



# **121st MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1425

H.P. 1044

House of Representatives, March 25, 2003

An Act Relating to the Protection of Whistleblowers

Submitted by the Maine Human Rights Commission pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative SIMPSON of Auburn. Cosponsored by Senator PENDLETON of Cumberland and Representatives: BULL of Freeport, DUPLESSIE of Westbrook, MILLS of Farmington, NORBERT of Portland, RICHARDSON of Brunswick, SHERMAN of Hodgdon, SMITH of Van Buren, Senator: EDMONDS of Cumberland.

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §833, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 4 782, §4, is amended to read:

D. The employee acting in good faith, has refused to carry out a directive to engage in activity that the employee has
reasonable cause to believe is a violation of a law or rule adopted under the laws of this State, a political
subdivision of this State or the United States or that would expose the employee or any individual to a condition that
would result in serious injury or death, after having sought and been unable to obtain a correction of the <u>illegal</u>
activity or dangerous condition from the employer.

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### SUMMARY

This bill provides protection for an employee who is retaliated against because the employee has refused to carry out a directive of the employer that the employee has reasonable cause to believe compels the employee to violate the law. The Law Court has held that the existing statutory language protects only those employees who refuse to carry out a directive that would result in serious injury or death, see <u>Devoid v. Clair</u> <u>Buick Cadillac, Inc.</u>, 699 A. 2d 749 (Me. 1996). The bill is intended to correct the problem noted by the Law Court.