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An Act To Impose Limits on Real and Personal Property Taxes

Transmitted to the Clerk of the 121st Maine Legislature by the Secretary of State on February 26, 2004 and ordered printed.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jarland

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

8	Sec. 1. 36 MRSA c. 103, sub-c. 1, Art. 1-A is enacted to read:
	ARTICLE 1-A
	LIMITATIONS ON REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES
<u>§351.</u>	Definitions
	as used in this article, unless the context other the second state other the second state other the second state of the second
<u>full-c</u>	Base-year value. "Base-year value" means the 199 ash value of real and personal property as shown on under "total value."
	. Change in ownership. "Change in ownership" means
"Chang	transfer or acquisition of real or personal prope the in ownership" does not include the acquisition, prio
for c	y 1, 1999, of real or personal property as a replace omparable property if the person acquiring the real
domain	al property has been displaced from the property by emine proceedings, by acquisition by a public entity of
condem	mental action that has resulted in a judgment of inv mation. "Change in ownership" also does not inc
<u>transf</u> <u>childr</u>	er between spouses or transfers between parents en.
	. Comparable property. "Comparable property" means
functi	ersonal property that is similar in size, utility on to the property being replaced or property that conf tate regulations governing the relocation of per
	aced by disaster or government action.
	I. Full-cash value. "Full-cash value" means mmental entity's total assessed valuation of real
person	nal property as shown on the 1996-97 tax bill under "t " For newly constructed or newly purchased real
person	nal property that changes in ownership after the 199 ment, "full-cash value" means the appraised value.
	5. Governmental entity. "Governmental entity" means
<u>city,</u>	town, county, plantation, unorganized territory, dist her municipality that assesses ad valorem taxes on rea
	nal property as of the 1996-97 fiscal year.

district or community college that receives an annual property tax revenue allocation from any governmental entity or entities listed above.

7. Newly constructed property. "Newly constructed property" means real property that is constructed after the April 6 1, 1999 local assessment, "Newly constructed property" does not include replacement property. "Newly constructed property" does 8 not include the portion of reconstruction or improvement to a 10 structure constructed of reinforced masonry bearing wall construction necessary to comply with any local ordinance 12 relating to seismic safety during the first 15 years following the reconstruction or improvement. "Newly constructed property" 14 does not include the construction or addition of any active solar energy system or the construction or addition of a fire sprinkler 16 system or other fire extinguishing system, fire detection system or fire-related egress improvement that is installed or constructed after the effective date of this article. 18

8. Replacement dwelling. "Replacement dwelling" means a building, structure or other shelter constituting a place of
 abode or business, whether real or personal property, and any land on which it may be situated.

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9. Replacement property. "Replacement property" means any
 real or personal property that is reconstructed after being
 substantially damaged or destroyed in a disaster, as declared by
 the Governor, where fair market value of the real or personal
 property, as reconstructed or purchased, is comparable to its
 fair market value immediately prior to the disaster.

32 10. Substantially damaged or destroyed property. "Substantially damaged or destroyed property" means real or 34 personal property that sustains physical damage amounting to 50% of its value immediately before a disaster, as declared by the 36 Governor.

38 **11. Transfer between parent and child.** "Transfer between parent and child" means the purchase or transfer, either 40 voluntarily or as a result of a court order or judicial decree, of the principal residence and the first \$1,000,000 of the 42 full-cash value of all other real or personal property between a parent and child.

 12. Transfer between spouses. "Transfer between spouses"
 46 means a transfer or purchase of real or personal property, on or after April 1, 1999, between spouses. "Transfer between spouses"
 48 includes, but is not limited to:

A. A transfer to a trustee for the beneficial use of a 2 spouse, or to the surviving spouse of a deceased transferor, or by a trustee of such a trust to the spouse of the trustor; 4 B. A transfer to a spouse that takes effect upon the death 6 of that person's spouse; 8 C. A transfer by a person to that person's spouse or former spouse in connection with a property settlement agreement or 10 legal separation or dissolution of a marriage; 12 D. The creation, transfer or termination, solely between spouses, of any coowner's interest; or 14 E. The distribution of a legal entity's property to a 16 spouse or former spouse in exchange for the interest of the spouse or former spouse in the legal entity in connection 18 with a property settlement agreement or legal separation or decree of dissolution of a marriage. 20 \$352, Maximum ad valorem tax on real or personal property; 22 apportionment of tax revenues 24 1. Maximum tax. The maximum amount of any ad valorem tax on real property and personal property shall not exceed 1% of the 26 full-cash value of such property. The 1% tax must be collected by the governmental entity and apportioned according to the law 28 within the city, county, town, plantation, unorganized territory or district. 30 2. Exemption. The limitation provided for in subsection 1 32 shall not apply to ad valorem taxes or special assessments to pay the interest and redemption charges on any indebtedness approved 34 by voters prior to the effective date of this article. 3. Exceptions to limitations. The limitation provided for 36 in subsection 1 shall not apply to ad valorem taxes or special 38 assessments to pay the interest and redemption charges on any indebtedness approved by the voters prior to July 1, 1999 or to 40 any bonded indebtedness for the acquisition or improvement of real or personal property approved on or after July 1, 1999 by 42 2/3 of the votes cast by voters voting on the proposition in a general election. 44 §353. Valuation of real and personal property - appraised value 46 after 1997 assessment - replacement dwelling 1. Full-cash value. The full-cash value means the city, 48 town, plantation, unorganized territory or district assessors 50 total valuation of real and personal property as shown on the

1996-97 tax bill under "Total Value" or, thereafter, the 2 appraised value of real and personal property when purchased, newly constructed or a change in ownership has occurred after the 1997 assessment. All real and personal property not already 4 assessed up to the state regulation of 100% valuation of the 1996-97 total value may be reassessed to reflect that valuation. 6 For purposes of this section, "newly constructed" does not include real property that is reconstructed after a disaster, as 8 declared by the Governor, where the fair market value of the real property, as reconstructed, is comparable to its fair market 10 value prior to the disaster. Also, the term "newly constructed" 12 shall not include the portion of reconstruction or improvement to a structure, constructed of reinforced masonry bearing wall construction, necessary to comply with any local ordinance 14 relating to seismic safety during the first 15 years following that reconstruction or improvement. Depreciation on personal 16 property shall be depreciated and listed from the annual form as supplied by the taxpayer. 18

20 However, the Legislature may provide that under appropriate circumstances and pursuant to definitions and procedures 22 established by the Legislature, any person over the age of 55 years who resides in property which is eligible for the homeowner's exemption and any implementing legislation may 24 transfer the base year value of the property entitled to exemption, with the adjustments authorized by subsection 5, to 26 any replacement dwelling of equal or lesser value located within 28 the same state and purchased or newly constructed by that person as his or her principal residence within 2 years of the sale of 30 the original property. For purposes of this section, "any person over the age of 55 years" includes a married couple one member of 32 which is over the age of 55 years. For purposes of this section, "replacement dwelling" means a building or structure or other shelter constituting a place of abode, whether real property and 34 personal property, and any land on which it may be situated. For purposes of this section, a 2-dwelling unit shall be considered 36 as 2 separate single-family dwellings. This paragraph shall 38 apply to any replacement dwelling that was purchased or newly constructed on or after passage of this article.

In addition, the Legislature may authorize a government entity, 42 after consultation with the local affected agencies within the government entity's boundaries, to adopt an ordinance making the 44 provisions of this subdivision relating to transfer of base year 46 value also applicable to situations in which the replacement 46 dwellings are located in that government entity and the original 48 properties are located in another county within this State. For 48 purposes of this paragraph, "local affected agency" means any 49 city, special district, school district or community college 50 district that receives an annual property tax revenue

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allocation. This paragraph shall apply to any replacement dwelling that was purchased or newly constructed on or after the 2 date the county adopted the provisions of the subdivision 4 relating to the transfer of base year value, but shall not apply to any replacement dwelling that was purchased or newly 6 constructed before the passage of this article.

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2. Inflationary rate. The full cash value, listed on real and personal property tax bills as "Total value," as the total 10 base may reflect from year to year an inflationary rate not to exceed 2 percent for any given year or reduction as shown in the 12 Consumer Price Index or comparable data for the area under tax jurisdiction, or may be reduced to reflect substantial damage, 14 destruction or other factors causing a decline in value.

- 3. Newly constructed. For purposes of subsection 1, the 16 Legislature may provide that the term "newly constructed" shall not include both of the following. 18
- 20 A. The construction or addition of any active solar energy system.

B. The construction or installation of any fire sprinkler 24 system, other fire extinguishing system, fire detection system or fire-related egress improvement, as defined by the 2.6 Legislature, which is constructed or installed after the effective date of this paragraph.

4. Change in ownership. For purposes of subsection 1, the term "change in ownership" shall not include the acquisition of 30 real property and personal property as a replacement for 32 comparable property if the person acquiring the real or personal property has been displaced from the property by eminent domain 34 proceedings, by acquisition by a public entity or a governmental action that has resulted in a judgment of inverse condemnation. 36 The real and personal property acquired shall be deemed comparable to the property replaced if it is similar in size, utility and function, or it conforms to state regulations defined 38 by the Legislature governing the relocation of persons displaced 40 by governmental actions. The provisions of this subdivision shall be applied to any property acquired after the date of 42 passage, but shall affect only those assessments of that property that occur after the provisions of this subdivision take effect. 44

5. Disasters. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 46 section, the Legislature shall provide that the base-year value of property that is substantially damaged or destroyed by a 48 disaster, as declared by the Governor, may be transferred to comparable property, within the same town, city, plantation, 50 unorganized territory or other district, that is acquired or newly constructed as a replacement for the substantially damaged or destroyed property.

- 4 This subdivision shall apply to any comparable replacement property acquired or newly constructed on or after July 1, 1999
 6 and to the determination of base-year values for the 1996-97 fiscal year and fiscal years thereafter.
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6. Replacement property. For the purposes of subsection 5:

A. Property is substantially damaged or destroyed if it12sustains physical damage amounting to more than 50 percent
of its value immediately before the disaster. Damage14includes a diminution in the value of real or personal
property as a result of restricted access caused by the16disaster; and

B. Replacement property is comparable to the property substantially damaged or destroyed if it is similar in size,
 utility and function to the real and personal property that it replaces, and if the fair market value of the acquired property is comparable to the fair market value of the replaced said property prior to the disaster.

7. Property transfers between spouses. For the purpose of subsection 1, the terms "purchased" and "change in ownership" shall not include the purchase or transfer of real or personal property between spouses since April 1, 1999, including, but not limited to, all of the following:

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- A. Transfers to a trustee for the beneficial use of a 32 spouse, or the surviving spouse of a deceased transferor, or by a trustee of such a trust to the spouse of the trustor; 34
- B. Transfer to a spouse that takes effect upon the death of a spouse;
- 38 <u>C. Transfer to a spouse or former spouse in connection with</u> <u>a property settlement agreement or decree of dissolution of</u>
 40 <u>a marriage or legal separation;</u>
- 42 <u>D. The creation, transfer or termination, solely between</u> spouses, of any coowner's interest; and
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- E. The distribution of a legal entity's property to a spouse or a former spouse in exchange for the interest of the spouses in the legal entity in connection with a property settlement agreement or a decree of dissolution of a marriage or legal separation.

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8. Property transfers between parents and child. For 2 purposes of subsection 1, the terms "purchased" and "change of ownership" shall not include the purchase or transfer of the principal residence and personal property of the transferor in 4 the case of a purchase or transfer between parents and their б children, as defined by the Legislature, and the purchase or transfer of the first \$1,000,000 of the full cash value of all 8 other real and personal property between parents and their children, as defined by the Legislature. This subdivision shall 10 apply to both voluntary transfers and transfers resulting from a court order or judicial decree.

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§354. Imposition of special taxes

A governmental entity, by a 2/3 referendum vote of qualified voters held at a general election, held by referendum, may impose special taxes on a governmental entity, except no ad valorem taxes or special tax may be imposed on real and personal property or a transaction tax or sales tax on the sale of real and personal property within that governmental entity.

- 22 §355. Effective date of article
- 24 This article shall take effect for the tax year beginning on April 1 following the passage of this Amendment, except section 26 <u>354</u>, which shall become effective upon the passage of this article.
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§356. Condition

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From and after the effective date of this article, any changes in the taxes on any ad valorem tax on real property and personal property for the purpose of increasing revenues collected pursuant thereto whether by increased rates or changes in the methods of computation must be imposed by an Act passed by not less than 2/3 of the votes cast, and said vote shall be held in a statewide referendum in a general election.

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§357. Real and personal property transfers between parents and 40 children

 42 For purposes of subdivision (A), the terms "purchased" and "change of ownership" shall not include the purchase or transfer
 44 of the principal residence and personal property of the transferor in the case of a purchase or transfer between parents
 46 and their children, as defined by the Legislature, and the purchase or transfer of the first \$1,000,000 of the full cash
 48 value of all other real and personal property between parents and their children, as defined by the Legislature. This subdivision shall apply to both voluntary transfers and transfers resulting
2 from a court order or judicial decree.

4 §358. Certain taxes prohibited

6 <u>A special district tax, user fee tax or county tax may not</u> be imposed on any real or personal property.

§359. Construction

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This article may not be construed to prevent or prohibit a 12 town, city, county, plantation, unorganized territory, county or district from initiating taxes or fees with a 2/3 vote in a 14 general election, except no ad valorem tax on real and personal property or a transaction tax or sales tax on the sale of real 16 and personal property within such city, county, town, plantation, unorganized territory, county or district may be imposed.

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§360. Application

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This Act applies to all government entities that assess ad22valorem taxes on real and personal property tax. This Act does
not preclude or prohibit a city, town, plantation, unorganized24territory or district from assessing or collecting taxes and
fees, except no ad valorem taxes on real and personal property or26a transaction tax or sales tax on the sale of real and personal
property within such city, town, plantation, unorganized28territory, county or special district may be imposed.

30 §361. Severability

32 If any portion, word, clause or phrase of this initiative for any reason is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a 34 court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining portions, clauses and phrases may not be affected, but shall remain in full force 36 and effect.

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SUMMARY

This initiated bill limits the ad valorem taxes levied on 42 real or personal property to a maximum rate of 1% of the value of the property. The base value of the property is the 1996-97 44 assessed value. For property constructed, sold or transferred after the 1996-97 assessment, the base value is the appraised 46 value at the time of construction or acquisition. This base value may be adjusted up or down each year by a maximum of 2%. 48 Certain exemptions, including transfers between spouses and transfers between a parent and child, are included.

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This initiated bill also prohibits any change in the maximum
property tax rate except by a 2/3 vote of all voters in a statewide referendum. Localities may impose special taxes,
except on property, and only by a 2/3 vote of the electors in the locality by referendum at a general election in November.