as a guide who
12	violates this paragraph commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500
14	may be adjudged.
16	(2) If the violation committed by the client is a civil violation, a person licensed as a guide who
18	<u>violates this paragraph after having been adjudicated</u> as having committed 3 or more civil violations under
20	<u>this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
22	(3) If the violation committed by the client is a
24	<u>criminal violation, a person licensed as a guide who</u> violates this paragraph commits a Class E crime.
26	B. A person licensed as a guide who has knowledge that a
28	<u>client has violated the provisions of this Part shall,</u> within 24 hours, inform a person authorized to enforce this
30	Part.
32	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
34	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
36	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
38	<u>violations under this Part within the previous 5-year</u> period commits a Class E crime.
40	C. A person licensed as a guide may not take a party of
42	<u>more than 12 people out on any lake, stream or waterway in</u> <u>the State at any time.</u>
44	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
46	<u>civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100</u> nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
48	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
50	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil

.

2	<u>violations under this Part within the previous 5-year</u> period commits a Class E crime.
4	Sec. 320. 12 MRSA §12860, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
6	1-A. Prohibition. A person may not conduct trip camping under subsection 1 without a trip leader permit issued under this
8	section. Each day a person violates this subsection, that person commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an
10	amount equal to twice the applicable license fee must be imposed.
12	Sec. 321. 12 MRSA §12901, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
14 16	2. Affiliated outfitter. "Affiliated outfitter" means:
18	A. An outfitter who owns directly, indirectly or through a chain of successive ownership 10% or more of the financial interest in any other outfitter;
20	B. An outfitter, 10% or more of whose financial interests
22	are owned directly or indirectly or through a chain of successive ownership by any other outfitter;
24	C. An outfitter, 10% or more of whose financial interests
26 28	are owned directly or indirectly or through a chain of successive ownership by a person who owns 10% or more of the financial interest in another outfitter; or
30	D. An outfitter who, in the year 1982 or thereafter:
32	(1) Purchases, leases, borrows, accepts, receives or otherwise obtains on a nonarms-length basis from
34	another whitewater outfitter, either directly or indirectly, more than 1/2 of its real or personal
36	property; or
38	(2) Receives from another outfitter on a nonarms-length basis more than 1/2 of the ordinary
40	services related to the business of whitewater outfitting, including, but not limited to, mail,
42	telephone, reservations, repair, maintenance, personnel training and management.
44	A person may-not-be-found-to-be is not an affiliated outfitter
46	solely because of blood relationship, marriage or previous employment. If the department transfers a selling outfitter's
48	allocation to a buying outfitter or outfitters, pursuant to section 12907, subsection 7, these transferred allocations must

be added to the buyer's allocations and may not be considered as affiliated.

Sec. 322. 12 MRSA §12901, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 4 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 6 Commercial whitewater outfitter; outfitter. "Commercial 5. whitewater outfitter" or "outfitter" means a person who-conducts 8 commercial--whitewater--trips--or who collects dues or fees or receives any form of compensation for arranging or providing 10 whitewater rafting services trips or for operating a whitewater rafting organization. A commercial whitewater outfitter license 12 does not authorize the holder to guide whitewater rafting trips 14 unless that person also holds a valid whitewater guide's license. Sec. 323. 12 MRSA §12901, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 16 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 18 Whitewater guide. "Whitewater guide" means a person 11. receives any remuneration from a commercial whitewater 20 who outfitter for accompanying, assisting or instructing passengers 22 clients of that commercial whitewater outfitter on the river on whitewater trips and who holds a current whitewater quide's license. 24 26 Sec. 324. 12 MRSA §12905, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 28 Sec. 325. 12 MRSA §12906, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following 30 enacted in its place: 32 §12906. Rule violations; whitewater rafting 34 The following penalties apply to violations of rules regulating commercial whitewater rafting. 36 1. Civil. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who 38 violates a rule regulating commercial whitewater rafting commits 40 a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 42 2. Criminal. A person who violates a rule regulating 44 commercial whitewater rafting after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 46 Sec. 326. 12 MRSA §12907, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 48 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 50

	3. Insurance requirements. An outfitter shall carry
2	liability insurance, in the minimum amounts established by the
	department by rule, covering the operation of whitewater trips
4	and motor vehicles carrying passengers. Thedepartmentshall
	establish,byrule,theminimumlimits-ofliabilityinsurance.
6	Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical
	rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
8	
	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
10	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
	<u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
12	
	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
14	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u>
16	<u>Class E crime.</u>
18	Sec. 327. 12 MRSA §12907, sub-§§6 and 7, as enacted by PL 2003,
	c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed and the
20	following enacted in their place:
22	6. Sale of business; license. The following provisions
22	govern the sale of an outfitter's business and treatment of the
24	outfitter's license.
21	<u>oucricer s ricense.</u>
26	A. When a licensed outfitter's business is sold, the
	outfitter shall return the outfitter's commercial whitewater
28	outfitter's license to the department.
	-
30	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
32	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
34	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
36	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
2.0	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
38	P On application the license must be reiseved to the
40	<u>B. On application, the license must be reissued to the purchaser, as long as the purchaser meets the licensing</u>
40	requirements of the department and pays the license fee.
42	requirements of the department and pays the fittense feet.
	C. A person may not profit on the return and reissuance of
44	the license itself, but nothing in this chapter may be
	construed to prohibit profit on the sale of any of the
46	assets of a business.
48	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
50	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

2	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
4	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
6	
	D. The license is not an asset and is not transferable as
8	part of a sale or transaction.
10	E. The department may require an affidavit from the
	purchaser to aid in enforcement of this subsection.
12	
	7. Sale of business; allocations. The following provisions
14	govern the sale of an outfitter's business and the treatment of
3.6	allocations.
16	
1.0	A. When a licensed outfitter's business is sold, the
18	selling outfitter shall return to the department the selling
2.0	outfitter's allocations or portions of the allocations
20	subject to the sale.
2.2	
22	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
~ /	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
24	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
26	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
20	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
28	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
20	period commits a Class E crime.
30	period commits a class E crime.
30	B. An outfitter who purchases the business of another
32	outfitter whose commercial whitewater outfitter's license
52	has been returned to the department as provided in
34	subsection 6 has 60 days from the date of sale to submit an
34	affidavit applying for the selling outfitter's allocation,
36	ensuring that the level and quality of services of the
30	selling outfitter will be maintained. On application to the
38	department, allocations may be reissued to the purchaser, as
20	long as the purchaser meets the licensing and allocation
40	requirements of the department and pays the license and
40	allocation fees.
42	allocation lees.
44	C. The allocations are not assets of a business.
44	Allocations or portions of the allocations may be
11	transferred, pursuant to this chapter, from a selling
16	outfitter to one or more purchasers only if the selling
46	
10	outfitter's allocations or portions of the allocations subject to the sale are returned to the department.
48	subject to the sale are returned to the department.

D. An outfitter may not receive more than the maximum 2 allocations allowed under section 12913, subsection 3.

E. When allocations are forfeited or when new allocations 4 become available as a result of increases in the commercial use limits on an allocated river, the department shall sell б those allocations at public auction to gualified recipients. Net proceeds from the sale of allocations must 8 be paid to the Whitewater Rafting Fund established under 10 section 10259.

12

Sec. 328. 12 MRSA §12907, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

14

This chapter may <u>does</u> not be-construed -as 9. Limitation. 16 **reveking <u>revoke</u> any right of passage or access created by** statute, contract or operation of law or as creating any such 18 right for any outfitter or any associates or customers of any outfitter upon the project or project works of any licensee of 20 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, as the terms "project" and "project works" are defined in United States Code, Title 16, Section 796 (11) and (12), respectively. 22

Sec. 329. 12 MRSA §12908, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read:

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§12908. Noncommercial organization that collects dues or fees

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Notwithstanding section 12901, subsection 5, an organization that collects dues or fees may conduct rafting trips on rapidly 32 rivers without obtaining a commercial flowing whitewater outfitter's license if the commissioner determines under this 34 section that the organization is a noncommercial organization. An--organization--is--a---"noncommercial--organization"---if---the 36 commissioner-determines-that-the-organization-is+

38 Tax-exempt nonprofit corporation formed before March 1, 1. 1996. - A- An organization is a "noncommercial organization" if the commissioner determines that the organization is a nonprofit 40 corporation incorporated before March 1, 1996, including any 42 council, troop or other organized local group affiliated with the corporation, that collects dues or fees from its members and for 44 which conducting whitewater rafting is incidental to the purpose of the corporation. The organization wishing to conduct a 46 rafting trip on a rapidly flowing river without a commercial whitewater outfitter's license under this subsection shall file a 48 written request with the commissioner at least 15 days before conducting that trip. The request must include the name of the 50 organization conducting the trip and the time, location and

number of persons participating in the trip. The commissioner 2 may request any additional information from the organization necessary to make a determination under this subsection. 4 Notwithstanding -- any -- other -- provision -- of -- this -- coction, -- the commissioner-may-not-allow-any-council,-troop-or-other-organized local-group-affiliated-with-the-corporation-to-conduct more-than 6 2--whitewater -- rafting - trips -- in -- any -- one - calendar -- year -- without 8 obtaining-a-commercial-whitewater-outfitter's-license;-or 10 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a council, troop or other organized local group affiliated 12 with the corporation may not conduct more than 2 whitewater rafting trips in any one calendar year without obtaining a commercial whitewater outfitter's license. 14 16 (1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 18 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 20 (2) A person who violates this paragraph after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 22 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 24 2. Noncommercial whitewater rafting club. ---A-An organization is a "noncommercial organization" if 26 thecommissioner determines that the organization is a qualifying 28 "qualifying noncommercial whitewater rafting club. Α noncommercial whitewater rafting club" is a group that collects 30 dues or fees from its members and that the commissioner determines to be organized solely to provide noncommercial opportunities to its 32 whitewater rafting members. Τo he considered under this subsection, a club must provide to the commissioner the following information before January 1st of each 34 year: 36 A. A list that includes the name, legal residence and home 38 telephone number of each dues-paying member of the club. That list must identify a member as the president of the 40 club and must identify any other officers or board members of the club. An <u>A commercial whitewater outfitter or a</u> 42 licensed whitewater guide is ineligible to be an officer or board member of the club may--net--be--a--commercial а whitewater-outfitter-or-a-licensed-whitewater-guide. 44 The commissioner may not accept more than one amended membership 46 list from a club between April 1st and November 1st; 48 A statement signed by all board members, if any, and all Β. officers of the club swearing that: 50

(1) The sole purpose of the club is to provide
 2 noncommercial whitewater rafting opportunities to its members;

- (2) No member of the club, including officers and
 board members, receives any form of compensation from
 the club at any time, either while a member of the club
 or afterwards;
- 10 (3) The club will use its own rafting equipment, and all fees or dues collected from club members are used
 12 only to provide insurance and to purchase and maintain rafting equipment for use solely by the club; and
- (4) The club will not employ or otherwise compensate
 any person for any service relating to rafting or accept any gifts of products or services from any
 commercial whitewater outfitter or licensed whitewater guide; and
- C. Any other information the commissioner determines
 necessary. If the club is an incorporated entity, the commissioner shall require the club to submit a copy of the
 club's articles of incorporation. The commissioner may not consider any incorporated entity other than a tax-exempt,
 nonprofit corporation as a noncommercial whitewater rafting club.
- When--authorizing--a-noncommercial-organization--under--this section-to-conduct-whitewater-rafting-trips-without-a-commercial 30 license,-the-commissioner-shall,-when-the-commissioner-determines necessary,-place-limits-on-that-organization's-whitewater-rafting 32 activities, - including-limits- on -the - time- and -location -of - rafting 34 activities, - the - number - of - persons - that - may - participate - in - those rafting-activities-and-the-safety-equipment-required-for-rafting 36 trips---The-commissioner-may-reject-a-request--under-this-section if-the-commissioner-determines-that-granting-the-request-would 38 eonfliet--with--the--river--management--objectives--set--forth--in section-12903.
- 3. Limits placed by commissioner. When authorizing a noncommercial organization under this section to conduct whitewater rafting trips without a commercial license, the commissioner shall, when the commissioner determines necessary, place limits on that organization's whitewater rafting activities, including limits on the time and location of rafting activities, the number of persons that may participate in those rafting activities and the safety equipment required for rafting trips.
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A. A person who violates limits imposed under this 2 subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 4 B. A person who violates limits imposed under this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed б 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 8 4. Rejection of request. The commissioner may reject a 10 request under this section if the commissioner determines that granting the request would conflict with the river management 12 objectives set forth in section 12903. 14Sec. 330. 12 MRSA §12909, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 16 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 18 1. Eligibility. A person may not act as a whitewater guide unless that person is 18 years of age or older and has procured a license from the commissioner pursuant to this section. 20 22 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime for which a minimum fine of \$50 and an amount equal to 24 twice the applicable license fee must be imposed. Sec. 331. 12 MRSA §12909, sub-§6 is enacted to read: 26 28 6. Nonrenewal, suspension or revocation. A whitewater guide's license is subject to nonrenewal, suspension or 30 revocation for good cause shown, including, but not limited to, unsafe practices, falsification of reports or serious or continued violation of this chapter, subject to Title 5, chapter 32 375. 34 Sec. 332. 12 MRSA §12910, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 36 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 38 1. Whitewater trip safety restrictions. The commissioner shall by rule establish safety restrictions for whitewater trips. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine 40 technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. A person who violates safety restrictions established 42 pursuant to this subsection commits a Class E crime. 44 Sec. 333. 12 MRSA §12910, sub-§2, ¶¶A and B are enacted to read: 46 48 A. A commercial whitewater outfitter shall comply with any order of launch established by the department under this 50 subsection.

- 2 <u>B. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u> subsection.
- (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- (2) A person who violates this subsection after having10been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
violations under this Part within the previous 5-year12period commits a Class E crime.
- 14 Sec. 334. 12 MRSA §12910, sub-§4, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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- A. A written report of any accident occurring in connection with a whitewater trip conducted by that outfitter resulting 18 in the death of a person, a person's losing consciousness or 20 receiving <u>professional</u> medical treatment, a person's becoming disabled for more than 24 hours, a person's disappearance from a whitewater craft under circumstances 22 indicating death or injury or damage to the whitewater craft 24 or other property of more than \$100 \$1,000; and
- 26 Sec. 335. 12 MRSA §12910, sub-§5 is enacted to read:
- 28 **5. Penalties.** The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 4.
- A. A person who violates subsection 4 commits a civil 32 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates subsection 4 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- 40 Sec. 336. 12 MRSA §12911, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the
 42 following enacted in its place:
- 44 3. West Branch Penobscot River. The recreational use limit of the West Branch Penobscot River between McKay Station and
 46 Pockwockamus Falls is 560 commercial passengers per day. Noncommercial recreational use is not limited.
- 48

2	A. In order to allow free time for other uses, a person may not conduct a whitewater trip on the West Branch Penobscot River between McKay Station and Pockwockamus Falls between
4	5:00 p.m. and 8:30 a.m.
б	B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph A.
8	
10	(1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
12	
14	(2) A person who violates paragraph A after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
16	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
18	Sec. 337. 12 MRSA §12912, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. D, \S 7, is repealed and the following
20	enacted in its place:
22	<u>§12912. Rapidly flowing rivers</u>
24	1. User fee. This subsection applies to the payment of user fees by outfitters carrying passengers on rapidly flowing rivers.
26	
28	A. Each outfitter shall:
	 Pay a user fee of \$1 per passenger, excluding
30	guides, carried by the outfitter on any whitewater trip; and
32	
34	(2) Pay this fee by the 30th day of the month following the month in which the passengers were carried.
36	
	B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph
38	<u>A.</u>
40	(1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor
42	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	(2) A person who violates paragraph A after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
46	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
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	2. Reporting. This subsection applies to the submission of
2	monthly reports by outfitters carrying passengers on rapidly
	flowing rivers.
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	A. Each outfitter shall:
6	
	(1) Report monthly to the department the number of
8	passengers carried each day on each rapidly flowing
	river;
10	
	(2) Ensure this report is accurate; and
12	
	(3) Submit the report by the 30th day of the month
14	following the month in which the passengers were
	carried.
16	
	B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph
18	A.
20	(1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor
22	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
24	(2) A person who violates paragraph A after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
26	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	period commits a Class E crime.
28	
	3. Passenger limitation. This subsection applies to the
30	carrying of passengers under this section.
32	A. Except as provided in this subsection, an outfitter may
	not carry:
34	
	(1) On any unallocated rapidly flowing river more than
36	92 passengers per day; or
38	(2) On any allocated rapidly flowing river more than 92
	passengers per day or more than the allocations for
40	that outfitter's largest single day on that river,
	whichever number is greater. On allocated days, that
42	limit may be exceeded only as provided in section
	12913, subsection 2, paragraph A, subparagraph 4. On
44	unallocated days, an outfitter may occasionally carry
	up to 4 additional passengers to accommodate problems
46	in booking. Abuse of the privilege to carry 4
	additional passengers results in its loss for a period
48	to be determined by the commissioner.

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2	<u>B. The following penalties apply to violations of paragraph</u> <u>A.</u>
4	(1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil
6	<u>violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor</u> more than \$500 may be adjudged.
8	(2) A person who violates paragraph A after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
10	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
10	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
12	Sec. 338. 12 MRSA §12913, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
14	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
16	
18	2. Allocation required; affiliated outfitters restricted. This subsection governs commercial whitewater trips on rivers
10	subject to allocation requirements.
20	
22	A. Except as provided in this paragraph, a person may not operate a commercial whitewater trip on the Kennebec River
22	between Harris Station and West Forks or on the West Branch
24	Penobscot River between McKay Station and Pockwockamus Falls
26	without an allocation or in excess of an allocation on any
26	<u>day for which allocations are established under this</u> subsection or by the department by rule.
28	
2.0	(1) Allocations are not established and are not
30	<u>required for other rivers or for other stretches of the Kennebec River or the West Branch Penobscot River.</u>
32	
2.4	(2) Allocations are required for Saturdays on the
34	<u>Kennebec River between Harris Station and West Forks</u> for the period of July 1st to August 31st. Allocations
36	are required for Saturdays on the West Branch Penobscot
	River between McKay Station and Pockwockamus Falls for
38	<u>the period of June 8th to August 31st. The commissioner</u> may adopt rules establishing allocations for Sundays
40	for the period of July 1st to August 31st. If the
	department determines that the recreational use limit
42	will be reached on other days, the department shall
44	<u>provide by rule for allocations. Rules adopted under</u> this subparagraph are routine technical rules as
	defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
46	
48	(3) Under high-water or low-water conditions on the West Branch Penobscot River, an emergency swap of an
50	<u>allocation may be made to the Kennebec River, as long</u> as sufficient water is available there. Under no

2 <u>circumstances is a transfer of an allocation allowed</u> 2 <u>from the Kennebec River to the West Branch Penobscot</u> <u>River.</u> 4

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	(4) An outfitter may occasionally exceed the
6	<u>allocation by 2 passengers on a trip of up to 40</u>
	<u>passengers, or 4 passengers on a trip of more than 40</u>
8	passengers, to accommodate problems in booking, as long
10	as the average of the number of passengers carried on
10	an outfitter's 10 best allocated days for each river
12	and for each allocated day of the week does not exceed the outfitter's allocation for that river and day.
12	Abuse by an outfitter of the privilege to carry
14	additional passengers results in the loss of the
± •	privilege for a period to be determined by the
16	<u>commissioner.</u>
_ •	<u></u>
18	(5) On the several days in the months of April and May
	when special water releases are scheduled to be made
20	from the Flagstaff Dam to permit whitewater rafting on
	the Dead River, commercial whitewater rafting trips may
22	be transferred from the Dead River to the Kennebec
	<u>River whenever high-water or low-water conditions</u>
24	render use of the Dead River unsafe or inappropriate
	for commercial whitewater rafting trips.
26	
20	(6) The following penalties apply to violations of
28	this paragraph.
30	(a) A person who violates this paragraph commits
50	a civil violation for which a fine of not less
32	than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
34	(b) A person who violates this paragraph after
	having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or
36	more civil violations under this Part within the
	<u>previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.</u>
38	
	B. Not more than one member of an affiliated group may
40	conduct whitewater trips on any river or stretch of river
42	for which a specific allocation is required, including on
42	<u>days for which an allocation is not required. The following</u> penalties apply to violations of this paragraph.
44	penalcies apply to violations of this paragraph.
	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
46	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
48	
	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
50	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil

<u>violations under this Part within the previous 5-year</u> period commits a Class E crime.

C. Three or more years after the period of affiliation, the department may, in its discretion, consider requests by any former member of an affiliated group to run passengers on allocated rivers. The burden rests on the former member of an affiliated group to demonstrate that the reasons for any finding of affiliation have so diminished in effect that the public interest will be served by considering the former member's request to run passengers on an allocated river.

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Sec. 339. 12 MRSA §12913, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

16 3. Allocations, maximum, minimum. The department may allocate the privilege to conduct whitewater trips to licensed The maximum allocation for an outfitter is 120 18 outfitters. passengers <u>per river</u> per day. The minimum allocation to be 20 awarded is 10 passengers per day on the Kennebec River and 16 passengers per day on the West Branch Penobscot River. The department is not authorized to issue a total number of 22 allocations issued for an allocated day may--net-exceed that 24 exceeds the recreational use limits established in section The department may declare a day to be an allocated day 12911. when the department determines that the regular and persistent 26 use of the river on that day from year to year may exceed the 28 recreational use limits for that day.

Sec. 340. 12 MRSA 12913, sub-95 and 6, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7, are amended to read:

5. Allocation criteria; reports. The department may adopt 34 rules specifying a schedule for reviewing outfitters who hold allocations and setting forth the criteria for awarding 36 allocations. An-outfitter-shall-submit-periodic-public-reports to-the-department-documenting-river-use-for-both-allocated and 38 unallocated-days. If the department determines that additional allocated days are required, the allocation of trips on any such 40 additional day must be distributed among existing licensed outfitters, upon payment of the appropriate allocation fee, in 42 accordance with their percentage of total use averaged over the rafting season on that rapidly flowing river on that particular day, up to the limit on allocations established in subsection 3. 44 Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 46

48 A. An outfitter shall submit on a schedule determined by the department periodic public reports to the department

- <u>documenting river use for both allocated and unallocated</u>
 <u>days. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u>
 <u>paragraph.</u>
 4
- (1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
 6 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

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(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having10been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civilviolations under this Part within the previous 5-year12period commits a Class E crime.

Allocation fee. An When allocations are required, an 14 б. outfitter shall pay the department an annual allocation fee,-fer either-river-when-allocations -are-required, of \$250 per unit of 16 20 passengers or less allegated-per-day-on-either-river-in-excess ef-a-single-unit-en-a-single-river. Additional passengers over 18 each increment of 20 constitute a new unit. This The annual allocation fee may be paid in quarterly payments, beginning 30 20 days after the allocation is awarded. The maximum allocation fee an outfitter may pay is \$2,625 for-the-privilege of carrying-120 22 passengers-per-day-on-both-rivers annually. 24

- Sec. 341. 12 MRSA §12913, sub-§§7 and 8, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are repealed.
- 28 Sec. 342. 12 MRSA §12913, sub-§9 is enacted to read:
- 30 Noncommercial whitewater rafting trips; prior 9. registration required. A person without a commercial whitewater 32 outfitter's license using a whitewater craft on any stretch of river for which a specific allocation is required, including days for which an allocation is not required, shall file, prior to 34 launching the craft, a noncommercial trip registration form with 36 the department. The form must state that the person's use of whitewater craft on this river stretch does not constitute a commercial whitewater trip as defined in section 12901 and must 38 be signed by all persons using the craft.

A commercial whitewater outfitter may not use a whitewater craft on any stretch of river for which a specific allocation is required, including days for which an allocation is not required, to carry any person, other than a commercial passenger or commercial whitewater guide, unless the outfitter files a noncommercial passenger registration form with the department before launching the craft. The form must list the persons who are not commercial whitewater guides or commercial passengers, state that the persons listed are not commercial whitewater guides or commercial passengers and be signed by each person 2 listed.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 343. 12 MRSA §12951, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 14 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

<u>§12951. Rule violations; taxidermy</u>

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The following penalties apply to violations of rules 20 regulating taxidermy.

22 1. Civil. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who violates a rule regulating taxidermy commits a civil violation 24 for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

 Criminal. A person who violates a rule regulating
 taxidermy after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
 period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 344. 12 MRSA §12952, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:

2-A. Record-keeping requirements. The following provisions apply to keeping and filing records.

- A. The holder of a taxidermist license shall:

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 (1) Keep a true and complete record, in such form as required by the commissioner, of all activities conducted by virtue of the taxidermist license; and

 42
 (2) File a copy of the record with the commissioner no later than 10 days after the end of the year during which the license is valid.

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 Period for the following period tion, apply to wieletions of this
- B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
 48 subsection.

(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 2 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 4 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil б violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 8 Each day a person violates this subsection is a separate 10 offense. 12 Sec. 345. 12 MRSA §12952, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 14 following enacted in its place: 16 3. Records inspection. Records retained under subsection 2-A must be open for inspection by any agent of the commissioner 18 during normal business hours. 20 Sec. 346. 12 MRSA §12952, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 22 24 5. Rules. The commissioner may, pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section and-sections-10155,-10909-and-12953. 26 Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical 28 rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 30 Sec. 347. 12 MRSA §12953, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 32 7. Annual renewal of license; fees. Licenses issued 34 pursuant to this section run for the current year until the 30th day of June following the date of the issuance, on which date the license terminates unless seener it is revoked sooner. 36 Subject to any revocation or suspension, the license or permit may be renewed annually upon application by the licensee accompanied by 38 a \$75 license fee. 40 Sec. 348. 12 MRSA §12953, sub-§8 is enacted to read: 42 8. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this 44 subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, 46 chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. Sec. 349. 12 MRSA §12954, sub-§4-A is enacted to read: 48

	4-A. Record-keeping requirements. The following provisions
2	apply to the keeping and filing of records.
4	<u>A. A licensee shall:</u>
6	(1) Keep a true and complete record, in such form as
8	is required by the commissioner, of all heads, hides and bear gall bladders purchased; and
10	(2) File that record with the commissioner on or
12	before June 30th of each year.
12	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
14	subsection.
16	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
18	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
20	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
22	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
24	period commits a class E crime.
26	<u>Each day a person violates this subsection is a separate offense.</u>
28	Sec. 350. 12 MRSA §12954, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
30	414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
32	5. Record inspection. Records retained under subsection
34	<u>4-A must be open for inspection by the commissioner or the commissioner's agent.</u>
36	Sec. 351. 12 MRSA §12954, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
38	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. Sec. 352. 12 MRSA §12955, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
40	Sec. 352. 12 WINSA §12955, Sub-94-A is enacted to read:
-•	4-A. Record-keeping requirements. The following provisions
42	apply to the keeping and filing of records.
44	A. A licensee shall:
46	(1) Keep a true and complete record, in such form as is required by the commissioner, of all hides bartered
48	or sold; and

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2	(2) Retain records required under this subsection for at least 3 years.
4	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
6	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
8	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
10	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
12	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
14	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
16	<u>Each day a person violates this subsection is a separate offense.</u>
18	Sec. 353. 12 MRSA §12955, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
20	414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
22	5. Record inspection. Records retained under subsection
24	4-A must be open for inspection by the commissioner or the commissioner's agent.
26	Sec. 354. 12 MRSA §12955, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
28	414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, is repealed.
30	Sec. 355. 12 MRSA §13001, sub-§§19, 20 and 22, as enacted by PL
32	2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\$7$, are amended to read:
34	19. Operation. "Operation," when-it-refers to watercraft-of
36	any-type-er-description, means the act of operating as defined in subsection 18.
38	20. Operator. "Operator" means the person who is in control
40	or in charge of a watercraft <u>, snowmobile or ATV</u> while it is in use.
42	22. Passenger. "Passenger" ineludes <u>means</u> every person carried on board a watercraft other than:
44	A. The owner or the owner's representative:
46	A. The owner or the owner's representative;B. The operator;
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2	C. Bona fide members of the crew engaged in the business of the watercraft who have not contributed consideration for their carriage and who are paid for their services; and
4	
6	D. A guest on board a watercraft that is being used exclusively for pleasure purposes who has not contributed any consideration, directly or indirectly, for that guest's
8	carriage.
10	Sec. 356. 12 MRSA §13003, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
12	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
	1. Registration of watercraft and ATV. An Except in the
14	case of a renewal of registration by the same owner, an application for the registration may-net-be-granted-in-respect-te
16	any <u>of a</u> watercraft or ATV whese <u>may not be granted when the</u> sale or use <u>of that watercraft or ATV</u> may be subject to tax under
18	Title 36, chapters 211 to 225, except-in-the-case of a -renewal-of registration-by -the -same -owner, unless and -until one of the
20	following conditions has been satisfied:
22	A. The applicant has submitted a dealer's certificate in a form prescribed by the State Tax Assessor, showing either
24	that the sales tax due in respect to the watercraft or ATV in question has been collected by the dealer or that the
26	sale of the watercraft or ATV is exempt from or otherwise not subject to tax under Title 36, chapters 211 to 225;
28	
30	B. The applicant has properly executed and signed a use tax certificate in the form and manner prescribed by the State Tax Assessor and paid the amount of tax shown therein to be
32	due; or
34	C. The applicant has properly executed and signed a use tax certificate in the form and manner prescribed by the State
36	Tax Assessor showing that the sale or use of the watercraft or ATV in question is exempt from or otherwise not subject
38	to tax under Title 36, chapters 211 to 225.
40	Sec. 357. 12 MRSA §13004, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
42	
44	§13004. Collection by State Tax Assessor
11	This section and sections 13002, 13003 and 13005 must be
46	construed as cumulative of other methods prescribed in Title 36
48	for the collection of the sales or use tax. These sections may net-be-construed-as-precluding <u>do not preclude</u> the State Tax Assessor's collecting the tax due in respect to any watercraft,

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ATV or snowmobile in accordance with such other methods as are prescribed in Title 36 for the collection of the sales or use tax.

- Sec. 358. 12 MRSA §13051, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
- Sec. 359. 12 MRSA §13051, last ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 8 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
- Rules adopted pursuant to this section must be written in a clear and easy-to-understand format for educational purposes.
 These-rules A summary of rules adopted under subsections 3, 4, 5 and 7 must be attached-to-and distributed with each watercraft
 registration form together with a--summary-of-the-rules-and information on how to prevent water contamination and minimize wildlife disturbance.
- 18 Sec. 360. 12 MRSA §13053, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

Rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules restricting
 the operation of airmobiles in areas where their use may be harmful. These rules must be adopted in accordance with Title 5,
 chapter 375 after public hearings in the areas affected. <u>Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules</u>
 as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

28 Sec. 361. 12 MRSA §13054, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following 30 enacted in its place:

32 §13054. Rule violations; watercraft

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- 34 The following penalties apply to violations of rules regarding watercraft.
- Civil. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who
 violates a rule regarding watercraft commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be
 adjudged.
- 42 2. Criminal. A person who violates a rule regarding watercraft after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or
 44 more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- Sec. 362. 12 MRSA §13055, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 48 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 363. 12 MRSA §13056, as corrected by RR 2003, c. 1, §9, 2 is amended to read: **§13056**. 4 Certificate of number, identification numbers and validation stickers 6 1---Prohibition---A-person-may-net+ 8 A.--Except-ac-provided-in-subparagraph-(1),-operate-or-give 10 permission-to-operate-a-motorboat-requiring-a-certificate-of number-without-a-current-certificate-of-number-or-a-current temporary-cortificate-of-number.-Only-the-certificate-of 12 number-or--temporary-certificate-of--number-as--issued--by-the 14 commissioner--is--valid.---A--facsimile--or--copy--of---the eertificate-is-not-valid. 16 (1)---The--certificate--of--number--for--a--watercraft--less than-26-feet-in-length-and-leased-or-rented-to-another 18 for-the-latter's-noncommercial-use-may-be-retained-on shere-by-the-owner-of-the-watercraft-or-the-owner's 20 representative -- at -- the -- place -- where -- the -- watercraft 22 departs - or - returns - to - the - possession - of - the - owner - or the--owner's - representative, -- provided -- that - the - person 24 leasing-or-renting-the-watercraft-has-a-copy-of-the lease--or--rental--agreement--that--shows--the--watereraft number-thereon-and-the-period-of-time-for-which-the 26 watereraft--is--leased-or--rented-and--that-is--signed-by 28 the-owner-or-the-owner's-representative; B----Operate--or--give--permission--to--operate--a--motorboat 30 without-the-identification-number-and-validation-stickers, assigned-by-the-commissioner-and authorized by-this-chapter, 32 displayed--on--each--side--of--the--bow--in--accordance--with 34 subsection--12,--paragraphs--A--and--B--or--section--13059, subsection-4+-or 36 C----Ront--or--lease--any-motorboat--net--oovered-by--a-eurrent 38 certificate-of-number-as-required-by-section-13064. 40 A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 42 may-be-adjudged. 44 1-A. Operating without certificate of number. Except as provided in paragraph A, a person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat requiring a certificate of 46 number without a current certificate of number or a current temporary certificate of number. Only the certificate of number 48 or temporary certificate of number as issued by the commissioner is valid. A facsimile or copy of the certificate is not valid. 50

2	A. The certificate of number for a watercraft less than 26
	feet in length and leased or rented to another for the
4	latter's noncommercial use may be retained on shore by the owner of the watercraft or the owner's representative at the
6	place where the watercraft departs or returns to the
0	possession of the owner or the owner's representative, as
8	long as the person leasing or renting the watercraft has a
Ū	copy of the lease or rental agreement that shows the
10	watercraft number thereon and the period of time for which
	the watercraft is leased or rented and that is signed by the
12	owner or the owner's representative.
14	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
	subsection.
16	
10	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
18	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
20	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
20	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
22	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
22	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
24	period commits a Class E crime.
26	1-B. Operating without identification number and validation
26	1-B. Operating without identification number and validation stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate
26 28	1-B. Operating without identification number and validation stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation
	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate
	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation
28	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this
28	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with
28 30	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with
28 30	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
28 30 32 34	stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
28 30 32	<pre>stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.</pre>
28 30 32 34 36	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
28 30 32 34	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
28 30 32 34 36 38	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
28 30 32 34 36	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
28 30 32 34 36 38	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 2. Motorboats requiring. Except as provided in this
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 2. Motorboats requiring. Except as provided in this subsection, the owner of a motorboat, including an airmobile,
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 2. Motorboats requiring. Except as provided in this subsection, the owner of a motorboat, including an airmobile, used on the waters of the State as the state of principal use
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 2. Motorboats requiring. Except as provided in this subsection, the owner of a motorboat, including an airmobile, used on the waters of the State as the state of principal use shall obtain a certificate of number for the motorboat from the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 stickers. A person may not operate or give permission to operate a motorboat without the identification number and validation stickers, assigned by the commissioner and authorized by this chapter, displayed on each side of the bow in accordance with subsection 12, paragraphs A and B or section 13059, subsection 4. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 2. Motorboats requiring. Except as provided in this subsection, the owner of a motorboat, including an airmobile, used on the waters of the State as the state of principal use

under Title 36, chapter 112, has been paid or that the boat is
exempt from the watercraft excise tax. The following motorboats
are exempt from this subsection:

2 A. A watercraft that has or is required to have a valid marine document as a watercraft of the United States;

B. A motorboat already covered by a current certificate of
number issued under a federally approved numbering system of
another state or a federal law, as long as the number so
issued is displayed on the motorboat and as long as the
motorboat has not been within this State for a period in
excess of 60 consecutive days after the state of principal
use has been changed;

C. Military or public watercraft, except recreational type watercraft of the United States;

D. A motorboat whose owner is the United States, a state or subdivision thereof that is used for governmental purposes
and is clearly identifiable as such;

20 E. A ship's lifeboat;

F. A motorboat from a country other than the United States,
as long as the motorboat has not been within this State for
a period in excess of 60 consecutive days; and

G. A motorboat used exclusively for racing purposes that
 displays on its hull in a prominent manner a valid boat
 number issued by a recognized racing association.

30 3. Other watercraft may be numbered. Nothing in this section prohibits the numbering of any watercraft upon the
 32 request of the owner. The owner shall comply with all applicable requirements of this chapter if the owner chooses to number a
 34 watercraft.

4. Application. The owner of a motorboat requiring or of a watercraft for which the owner wishes to request a certificate of
 number shall make application to the commissioner on forms approved by the commissioner. The application must show the
 legal residence of the applicant and the place where the watercraft is situated.

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5. Issuance. Upon receipt of the approved application with the proper fee, the commissioner shall enter the application upon the office records and issue the applicant a pocket-sized certificate of number stating:

48 A. The number assigned to the motorboat;

50 B. Its description;

- 2 C. The name and address of the owner; and
- 4 D. Such other information as the commissioner deems appropriate.
- The holder of any certificate of number issued under this chapter 8 may obtain a duplicate validation sticker from the commissioner upon application and payment of the fee set forth in subsection 8.
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6. Certificate of number; term. A certificate of number is
 12 issued to the owner of a watercraft or a dealer for a specific calendar year and is valid through December 31st of the year for
 14 which it was issued.

- 16 Numbers permanent. A number once awarded under this 7. chapter to a motorboat remains with that boat until the boat is 18 destroyed, abandoned, permanently removed or no longer principally used in this State, except that numbers that have 20 been inactive for at least 7 years may be reissued by the division.
- 8. Fees. The fees for each original or renewal certificate
 24 of number with 2 validation stickers are set out in this subsection.
 26
- A. For a watercraft requiring or whose owner requests a
 certificate of number and that is equipped with a motor having a manufacturer's horsepower rating of:
 - (1) Ten horsepower or less, the fee is \$6;
- (2) Greater than 10, but not more than 50 horsepower, 34 the fee is \$10; and
- 36 (3) Greater than 50 horsepower, the fee is \$15.
- 38 B. For a personal watercraft requiring or whose owner requests a certificate of number, the fee is \$20.
 - C. For a duplicate certificate of number, the fee is \$1.
- D. For a duplicate validation sticker (per set), the fee is \$1.
- 46 E. For a certificate of number issued with transfer of ownership authorized in subsection 10, the fee is \$2.
 48
- F. For a registration issued for an expanded registration 50 period authorized in subsection 11, paragraph A:

2	(1) Ten horsepower or less, the fee is \$7.50;
4	(2) Greater than 10, but not more than 50 horsepower, the fee is \$12.50;
6	
Ū	(3) Greater than 50 horsepower, the fee is \$18.75; and
8	(4) Personal watercraft, the fee is \$25.00.
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	Validation stickers are nontransferable.
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	9. Renewal. The owner may renew the owner's certificate of

9. Renewal. The owner may renew the owner's certificate of
 14 number at expiration by stating the old number in the owner's application and paying the fee prescribed in subsection 8. The
 16 fee is the same fee the owner would pay for the original issuance.

18 Transfer of ownership. Whoever transfers ownership of 10. a motorboat for which a certificate of number has already been issued under this chapter and applies for a certificate of number 20 for another motorboat is entitled to a new certificate of number upon payment of a transfer fee of \$2 as set forth in subsection 2.2 paragraph E, provided applicant returns the to the 8, commissioner the old certificate of number properly signed and 24 executed, showing that ownership of the motorboat has been 26 transferred.

11. New ownership. If there is a change of ownership of a motorboat for which a certificate of number has previously been
issued under this chapter, the new owner shall apply for a new certificate of number and set forth the original boat number in
the application. The new owner shall pay the regular fee for the particular motorboat involved and is not entitled to the special
transfer fee set forth in subsection 10.

A. After September 30th, a person may pay 125% of the original watercraft registration fee as listed in subsection
8, paragraph F and receive a registration covering the remainder of the calendar year plus one additional year.

 12. Requirements. The following provisions must---be
 42 ebserved establish requirements for certificates of number, identification numbers and validation stickers.

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A. The operator shall have the certificate of number
available for inspection on the motorboat for which it was issued whenever the motorboat is in operation.

B. The <u>A person may not operate or give permission to</u> 50 <u>operate a motorboat unless the</u> identification number and

assigned by the validation stickers commissioner 2 authorized by this chapter must--be are displayed on each side of the bow of the boat in the following manner: 4 The identification numbers must be painted or (1)permanently attached to the bow and be of a color that 6 is in contrast to the color of the background so as to provide the highest degree of visibility, i.e., dark 8 numbers on a light background or vice versa, and be plainly visible; 10 The identification number must be displayed in 3 12 (2) parts. The prefix, which is the initial letters ME, 14 designating the State of Maine, must be separated by a hyphen or space equal to the width of a letter, other than the letter "I," from the numerals that follow it. 16 The suffix, which consists of the ending letter or 18 letters which appear after the numerals, must be likewise separated from the numerals; 20 The identification number must be displayed to (3) 22 read from left to right, of good proportion, with vertical block character capital letters and Arabic 24 numerals, all of which must be not less than 3 inches in height and maintained in a legible condition at all times; 26 28 No number other than the assigned boat number may (4) be displayed on the bow of such a motorboat; and 30 (5) The validation sticker, as issued by the division, 32 must be displayed approximately 3 inches behind the last letter of the identification number and on a level with the number on both sides of the bow viz.: ME-123-A. 34 36 The owner of a certificate of number terminated or с. invalidated under subsection 13 shall return it within 10 38 days of the termination or invalidation. The owner of a watercraft that has been issued a 40 D. certificate of number shall notify the commissioner in 42 writing within 10 days of: 44 The transfer of all or any part of the owner's (1)interest, other than the creation of a security 46 interest, in the watercraft covered by the certificate; 48 (2) The permanent removal of the watercraft from the State;

and

	(3) The destruction or abandonment of the watercraft;
2	(4) The theft or recovery of the watercraft; or
4	
r.	(5) Any change in the owner's address.
6	E. Upon sale or transfer of ownership of a registered
8	watercraft, the owner or dealer shall remove and destroy any validation stickers on the craft.
10	
12	F. The person whose name appears on the certificate of number as the owner of a watercraft shall remove the number and validation stickers from the craft when:
14	
16	The watercraft is documented;
10	(2) The watercraft is no longer used principally in
18	the State;
20	(3) The application for a certificate of number contains false or fraudulent statements or information;
22	or
24	(4) The fees for issuance of a certificate of number are not paid.
26	
	12-A. Violation of requirements; penalty. The following
26 28	12-A. Violation of requirements; penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 12.
28 30	penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
28	penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil
28 30	penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
28 30 32 34	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
28 30 32	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
28 30 32 34	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
28 30 32 34 36 38	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the
28 30 32 34 36	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the following conditions, the certificate of number issued by the
28 30 32 34 36 38	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the following conditions, the certificate of number issued by the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the following conditions, the certificate of number issued by the commissioner is terminated or invalidated: A. Transfer of the watercraft;
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the following conditions, the certificate of number issued by the commissioner is terminated or invalidated:
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the following conditions, the certificate of number issued by the commissioner is terminated or invalidated: A. Transfer of the watercraft;
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 penalties apply to violations of subsection 12. A. A person who violates subsection 12 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 12 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 13. Termination of certificate of number. Under any of the following conditions, the certificate of number issued by the commissioner is terminated or invalidated: A. Transfer of the watercraft; B. Documentation of the watercraft;

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- E. Abandonment or destruction of the watercraft;
- F. False or fraudulent information on the application for the certificate of number;
- 6 G. Failure to pay the required fee for the certificate of number; or
- H. Involuntary loss of interest in the watercraft due tolegal process.
- 12 The transfer of a partial interest that does not affect the original owner's right to operate the watercraft does not terminate or invalidate the certificate of number.
- 16 Sec. 364. 12 MRSA §13058, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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 Prohibition. A person may not <u>place or</u> operate a motorboat or personal watercraft on the inland waters of the State unless a lake and river protection sticker issued under subsection 3 is affixed to both sides of the bow above the water line and approximately 3 inches behind the validation sticker
 required under section 13056.

- 26 Sec. 365. 12 MRSA §13058, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 30 2. Violation. A citation for a violation of subsection 1 may not be issued to a person who is also issued a citation at
 32 the same time for a violation of any other provision of this chapter regulating watercraft, other than section 13073.
- A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil 36 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 and not more than \$250 per violation may be adjudged. A fine 38 imposed under this subsection may not be suspended by the court.
- B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been
 42 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
 44 Class E crime.
- 46 Sec. 366. 12 MRSA §13058, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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- 3. Lake and river protection sticker; fee. By <u>No later</u> 50 <u>than</u> January 1st of each year, the commissioner shall provide

each agent authorized to register watercraft or issue licenses 2 with a sufficient quantity of lake and river protection stickers for that boating season. The sticker must be in 2 parts so that 4 one part of the sticker can be affixed to each side of the bow of a motorboat or personal watercraft. The fee for a sticker is \$20 6 for a motorboat or personal watercraft not registered in the State and \$10 for a motorboat or personal watercraft registered 8 in the State. Each agent shall retain \$1 for each sticker sold by that agent for which a fee is required. A motorboat or a 10 personal watercraft owned by the Federal Government, a state government or a municipality is exempt from the fee established in this subsection. 12

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Sec. 367. 12 MRSA 313059, sub- 4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7, is amended to read:

Restrictions. The dealer or manufacturer who receives a 4. 18 dealer's certificate of number pursuant to this section shall display the number and validation stickers issued under the dealer's certificate of number on a motorboat being demonstrated 20 or tested and. The dealer or manufacturer may transfer that the 22 number from one motorboat owned by that dealer or manufacturer to another motorboat owned by that dealer or manufacturer by 24 temporarily attaching removable plates on which a dealer's number and validation stickers may be painted-or-attached-te displayed 26 on the bow of any boat covered by the dealer's certificate of number.

Sec. 368. 12 MRSA §13059, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

5. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 4.

- A. A person who violates subsection 4 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 38 B. A person who violates subsection 4 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 40 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 369. 12 MRSA §13060, sub-§§3 and 4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

3. Use of 20-day plates. Upon the sale or exchange by a dealer of any motorboat that requires a certificate of number,
the new owner may secure from the dealer a temporary 20-day plate to operate the craft for 20 consecutive days after the date of

sale in lieu of a permanent certificate of number as required in section 13056, as long as the new owner applies to the commissioner on the date of sale for a certificate of number. The temporary 20-day boat number is nontransferable.

- A. The application and fee for a certificate of number, together with a copy of the temporary registration issued by
 8 the dealer, must be forwarded by the dealer to the commissioner within 48 hours after the date of sale of the
 10 motorboat.
- B. The dealer shall affix the temporary 20-day beat-number
 plate to the bow of the motorboat and shall clearly mark
 thereon the date issued, date of expiration and the dealer's
 Maine dealer's number.

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4. Requirements. The following restrictions requirements
18 govern the use of 20-day plates.

A. The Notwithstanding any other requirements for the display of a boat number, the new owner shall conspicuously
 display the temporary 20-day beat-number--is-nentransferable and-must-be-conspicuously-displayed plate on the bow of the motorboat,-netwithstanding-any-other-requirements-of-display ef-beat-number when the motorboat is operated.

B. The operator of a motorboat must have the temporary
 registration aboard at all times while the motorboat is in operation.

C. After expiration of the 20-day period, the owner shall remove and discard the temporary 20-day boat number and display the permanent boat number and validation stickers assigned by the commissioner in accordance with section 13056, subsection 12, paragraph B.

Sec. 370. 12 MRSA §13060, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

5. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 4.

A. A person who violates subsection 4 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

46 <u>B. A person who violates subsection 4 after having been</u> adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
48 <u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> Class E crime.

Sec. 371. 12 MRSA §13061, sub-§§1 and 4, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, are amended to read:

I. Permit required. A person may not hold a regatta, race, boat exhibition or water-ski exhibition without a permit from the commissioner issued under subsection 2. A-person-who--violates this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation-for-which-a-forfeiture ef-net-less-than-\$100-ner-more-than-\$500-may-be-adjudged.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- Requirements. The following restrictions requirements
 apply to permits issued under this section.
- A. The person obtaining the permit under subsection 2 is responsible --- for --- providing shall provide reasonable
 protection, as prescribed by the commissioner, from water traffic interference and hazards and shall take reasonable
 precautions to safeguard persons and property.

B. During any event authorized pursuant to subsection 1, the officials conducting it shall conspicuously display one
or more orange warning flags of a size not less than 4 feet by 4 feet while the event is in progress. The officials
shall remove the warning flag or flags for reasonable periods of time during the event to allow nonparticipating
watercraft to pass through the area.

36 Sec. 372. 12 MRSA §13061, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

38 **4-A. Penalty.** The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 4.

40

18

 A. A person who violates subsection 4 commits a civil
 42 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
 44

B. A person who violates subsection 4 after having been
 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
 Class E crime.

Sec. 373. 12 MRSA §13061, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 2 5. Unlawfully crossing event area. Except in an emergency, 4 an operator of a watercraft may not cross the area of a regatta, race, boat exhibition authorized under subsection 1 or water-ski 6 exhibition when the warning flag required under subsection 4, 8 paragraph B is displayed. A-person-who-violates-this-subsection commits-a-civil-violation-for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than \$100-nor-more-than-\$500-may-be-adjudged. 10 12 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 14 16 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 18 <u>Class E crime.</u> 20 Sec. 374. 12 MRSA §13062, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 22 following enacted in its place: 24 1. Certificate required. A person may not operate a 26 motorboat carrying passengers for hire without a certificate of number as required under this section. 28 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 30 than \$500 may be adjudged. 32 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 34 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 36 <u>Class E crime.</u> Sec. 375. 12 MRSA §13063, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 38 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 40 following enacted in its place: 42 1. Prohibition. A person may not operate a motorboat carrying passengers for hire without an operator's license to 44 carry passengers for hire as required in this section. 46 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 48 than \$500 may be adjudged.

2	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
4	<u>Class E crime.</u>
6	Sec. 376. 12 MRSA §13064, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
8	enacted in its place:
10	§13064. Certificate of number for motorboats rented or leased
12	1. Certificate of number required. Before any motorboat is rented or leased, the owner of the motorboat shall obtain a
14	certificate of number from the commissioner under section 13056.
16	2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
18	
20	A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	
24	B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
26	<u>Class E crime.</u>
28	Sec. 377. 12 MRSA 313065, sub- as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, and affected by Pt. D, 7, is amended to read:
30	
32	1. Prohibition. A person may not rent or lease a personal watercraft in violation of this section. This subsection does not apply to:
34	
36	A. A campground licensed by the Department of Human Services that offers the personal watercraft owned by that campground exclusively for use by campground clientele;
38	B. A commercial sporting camp. For the purposes of this
40	subsection, "commercial sporting camp." rol the purposes of this subsection, "commercial sporting camp" means a business consisting of primitive lodging facilities that offers the
42	public the opportunity to pursue primitive hunting, fishing, boating or snowmobiling activities;
44	
46	C. A person lawfully engaged in guiding activities under section 12853 who accompanies others on guided trips that include the use of personal watercraft; or
48	

-

D. A property owner who offers a person renting or leasing that property the use of a personal watercraft registered to 2 the property owner. 4 A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation б for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged. 8 Sec. 378. 12 MRSA §13065, sub-§1-A is enacted to read: 10 1-A. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of subsection 1. 12 14 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 16 18 B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 20 <u>Class E crime.</u> 22 Sec. 379. 12 MRSA §13066, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 24 26 §13066. Displaying excise tax decal and maintaining list 28 1. Failure to display excise tax decal. The owner of a watercraft shall display the excise tax decal, as required by Title 36, chapter 112. In all cases when the owner of a 30 watercraft fails to display an excise tax decal as required under 32 Title 36, chapter 112, the law enforcement officer discovering the failure shall notify the tax collector of the owner's residence or, in the case of nonresidents, partnerships or 34 corporations, foreign or domestic, the tax collector of the 36 municipality where the watercraft is principally moored, docked or located or has its established base of operations. 38 A person who fails to display an excise tax decal in Α. accordance with this subsection commits a civil violation 40 for which a forfeiture fine of not less than \$25 nor more 42 than \$250 may be adjudged, which must be paid to the municipality in which the watercraft is subject to the 44 excise tax. 46 B. A person who fails to display an excise tax decal in accordance with this subsection after having been 48 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 50 Class E crime. Any fine imposed as part of the sentencing

alternative must be paid to the municipality in which the 2 watercraft is subject to the excise tax. Failure to maintain list or make list available. 2. 4 Δ marina or beat--yard boatyard owner shall maintain the list required by Title 36, section 1504, subsection 9, and make that б list available as required by that section. 8 A person who fails-to-maintain-a-list-or-make-a-list Α. available--in--accordance--with violates this 10 subsection commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture fine of not 12 less than \$25 nor more than \$250 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 14 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 16 Class E crime. 18 Sec. 380. 12 MRSA §13067, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the 20 following enacted in its place: 22 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of 24 this section. 26 A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 28 than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having been 30 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 32 Class E crime. 34 Sec. 381. 12 MRSA §13068, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 36 Sec. 382. 12 MRSA §13068-A is enacted to read: 38 40 §13068-A. Operating watercraft; prohibitions 42 1. Launching contaminated watercraft. A person may not place a watercraft that is contaminated with an invasive aquatic 44 plant upon the inland waters of the State. 46 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 and not 48 more than \$5,000 per violation may be adjudged. A fine imposed under this subsection may not be suspended by the 50 <u>court.</u>

2	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
4	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
	<u>Class E crime.</u>
6	
	2. Unlawfully permitting operation by another. A person
8	<u>may not permit operation of a watercraft in violation of this</u>
	subsection.
10	
	A. A person violates this subsection if that person owns a
12	watercraft and negligently permits another person to operate
	that watercraft in violation of this chapter.
14	
	A person who violates this paragraph commits a
16	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
18	
	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
20	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
22	period commits a Class E crime.
	-
24	B. A person violates this subsection if that person is the
	parent or guardian responsible for the care of a minor under
26	18 years of age and the minor operates a personal watercraft
	in violation of this chapter.
28	-
	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
30	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
32	
	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
34	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
36	period commits a Class E crime.
38	3. Operating motorboat other than personal watercraft while
	underage. A person under 12 years of age may not operate a
40	motorboat propelled by machinery of more than 10 horsepower
	unless under the immediate supervision of a person located in the
42	motorboat who is at least 16 years of age.
	<u></u>
44	This subsection does not apply to operating a personal watercraft.
46	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
48	than \$500 may be adjudged.
	and have may be adjudged.

•

	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
2	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
4	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
6	4. Operating watercraft without proper safety equipment.
8	<u>Except as provided in paragraph B, a person may not operate a watercraft without proper safety equipment as described in</u>
10	<u>paragraph A.</u>
12	A. A person operates a watercraft without proper safety equipment if the person operates a watercraft and:
14	(1) Fails to comply with the same requirements
16	pertaining to lights, life-saving devices, fire extinguishers and other safety equipment as required by federal laws and regulations on federal navigable
18	waters, as promulgated under the Federal Boat Safety Act of 1971, Public Law 92-75, as amended;
20	
22	(2) Fails to comply with requirements pertaining to additional equipment not in conflict with federal
24	navigation laws, which the commissioner may prescribe if there is a demonstrated need;
2 6	(3) Fails to wear a Coast Guard approved Type I, Type
28	<u>II or Type III personal flotation device while canoeing</u> or kayaking on the Saco River between Hiram Dam and the
30	Atlantic Ocean between January 1st and June 1st; or
32	(4) Fails to wear a Coast Guard approved Type I, Type II, Type III or Type V personal flotation device while operating a watercraft on:
34	operating a watertrait on.
36	(a) The Penobscot River, between the gorge and the head of Big Eddy; or
38	(b) The Kennebec River, between Harris Station and Turtle Island, at the foot of Black Brook
40	Rapids.
42	B. Notwithstanding paragraph A:
44	(1) Canoes, owned by a boys or girls summer camp
46	located upon internal waters in the State and duly licensed by the Department of Human Services and utilized by compare under the direction and supervision
48	utilized by campers under the direction and supervision of a camp counselor at least 18 years of age or older during training and instruction assisted
50	<u>during training and instruction periods on waters</u> adjacent to the main camp within a distance of 500 feet

2	from the shoreline of that camp, are exempt from this subsection; and
4	(2) Log rafts, carrying not more than 2 persons and used on ponds or lakes or internal waters of less than
6	50 acres in area, are exempt from carrying personal flotation devices.
8	C. The following penalties apply to violations of this
10	subsection.
12	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
14	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
16	<u>(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil</u>
18	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
20	5. Operating watercraft to endanger. A person may not
22	operate any of the following so as to endanger any person or
2.4	property:
24	A. Watercraft;
26	
28	<u>B. Water ski; or</u>
2.0	C. Surfboard or similar device.
30	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
32	
	6. Reckless operation of watercraft. A person may not
34	<u>operate any of the following in such a way as to recklessly</u> create a substantial risk of serious bodily injury to another
36	person:
38	A. Watercraft;
40	B. Water ski; or
42	<u>C. Surfboard or similar device.</u>
44	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class D crime.</u>
46	7. Operating watercraft at greater than reasonable and prudent speed. A person:
48	
50	A. May not operate a watercraft except at a reasonable and prudent speed for existing conditions; and

3

2 B. Shall regulate the speed of a watercraft so as to avoid danger, injury or unnecessary inconvenience in any manner to other watercraft and their occupants, whether anchored or 4 under way; waterfront piers; floats or other property or shorelines, either directly or by the effect of the wash or б wave created by the watercraft through its speed, or otherwise. 8 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 10 12 8. Imprudent operation of watercraft. A person may not, while operating a watercraft on the inland or coastal waters of the State, engage in prolonged circling, informal racing, wake 14 jumping or other types of continued and repeated activities that 16 harass another person. 18 A. This subsection may be enforced by any law enforcement officer or a person may bring a private nuisance action for a violation of this subsection pursuant to Title 17, section 20 2802. 22 B. The following penalties apply to violations of this 24 subsection. (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a 26 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 28 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 30 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 32 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 34 9. Operating watercraft to molest wild animals or wild 36 birds. A person may not operate a watercraft so as to pursue, molest, harass, drive or herd any wild animal or wild bird, 38 except as may be permitted during the open season on that animal. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil 40 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 42 than \$500 may be adjudged. 44 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 46 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 48 10. Operating motorboat that exceeds noise limits. The 50 following provisions govern noise limits.

2	A. A person may not operate a motorboat in such a manner as
4	to exceed:
4	(1)) point level of 00 desibels when subjected to 2
6	(1) A noise level of 90 decibels when subjected to a stationary sound level test with and without cutouts
0	
8	engaged and as prescribed by the commissioner; or
0	(2) A noise level of 75 decibels when subjected to an
10	operational test measured with and without cutouts
10	engaged and as prescribed by the commissioner.
12	engaged and as prescribed by the commissioner.
12	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
14	subsection.
T . T	Subsection.
16	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
1 0	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$300
18	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
10	Mor more enam poor may be cajadgea.
20	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
22	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	period commits a Class E crime.
24	
	C. This subsection does not apply to motorboats that are
26	operating in a regatta or race approved by the commissioner
	under section 13061.
28	
	11. Operating motorboat without muffler. A person may not
30	operate a motorboat that is not equipped at all times with an
	effective and suitable muffling device on its engine or engines
32	to effectively deaden or muffle the noise of the exhaust, except
	that motorboats that are operating in a regatta or race approved
34	by the commissioner under section 13061 may use cutouts for these
	motorboats while on trial runs or competing in speed events, for
36	<u>a period not to exceed 48 hours immediately preceding or</u>
	following such an authorized event.
38	
	A. The following penalties apply to violations of this
40	subsection.
4.0	
42	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
44	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
44	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
46	(2)) measure when with below this is a structure of (2)
T O	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
48	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
10	period commits a Class E crime.
50	POLICE COMMILES & CLASS E CLIME.

	12. Tampering with motorboat muffler system. A person may
2	not modify a motorboat muffler system in any way that results in
	an increase in the decibels of sound emitted by that motorboat.
4	
	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
6	violation for which a fine not to exceed \$100 may be
_	<u>adjudged.</u>
8	
	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
10	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
12	<u>Class E crime.</u>
14	
14	13. Headway speed only. The following provisions govern
16	<u>speeds in certain zones.</u>
16)) never may not encycle a unterprete at a speed sweeter
18	A. A person may not operate a watercraft at a speed greater
10	<u>than headway speed while within the water safety zone or</u> within a marina or an approved anchorage in coastal or
20	inland waters except:
20	Iniana waters except.
22	(1) While actively fishing; or
24	(2) While picking up or dropping off one or more
	persons on water skis in the water safety zone if a
26	reasonably direct course is taken through the water
	safety zone between the point that the skiers are
28	picked up or dropped off and the outer boundary of the
	water safety zone.
30	
	B. For the purposes of this subsection, "headway speed"
32	means the minimum speed necessary to maintain steerage and
	control of the watercraft while the watercraft is moving.
34	
	<u>C. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u>
36	subsection.
38	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
40	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
10	(2)) neuron who wieletes this subsection often having
42	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
44	<u>been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil</u> violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
44	
46	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
-10	14. Operating motorboat in bathing areas. The following
48	provisions apply to operating a motorboat in a bathing area.
10	providions apply to operating a motorovat in a saturing area.
50	A. A person may not:

2	(1) Operate a motorboat within a bathing area marked or buoyed for bathing; or
4	
	(2) Operate an airmobile on a beach adjacent to a
6	bathing area marked or buoyed for bathing.
8	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
10	<u>5455661011</u>
	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
12	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
14	
	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
16	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
18	period commits a Class E crime.
10	period commites a class E crime.
20	15. Operating watercraft in quarantined area. A person may not operate a watercraft in violation of an order issued under
2.2	
22	Title 38, section 1864.
24	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 and not
26	more than \$5,000 per violation may be adjudged. A fine
	imposed under this subsection may not be suspended by the
28	<u>court.</u>
20	
20	
30	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
32	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u>
	<u>Class E crime.</u>
34	
	16. Operating motorboat in prohibited or restricted area.
36	
30	The following provisions apply to operating a motorboat in
• •	prohibited or restricted areas.
38	
	<u>A. A person may not:</u>
40	
	(1) Operate a motorboat on that portion of Portage
42	Lake in Township T. 13, R. 6, W.E.L.S., County of
	Aroostook, known as the Floating Island Area, north and
44	westerly of a line beginning at the eastern edge of the
	mescerty of a line beginning at the eastern edge of the
16	marshy peninsula running out from Hutchinson Ridge,
46	running 50 yards outside of the floating islands in a
	northerly direction to the mouth of Mosquito Brook;
48	
	(2) Operate a motorboat on Quimby Pond in the Town of
50	Rangeley, Franklin County;

2	(3) Operate a motorboat upon the waters of Jerry Pond,
	so called, situated within the boundaries, or having a
4	shore line abutting, the incorporated municipality of
	Millinocket and the unincorporated Townships being T.1,
б	R. 7 and T.A., R. 7, all in Penobscot County;
8	(4) Operate a motorboat on Upper and Lower Ox Brook
	Lakes in the Towns of T. 6 ND, T. 6 RI and Talmadge in
10	<u>Washington County;</u>
12	(5) Operate a motorboat on Little Nesowadnehunk
	(Sournahunk) Lake, in T. 5, R. 11, Piscataguis County;
14	<u>1000110000000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 20000000000</u>
	(6) Operate a motorboat having more than 10 horsepower
16	on Eagle Lake and Jordan Pond, Mt. Desert Island,
	Hancock County and Long Pond, T.E. and T. D., Franklin
18	County;
10	<u>councir</u>
20	(7) Operate a motorboat on a body of water commonly
	known as and referred to in the Dunham-Davee Work Plan
22	as Snow's Pond, situated west of Route 7 in the Town of
	Dover-Foxcroft, Piscataquis County;
24	
	(8) Operate a motorboat having more than 6 horsepower
26	on Long Pond, Town of Denmark, Oxford County;
28	(9) Operate a motorboat on Lily Pond, Edgecomb,
	Lincoln County;
30	
	(10) Operate a motorboat powered by an internal
32	combustion engine on Nokomis Pond, situated in the
	Towns of Newport and Palmyra, Penobscot County;
34	
	(11) Operate a motorboat in Merrymeeting Bay at a
36	speed in excess of 10 miles per hour, except within the
	confines of the buoyed channels;
38	
	(12) Operate a motorboat equipped with an internal
40	combustion engine on the following waters on Mount
	Desert Island in Hancock County: Witch Hole Pond; Aunt
42	Betty's Pond; Bubble Pond; Round Pond; and Lake Wood;
A A	(12) Openete e meterbeet et intel it is wet
44	(13) Operate a motorboat equipped with a motor greater
46	than 10 horsepower on Upper Hadlock Pond or Lower
46	Hadlock Pond on Mount Desert Island in Hancock County;
48	(14) Operate a personal watercraft in violation of
	section 685-C, subsection 10 or any rule adopted by the

	Maine Land Use Regulation Commission to implement that
2	subsection;
4	<u>(15) Operate a watercraft at greater than headway</u> <u>speed on any area of Torsey Lake within 1/2 mile from</u>
6	the boat launch on Desert Pond Road in the Town of Mount Vernon;
8.	
10	(16) Operate a watercraft at greater than headway speed on any area of Torsey Lake within 1/2 mile from the boat launch on Old Kents Hill Road in the Town of
12	Readfield;
14	<u>(17) Operate a watercraft equipped with a motor</u> greater than 10 horsepower on Cold Rain Pond in the
16	Town of Naples or on Holt Pond in the Town of Naples and the Town of Bridgton;
18	(18) Operate a watercraft equipped with a motor
20	greater than 5 horsepower on Moose Pond in the Town of Otisfield;
22	
24	(19) Operate a watercraft at greater than headway speed on any area of Pickerel Pond in the Town of Wayne;
26	(20) Operate a motorboat having more than 10 horsepower on Middle Branch Pond in the Town of
28	Waterboro in York County;
30	(21) Operate a motorboat having more than 10 horsepower on Adams Pond, Foster Pond or Otter Pond in
32	the Town of Bridgton in Cumberland County; or
34	(22) Operate a motorboat having more than 10 horsepower on Pickerel Pond in the territory of T.32 MD
36	in Hancock County.
38	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
40	(1) A person who wields the subsection commits
42	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
46	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
48	period commits a Class E crime,

Sec. 383. 12 MRSA §13069, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 2 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

4 §13069. Watercraft accident; requirements

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- Failure to render aid or provide personal identification after watercraft accident. The operator of a watercraft that is
 involved in a collision, accident or other casualty may-net shall:
- A. Fail-to-render <u>Render</u> all necessary aid and assistance to all persons involved in the collision, accident or other casualty, so far as the operator can do so without serious danger to the operator's watercraft, crew and passengers, if
 any; er and
- B. Fail-to-give <u>Give</u> the person's name and address and identification of the person's watercraft to any person
 injured and to the owner of any property damaged.
- 20 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.

22 2. Failure to report watercraft accident. A person may not fail to report a watercraft accident in accordance with this 24 subsection.

- An operator or owner of a watercraft involved in a 26 Α. collision, accident or other casualty while using the watercraft that results in the death of a person, a person 28 losing consciousness or receiving medical treatment, a 30 person becoming disabled for more than 24 hours or a person disappearing from watercraft under а circumstances indicating death or injury shall file accident reports as 32 follows:
- A written report on forms provided by the commissioner containing the information as required within 24 hours of the occurrence if a person dies, disappears, loses consciousness, receives medical treatment, or is disabled for more than 24 hours; and
- (2) A report of the occurrence, by the quickest means
 42 of communication, to an available law enforcement
 officer nearest to the place where the accident
 44 occurred.
- 46 B. Accidents involving damage only to watercraft or other property to the estimated amount of \$1,000 or more must be reported within 72 hours on forms provided by the department.

- C. The following penalties apply to violations of this
 2 subsection.
- 4 (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
 6 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 8 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 10 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- A-person-who-violates-this--subsection-commits-a-civil-violation 14 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged.
- Sec. 384. 12 MRSA §13070, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 18 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
- 20 §13070. Operating airmobile

 No permission given. This chapter may <u>does</u> not be eenstrued-as-giving give license or permission to cross or go on the property of another.

26 2. Stop and identify requirement. Persons operating an airmobile upon the land of another shall stop and identify
 28 themselves upon the request of the landowner or the landowner's duly authorized representative. Any A person in-vielation-of who
 30 violates this subsection is-accountable-to-the-landowner-under applieable-law commits a Class E crime.

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3. Restrictions. If restrictions on operation are posted on 34 the land of another, a person operating an airmobile shall observe those restrictions.

4. Operating airmobile upon public way. Except as provided
 in this subsection, a person may not operate an airmobile upon a public way.
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A. Properly registered airmobiles may cross public ways,
 including bridges, overpasses and underpasses. For crossing public ways, sidewalks and culverts, persons operating
 airmobiles may travel only the distance necessary, but in no case exceeding 300 yards, for the sole purpose of crossing
 as directly as possible. For crossing bridges, overpasses and underpasses, persons operating airmobiles may travel
 only the distance necessary, but in no case exceeding 500 yards, for the sole purpose of crossing as directly as

possible. All crossings are subject to the following conditions: 2 (1)The operator of the airmobile may cross public 4 ways only if the crossing can be made safely and does not interfere with vehicular traffic approaching from б either direction; 8 The operator of the airmobile shall dismount and (2) lead the machine along the extreme right of the 10 traveled way; and 12 (3) The operator of the airmobile shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic. 14 B. The following penalties apply to violations of this 16 subsection. 18 (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 20 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 22 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 24 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 26 period commits a Class E crime. A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation 28 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 30 may-be-adjudged. 5. Failing to stop airmobile before entering public way. A 32 person may-not--fail-to shall bring an airmobile to a complete 34 stop before entering a public way. A-person who -vielates-this -subsection -commits - a -civil -vielation 36 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 38 may-be-adjudged-40 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 42 than \$500 may be adjudged. 44 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 46 <u>Class E crime.</u> 48 6. Failing to yield right-of-way while operating 50 airmobile. A person may-net-fail-to shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating an airmobile on a public way.

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4 A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 6 may-be-adjudged.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
- 7. Operating airmobile that exceeds noise limit.
 18 Airmobiles are subject to the following noise level limits.
- A. Except as provided in this paragraph, a person may not operate an airmobile that exceeds 78 decibels of sound
 pressure at 50 feet on the "A" scale, as measured by the Society of Automotive Engineers standards J-192. Airmobiles
 that are operating in a race approved by the commissioner under section 13061 may exceed this maximum noise level.
- B. A person may not operate an airmobile in such a manneras to exceed:
- 30 (1) A noise level of 90 decibels when subjected to a stationary sound level test with and without cutouts
 32 engaged and as prescribed by the commissioner; or
- 34 (2) A noise level of 75 decibels when subjected to an operational test measured with and without cutouts
 36 engaged and as prescribed by the commissioner.
- 38 C. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
- (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
 42 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 46 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having
 46 been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
 48 period commits a Class E crime.

	A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation
2	for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged.
4	may be adjudged
-	8. Operating airmobile on railroad tracks. A person may
6	not operate an airmobile along or adjacent and parallel to the tracks of any railroad within the limits of the railroad
8	right-of-way without written permission from the railroad.
10	A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500
12	may-be-adjudged.
14	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
16	than \$500 may be adjudged.
18	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
20	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
22	9Operatingairmobiletooclosetocertainbuildings.
24	Except-as-provided -in-this-subsection, -a-person-may-not-operate an-airmobile-within-200-feet-of-a-dwelling, - hospital, -nursing
26	home,-convalescent-home-or-church.
28	This-subsection-does-not-apply-to-a-person-operating-an-airmobile;
30	AOnpublic-waysin-accordance-with-subsections-4757-6 and-74
32	BOn-the-fromen-surface-of-any-body-of-water+-and
34	
36	COn-land-that-the-operator-owns-or-is-permitted-to-use-
	A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation
38	for-which-a-forfoiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged.
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	<u>10. Operating airmobile too close to certain buildings.</u>
42	Except as provided in this subsection, a person may not operate an airmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing
44	home, convalescent home or church.
46	A. This subsection does not apply to a person operating an airmobile:
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50	(1) On public ways in accordance with subsections 4, 5, 6 and 7;

2	(2) On the frozen surface of any body of water; and
4	(3) On land that the operator owns or is permitted to use.
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8	<u>B. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u> subsection.
10	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
12	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
14	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having be adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
16	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
18	Sec. 385. 12 MRSA §13071, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
20	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.
22	Sec. 386. 12 MRSA §13071-A is enacted to read:
24	<u>§13071-A. Operating personal watercraft</u>
26 28	 Operating personal watercraft while underage. A person under 16 years of age may not operate a personal watercraft.
30	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
32	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
34	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
36	<u>Class E crime.</u>
38	2. Additional safety requirements while operating personal
40	watercraft. The following provisions apply to operating or being a passenger on a personal watercraft.
42	A. A person may not:
44	(1) Operate or be a passenger on a personal watercraft
46	unless the person is wearing Coast Guard approved Type I, Type II or Type III personal flotation devices; or
48	(2) Operate a personal watercraft during the hours between sunset and sunrise.
50	Accucon panace and panting.

	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
2	subsection.
4	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
б	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
8	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
10	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
12	3. Operating rented or leased personal watercraft without
14	identification decal. A person may not operate a rented or leased personal watercraft on Brandy Pond in the Town of Naples or on
16	Long Lake in the Town of Naples, the Town of Bridgton and the
	Town of Harrison that does not have a clearly visible decal
18	<u>affixed to the personal watercraft that identifies the rental agent.</u>
20	
22	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
24	
26	<u>B. A person who violates this subsection after having been</u> adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
28	Class E crime.
30	<u>4. Operating personal watercraft in prohibited area.</u> The following provisions apply to operating a watercraft in
32	prohibited areas.
34	A. A person may not operate a personal watercraft on:
36	(1) Mud Pond, Oversett Pond, South Pond, Round Pond, Twitchell Pond, Hicks Pond, Indian Pond or Furlong Pond
38	in the Town of Greenwood in Oxford County;
40	(2) North Pond or Bryant Pond, also known as Christopher Lake, in the Town of Greenwood and the Town
42	of Woodstock in Oxford County;
44	(3) Concord Pond, Little Concord Pond or Shagg Pond in the Town of Woodstock in Oxford County;
46	(4) Hamilton Pond in Bar Harbor in Hancock County;
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50	(5) Bog Lake or Horseshoe Lake in the Town of Northfield in Washington County;

2	(6) Megunticook Lake in the Town of Camden and the
	Town of Hope in Knox County and the Town of
4	Lincolnville in Waldo County;
6	(7) Hobbs Pond, Fish Pond or Alford Lake in the Town
•	of Hope in Knox County;
8	(8) Norton Pond or Coleman Pond in the Town of
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10	Lincolnville in Waldo County;
12	(9) Pitcher Pond in the Town of Lincolnville and the
12	Town of Northport in Waldo County;
14	
	(10) Torsey Lake in the Town of Mount Vernon and the
16	Town of Readfield in Kennebec County;
18	(11) Trickey Pond in the Town of Naples in Cumberland
	<u>County;</u>
20	
	(12) Brandy Pond in the Town of Naples in Cumberland
22	<u>County between sunset and 9:00 a.m.;</u>
24	(13) Fulton Lake in the Town of Northfield in
	Washington County;
26	(14) Whight Dand in the Town of Neuthrout in Wolds
28	(14) Knight Pond in the Town of Northport in Waldo
20	<u>County</u> ;
30	(15) Moose Pond or Saturday Pond in the Town of
50	Otisfield in Oxford County;
32	<u>OCIDIICIA IN ONTOIR COUNCY</u>
01	(16) Tripp Pond, Upper Range Pond or Middle Range Pond
34	in the Town of Poland in Androscoggin County;
36	(17) Keewaydin Lake, Virginia Lake, Trout Pond,
	Weymouth Pond or Whitney Pond in the Town of Stoneham
38	in Oxford County;
40	(18) Lermond Pond in the Town of Union and the Town of
	<u>Hope in Knox County;</u>
42	
	(19) Pocasset Lake or Pickerel Pond in the Town of
44	<u>Wayne in Kennebec County;</u>
16	(20) Andreasonin Labe in the Term of the
46	(20) Androscoggin Lake in the Town of Wayne in
48	Kennebec County and the Town of Leeds in Androscoggin
*0	<u>County;</u>

	(21) Little Cobbosseecontee Lake in the Town of
2	<u>Winthrop in Kennebec County;</u>
4	(22) Somes Pond in the Town of Mount Desert;
6	(23) Long Pond in the Town of Mount Desert and the
8	<u>Town of Southwest Harbor;</u>
10	(24) Little Long Pond in the Town of Mount Desert;
12	(25) Meetinghouse Pond, Big Pond, Wat Tuh Lake, Center Pond and Silver Lake, also known as Silver Pond, in the
14	Town of Phippsburg in Sagadahoc County;
16	(26) South Branch Lake in the Plantation of Seboeis and the Township of T2 R8 NWP in Penobscot County;
18	(27) Spring Lake in Spring Lake Township in Somerset
20	<u>County;</u>
22	<u>(28) Kennebago Lake and Kennebago River in Davis</u> Township and Stetsontown Township in Franklin County;
24	(29) Nicatous Lake in the Townships of T40 MD, T41 MD and T3 ND in Hancock County;
26	(30) Crystal Lake in the Town of Washington in Knox
28	<u>County:</u>
30	(31) Middle Branch Pond in the Town of Waterboro in York County:
32	loik councy,
	(32) Highland Lake or Woods Pond in the Town of
34	Bridgton in Cumberland County if the personal watercraft is rented and does not display a decal
36	identifying the rental agency that owns the personal watercraft; or
38	
40	(33) Lake St. George in the Town of Liberty.
42	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
44	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
46	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
48	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil

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<u>violations under this Part within the previous 5-year</u> period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 387. 12 MRSA §13103, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following
enacted in its place:

8 **§13103.** Rule violations; snowmobiles and snowmobile races

10 The following penalties apply to violations of rules regulating snowmobiles or the protection and safety of spectators 12 at snowmobile races.

14 1. Civil. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who violates a rule regulating snowmobiles or the protection and 16 safety of spectators at snowmobile races commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than 18 \$500 may be adjudged.

 20 2. Criminal. A person who violates a rule regulating snowmobiles or the protection and safety of spectators at
 22 snowmobile races after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the
 24 previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

26 Sec. 388. 12 MRSA §13104, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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 Operating unregistered snowmobile. Except as provided
 in this subsection and section 13112, a person may not operate a snowmobile that is not registered in accordance with this section.

A. No <u>A</u> registration is <u>not</u> required for a snowmobile
 operated over the snow on land on which the owner lives or
 on lands on which the owner is domiciled, provided the
 snowmobile is not operated elsewhere within the jurisdiction
 of this State.

B. No <u>A</u> registration is <u>not</u> required for a snowmobile
operated by a commercial ski area for the purpose of packing
snow or for rescue operation thereon, unless the snowmobile
is required to cross a public way during that operation.

44 C. Snowmobiles owned and operated in this State by the Federal Government, the State or political subdivision of
46 the State are exempt from registration fees, but must be registered and required to display numbers.

D. Registration is not required to field test repairs to a snowmobile if valid snowmobile repair shop number plates

issued under section 13110 are affixed to the snowmobile 2 during the field test and the snowmobile is not owned by the snowmobile repair shop or any repair shop employee. 4 Ε. Registration is not required to field test repairs to a 6 snowmobile when the snowmobile is tested on the premises of a snowmobile repair shop when the snowmobile repair shop is 8 open and the snowmobile is not owned by the snowmobile repair shop or any repair shop employee. 10 The following penalties apply to violations of this F. 12 subsection. 14 (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 16 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 18 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 20 period commits a Class E crime. 22 A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation 24 for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged. 26 Sec. 389. 12 MRSA §13104, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 28 Snowmobiles of nonresidents. 30 7. Except as specifically provided in this subsection, and notwithstanding any other 32 provision of law, a snowmobile belonging to a nonresident may be possessed or operated by any person in this State as long as the snowmobile is properly registered in this State in the name of a 34 nonresident owner of the snowmobile. 36 A snewmebile--ewned--by--a nonresident may--net--be--issued is 38 ineligible to obtain a resident registration for a snowmobile owned by that nonresident. Nothing in this subsection authorizes 40 the operation of any <u>a</u> snowmobile in any <u>a</u> manner contrary to this chapter. This--subsection-does--net--apply-to--snewmebiles 42 Snowmobiles and grooming equipment registered to a federal or state entity, snowmobile clubs, municipalities or counties from 44 bordering states or provinces and engaged in trail grooming may be operated without being registered under this subsection. 46 Snowmobiles registered in either New Hampshire or Canada may be operated on any lake or pond that is both partly in the State and New Hampshire or Canada without being registered in the State. 48

2	Sec. 390. 12 MRSA §13104, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
4	Sec. 391. 12 MRSA §13104, sub-§12-A is enacted to read:
6	12-A. Registration certificate; inspection and display. The following provisions apply to registration certificates and
8	numbers.
10	A. A person shall:
12	(1) Provide a registration certificate for inspection by any law enforcement officer on demand; and
14 16	(2) Display a registration number assigned to a snowmobile in such form and manner as the commissioner
18	may determine, except that an antique snowmobile is not required to display registration numbers.
20	<u>B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.</u>
22	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
24	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
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28 30	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
32	Sec. 392. 12 MRSA §13104, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
34	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
36	13. Fraudulent acquisition of snowmobile registration. A person may not obtain a snowmobile registration through fraud,
38	misstatement or misrepresentation. <u>A person who violates this</u> subsection commits a Class E crime.
40	Sec. 393. 12 MRSA §13104, sub-§14 is enacted to read:
42	14. Report of destroyed, abandoned or permanently removed snowmobile. A registrant shall notify the commissioner if a
44	snowmobile is destroyed, abandoned or permanently removed from the State.
46	Sec. 394. 12 MRSA §13105, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
48	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
50	§13105. Snowmobile registration agents

Appointment of snowmobile registration agents; report;
 fees. Appointment of snowmobile registration agents and
 applicable fees are governed by the following.

A. The commissioner may appoint municipal clerks or other persons who a municipality may designate as municipal agents
 to issue snowmobile registrations. The commissioner may designate other agents as necessary to issue snowmobile
 registrations. The commissioner shall determine by rule the period when the agents shall act.

B. Agents may charge a service fee of not more than \$1 for
each snowmobile renewal registration issued and \$2 for each registration covered by sections 13002 to 13005. This
service fee is retained by the agent.

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18 C. An agent is delinquent if that agent fails to forward to the commissioner funds collected by that agent by the date
20 established in rules adopted under this subsection. Failure to remit the funds as provided in this subsection results in
22 the following sanctions, in addition to any other provided by law.

(1) The commissioner shall charge interest on the
 amount owed at the rate of 18% a year for each day the agent is delinquent.

(2) If the agent has not paid the amount owed by the
 60th day after the agent becomes delinquent, the commissioner shall assess a surcharge of 5% of the
 principal amount owed.

34 (3) If an agent is delinquent for more than 150 days
 or is delinquent 3 or more times in one year, the
 36 commissioner shall:

38 (a) Terminate the agency for the balance of the year; and

(b) Order that the agency not be renewed for the next year.

44 <u>Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical</u> rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

2. Unlawful issuance of snowmobile registration. An agent may not issue a resident snowmobile registration to a nonresident or a nonresident snowmobile registration to a resident.

	A-person-who-vielates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-vielation
2	fer-which-a-forfeiture-ef-net-less-than-\$100-ner-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged.
4	
	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
6	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
	than \$500 may be adjudged.
8	D
10	<u>B. A person who violates this subsection after having been</u> adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
10	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
12	<u>Class E crime.</u>
14	Sec. 395. 12 MRSA §13106, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
	A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed.
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	Sec.396. 12 MRSA §13106-A is enacted to read:
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• •	<u>§13106-A. Operation of snowmobile</u>
20	1 No permission given This shorten doos not give lisense
22	1. No permission given. This chapter does not give license or permission to cross or go on the property of another.
22	or permission to cross or go on the property or another.
24	2. Stop and identify requirement. Persons operating a
	snowmobile upon the land of another shall stop and identify
26	themselves upon the request of the landowner or the landowner's
	duly authorized representative.
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	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
30	
2.2	3. Operating snowmobile upon controlled access highway.
32	Except as provided in paragraph A, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon a controlled access highway or within the
34	right-of-way limits of a controlled access highway.
51	right-or-way limits of a controlled access highway.
36	A. A person may operate a snowmobile upon a controlled
	access highway or within the right-of-way limits of a
38	controlled access highway in accordance with this paragraph.
40	 A person on a properly registered snowmobile may
	cross controlled access highways by use of bridges over
42	or roads under those highways, or by use of roads
44	crossing controlled access highways at grade.
44	(2) The Commissioner of Transportation may issue
46	special permits for designated crossings of controlled
	access highways.
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	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
50	subsection.

2	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
4	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
6	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
•	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
8	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
1.0	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
10	4. Unlawfully operating snowmobile on plowed road. A
12	person may not operate a snowmobile upon any plowed private road,
	or public road plowed privately without public compensation,
14	after having been forbidden to do so by the owner thereof, the
	owner's agent or a municipal official, either personally or by
16	appropriate notices posted conspicuously on that road.
18	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
20	than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
24	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
	<u>Class E crime.</u>
26	
	5. Operating snowmobile on public way. Except as provided
26 28	in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a
	in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the
	in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a
28	in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a
28 30	<pre>in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to</pre>
28 30	<pre>in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 300 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way</pre>
28 30 32	<pre>in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to</pre>
28 30 32	<pre>in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 300 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way</pre>
28 30 32 34	<pre>in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 300 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a public way, sidewalk or culvert. B. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a</pre>
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 300 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a public way, sidewalk or culvert. B. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 500 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the sole purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 500 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the sole purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a bridge, overpass or underpass, provided that that operation can be made in safety and that it does not interfere with vehicular traffic approaching from either direction on the public way. C. A snowmobile may be operated on any portion of a public
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	 in subsection 4 and this subsection, a person may not operate a snowmobile upon the main traveled portion, the sidewalks or the plowed snowbanks of a public way. A. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 300 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a public way, sidewalk or culvert. B. A properly registered snowmobile may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 500 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the sole purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 500 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the sole purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a bridge, overpass or underpass, provided that that operation can be made in safety and that it does not interfere with vehicular traffic approaching from either direction on the public way.

D. If the main traveled portion of a public way is publicly plowed and utilized by conventional motor vehicles, a snowmobile may be operated only on that portion of the way not maintained or utilized for the operation of conventional motor vehicles, except that operation on the left side of the way is prohibited during the hours from sunset to sunrise on the portion of the way not maintained or utilized for the operated or utilized for the operated by a public utility regulated by the Public Utilities Commission while being operated in the course of the utility's corporate function, so that public utilities may effectively and speedily carry out their obligations to the public.

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E. A snowmobile may be operated on streets and public ways during a period of emergency when the emergency has been so declared by a police agency having jurisdiction and when travel by conventional motor vehicles is not practicable. This paragraph does not apply to a snowmobile operated by a public utility regulated by the Public Utilities Commission while being operated in the course of the utility's corporate function, so that public utilities may effectively and speedily carry out their obligations to the public.

F. A snowmobile may be operated on streets and public ways in special snowmobile events of limited duration conducted according to a prearranged schedule and under a permit from the governmental unit having jurisdiction.

30 G. Notwithstanding paragraphs A to F, a snowmobile may be operated on the extreme right of a public way within the 32 built-up portion of a municipality or unorganized or unincorporated township if the appropriate governmental unit 34 has designated the public way as a snowmobile-access route for the purpose of allowing snowmobiles access to places of 36 business. A public way designated by an appropriate governmental unit as a snowmobile-access route must be 38 posted conspicuously at regular intervals by that governmental unit with highly visible signs designating the 40 snowmobile-access route. Before designating a public way as a snowmobile-access route, the appropriate governmental unit 42 shall make appropriate determinations that snowmobile travel on the extreme right of the public way may be conducted 44 safely and will not interfere with vehicular traffic on the public way. For purposes of this paragraph, "appropriate 46 governmental unit" means the Department of Transportation, county commissioners or municipal officers within their 48 respective jurisdictions. The jurisdiction of each appropriate governmental unit over public ways pursuant to 50 this paragraph is the same as its jurisdiction over the

	passage of vehicles on public ways pursuant to Title 29-A,
2	section 2395. Municipal or county law enforcement officials
	having jurisdiction have primary enforcement authority over
4	any route established under this paragraph.
6	U The following penalties apply to wielstipps of this
0	H. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
8	subsection.
Ŷ	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
10	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
10	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
12	(2)) where the independent this subscription of the hereign
14	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
16	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
10	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
18	6. Failing to stop snowmobile before entering public way.
10	A person shall bring a snowmobile to a complete stop before
20	entering a public way or a private way maintained for travel.
20	<u>encering a public way of a privace way maineained for craver.</u>
22	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
24	than \$500 may be adjudged.
26	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
28	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
	Class E crime.
30	
	7. Failing to yield right-of-way while operating
32	7. Failing to yield right-of-way while operating snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all
32	snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all
32 34	
	snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or
	snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or
34	snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel.
34	<pre>snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil</pre>
34 36	<pre>snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more</pre>
34 36	<pre>snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more</pre>
34 36 38	<pre>snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel.</pre> A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
34 36 38	<pre>snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been</pre>
34 36 38 40	 snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
34 36 38 40	 snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
34 36 38 40 42	 snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
34 36 38 40 42	<pre>snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel.</pre> A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
34 36 38 40 42 44	 snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 8. Crossing closed bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass
34 36 38 40 42 44	 snowmobile. A person shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicular traffic while operating a snowmobile on a public way or a private way maintained for travel. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 8. Crossing closed bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass with snowmobile. This subsection applies to the crossing with a

	A. A person may not cross with a snowmobile a bridge,
2	culvert, overpass or underpass closed to snowmobiles by the
	Commissioner of Transportation.
4	
	(1) The Commissioner of Transportation may, following
6	<u>a public hearing, prohibit the crossing of an</u>
	<u>individual bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass if</u>
8	the commissioner determines that that crossing or use
	of the public way is hazardous.
10	
	(2) Any bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass closed
12	<u>by the Commissioner of Transportation must be posted by</u>
	appropriate notices.
14	
	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
16	subsection.
18	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
20	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
24	<u>violations under this Part within the previous 5-year</u>
	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
26	
	9. Reckless operation of snowmobile. A person may not
28	<u>operate a snowmobile in such a way as to recklessly create a</u>
	substantial risk of serious bodily injury to another person.
30	<u>Violation of this subsection is a Class D crime.</u>
32	10. Operating snowmobile to endanger. A person may not
	<u>operate a snowmobile so as to endanger any person or property by:</u>
34	
	A. Operating the snowmobile except at a reasonable and
36	prudent speed for the existing conditions, including when
	approaching and crossing an intersection or railway grade
38	crossing, when approaching and taking a curve, when
4.0	approaching a hill crest, when traveling upon any narrow or
40	winding trail and when a special hazard exists with respect
4.2	to pedestrians, skiers or other traffic by reason of weather
42	or trail conditions; or
44	P. Opensting the susceptible is a second that fails to
44	B. Operating the snowmobile in a manner that fails to
46	control its speed at all times as necessary to avoid
' ±0	colliding with any person, vehicle, snowmobile or other
48	object on or adjacent to the snowmobile trail.
ŦŪ	A person who wielstop this subcoption compite a Class E wint
50	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
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11. Operating snowmobile at greater than reasonable and 2 prudent speed. A person may not operate a snowmobile except at a reasonable and prudent speed for the existing conditions. 4 A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 6 12. Operating snowmobile while underage. A person under 14 8 years of age may not operate a snowmobile across any public way maintained for travel. 10 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil 12 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 14 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 16 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 18 Class E crime. 20 13. Permitting unaccompanied child to operate snowmobile. A person may not permit a child under 10 years of age to operate a snowmobile unless the child is accompanied by an adult. 22 This subsection does not apply on land that is owned by the 24 parent or quardian or on land where permission for use has been 26 granted to the parent or guardian. 28 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 30 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 32 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 34 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 36 14. Snowmobile noise level limits. This subsection governs 38 noise levels for snowmobiles. 40 A. Except as provided in section 13112, a person may not: 42 (1) Operate a snowmobile that exceeds the noise limits for that snowmobile established in paragraph B; or 44 (2) Modify a snowmobile in a manner that amplifies or otherwise increases total noise emission above that of 46 the snowmobile as originally constructed, regardless of the date of manufacture. 48 50 B. The following noise levels are established:

2	(1) Every snowmobile manufactured after February 1, 1975 and offered for sale or sold in this State must be
4	constructed to limit total vehicle noise to not more
-	than 78 decibels of sound pressure level at 50 feet on
б	the "A" scale, as measured by the SAE standards J-192;
8	(2) Snowmobiles manufactured after October 1, 1973,
	but on or before February 1, 1975, and offered for sale
10	or sold in this State must be constructed to limit the
	total vehicle noise to not more than 82 decibels of
12	sound pressure level at 50 feet on the "A" scale, as
	measured by the SAE standards J-192; and
14	
	(3) Snowmobiles manufactured on or before October 1,
16	1973 are not subject to a specific noise level, except
	that they may not be modified in violation of this
18	subsection.
20	C. The following penalties apply to violations of this
	subsection.
22	
	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
24	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
26	
	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
28	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
30	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
32	15. Snowmobile headlight and taillight equipment
24	requirements. Except as provided in section 13112, a person may
34	not operate a snowmobile that is not equipped as provided in this
26	subsection.
36	
38	A. A person may not operate a snowmobile unless the
30	snowmobile has mounted:
40	(1) On the front of least one headlight such that (1)
40	(1) On the front at least one headlight capable of casting a white beam for a distance of at least 100
42	feet directly ahead of the snowmobile; and
74	reet directly anead of the showhodile; and
44	(2) On the rear at least one lamp capable of
11	displaying a red light visible at a distance of at
46	least 100 feet behind the snowmobile.
	-0420 200 2000 South Cite Billwindbitte.
48	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
-	subsection.
50	

	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
2	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
4	
-	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
6	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
0	
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
8	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
10	16. Required use of snowmobile lights. Except as provided
	in section 13112, a person shall use lights as specified in this
12	subsection.
14	A. A person shall use snowmobile lights:
16	(1) During the period from 1/2 hour after sunset to
	1/2 hour before sunrise; and
18	
	(2) At any time when, due to insufficient light or
20	<u>unfavorable atmospheric conditions caused by fog or</u>
	otherwise, other persons, vehicles and other objects
22	are not clearly discernible for a distance of 500 feet
	ahead.
24	
	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
26	subsection.
20	
28	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
20	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
30	
30	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
2.2	
32	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
34	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
36	
	17. Unlawfully operating snowmobile on railroad tracks.
38	The following provisions govern the operation of a snowmobile on
	<u>railroad tracks or railroad rights-of-way.</u>
40	
	A. A person may not operate a snowmobile along or adjacent
42	and parallel to the tracks of a railroad within the limits
	of a railroad right-of-way without written permission from
44	the railroad owning the right-of-way.
46	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
48	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
. .	not more chan wood may be aujuayou.

	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
2	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
4	period commits a Class E crime.
6	B. A person may not operate a snowmobile across the tracks
0	of a railroad after having been forbidden to do so by the
8	
0	railroad owning the railroad right-of-way, or by an agent of
	that railroad, either personally or by appropriate notices
10	posted conspicuously along the railroad right-of-way.
12	(1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
14	<u>nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
16	(2) A person who violates this paragraph after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
18	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
10	period commits a Class E crime.
20	<u>periou commites a crass i crime.</u>
20	C Netwithstanding this substantion a second second
2.2	C. Notwithstanding this subsection, a person may operate a
22	snowmobile on railroad tracks if the person is operating
	within the right-of-way of a portion of railroad line that
24	has been officially abandoned under the authority of the
	Interstate Commerce Commission.
26	Interstate Commerce Commission.
26	<pre>Interstate Commerce Commission. 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not</pre>
26 28	
	18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not
	18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying
28	18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground.
28 30	18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
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28 30 32 34	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
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28 30 32 34 36	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital,
28 30 32 34 36 38	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital,
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church. A. This subsection does not apply when a person is
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church.
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church. A. This subsection does not apply when a person is
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church. A. This subsection does not apply when a person is operating a snowmobile:
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 44	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church. A. This subsection does not apply when a person is operating a snowmobile:
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church. A. This subsection does not apply when a person is operating a snowmobile: (1) On public ways in accordance with subsections 5, 6, 7 and 8 or on controlled access highways in
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 44	 18. Operating snowmobile in cemetery. A person may not operate a snowmobile in any cemetery, burial place or burying ground. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a class E crime. 19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate a snowmobile within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or church. A. This subsection does not apply when a person is operating a snowmobile:

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_	(2) On the frozen surface of any body of water; and
2	(3) On land the operator owns or is permitted to use.
4	
6	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
8	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
10	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
12	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
14	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
16	20. Abuse of another person's property. A person may not
18	while operating a snowmobile:
20	A. Tear down or destroy a fence or wall on another person's land;
22	
24	B. Leave open a gate or bar on another person's land; or
26	C. Trample or destroy crops on another person's land.
	A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.
28	21. Snowmobile owner; operation by another. A person is in
30	violation of this subsection if that person is the owner of a snowmobile that is operated in violation of this chapter.
32	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
34	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
36	
38	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
40	Class E crime.
42	22. Parent or guardian; operation by minor. A person is in violation of this subsection if that person is the parent or
44	guardian responsible for the care of a minor under 18 years of
	age who is operating a snowmobile in violation of this chapter.
46	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
48	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
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	E	3. A person who violates this subsection after having been
2	<u>a</u>	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	<u>u</u>	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
4	Ç	<u>llass E crime.</u>
6		23. Failure to report accident. A person shall give notice snowmobile accident in accordance with this subsection.
8	•	
10	2	A. A person shall give notice by the guickest means of communication to a law enforcement officer available nearest
	<u>t</u>	to the place where the accident occurred if that person is:
12		(1) The operator of a snowmobile involved in an
14		accident resulting in injuries requiring the services of a physician or in the death of a person;
16		
18		(2) A person acting for the operator of a snowmobile described in subparagraph (1); or
20		(3) The owner of a snowmobile described in
22		subparagraph (1) having knowledge of the accident if the operator of the snowmobile is unknown.
24		3. A person shall give notice within 72 hours to the lepartment on forms provided by the department if the person
26		S:
28		(1) The operator of a snowmobile involved in an
30		accident that does not result in injuries requiring the services of a physician or in the death of a person but
32		<u>that does involve property damage estimated to cost</u> \$1,000 or more;
34		(2) A person acting for the operator of a snowmobile described in subparagraph (1); or
36		
38		(3) The owner of a snowmobile described in subparagraph (1) having knowledge of the accident if the operator of the snowmobile is unknown.
40		
	<u>C</u>	. The following penalties apply to violations of this
42		subsection.
44		(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
46		nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
48		(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil

violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

 24. Operating snowmobile on open water. A person may not operate or attempt to operate a snowmobile on open water. For
 purposes of this subsection, "open water" means any area of an inland water body that is free of ice and snow. This subsection
 does not apply to private ponds.

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10 Notwithstanding Title 17, section 2267-A, subsection 3, the owner or operator of a snowmobile that has been submerged or partially submerged as a result of a violation of this subsection shall 12 remove the snowmobile within 24 hours of its submersion. The owner or operator of a snowmobile submerged or partially 14 submerged as a result of a violation of this subsection shall pay 16 any damages resulting from the submersion or removal. If the owner or operator of a snowmobile submerged or partially submerged as the result of a violation of this subsection fails 18 to remove the snowmobile within 24 hours of its submersion, the 20 commissioner may remove the snowmobile at the expense of the owner or operator or request in writing that the court direct the 22 owner or operator to remove the snowmobile immediately.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

25. Headgear required. This subsection applies to 34 snowmobile trails funded by the Snowmobile Trail Fund of the Department of Conservation, Bureau of Public Lands.

- A. A person operating a snowmobile on a snowmobile trail identified by the Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands as having been funded by the Snowmobile Trail Fund pursuant to section 1893, subsection 3:
- 42 (1) If the person is under 18 years of age, shall wear protective headgear that conforms to the standards
 44 established under Title 29-A, section 2083, subsection 3; and
 46
- (2) May not carry a passenger under 18 years of age on the snowmobile unless the passenger is wearing protective headgear that conforms to the standards

established under Title 29-A, section 2083, subsection 3.

- B. The Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands shall develop an administratively simple means of identifying trails that have been funded by the Snowmobile Trail Fund so that snowmobile riders can readily determine to which trails this subsection applies.
- 10 <u>C. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u> subsection.
- (1) A person who violates paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- (2) A person who violates paragraph A after having18been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
violations under this Part within the previous 5-year20period commits a Class E crime.
- 22 Sec. 397. 12 MRSA §13107, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
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§13107. Unlawfully operating vehicle on snowmobile trail

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A person may not operate any 4-wheel-drive vehicle, dune buggy, all-terrain vehicle, motorcycle or any other motor vehicle, other than a snowmobile and appurtenant equipment, on snowmobile trails that are financed in whole or in part with funds from the Snowmobile Trail Fund, unless that use has been authorized by the landowner or the landowner's agent, or unless the use is necessitated by an emergency involving safety of persons or property.

- 36 A-person-who-violates-this-section-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 38 may-be-adjudged.
- 40 1. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 42 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 2. Repeat violations. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
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Sec. 398. 12 MRSA §13109, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 50 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

2 5. Display of dealer's number. Dealers <u>A dealer</u> shall display their that dealer's number on each snowmobile being used until the sale of the snowmobile, whereupon it becomes the 4 owner's responsibility to register the snowmobile. б A. A dealer who violates this subsection commits a civil 8 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 10 B. A dealer who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 12 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 14 Class E crime. C. Each day a dealer violates this subsection is a separate 16 offense. 18 Sec. 399. 12 MRSA §13109, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 20 Sec. 400. 12 MRSA §13111, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 2.2 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 24 Registration and issuance. Except as provided in this 1. 26 section, a person or business may not rent or lease a snowmobile unless that person or business: 28 Registers with the department as a snowmobile rental Α. agent and is issued a snowmobile rental agent certificate 30 from the commissioner; 32 Obtains Β. a Maine certificate of number for each 34 snowmobile being offered for rent or lease in the name of the person or business holding that certificate; and 36 с. Instructs each person who rents or leases a snowmobile 38 how to operate the snowmobile, including how to use the brake, throttle and kill switch, and provides to that person 40 a pamphlet describing proper hand signals. 42 A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a -forfeiture-of-not-less -than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 may-be-adjudged. 44 46 Sec. 401. 12 MRSA §13111, sub-§4 is enacted to read: 48 4. Prohibition; penalty. A person may not rent or lease a snowmobile in violation of this section. 50

- A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 6 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 8 <u>Class E crime.</u>
- Sec. 402. 12 MRSA §13112, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 10 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

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§13112. Racing meets

Notwithstanding section 10602 10650 and section 13106 13106-A, subsections 14, 15 and 16, snowmobiles operated at a 16 prearranged racing meet whose sponsor has obtained a permit to hold such a meet from the commissioner are exempt from the 18 provisions of this chapter concerning registration, noise, 20 horsepower and lights during the time of operation at such meets and at all prerace practices at the location of the meet.

Sec. 403. 12 MRSA §13152, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 24 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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2. Training. A person over 9 years of age and under 16 years of age must successfully complete a training program approved by the department prior to operating an ATV except on: 30

- A. Land on which that person is domiciled;
- Land owned or leased by that person's parent or в. 34 guardian; or
- 36 C. Land where permission for the use has been granted to the person's parent or quardian.
- The training program must include instruction on the safe operation of ATVs, the laws pertaining to ATVs, the effect of 40 ATVs on the environment and ways to minimize that effect, 42 courtesy to landowners and other recreationists and other materials as determined by the department.
- Sec. 404. 12 MRSA §13153, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 46 A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- <u>\$13153.</u> Rule violations; ATVs
- 50

The following penalties apply to violations of rules 2 regulating ATVs. 4 1. Civil. Notwithstanding section 10650, a person who violates a rule regulating ATVs commits a civil violation for 6 which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 8 2. Criminal. A person who violates a rule regulating ATVs after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 10 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 12 Sec. 405. 12 MRSA §13154, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 14 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is repealed. 16 Sec. 406. 12 MRSA §13154-A is enacted to read: 18 §13154-A. Age restrictions 20 1. Minimum age. Except as provided in subsection 5, a 22 person under 10 years of age may not operate an ATV. A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil 24 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 26 than \$500 may be adjudged. 28 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 30 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 32 2. Permitting child under 10 years to operate ATV. Except as provided in subsection 6, a person may not permit a child 34 under 10 years of age to operate an ATV. 36 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 38 than \$500 may be adjudged. 40 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 42 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 44 <u>Class E crime.</u> 46 3. Unlawfully operating ATV by person 10 to under 16 years of age. Except as provided in subsection 6, a person 10 years of age or older but under 16 years of age may not operate an ATV 48 unless that person has successfully completed a training course

	approved by the department pursuant to section 13152 and is
2	accompanied by an adult.
4	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
6	than \$500 may be adjudged.
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8	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
0	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
10	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
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	<u>Class E crime.</u>
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	4. Person under 16 years of age crossing public way. A
14	<u>person under 16 years of age may not cross a public way</u>
	<u>maintained for travel unless the crossing is in accordance with</u>
16	section 13157-A, subsection 6, paragraph A and the person
	satisfies the requirements of subsection 3.
18	
	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
20	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
20	than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	<u>chan poor may be adjudged.</u>
22	D) serves the windows this subscription of the bouing been
	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
24	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
26	<u>Class E crime.</u>
28	5. Permitting an unaccompanied person under 16 years of age
	to operate an ATV. Except as provided in subsection 6, a person
30	<u>may not permit an unaccompanied person 10 years of age or older</u>
	but under 16 years of age to operate an ATV.
32	
	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
34	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
	than \$500 may be adjudged.
36	······································
00	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
38	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
50	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
40	
40	<u>Class E crime.</u>
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42	6. Exceptions for certain property. This section does not
	apply to the operation of an ATV on:
44	
	A. The land on which the operator is domiciled; or
46	
	B. Land owned or leased by the operator's parent or
48	guardian; or

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2	<u>C. Land where permission for use has been granted to the operator's parent or guardian.</u>
4	Sec. 407. 12 MRSA 13155 , sub- 1 , as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, 2 and affected by Pt. D, 7 , is repealed.
б	Sec. 408. 12 MRSA §13155, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
8	
10	1-A. Operating unregistered ATV. Except as provided in paragraph A, a person may not operate an ATV that is not registered in accordance with subsection 3.
12	
14	A. The following exceptions apply.
16	(1) Registration is not required for an ATV operated on land on which the owner lives or on land on which
18	the owner is domiciled, as long as the ATV is not operated elsewhere within the jurisdiction of the State.
20	(2) Registration is not required for an ATV operated by a commercial ski area for the purpose of packing
22	snow or for rescue operations on the commercial ski area, unless the ATV is required to cross a public way
24	during that operation.
26	(3) An ATV owned and operated in the State by the Federal Government, the State or a political
28	subdivision of the State is exempt from registration fees but must be registered and is required to display
30	registration numbers.
32	(4) An ATV registration for the farm use specified in Title 29-A, section 501, subsection 8, paragraph E is
34	not required for a vehicle registered with the Secretary of State under Title 29-A, section 501,
36	subsection 8.
38	<u>B. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u> subsection.
40	
42	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	
46	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the provious 5 year
48	<u>violations under this Part within the previous 5-year</u> period commits a Class E crime.

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2	Sec. 409. 12 MRSA §13155, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
4	Sec. 410. 12 MRSA §13155, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:
6	5-A. Temporary fee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, and in addition to any other special assessments
8	that may be imposed, an additional, temporary \$3 fee is imposed on all ATV registrations for the registration periods beginning
10	July 1, 2003 and July 1, 2004. The temporary fee must be collected at the time a registration is issued and credited in
12	full to the ATV Recreational Management Fund of the Department of Conservation, established under section 7854, subsection 4.
14	This subsection is repealed June 30, 2005.
16	Sec. 411. 12 MRSA §13155, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
18	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
20	Sec. 412. 12 MRSA §13155, sub-§§8-A and 8-B are enacted to read:
22	8-A. Registration inspection. An owner or operator of an
24	ATV shall present a registration certificate for inspection by any law enforcement officer on demand.
26	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
28	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
30	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
32	<u>adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations</u> under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
34	<u>Class E crime.</u>
36	8-B. Notification of destroyed, abandoned, stolen or
38	permanently removed ATV. The registrant shall notify the commissioner if an ATV is destroyed, abandoned, stolen or permanently removed from the State.
40	Sec. 413. 12 MRSA §13155, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 2003, c.
42	414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:
44	9. Display of registration numbers. Each new ATV sold in the State must have 3 1/2 inch by 6 inch spaces provided on the
46	front and rear of the machine, as high above the tires as possible, for the vertical display of the registration numbers.
48	A person may not operate an ATV that is required to be registered under this section unless registration numbers are displayed in
50	these spaces or as otherwise required by the department.

- 2 A-person-who-violates-this-subsection-commits-a-civil-violation for-which-a-forfeiture-of-not-less-than-\$100-nor-more-than-\$500 4 may-be-adjudged.
- 6 <u>A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil</u> violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 8 <u>than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 414. 12 MRSA §13156, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

18 §13156. ATV registration agents

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20 Appointment of VTA registration agents. 1. The commissioner may appoint municipal clerks or other persons whom a municipality may designate as municipal agents to issue ATV 22 registrations. The commissioner may designate other agents as 24 necessary to issue ATV registrations. The commissioner shall determine by rule the period when the agents must act. <u>Rules</u> 26 adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Failure to remit funds. An agent is delinquent if that
 agent fails to forward to the commissioner funds collected by
 that agent by the date established in rules adopted under this
 section <u>subsection 1</u>. Failure to remit the funds as provided in
 this subsection results in the following sanctions, in addition
 to any other provided by law.

A. The commissioner shall charge interest on the amount owed at the rate of 18% a year for each day the agent is delinquent.

- B. If the agent has not paid the amount owed by the 60th day after the agent becomes delinquent, the commissioner
 shall assess a surcharge of 5% of the principal amount owed.
- 44 C. If an agent is delinquent for more than 150 days or is delinquent 3 or more times in one year, the commissioner 46 shall:
- 48 (1) Terminate the agency for the balance of the year;
 and
 50

(2) Order that the agency not be renewed for the next 2 year. 3. Service fees. An agent may charge a service fee of \$1 4 for each ATV renewal registration issued and \$2 for each registration covered by sections 13002 to 13005. This service б fee is retained by the agent. 8 Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 10 Sec. 415. 12 MRSA §13157, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. 12 A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, \$7, is repealed. 14 Sec. 416. 12 MRSA §13157-A is enacted to read: 16 §13157-A. Operation of ATVs 18 1. No permission given. This chapter does not give license 20 or permission to cross or go on the property of another. 22 2. Stop and identify requirement. Persons operating ATVs upon the land of another shall stop and identify themselves upon 24 the request of the landowner or the landowner's duly authorized representative. A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime. 26 28 3. Operating ATV upon controlled access highway. The following provisions govern the operation of ATVs on controlled 30 access highways. 32 A. A person may not operate an ATV upon a controlled access highway or within the right-of-way limits of a controlled 34 access highway, except that: 36 (1) A properly registered ATV may cross controlled access highways by use of bridges over or roads under 38 those highways or by use of roads crossing controlled access highways at grade; and 40 The Commissioner of Transportation may issue (2) 42 special permits for designated crossings of controlled access highways. 44 B. The following penalties apply to violations of this 46 subsection. 48 (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 50 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

2 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 4 period commits a Class E crime. 6 4. Unlawfully operating ATV on snowmobile trail. Operating an ATV on a snowmobile trail financed in whole or in part with 8 funds from the Snowmobile Trail Fund is governed by section 13107. 10 5. Unlawfully operating ATV on private road. A person may 12 not operate an ATV upon a private road after having been forbidden to do so by the owner's agent or a municipal official, 14 either personally or by appropriate notices posted conspicuously on that road. 16 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 18 than \$500 may be adjudged. 20 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been 22 adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 24 26 6. Operating ATV on public way. Except as provided in this subsection, a person may not operate an ATV, other than an ATV 28 registered with the Secretary of State under Title 29-A, on any portion of a public way maintained or used for the operation of 30 conventional motor vehicles or on the sidewalks of any public way. 32 A. A properly registered ATV may be operated on a public way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 300 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the 34 purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a public way, 36 sidewalk or culvert. B. A properly registered ATV may be operated on a public 38 way only the distance necessary, but in no case to exceed 40 500 yards, on the extreme right of the traveled way for the sole purpose of crossing, as directly as possible, a bridge, 42 overpass or underpass, as long as that operation can be made in safety and that it does not interfere with traffic 44 approaching from either direction on the public way. 46 C. An ATV may be operated on any portion of a public way when the public way has been closed in accordance with Title 23, section 2953. 48

	D. An ATV may be operated on a public way that is not
2	maintained or used for the operation of conventional motor
	vehicles, except that operation on the left side of the way
4	is prohibited during the hours from sunset to sunrise.
6	E. An ATV may be operated on streets and public ways during
	a period of emergency when the emergency has been so
8	declared by a police agency having jurisdiction and when
	travel by conventional motor vehicles is not practicable.
10	
	F. An ATV may be operated on streets and public ways in
12	special events of limited duration conducted according to a
	prearranged schedule under a permit from the governmental
14	unit having jurisdiction.
16	G. An ATV may be operated on a public way on the extreme
	right of the traveled way by a law enforcement officer for
18	the sole purpose of traveling between the place where the
	ATV is usually stored and an area to be patrolled by the law
20	enforcement officer.
22	H. Notwithstanding paragraphs A to G, an ATV may be
	operated on the extreme right of a public way of a
24	municipality or an unorganized or unincorporated township if
	the appropriate governmental unit has designated the public
26	way as an ATV-access route. A public way designated by an
	appropriate governmental unit as an ATV-access route must be
28	posted conspicuously at regular intervals by that
	governmental unit with highly visible signs designating the
30	ATV-access route. Before designating a public way as an
	ATV-access route, the appropriate governmental unit shall
32	make appropriate determinations that ATV travel on the
	extreme right of the public way may be conducted safely and
34	will not interfere with vehicular traffic on the public
	way. For purposes of this paragraph, "appropriate
36	governmental unit" means the Department of Transportation,
	county commissioners or municipal officers within their
38	respective jurisdictions. The jurisdiction of each
	appropriate governmental unit over public ways pursuant to
40	this paragraph is the same as its jurisdiction over the
	passage of vehicles on public ways pursuant to Title 29-A,
42	section 2395. Municipal or county law enforcement officials
	having jurisdiction have primary enforcement authority over
44	any route established under this paragraph.
46	I. The following penalties apply to violations of this
	subsection.
48	

(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a 2 civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 4 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil 6 violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime. 8 10 7. Failing to stop ATV before entering public way. A person shall bring an ATV to a complete stop before entering a 12 public way. 14 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 16 than \$500 may be adjudged. 18 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 20 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 22 8. Failing to yield right-of-way while operating ATV. A 24 person shall yield the right-of-way to all other types of vehicular traffic while operating an ATV on a public way. 26 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil 28 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 30 B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 32 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a 34 Class E crime. 36 9. Crossing closed bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass with ATV. A person may not cross with an ATV a bridge, culvert, 38 overpass or underpass closed to ATVs by the Commissioner of Transportation pursuant to this subsection. The Commissioner of Transportation may, following a public hearing, prohibit the 40 crossing by an ATV of an individual bridge, culvert, overpass or 42 underpass if the commissioner determines that that crossing or use of a public way is hazardous. Any bridge, culvert, overpass 44 or underpass closed by the commissioner must be posted by appropriate notices. 46 A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil. 48 violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 50

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2	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
4	Class E crime.
6	10. Reckless operating on ATV. A person may not operate an ATV in such a way as to recklessly create a substantial risk of
8	serious bodily injury to another person.
10	A person who violates this subsection commits a Class D crime.
12	11. Operating ATV to endanger. A person may not operate an ATV so as to endanger any person or property.
14	<u>A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.</u>
16	
18	12. Operating ATV at greater than reasonable and prudent speed. A person may not operate an ATV except at a reasonable
10	and prudent speed for the existing conditions.
20	A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.
22	
2.4	13. Operating ATV without protective headgear.
24	Notwithstanding Title 29-A, section 2083, a person under 18 years
26	of age may not operate an ATV without protective headgear.
20	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
28	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
30	
32	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
34	<u>Class E crime.</u>
36	14. Carrying passenger on ATV without headgear. Notwithstanding Title 29-A, section 2083, a person may not carry
38	a passenger under 18 years of age on an ATV unless the passenger is wearing protective headgear.
40	
42	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	
46	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
48	<u>Class_E_crime.</u>

	15. ATV noise and fire control devices. The following
2	provisions pertain to ATV muffling and fire control devices and
	noise level limits.
4	
6	A. Except as provided in section 13159, a person may not:
	(1) Operate an ATV that is not equipped at all times
8	with an effective and suitable muffling device on its engine to effectively deaden or muffle the noise of the
10	<u>exhaust</u> ;
12	(2) Modify the exhaust system of an ATV in any manner that will increase the noise emitted above the
14	following emission standard:
16	(a) Each ATV must meet noise emission standards
18	of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and in no case exceed 82 decibels of sound
20	<u>pressure level at 50 feet on the "A" scale, as</u> measured by the SAE standards J-192; or
22	(3) Operate an ATV without a working spark arrester.
24	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
• •	subsection.
26	(1)) second when wishes this scherching semilar
28	<u>(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100</u>
28	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
30	nor more chan \$500 may be adjudged.
50	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
32	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
34	period commits a Class E crime,
36	(3) In addition to any penalties imposed under this
38	<u>subsection, the court may, subject to section 9321 and</u> Title 17-A, chapter 54, order restitution for fire
	suppression costs incurred by state or municipal
40	government entities in suppressing a fire caused by an ATV operating without a working spark arrester.
42	<u>Mir operating sites a serving opers arrobeers</u>
-0	16. ATV headlight and taillight requirements. This
44	subsection establishes light equipment requirements for the
	operation of an ATV.
46	
- •	A. Except as provided in this subsection and section 13159,
48	a person may not operate an ATV in the State, regardless of
	where purchased, unless equipped with front and rear lights
50	<u>as follows.</u>

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2	<u>(1) The ATV must have mounted on the front at least</u> one headlight capable of casting a white beam for a
4	distance of at least 100 feet directly ahead of the ATV.
б	(2) The ATV must have mounted on the rear at least one
8	<u>taillight capable of displaying a light that must be</u> <u>visible at a distance of at least 100 feet behind the</u>
	ATV.
10	B. The following are exceptions to the requirements of
12	paragraph A.
14	(1) An ATV manufactured prior to January 1, 1991
16	without a headlight or taillight is exempt from the
10	provisions of this subsection while being operated between sunrise and sunset.
18	Detween Suntise and Sunset.
	(2) A person may operate an ATV without a headlight
20	and taillight between sunrise and sunset if:
22	(a) The ATV has an engine size of 90 cubic
22	<u>centimeters or less; and</u>
24	<u>cencimecers or ress, and</u>
	(b) The ATV has 4 or more wheels.
26	
	C. The following penalties apply to violations of this
28	subsection.
30	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
32	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
32	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
34	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
26	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
36	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
38	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
	17. Required use of ATV lights. Except as provided in
40	section 13159, the following provisions govern the use of ATV
	lights.
42	
44	A. A person shall use the lights required under subsection 16 as follows:
**	+0 05 10110mD.
46	(1) During the period from 1/2 hour after sunset to
46	(1) During the period from 1/2 hour after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise; and
46 48	1/2 hour before sunrise; and

	otherwise, other persons, vehicles and other objects
2	are not clearly discernible for a distance of 500 feet
	ahead.
4	
	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this
6	subsection.
8	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a
	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
10	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
12	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
14	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>
16	
	18. Unlawfully operating ATV on railroad tracks. This
18	subsection governs operation of an ATV on railroad tracks.
20	A. A person may not:
22	(1) Operate an ATV along or adjacent and parallel to
	the tracks of a railroad within the limits of the
24	<u>railroad right-of-way without written permission from</u>
	the railroad owning the right-of-way; or
26	
	(2) Operate an ATV across the tracks of a railroad
28	<u>after having been forbidden to do so by the railroad</u>
	owning the railroad right-of-way or by an agent of that
30	railroad, either personally or by appropriate notices
	posted conspicuously along the railroad right-of-way.
32	
	B. Notwithstanding paragraph A, a person may operate within
34	<u>the right-of-way of a portion of railroad line that has been</u>
	officially abandoned under the authority of the Interstate
36	<u>Commerce Commission.</u>
38	<u>C. The following penalties apply to violations of this</u>
	subsection.
40	
	(1) <u>A person who violates this subsection commits a</u>
42	civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	
	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having
46	been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year
48	<u>period commits a Class E crime.</u>

19. Operating too close to certain buildings. A person may not operate an ATV within 200 feet of a dwelling, hospital, 2 nursing home, convalescent home or church. 4 This subsection does not apply when a person is Α. 6 operating an ATV on: 8 (1) Public ways in accordance with subsections 3, 6, 7, 8 and 9; 10 (2) The frozen surface of any body of water; or 12 (3) Land that the operator owns or is permitted to use. 14 B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection. 16 18 (1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 20 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. 22 (2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year 24 period commits a Class E crime. 26 20. Failure to report accident. A person shall give notice of an ATV accident in accordance with this subsection. 28 30 A. A person shall give notice by the guickest means of communication to a law enforcement officer available nearest 32 to the place where the accident occurred if that person is: 34 (1) The operator of an ATV involved in an accident resulting in injuries requiring the services of a 36 physician or in the death of a person; (2) A person acting for such an operator; or 38 40 (3) The owner of the involved ATV having knowledge of the accident if the operator of the ATV is unknown. 42 в. A person shall give notice within 72 hours to the 44 department on forms provided by the department if the person is: 46 (1) The operator of an ATV involved in an accident 48 that does not result in injuries requiring the services of a physician or in the death of a person but that

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2	<u>does involve property damage estimated to cost \$1,000</u> or more;
4	(2) A person acting for such an operator; or
6	(3) The owner of the involved ATV having knowledge of
8	the accident if the operator of the ATV is unknown.
10	C. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
12	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
14	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
16	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
18	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
20	
22	21. Operating ATV in prohibited area. The following provisions establish areas where the operation of an ATV is prohibited.
24	
26	A. A person may not operate an ATV:
20	(1) On a salt marsh, intertidal zone, marine sand
28	<u>beach, sand dune or any cemetery, burial place or burying ground; or</u>
30	(2) On olding tunder on a freebuster rough on her
32	(2) On alpine tundra or on a freshwater marsh or bog, other than on a trail designated for ATV use by the Department of Conservation, when the ground is not
34	frozen and sufficiently covered with snow to prevent direct damage to the vegetation.
36	
38	B. The following penalties apply to violations of this subsection.
40	(1) A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100
42	nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
44	(2) A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil
46	violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.
48	
50	22. Abuse of another person's property. A person may not while operating an ATV:

2	A. Tear down or destroy a fence or wall on another person's land;
4	
б	B. Leave open a gate or bars on another person's land; or
8	C. Trample or destroy crops on another person's land.
0	A person who violates this subsection commits a Class E crime.
10	23. Operating ATV on cropland or pastureland. A person may
12	not operate an ATV on any cropland or pastureland without the
	permission of the owner or lessee. As used in this subsection,
14	"cropland" means acreage in tillage rotation, land being cropped and land in bush fruits, and "pastureland" means acreage devoted
16	to the production of forage plants used for animal production.
18	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
20	than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
24	under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a
26	<u>Class E crime.</u>
20	Sec. 417. 12 MRSA §13158, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt.
28	A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed.
30	Sec. 418. 12 MRSA §13158-A is enacted to read:
32	§13158-A. Unlawfully permitting operation; liability
	for damage by other persons
34	
	1. ATV owner; operation by another. A person is in
36	violation of this subsection if that person is the owner of an
	ATV that is operated in violation of this chapter.
38	
	A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil
40	violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
4.5	than \$500 may be adjudged.
42	P) porcon the violator this subsection often begins been
44	B. A person who violates this subsection after having been
44	adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
46	<u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> <u>Class E crime.</u>
48	2 Parant or guardiant execution by size a line of the
40	2. Parent or guardian; operation by minor. A person is in
	violation of this subsection if that person is a parent or

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guardian responsible for the care of a minor under 18 years of age who is operating an ATV in violation of this chapter.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more
 6 than \$500 may be adjudged.
- B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

3. Furnishing ATV. An owner of an ATV, a person who gives or furnishes an ATV to a person and a parent or guardian responsible for the care of a minor under 18 years of age are jointly and severally liable with the operator for damages caused in the operation of the vehicle or by the minor in operating any 18 ATV.

20 Sec. 419. 12 MRSA §13159, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read:

§13159. Racing meets

Notwithstanding section 13155 and section 13159 13157-A, subsection 15, subsection 16, paragraph A and subsection 17, ATVs used exclusively for scheduled racing meets and operated solely on predefined race courses are exempt from the provisions of this chapter concerning registration, mufflers and lights during the time of operation at these meets and at all prerace practices at the location of the meets.

Sec. 420. 12 MRSA §13160, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 34 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

5. Display of dealer's number plate. A dealer shall display the dealer's number on each ATV being used until the sale of the ATV, whereupon it becomes the owner's responsibility to 40 register the ATV.

- A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- 46 <u>B. A person who violates this subsection after having been</u> adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations
 48 <u>under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a</u> Class E crime.

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C. Each day a person violates this subsection is a separate 2 offense. Sec. 421. 12 MRSA §13160, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 4 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is repealed. 6 Sec. 422. 12 MRSA §13161, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. D, $\S7$, is amended to read: 8 §13161. Sale of ATV; light equipment 10 Headlight and taillight required. A person may not sell 12 1. or offer to sell a new ATV unless: 14 That ATV is equipped with a functioning headlight and Α. taillight; or 16 в. The ATV: 18 20 (1) Is a 2-wheel off-road motorcycle; or Has an engine size of 90 cubic centimeters or less 22 (2) and has 4 or more wheels. 24 Penalty. A-person-who-vielates The following penalties 2. apply to violations of this section commits-a-civil-violation-for 26 which-a-forfeiture-of-net-less-than-\$100-ner-more-than-\$500-may 28 be-adjudged. 30 A. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more 32 than \$500 may be adjudged. 34 B. A person who violates this section after having been adjudicated as having committed 3 or more civil violations 36 under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a <u>Class E crime.</u> 38 Sec. 423. 12 MRSA §13201, first ¶, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 414, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §7, is amended to read: 40 A municipality or political subdivision of the State may not 42 enact any ordinance, law or rule regulating the hunting, trapping 44 or fishing for any species of fish or wildlife; the operation, registration or numbering of <u>all-terrain vehicles</u>, watercraft or 46 snowmobiles or any other subject matter relating to all-terrain vehicles, watercraft or snowmobiles regulated under chapter 935 48 or 937 or under any other provisions of this Part, except that a municipality may regulate the operation of all-terrain vehicles 50 on municipal property and on rights-of-way and easements held by

that municipality. For purposes of this section, except as provided in subsection 3, the regulation of fishing includes the regulation of ice fishing shacks. This section may does not be eenstrued-to prohibit:

Summary for L.D. 1920 March 10, 2004



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121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION-2004

Legislative DocumentNo. 1920

H.P. 1421

House of Representatives, March 9, 2004

An Act To Revise the Fish and Wildlife Laws To Complement the Recodification of Those Laws

Reported by Representative DUNLAP of Old Town for the Joint Standing Committee of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife pursuant to Public Law 2003, chapter 414, Part D, section 5 and Resolve 2003, chapter 101, section 3.

Reference to the Committee on Inland Fisheries and Wildlife suggested and ordered printed under Joint Rule 218.

Millient M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

SUMMARY

This bill complements the Recodification of the laws relating to fisheries and wildlife accomplished in the First Regular Session of the 121st Legislature. The bill makes various changes to ensure consistency in those laws, removes substantive ambiguities, brings penalty provisions into compliance with current drafting standards and otherwise increases the clarity of those laws.



Please file this sheet in place of the full 236-page bill. If you have the complete text, please file this sheet as the last page.

Because of the size and the expense of printing this bill, only a limited number of copies have been printed. There are a few copies available in the Document Room, First Floor, State House, Augusta, Maine 04333-0002 - Ph: 207-287-1408, and the text of the bill is available on the Legislature's web site http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills.