



# **121st MAINE LEGISLATURE**

# **SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2004**

Legislative Document

No. 1819

S.P. 667

In Senate, December 23, 2003

An Act To Implement the Recommendations of the Study Group To Examine an Emergency Alert Notification System for Deaf and Hard-of-hearing Individuals

Submitted by Senator TREAT of Kennebec for the Study Group to Examine an Emergency Alert Notification System for Deaf and Hard-of-hearing Individuals pursuant to Resolve 2003, chapter 78.

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on December 22, 2003. Referred to the Committee on Utilities and Energy pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 218.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

## PART A

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Sec. A-1. 26 MRSA §1419, sub-§1, ¶B-2, as amended by PL 2001,

c. 377, §1, is further amended to read:

8 B-2. "Specialized customer telecommunications equipment" <u>communications</u> means telecommunications 10 communications equipment used by persons with disabilities conduct telephone communications or equipment that to provides or assists in providing emergency alert 12 notification to deaf persons or hard-of-hearing persons. telecommunications 14 "Specialized customer <u>communications</u> equipment" includes but is not limited to teletypewriters, artificial larynges, signaling devices, amplified handsets, 16 large number dial overlays, direct telephone dialing, fax 18 machines, equipment necessary to use short message services or text message services of and other equipment used by 20 persons with disabilities to provide access to telephone networks and equipment that provides or facilitates emergency alert notification to deaf persons or 22 hard-of-hearing persons.

Sec. A-2. 26 MRSA §1419, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 751, Pt. A, §3, is further amended to read:

Specialized customer communications equipment system. 28 2. department shall consult with appropriate agencies andThe organizations serving deaf, hard-of-hearing or speech-impaired 30 persons and persons with disabilities concerning the needs of the 32 specialized customer telecommunications equipment system. To the extent that funds are available, the department shall take steps necessary to preserve and maintain a viable 34 specialized customer telecommunications equipment system for use by deaf, hard-of-hearing or speech-impaired 36 persons and persons with disabilities in this State, including, 38. but not limited to, providing for repair services and equipment persons whose specialized customer for loaning to telecommunications equipment is being repaired. 40 The department may also use available funds to provide training in the use of specialized customer communications equipment. 42

- 44 Sec. A-3. 26 MRSA §1419-A, as amended by PL 1999, c. 227, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:
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§1419-A. Specialized customer communications equipment for persons with disabilities

50 **1.--- Money -- for --- specialized -- customer --- telecommunications** equipment.---The -- Bureau -- of -- Rehabilitation -- Services -- within -- the

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department,-pursuant-to-appropriation-of-money-to-the-bureau-for specialized--customer--telecommunications--equipment--for--deaf, hard-of-hearing--and--speech-impaired--persons--and--persons--with disabilities,-shall,-upon-request,-provide-up-to-50%-of-the-cost of--specialized--customer--telecommunications--equipment--to--an organization-or-municipality-that-makes-available-the-remaining funds-for-this-equipment-in-a-manner-satisfactory-to-the-Director 8 of-the-Bureau-of-Rehabilitation-Services.

10 Communications Equipment Fund. There is established the 2. Telecommunications Communications Equipment Fund to be used by the Division of Deafness within the Bureau of Rehabilitation 12 The fund is nonlapsing. The Division of Deafness may Services. accept gifts or grants for the purposes of this section. 14 These gifts and grants and authorized appropriations must be deposited 16 in the Telecommunications Equipment Fund and accordance with this section. The disbursed in 18 Telecommunications Communications Equipment Fund may be used for distribution, upgrading, purchase, lease, installation, 20 maintenance and repair of specialized customer telecommunications communications equipment for deaf, hard-of-hearing or 22 speech-impaired persons and persons with disabilities and for training in the use of such equipment. The Division of Deafness may draw on the Telecommunications Equipment Fund 24 in accordance with the telecommunications communications 26 equipment plan required under subsection 3.

28 Communications equipment plan. The Division of Deafness 3. shall develop а plan to make specialized customer 30 telecommunications equipment available to deaf, hard-of-hearing or speech-impaired persons and persons with 32 disabilities and to distribute money from the Telecommunications Communications Equipment Fund. The plan must be developed by the Division of Deafness annually, not later than January 1st, in 34 accordance with the rule-making procedures in Title 5, chapter 36 375. The plan must provide for the expenditure of money from the Telecommunications Communications Equipment Fund for the benefit 38 of deaf, hard-of-hearing or speech-impaired persons and persons with disabilities for the purchase, lease, distribution, 40 upgrading, installation, maintenance and repair of specialized customer telecommunications communications equipment capable of 42 serving their needs and may provide for expenditures for training in the use of such equipment. Persons who are profoundly deaf or 44 speech-impaired speech-impaired or who have a disability so that they are unable to use the telephone for expressive or receptive 46 communications, as verified by a written report from an otologist, an audiologist or a physician, are eligible for 48 assistance from the Telecommunications Communications Equipment Fund. The plan must ensure that persons with disabilities have 50 access to appropriate specialized customer telecommunications

communications equipment to meet their individual needs. The 2 plan must include specific criteria that govern the priorities assigned to various persons who need this equipment. The criteria must take into account household income, degree of 4 impairment, need for emergency communications, living and other factors determined relevant by 6 arrangements the Division of Deafness. In developing the criteria, the Division 8 of Deafness shall consult with the advisory council established in section 1413-C and other advisory councils representing the 10 interests of persons with disabilities.

Specialized customer communications equipment needs in 12 4. The Department of Education, in the public school system. consultation with the Governor Baxter School for the Deaf and 14 advocacy groups for deaf and hard-of-hearing persons and for the 16 information technology interests of consumers, shall conduct an annual survey of all public schools in the State for the purpose 18 of assessing the need for specialized customer telecommunications communications equipment in the school system and report its 20 findings to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over labor matters. The report must include: 22 the number of deaf and hard-of-hearing students and their needs for specialized customer telecommunications communications 24 equipment; availability of specialized the customer telecommunications <u>communications</u> equipment; the number of 26 customer telecommunications requests for specialized communications equipment; and the status of training for teachers 28 and other school personnel in the use of specialized customer telecommunications equipment.

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5. Assessment on telecommunications carriers. The Bureau of
 Rehabilitation Services, beginning in fiscal year 1999-2000, shall assess annually telecommunications carriers in accordance
 with this subsection and deposit the funds collected in the Telecommunications Equipment Fund. The bureau
 shall assess telecommunications carriers in accordance with a schedule established by the Public Utilities Commission in accordance with this subsection.

A. The Public Utilities Commission shall determine which carriers are to be assessed under this subsection based on
an evaluation of the extent of business activity undertaken by carriers in the State and the practicalities of making
the assessment. The Public Utilities Commission shall include as many carriers as reasonably practicable in order
to ensure a fair and broad allocation of the assessment.

B. The Public Utilities Commission shall establish an assessment schedule that is proportional to the gross annual
 revenues of the carriers identified for assessment and that

will generate an annual aggregate of \$85,000 \$122,500.

C. A telecommunications carrier doing business in this State, including a provider of interstate services and a provider of wireless services, shall provide to the Public Utilities Commission, on request, records relating to its At the request of a carrier, the Public gross revenues. Utilities Commission may issue a protective order in accordance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 26 to protect any confidential business information (c) provided by the carrier. Records placed under protective order by the Public Utilities Commission to this paragraph are within the scope of a privilege against discovery within the meaning of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3, paragraph B and are not public records while under the protective order.

18 Sec. A-4. Additional assessment to support start-up of emergency alert system. Notwithstanding Title 26, section 1419-A, subsection 20 5, the Department of Labor, Bureau of Rehabilitation Services' annual assessment of telecommunications carriers pursuant to the 22 Maine Revised Statutes, Title 26, section 1419-A, subsection 5 may, for the year 2004, generate an aggregate of \$136,750 for 24 deposit in the Communications Equipment Fund. The bureau, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, may make a 26 supplemental assessment prior to December 31, 2004 to collect the difference between amounts otherwise authorized for 2004 and the 28 \$136,750 authorized pursuant to this section.

30 Sec. A-5. Appropriations and allocations. The following appropriations and allocations are made.

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#### Bureau of Rehabilitation Services - Division of Deafness

Initiative: Increases the allocation of funds, generated by 38 increased assessments authorized pursuant to this Act, from the Communications Equipment Fund within the Bureau of Rehabilitation 40 Services, Division of Deafness to support the provision of emergency alert notification equipment for deaf and 42 hard-of-hearing persons and related equipment evaluation, distribution and training services, including contractual 44 services.

46	Other Special Revenue Funds	2003-04	2004-05
	All Other	\$0	\$51,750
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	Other Special Revenue Funds Total	\$0	\$51,750

### PART B

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Sec. B-1. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2, ¶Q, as corrected by RR 2003, c. 1, §38, is amended to read:

Q. A fraction of any amount previously added back by the taxpayer to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subsection 1, paragraph N.

With respect to property first placed in service (1)12 during taxable years beginning in 2002, the adjustment under this paragraph is available for each year during 14 the recovery period, beginning 2 years after the beginning of the taxable year during which the property 16 was first placed in service. The fraction is equal to the amount added back under subsection 1, paragraph N 18 with respect to the property, divided by the number of years in the recovery period minus 2. 20

(2) With respect to all other property, for the taxable year immediately following the taxable year 22 during which the property was first placed in service, 24 the fraction allowed by this paragraph is equal to 5% of the amount added back under subsection 1, paragraph 26 N with respect to the property. For each subsequent taxable year during the recovery period, the fraction 28 is equal to 95% of the amount added back under subsection 1, paragraph N with respect to the property, 30 divided by the number of years in the recovery period minus 2.

In the case of property expensed pursuant to Section 179 of the Code, the term "recovery period" means the recovery period that would have been applicable to the property had Section 179 not been applied; and

Sec. B-2. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-\$2, ¶T, as reallocated by RR 2003, c. 1, \$37, is amended to read:

T. For income tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, an amount equal to the total premiums spent for long-term care insurance policies certified under Title 24-A, section 5075-A as long as the amount subtracted is reduced by the long-term care premiums claimed as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 5125-; and

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Sec. B-3. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2, ¶U is enacted to read:

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U. The amount given by the taxpayer in the taxable year to 2 a video programming distributor, as defined in 47 Code of Federal Regulations, 79.1 (2002), to sponsor closed captioning, open captioning or other methods of visual 4 presentation of audio information for persons who are deaf 6 or hard-of-hearing. Sec. B-4. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶L, as amended by PL 2003, 8 c. 20, Pt. EE,  $\S3$ , is further amended to read: 10 An amount equal to the absolute value of any net L. operating loss arising from a tax year beginning or ending 12 in 2001 for which federal taxable income was increased under subsection 1, paragraph M and that, pursuant to Section 102 14 of the federal Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 16 2002, Public Law 107-147, was carried back more than 2 years to the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, but only to the extent that: 18 20 (1) Maine taxable income is not reduced below zero; 22 (2) The taxable year is either within 2 years prior to the year in which the loss arose or within the 24 allowable federal period for carry-over net of operating losses; and 26 (3) The amount has not been previously used as a modification pursuant to this subsection; and 28 30 Sec. B-5. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶M, as repealed and replaced by PL 2003, c. 479, §6, is amended to read: 32 A fraction of any amount previously added back by the м. 34 taxpayer to federal taxable income pursuant to subsection 1, paragraph N. 36 (1)With respect to property first placed in service 38 during taxable years beginning in 2002, the adjustment under this paragraph is available for each year during 40 the recovery period, beginning 2 years after the beginning of the taxable year during which the property 42 was first placed in service. The fraction is equal to the amount added back under subsection 1, paragraph N 44 with respect to the property, divided by the number of years in the recovery period minus 2. 46 (2) With respect to all other property, for the 48 taxable year immediately following the taxable year during which the property was first placed in service, 50 the fraction allowed by this paragraph is equal to 5%

of the amount added back under subsection 1, paragraph N with respect to the property. For each subsequent taxable year during the recovery period, the fraction is equal to 95% of the amount added back under subsection 1, paragraph N with respect to the property, divided by the number of years in the recovery period minus 2.

In the case of property expensed pursuant to Section 179 of the Code, the term "recovery period" means the recovery period that would have been applicable to the property had Section 179 not been applied<del>, and</del>

Sec. B-6. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶P is enacted to read:

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 P. The amount given by the taxpayer in the taxable year to a video programming distributor, as defined in 47 Code of Federal Regulations, 79.1 (2002), to sponsor closed captioning, open captioning or other methods of visual presentation of audio information for persons who are deaf or hard-of-hearing.

#### PART C

#### Sec. C-1. 35-A MRSA §7101, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

5. Homeland security and emergency alerts. The Legislature further finds that seamless, integrated, robust and redundant 28 means of communication, including, but not limited to, voice and 30 alphanumeric pagers, landline telephones, wireless telephones, text radio and wireless e-mail, create a robust communication system that enables rapid contact with first responders, ensures 32 emergency alert notification to all affected persons in the 34 State, including at-risk populations such as the hearing or visually impaired, and enhances homeland security. It is the 36 policy of the State to encourage the deployment of the infrastructure necessary to support such a communications system.

#### SUMMARY

This bill includes the legislative recommendations of the Study Group to Examine an Emergency Alert Notification System for
 Deaf and Hard-of-hearing Individuals.

Part A amends the law relating to the Telecommunications
 Equipment Fund administered by the Department of Labor, Bureau of
 Rehabilitation Services, Division of Deafness. Part A expands
 the use of the fund to include equipment used to provide or
 facilitate notice of emergencies to deaf and

hard-of-hearing persons and for training related to such 2 equipment. It also changes the name of the fund to reflect this expansion. It also repeals an obsolete provision relating to the provision of up to 50% of the cost of specialized customer 4 telecommunications equipment under certain circumstances to an organization municipality. Part increases the б or Α telecommunications carrier assessment cover the costs to associated with providing equipment to facilitate notice of 8 emergencies to deaf and hard-of-hearing persons and for training 10 related to such equipment

12 Part B establishes a new tax incentive for entities that sponsor closed captioning, open captioning or other methods of 14 visual presentation of audio information for persons who are deaf or hard-of-hearing. The amount of the sponsorship is subtracted 16 from the taxable income of the entity.

18 Part C establishes as the policy of the State the encouragement of a communications system that involves seamless,
20 integrated, robust and redundant means of communication that enable rapid contact with first responders, ensure emergency
22 alert notification to all affected persons in the State, including at-risk populations such as the hearing or visually
24 impaired, and enhance homeland security.