# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

### **SECOND SPECIAL SESSION-2004**

Legislative Document

No. 1906

H.P. 1410

House of Representatives, March 4, 2004

#### An Act To Amend the Protection from Harassment Laws

(AFTER DEADLINE)

(EMERGENCY)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 205.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

Millient M. MacFarland
MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND
Clerk

Presented by Representative MILLS of Farmington. Cosponsored by Senator PENDLETON of Cumberland and Representatives: NORBERT of Portland, SHERMAN of Hodgdon. Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

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Whereas, the procedures for protection from harassment hearings need to be altered to protect both the plaintiff and defendant; and

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Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

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### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §4652, as amended by PL 1995, c. 650, §2, is further amended to read:

#### §4652. Filing of complaint; jurisdiction

Proceedings under this chapter must be filed, heard and determined in the District Court of the division in which either the plaintiff or the defendant resides. If the plaintiff has left the plaintiff's residence to avoid harassment, the plaintiff may bring an action in the division of the plaintiff's previous residence or new residence.

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The District Court has jurisdiction over protection from harassment petitiens complaints. If a District Court judge is not available in the division in which a complaint requesting a temporary order is to be filed, the complaint may be presented to any other District Court judge or to any Superior Court justice who has the same authority as a District Court judge to grant or deny the temporary order.

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A juvenile may be a party to an action under this chapter only when the juvenile has a representative through whom the action is brought or defended pursuant to the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 17(b). The Department of Human Services may act as a representative of the juvenile. If any notice or service is required by this chapter, the notice or service must provided both the juvenile and the juvenile's to representative.

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§3, is further amended to read:

Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §4653, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 560,

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1. Filing; police report. Any  $\underline{A}$  person who has been a victim of harassment, including a business, may seek relief by

filing a sworn petition complaint in an appropriate court 2 Prior to filing the complaint, the alleging that harassment. person must file a report with the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over that person. The person shall present evidence of that report when filing the complaint. 6 Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §4653, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 515, \$1, is amended to read: 10 2. Assistance. The court shall provide separate forms with a summons and clerical assistance to assist either party to proceed under this chapter in completing and filing a petition 12 complaint or other necessary documents. This assistance shall 14 may not include legal advice or assistance in drafting legal documents. 16 Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §4654, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 515, 18 §1, is amended to read: 20 Full hearing; alternative dispute resolution. Within-21 days-of-the filing-of-a-petition,-a A hearing shall must be held 22 at which the plaintiff shall prove the allegation of harassment by a preponderance of the evidence. 24 The court may conduct a case management conference to identify witnesses and exhibits, determine the settlement status and enter 26 a pretrial order governing the conduct and scheduling of the 28 trial. Any temporary order remains in effect pending the final hearing. The court may require the parties to engage in 30 alternative dispute resolution to attempt to resolve the dispute prior to the scheduled trial date. 32 Sec. 5. 5 MRSA §4654, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1995, c. 650, §4, is further amended to read: 34 36 Temporary orders. The court may enter any temporary orders, authorized under subsection 4, without written or oral 38 notice to the defendant or the defendant's attorney if: 40 A. It appears clearly from a verified petition complaint or an affidavit accompanying the petition complaint that: 42 Before the defendant or the defendant's attorney (1) 44 can be heard, the plaintiff or the plaintiff's employees may be in immediate and present danger of 46 physical abuse from the defendant or in immediate and present danger of suffering extreme emotional distress 48 as a result of the defendant's conduct,

plaintiff's business property is in immediate

and

2	result of the defendant's actions;
4	(2) Either the plaintiff has or has not contacted any law enforcement officials concerning the alleged
6	harassment; and
8	(3) The plaintiff has provided sufficient information to substantiate the alleged harassment;
10	D. When we would be the state of the state o
12	B. When reasonable, the plaintiff or the court has made reasonable efforts to give written or oral notice to the defendant or the defendant's attorney that the plaintiff is
14	seeking a temporary order; and
16	C. The court provides written reasons for entering a temporary order.
18	Sec. 6. 5 MRSA §4654, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1991, c. 760,
20	§3, is further amended to read:
22	3. Emergency relief. Emergency relief shallbe <u>is</u> available as follows.
24	A. When there is no judge available in the District Court
26	having venue or the District Court courthouse is closed and no other provision can be made for protection of a victim of
28	harassment, a petitien <u>complaint</u> may be presented to any judge of the District Court or Justice of the Superior
30	Court. Upon a meeting of the requirements of subsection 2, the court may enter any temporary orders, authorized under
32	subsection 4, as the court considers necessary to protect the plaintiff from harassment.
34	B. If a petitien <u>complaint</u> is presented under this
36	subsection, the petitien complaint and any order issued pursuant to the petitien complaint must be immediately
38	certified to the clerk of the District Court having venue for filing. This certification to the court has the effect
40	of commencing proceedings and invoking the other provisions of this chapter.
42	C An order shall remain remains in effect reading a
44	C. An order shallremain remains in effect pending a hearing pursuant to subsection 1.
46	Sec. 7. 5 MRSA §4654, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2001, c. 134, §2, is further amended to read:
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50	5. Service of order. If the court issues a temporary order or orders emergency or interim relief, the court shall order a

law enforcement agency or, if the defendant is present in the courthouse, a court security officer qualified pursuant to Title 4, section 17, subsection 15 to serve the defendant personally with the order, the petitien complaint and the summons.

Sec. 8. 5 MRSA §4655, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 1995, c. 265, §9, is further amended to read:

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- Ordering payment of monetary compensation to plaintiff for losses suffered as a direct result of the harassment. Compensatory losses are limited to loss of earnings or support; reasonable expenses incurred for safety protection; reasonable expenses incurred for personal injuries property damage; and reasonable or expenses. Upon the motion of either party, for sufficient cause, the court may set a later hearing on the issue of the amount of damages, if any, to be awarded. If it appears from the petition complaint that an order under this paragraph may be granted, the plaintiff or defendant may remove the issue of monetary compensation to the Superior Court where a jury trial may be had. Removal must be requested by motion prior to a hearing under section 4654;
- Sec. 9. 5 MRSA  $\S4655$ , sub- $\S1$ ,  $\PE$ , as amended by PL 1993, c. 475,  $\S2$ , is further amended to read:

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E. Ordering the defendant or, if the complaint is dismissed, the plaintiff to pay court costs or reasonable attorney's fees; and

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Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

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#### **SUMMARY**

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This bill renames the instrument used to obtain protection from harassment a "complaint" to properly reflect the process. The bill also amends the procedure for a protection from harassment complaint by requiring the plaintiff to file a report with the appropriate law enforcement agency and to present evidence of that report when filing a complaint for protection from harassment.

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This bill also removes the requirement that the hearing on the complaint for protection from harassment be held within 21 days of the filing of the complaint and allows the judge to require the parties to engage in alternative dispute resolution. Finally, this bill allows a court to require a plaintiff to
pay court costs and attorney's fees if the complaint is dismissed. The court currently has this power regarding a defendant. This change conforms to the current law under a protection from abuse order.