



121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

Legislative Document

No. 1568

S.P. 527

In Senate, April 14, 2003

An Act To Protect Plaintiffs and Minor Children in Certain Civil Protection Order Cases

Submitted by the Department of the Attorney General pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by President DAGGETT of Kennebec.

Under suspension of the rules, cosponsored by Speaker COLWELL of Gardiner and Senators: BENNETT of Oxford, BRENNAN of Cumberland, BROMLEY of Cumberland, BRYANT of Oxford, CARPENTER of York, CATHCART of Penobscot, DAVIS of Piscataquis, DOUGLASS of Androscoggin, EDMONDS of Cumberland, GAGNON of Kennebec, GILMAN of Cumberland, HATCH of Somerset, KNEELAND of Aroostook, LEMONT of York, MARTIN of Aroostook, MAYO of Sagadahoc, MITCHELL of Penobscot, NASS of York, PENDLETON of Cumberland, ROTUNDO of Androscoggin, SAVAGE of Knox, SAWYER of Penobscot, SHOREY of Washington, STANLEY of Penobscot,

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STRIMLING of Cumberland, TREAT of Kennebec, TURNER of Cumberland, WESTON of Waldo, WOODCOCK of Franklin, YOUNGBLOOD of Penobscot, Representatives: ANDREWS of York, AUSTIN of Gray, BARSTOW of Gorham, BENNETT of Caribou, BERRY of Belmont, BERUBE of Lisbon, BLANCHETTE of Bangor, BLISS of South Portland, BRANNIGAN of Portland, BRUNO of Raymond, BRYANT-DESCHENES of Turner, BULL of Freeport, CANAVAN of Waterville, CARR of Lincoln, CLARK of Millinocket, CROSTHWAITE of Ellsworth, CUMMINGS of Portland, CURLEY of Scarborough, DAVIS of Falmouth, DUNLAP of Old Town, DUPLESSIE of Westbrook, EARLE of Damariscotta, EDER of Portland, FINCH of Fairfield, FISCHER of Presque Isle, GERZOFSKY of Brunswick, GREELEY of Levant, GROSE of Woolwich, HATCH of Skowhegan, HOTHAM of Dixfield, KANE of Saco, LAVERRIERE-BOUCHER of Biddeford, LEDWIN of Holden, LEMOINE of Old Orchard Beach, LESSARD of Topsham, LEWIN of Eliot, LORING of the Penobscot Nation, MAILHOT of Lewiston, MAKAS of Lewiston, McKEE of Wayne, McLAUGHLIN of Cape Elizabeth, McNEIL of Rockland, MILLETT of Waterford, MILLS of Farmington, MURPHY of Kennebunk, NORBERT of Portland, O'BRIEN of Augusta, PARADIS of Frenchville, PATRICK of Rumford, PERRY of Bangor, RECTOR of Thomaston, RICHARDSON of Brunswick, ROGERS of Brewer, SHERMAN of Hodgdon, SIMPSON of Auburn, SMITH of Monmouth, SNOWE-MELLO of Poland, TARDY of Newport, TOBIN of Windham, TRAHAN of Waldoboro, USHER of Westbrook, WATSON of Bath, YOUNG of Limestone.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 19-A MRSA §4005, sub-§5 is enacted to read:
4	5. Notice. Prior to the plaintiff signing a complaint, the
6	court shall notify the plaintiff that it is a crime to make a false statement under oath in a court document.
8	Sec. 2. 19-A MRSA §4006, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:
10	Sec. 2. 19-A MINSA 94000, Sub-92-A is enacted to read:
12	2-A. Temporary orders: possession of dangerous weapons. The court may direct the defendant not to possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon for the duration of the temporary order if
14	the complaint demonstrates:
16	A. Abuse that involves a firearm or other dangerous weapon; or
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20	B. A heightened risk of immediate abuse to the plaintiff or a minor child. In determining whether a heightened risk of immediate abuse is present, the court shall consider, but is
22	not limited to consideration of, whether:
24	(1) The temporary order of protection is not likely to achieve its purpose in the absence of such a condition;
26	(2) The defendant has violated endance of methods
28	(2) The defendant has violated orders of protection;
30	(3) Past or present abuse to a victim resulted in injury:
32	(4) The abuse occurred in public; and
34	(5) The abuse includes:
36	(a) Threats of suicide or homicide;
38	(b) Killing or threatening to kill pets;
40	(c) An escalation of violence;
42	(d) Stalking behavior or extreme obsession;
44	(e) Sexual violence;
46	(f) Excessive alcohol or drug use; and
48	(g) Abuse against a pregnant victim.

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	If the court prohibits the defendant from possessing a firearm or
2	other dangerous weapon in a temporary order and if the defendant
	moves for dissolution or modification of an order pursuant to
4	subsection 7, the court must hear and decide the motion as
б	expeditiously as possible and must issue a written decision on the motion within 24 hours after a hearing on that motion.
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8	If the court prohibits the defendant from possessing a dangerous
	weapon other than a firearm in a temporary order, the court shall
10	specify the type of weapon the defendant is prohibited from
12	possessing.
14	If the court prohibits the defendant from possessing a firearm or
14	other dangerous weapon in a temporary order, the court shall
	direct the defendant to relinguish, within 24 hours after service
16	of the order on the defendant or such earlier time as the court
1.0	specifies in the order, all firearms and specified dangerous
18	weapons in the possession of the defendant to a law enforcement officer or other individual for the duration of the order. If
20	the weapons are relinquished to an individual other than a law
	enforcement officer, the defendant must file, within 24 hours
22	after such relinguishment, with the court or local law
	enforcement agency designated in the order a written statement
24	that contains the name and address of the individual holding the weapons and a description of all weapons held by that
26	individual. The court may subsequently issue a search warrant
	authorizing a law enforcement officer to seize any firearms and
28	other dangerous weapons at any location if there is probable
	cause to believe such firearms or dangerous weapons have not been
30	relinguished by the defendant.
32	Sec. 3. 19-A MRSA §4007, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
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34	<u>1-A. No possession of firearm or dangerous weapons for</u>
26	duration of order. If the court prohibits the defendant from
36	possessing a dangerous weapon other than a firearm, the court shall specify the type of weapon the defendant is prohibited from
38	possessing.
40	If the court prohibits the defendant from possessing a firearm or
40	other dangerous weapon, the court shall direct the defendant to
42	relinguish, within 24 hours after service of the order on the defendant or such earlier time as the court specifies in the
44	order, all firearms and specified dangerous weapons in the
	possession of the defendant to a law enforcement officer or other
46	individual for the duration of the order. If the weapons are
4.0	relinguished to an individual other than a law enforcement
48	officer, the defendant must file, within 24 hours after such relinguishment, with the court or local law enforcement agency
50	designated in the order a written statement that contains the
	name and address of the individual holding the weapons and a

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description of all weapons held by that individual. The court
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the defendant.

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SUMMARY

This bill allows the court, in the most dangerous protection from abuse cases, to issue a temporary order that prohibits the 12 defendant from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon. 14 The bill incorporates proven indicators of increased risk of death in domestic violence situations to help the court determine 16 when it is appropriate to grant the permitted relief. It also provides the defendant with a prompt hearing and decision on a motion for dissolution or modification. 18 Finally, the bill requires a defendant to relinquish possession of firearms and 20 specified dangerous weapons if the defendant is prohibited from possession in either a temporary or permanent protection order.

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