# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003**

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1417

H.P. 1040

House of Representatives, March 20, 2003

An Act To Make Changes to the Laws Governing Aquaculture Leasing

Submitted by the Department of Marine Resources pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Marine Resources suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. MacFarland
MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND
Clerk

Presented by Representative BULL of Freeport.

Be it enacted by the People of the Sta	ite of Ma	ine	as follows:			
Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub	-§57-C,	as	reallocated	bу	RR	199

Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub-§57-C, as reallocated by RR 1995, c. 2, §9, is amended to read:

6 57-C. Maine Not 12 MRSA
Marine Salmen Authorized §6080
8 Resources Aquaculture
Advisory

10 Council

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- Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1983, c. 301, §1, is further amended to read:
- Authority. The commissioner may lease areas in, on and under the coastal waters, including the public lands beneath 16 those waters and portions of the intertidal zone, for scientific 18 research or for aquaculture of marine organisms. The commissioner may grant a lease to any person. Except as provided in this Part, 20 commissioner's power to lease lands and to authorize placement of all structures within an aquaculture lease under 22 this section shall-be is exclusive. For the purposes of this section, the deputy commissioner may serve in the place of the 24 commissioner. For the purposes of this section, the commissioner or the deputy commissioner serving in the place of the commissioner may authorize in writing qualified professional 26 department staff to sign lease documents.

Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1999, c. 267, §1, is repealed.

- 32 Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
- 34 3-A. Municipal participation. Prior to filing an application for a lease with the department under this section.
  36 an applicant shall attend a preapplication meeting to describe the proposed application with representatives of the municipality in which the proposed lease is located.
- The department shall send a copy of the completed application to the governing board of the municipality as well as the harbor master, if such a position exists.
- The department shall provide a municipality with an opportunity to provide written comment prior to a public hearing under subsection 6 on a proposed application with respect to any of the decision criteria under this section, including designated or traditional storm anchorages and the type of mooring gear specified in the lease application. The municipality may submit an opinion supported by facts on whether a proposed lease is

2	located within a channel designated under the authority of Title 38, section 2 and whether the proposed lease will unreasonably
4	interfere with navigation. The department shall evaluate such a submission with regard to the approval criteria in subsection 7-A, paragraphs A, B and F.
6	1-A, paragraphs A, D and I.
8	A municipality may recommend conditions on a proposed lease in writing to the department during the comment period under this subsection. The department shall consider any conditions
10	recommended by the municipality, and the department shall provide a written explanation to the municipality at the time a draft
12 14	decision is written if the condition is not imposed on a proposed lease.
L <b>4</b> L6	A municipality has intervenor status upon written request to the department.
.8	In a municipality with a shellfish conservation program under
20	section 6671, the commissioner may not lease areas in the intertidal zone within the municipality without the consent of the municipal officers.
22	-
24	Once a lease is issued, a municipality may issue a mooring permit. The fee for a mooring permit is the same as that assigned for other commercial moorings within the municipality.
26 28	A mooring permit may be issued on a plan basis for all moorings located within an aquaculture lease but may not be issued for each individual mooring block or anchor.
0	Nothing in this section limits a municipality's ability to enforce the provisions of an issued mooring permit.
4	Sec. 5. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1997, c. 138, §§2 and 3, is repealed.
6	Sec. 6. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§4-B is enacted to read:
8	4-B. Applications. This subsection governs applications under this section.
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. 2	A. The department shall conduct a preapplication meeting with an applicant prior to the submission of an application under this section to the department. The purpose of this
4	meeting is to review the requirements for an application and to provide specific recommendations to the applicant
. б	regarding the requirements for either an environmental baseline under subsection 5-A or characterization.
. 8	For a meeting on an application that proposes a discharge
0	into state or coastal waters, the department shall provide

2	to participate and to recommend materials to be submitted.
4	B. An application submitted under this section must:
6	(1) Be written on forms supplied by the commissioner;
8	(2) Describe the location of the proposed lease area by coordinates or metes and bounds;
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12	(3) Identify the species to be cultivated;
14	(4) Characterize the physical and ecological impact of the project on existing uses of the site and any adverse effects on the existing uses of the area, as
16	defined by rules adopted by the commissioner;
18	(5) Describe the degree of exclusive use required by the project;
20	(6) Include written permission of every riparian owner
22	whose land to the low-water mark will be actually used;
24	(7) Include a map of the proposed lease area and its adjoining waters and shorelands, with the names and
26	addresses of the known riparian owners under subparagraph (6) as listed in the municipal tax records;
28	(8) Include an environmental evaluation of the site
30	upon which the decision to seek a lease was made. The evaluation must include, but is not limited to, bottom
32	characteristics, resident flora and fauna and
34	hydrography of the site if appropriate for the proposed lease;
36	(9) Describe the proposed source of the organisms to be grown at the site; and
38	(10) Include a nonrefundable application fee of at
40	least \$100 but not more than \$1,000, the amount to be
42	set by the commissioner depending on the proposed acreage, type of aquaculture proposed and complexity of the application.
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46	Sec. 7. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1999, c. 591, §1, is further amended to read:
48	5. Application review. The commissioner shall review the
F.C	application and set a hearing date if the commissioner is
50	satisfied that the written application is complete, and the

the Department of Environmental Protection the opportunity

application indicates that the lease could be granted and—the applicant—has—the—financial—and—technical—capability—to—earry—out the—proposed—activities. When the commissioner has determined that the application is complete, the commissioner shall forward a copy of the completed application and notice of hearing to the known riparian owners within 1,000 feet of the proposed lease and te—the—municipality—or—municipalities—in—which—or—adjacent—te which—the—lease—is—preposed. A—municipality—must—be—granted intervener—status—upon—written—request—

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- Sec. 8. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§5-A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 138, §4, is further amended to read:
- 14 Department site review. Prior to the lease hearing, 5-A. the department shall conduct an assessment of the proposed site 16 and surrounding area to determine the pessible-effects compliance of the lease en-commercially-and-ecologically-significant-flera and--fauna--and--conflicts-with--traditional--fisheries with the 18 decision criteria outlined in subsection 7-A. This The review must consider the impact on commercially and ecologically 20 significant flora and fauna and conflicts with traditional fisheries and take place any time between April 1st and November 22 15th. This information must be provided to the intervenors and 24 made available to the public 30 days before the hearing. As-part of-the-site-review,-the-department-shall-request-information-from 26 the-municipal-harbor-master-about-designated-or-traditional-sterm ancherages-in-proximity-te-the-proposed-lease. The commissioner 28 may by rule establish levels of assessment appropriate to the scale or potential environmental risk posed by a proposed lease 30 activity. The rules must provide a method of establishing a baseline to monitor the environmental effects of a 32 activity. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 34 II-A 2-A.
- Sec. 9. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§6, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 591, §2, is repealed.
- Sec. 10. 12 MRSA  $\S6072$ , sub- $\S7$ -B, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 40 453,  $\S1$ , is amended to read:
  - 7-B. Conditions. The commissioner may establish conditions that govern the use of the leased area and limitations on the aquaculture activities. These conditions shall must encourage the greatest multiple, compatible uses of the leased area, but shall must also address the ability of the lease site and surrounding area to support ecologically significant flora and fauna and preserve the exclusive rights of the lessee to the extent necessary to carry out the lease purpose. The commissioner may grant the lease on a conditional basis until the lessee has

acquired all the necessary federal, state and local permits, including, but not limited to, a national pollution discharge elimination permit required by the Federal Government. A lease may-not-be-approved-unless-the-commissioner-has-received eertification-from-the-Department-of-Environmental-Freetection that-the-project-will-not-violate-the-standards-ascribed-to-the receiving-waters-classification, Title-38, section-465-B.

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- Sec. 11. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§10, as amended by PL 1987, c. 453, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 12 <u>10. Notification of granted leases. After the granting of a lease:</u>

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- A. The lessee shall record the lease in the registry of deeds of each county in which the leased area is located;
- B. The department shall notify all riparian owners and interested parties and the municipality in which the lease is located that a lease has been granted. The notice must include a description of the area and how a copy of the lease may be obtained;
- 24 <u>C. The lessee shall mark the leased area in a manner prescribed by the commissioner; and</u>

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- D. The lessee shall annually submit to the department a seeding and harvesting report for the past year and a seeding and harvesting plan for the coming year. Upon written request, the department shall provide a copy of the report to the municipality or municipalities in which or adjacent to which the lease is located.
- Sec. 12. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§11, as amended by PL 1987, c. 453, §1, is further amended to read:

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Monitoring and revocation of leases. The department shall be-monitored-by-the-department monitor a lease under this section on an annual basis. If substantially--ne research - or - aquaculture - has - been - conducted - within - the - preceding year, --er--if--it aquaculture has been conducted in a manner substantially injurious to marine organisms, if no substantial aquaculture or research has been conducted over the course of the lease or if any ether condition of the lease has been violated, the commissioner shall may initiate revocation proceedings and may revoke the lease. A lease revocation shall--be is an adjudicatory proceeding under the-Maine-Administrative-Precedure Aet, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV 4. -A- The department shall hold a hearing with public notice shall-be-held prior to revoking any lease.

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6	12. Renewal. The commissioner may renew a lease provided that:
8	A. The commissioner receives, at least 90 days prior to the termination of a lease, an application for renewal that
10	includes information on the type and amount of aquaculture to be conducted during the new lease term;
12	B. The lessee has complied with the lease agreement during
14	the term of the lease;
16	C. The commissioner determines that renewal of the lease is in the best interest of the State;
18	D. Who wassel will not asset the larger to become a toward
20	D. The renewal will not cause the lessee to become a tenant of any kind in leases covering an aggregate of more than 250 acres; and
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24	E. The lease is not being held for speculative purposes.
	When aquaculture has not been routinely or substantially
26	conducted on a lease that is proposed for renewal, the commissioner may renew the lease, provided that the proposed
28	renewal will continue to meet the criteria for approval in
	section 7-A.
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	A lease renewal is an adjudicatory proceeding under Title 5,
32	chapter 375, subchapter 4. Public notice must be given as required under subsection 6 and a hearing must be held if it is
34	requested in writing by 5 persons.
36	Sec. 14. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 231, §6, is amended to read:
38	, 6.,
	1. Authority. The commissioner may issue a limited-purpose
40	lease for areas in, on and under the coastal waters, including
42	the public lands beneath those waters and portions of the intertidal zone, for commercial aquaculture research and
	development or for scientific research. Except as provided in
44	this Part, the commissioner's power to lease lands and to authorize placement of all structures within an aquaculture lease
46	under this section is exclusive. The commissioner or the deputy commissioner acting on the commissioner's behalf may authorize in
48	writing qualified professional department staff to issue a final
	decision and sign a lease document on an application for a
50	limited-purpose lease. A decision issued by department staff

Sec. 13. 12 MRSA §6072, sub-§12, as amended by PL 1997, c. 609, §2, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

pursuant to this subsection is a final agency action with respect to that lease application.

Sec. 15. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§§5, 7 and 8, as amended by PL 2001, c. 122, §1, are further amended to read:

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Notice of application. The - applicant Upon determining that an application is complete, the commissioner shall provide notice of a limited-purpose lease application to owners of riparian land within 1,000 feet of the proposed location of the lease and to the municipal officers of the municipality in which limited-purpose lease activity would take place. applicant shall provide the names and addresses of riparian landowners within 1,000 feet of the proposed location of the lease. The riparian names and addresses must be taken from the current property tax roster on file at the local municipal office or with the Bureau of Revenue Services for an unorganized The commissioner shall publish a summary of the territory. application in a newspaper of general circulation in the area proposed for a limited-purpose lease. A person may provide, within 30 days of receipt of notice or within 30 days of limited-purpose publication of а lease summary, to the commissioner comments on the proposed limited-purpose lease.

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7. Notice of public hearing. The applicant commissioner shall provide notice of a public hearing to owners of riparian land within 1,000 feet of the proposed location of the lease and to the municipal officers of the municipality in which the limited-purpose lease activity would take place. The commissioner shall publish notice of a public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the area proposed for a limited-purpose lease at least 30 days before the hearing.

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may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section. Within 180 days of the effective date of this section, the commissioner shall adopt rules regarding a limited-purpose lease application. The rules must require an applicant to, at a minimum, meet the requirements of section 6072, subsection 2, paragraph E and subsection -4- 4-B, paragraphs-A<sub>7</sub>-B<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-E<sub>7</sub>-F<sub>7</sub>-G and-J paragraph B. The rules must also require an applicant to provide to the department proof of access to the lease area. If access will be across riparian land, the applicant shall provide

Rules; general and lease application. The commissioner

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Sec. 16. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 231, §6, is repealed.

whose land will be used to access the lease area.

to the department the written permission of every riparian owner

## Sec. 17. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§11-A is enacted to read:

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	11-A. Municipal participation. Prior to filing an
4	application with the department under this section, an applicant
	shall attend a preapplication meeting with representatives of the
6	municipality in which the proposed lease is located to describe
	the proposed application.
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	The department shall send a copy of the completed application to
10	the governing board of the municipality as well as the harbor
	master, if such a position exists.
12	master, ir such a position exists.
12	The department shall provide a municipality with an opportunity
1.4	to provide written comment prior to a public hearing under
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1.6	subsection 6 on a proposed application with respect to any of the
16	decision criteria under this section, including designated or
	traditional storm anchorages and the type of mooring gear
18	specified in the lease application. The municipality may submit
	an opinion supported by facts on whether a proposed lease is
20	located within a channel designated under the authority of Title
	38, section 2 and whether the proposed lease will unreasonably
22	interfere with navigation. The department shall evaluate such a
	submission with regard to the approval criteria in subsection 13,
24	paragraphs A, B and F.
26	A municipality may recommend conditions on a proposed lease in
	writing to the department during the comment period under this
28	subsection. The department shall consider any conditions
	recommended by the municipality, and the department shall provide
30	a written explanation to the municipality at the time a draft
	decision is written if the condition is not imposed on a proposed
32	lease.
34	A municipality has intervenor status upon written request to the
	department.
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	In a municipality with a shellfish conservation program under
38	section 6671, the commissioner may not lease areas in the
•	intertidal zone within the municipality without the consent of
40	the municipal officers.
-0	<u> </u>
42	Once a lease is issued, a municipality may issue a mooring
12	permit. The fee for a mooring permit is the same as that
44	assigned for other commercial moorings within the municipality.
11	A mooring permit may be issued on a plan basis for all moorings
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<del>-</del> 0	located within an aquaculture lease but may not be issued for each individual mooring block or anchor.
48	each individual modified block of anchor.
40	Machine in this couldness that
	Nothing in this section limits a municipality's ability to

enforce the provisions of an issued mooring permit.

231, §6, is repealed: 4 Sec. 19. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§17-A is enacted to read: 6 17-A. Notification of granted leases. After the granting 8 of a limited-purpose lease: 10 A. The department shall notify all riparian owners and interested parties and the municipality in which the lease 12 is located that a lease has been granted. The notice must include a description of the area and how a copy of the 14 lease may be obtained. 16 The lessee shall mark the leased area in a manner prescribed by the commissioner; and 18 C. The lessee shall annually submit to the commissioner a 20 report for the past year on results of the scientific research or commercial research and development undertaken at the lease site and a plan for the coming year. Results 22 of commercial research and development submitted to the 24 commissioner are confidential records for the purposes of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3, paragraph A. Upon 26 written request, the commissioner shall provide a copy of the public records in the report to the municipality or 28 municipalities in which or adjacent to which the lease is located. 30 Sec. 20. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§21, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 231, §6, is repealed. 32 Sec. 21. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§22 is enacted to read: 34 36 22. Monitoring and revocation of leases. The department shall monitor a lease under this section on an annual basis. If 38 aquaculture has been conducted in a manner substantially injurious to marine organisms, if no substantial aquaculture or 40 research has been conducted over the course of the lease or if any condition of the lease has been violated, the commissioner 42 may initiate revocation proceedings and revoke the lease. The department shall hold a hearing with public notice prior to revoking any lease. A lease revocation is an adjudicatory 44 proceeding under Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 4. 46 Sec. 22. 12 MRSA §6077, sub-§4, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 48 381, §6, is amended to read:

Sec. 18. 12 MRSA §6072-A, sub-§17, as enacted by PL 1997, c.

Information submitted to the department under this section may be designated by the submittor as being only for the confidential use of the department, its agents and employees, other agencies of State Government, as authorized Governor, employees of the United Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Marine Fisheries Services, the United States Department of Agriculture, the Attorney General and employees of the municipality in which the aquaculture facility is located. The designation must be clearly indicated on each page or other portion of information. shall establish procedures to ensure information so designated is segregated from public records of the department. The department's public records must include the indication that information so designated has been submitted to the department, giving the name of the submittor and the general nature of the information. Upon a the scope of which includes request for information, information so designated, the commissioner shall notify the submittor. Within 15 days after receipt of the notice, the submittor shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of department that the designated information should not be disclosed because the information is a trade secret or production, commercial or financial information, disclosure of which would impair the competitive position of submittor and would make available information not otherwise publicly available. Unless such a demonstration is made, the information must be disclosed and becomes a public record. The department may grant or deny disclosure for the whole or any part of the designated information requested and within 15 days shall give written notice of the decision to the submittor and the person requesting the designated information. A person aggrieved by a decision of the department may appeal to the Superior Court. information provided by the department to the municipality under this paragraph is confidential and not a public record under Title 1, chapter 13. If a request for the information is submitted to the municipality, the municipality shall submit that request to the commissioner to be processed by the department as provided in this paragraph.

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Sec. 23. 12 MRSA §6078, as amended by PL 1999, c. 156, §4, is repealed.

Sec. 24. 12 MRSA §6078-A is enacted to read:

#### §6078-A. Aquaculture Monitoring, Research and Development Fund

1. Fund established. The Aquaculture Monitoring, Research 2 and Development Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is established. All income received by the commissioner under 4 this section must be deposited with the Treasurer of State, tracked according to its source and credited to the fund. Any 6 balance remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year does not lapse but must be carried forward to the next fiscal year. 8 Any interest earned on assets of the fund is credited to the fund. All records related to harvests submitted by aquaculture 10 lease holders are considered confidential business record information for the purposes of section 6077.

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2. Fees. The following fees must be assessed and credited to the fund.

16 A. A person producing finfish in an aquacultural facility subject to section 6072 shall pay to the commissioner a fee 18 of 1¢ per pound of whole fish harvested. The person shall pay the fee within 30 days of harvest. Timely payment of 20 the fee is a condition of a lease granted under section 6072 or 6072-A for the production of finfish in net-pen 22 aquacultural facilities. The commissioner may assess a late payment charge on an overdue payment computed at the annual 24 interest rate established by the State Tax Assessor under Title 36, section 186. The commissioner may establish by 26 rule any procedural requirements for collection of the fee, including without limitation monthly reporting of harvest amounts and reporting forms. A person who does not pay the 28 fee commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to 30 exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged.

The commissioner may develop an alternative production fee schedule based on the amount of feed that is used at finfish facilities. Any alternative production fee must be designed to return an equivalent and sufficient revenue stream to the production fee in this paragraph in order to support the purposes of subsection 3.

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B. In accordance with the authority of the commissioner to levy lease rents pursuant to section 6072, subsection 9 and section 6072-A, subsection 14 and application fees pursuant to section 6072, subsection 4-B, the commissioner shall adopt rules to implement a fee structure for lease rents and application fees that are in addition to the minimum lease rents and application fees that are in effect on the effective date of this paragraph. Any rent or fee assessed in addition to the fees that are in effect on the effective date of this paragraph must be credited to the fund. A person who does not pay the rent or fee commits a civil

violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged.

C. The commissioner may develop a fee schedule for the production of shellfish reared on an aquaculture lease. A person who does not pay a fee under this paragraph commits a civil violation for which a fine not to exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged.

A fee received pursuant to this section must be accounted separately within the fund according to whether it is from a finfish or shellfish source so that at any point the commissioner or the Marine Resources Advisory Council may determine the total fund balance and proportional expenditures attributable to each revenue source.

3. Expenditures; purpose. The commissioner may make expenditures from the fund to develop effective and cost-efficient water quality licensing and monitoring criteria, analyze and evaluate monitoring data and process lease applications. The commissioner shall expend the fund amounts in proportion to the amounts of revenue from finfish sources and shellfish sources. In developing a program of expenditures, the commissioner shall consult with the Aquaculture Advisory Council established under Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 57-C. The commissioner may contract for services privately or under memoranda of agreement with other state agencies.

4. Additional revenues. The commissioner may expend annual revenues that are in excess of the operating expenses of a program under subsection 3 to address matters that the commissioner determines are of an emergency nature to the State's aquaculture industry, to address matters that the commissioner determines are of long-term interest to the State's aquaculture industry and to rebate revenues to all those persons who paid fees under subsection 2. A rebate must be in the same proportion to the total of all rebates as the recipient's fees for that period are to the total of all fees levied for that period. The commissioner shall consult with the Aquaculture Advisory Council established under Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 57-C when determining expenditures under this subsection.

5. Reports. On or before February 1st of each year, the commissioner shall report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over marine resources matters on all expenditures made from the fund in the previous fiscal year and on all work accomplished and planned. The joint standing committee may introduce and report out legislation it determines necessary to modify the provisions of this section.

- 6. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to this section only after consultation with the aquaculture industry that clearly establishes the recommended framework for lease rents, application fees and production fees as well as the related personnel or contracting costs funded by the recommended fee increases. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
- Sec. 25. 12 MRSA §6080, as amended by PL 1999, c. 156, §5, is further amended to read:

### §6080. Aquaculture Advisory Council

1. Appointment; composition. The Maine-Salmen Aquaculture Advisory Council, referred to in this section as the "council" and established by Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 57-C, consists of 4-5 members. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee is a nonvoting, ex officio member of the council. The commissioner shall appoint 3 4 members from the State's salmen aquaculture industry. No more than 2 of the appointed members may represent similar segments of the State's salmen aquaculture industry.

2. Term. Council members serve for 3 years and continue serving until a successor is duly appointed and qualified. In the case of a vacancy, the commissioner shall promptly fill the vacancy.

3. Purpose. The council shall make recommendations to the commissioner concerning expenditures from the Salmen Aquaculture Monitoring, Research and Development Fund for the purposes described under section 6978  $\underline{6078-A}$ , subsections 4  $\underline{3}$  and 7  $\underline{4}$ .

4. Chair and officers. The council annually shall choose one of its members to serve as chair for a one-year term. The council may select other officers and designate their duties.

5. Meetings. The council shall meet at least once each year. It may also meet at other times at the call of the chair or the chair's designee or the commissioner or the commissioner's designee. The council may conduct a meeting by means of a conference call linking 2 or more members of the council.

Sec. 26. Transfers from existing accounts. The department may transfer the existing balance and encumbrances from the Salmon Aquaculture Monitoring, Research and Development Fund at any time prior to its lapsing to the Aquaculture Monitoring, Research and Development Fund in order to fund any of the activities outlined in this section.

### SUMMARY

This bill makes changes to several sections of the marine resources laws that regulate the leasing and monitoring of public waters for aquaculture. These changes affect the issuance of standard and limited-purpose aquaculture leases.

1. It clarifies that the existing exclusive jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Marine Resources to regulate aquaculture activities on state submerged lands below the mean low-water mark includes all types of equipment to be located within a standard aquaculture lease. Language is also proposed to allow qualified staff to sign lease documents following the approval of a standard lease by the commissioner.

2. It repeals a provision on municipal approval and enacts new language concerning municipal participation in the standard aquaculture lease process.

- 3. It creates a new section that outlines the role of municipalities in the review and issuance of standard aquaculture leases, including preapplication meetings, submission of comments to the Department of Marine Resources on all decision criteria and establishing conditions on leases. This new section contains provisions already located in other relevant laws that are included here for clarity as well as new provisions that expand the scope of municipal participation in the leasing of state waters. This section also clarifies that the issuance of a mooring permit by a municipality is not preempted by the Commissioner of Marine Resources' exclusive authority to grant aquaculture leases.
- 4. It creates a requirement for a preapplication meeting to be held with the Department of Marine Resources to guide an applicant in preparing an application for a standard lease.
- 5. It removes language requiring the Department of Marine Resources to determine financial and technical capacity prior to conducting a public hearing on a standard lease application so that public comment can be received on this approval criterion.

  It also deletes language on municipal involvement that has been moved to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 12, section 6072, subsection 3-A.
- 6. It changes language to expand the factors considered by the Department of Marine Resources in the site review of proposed standard aquaculture leases to conform with current practice.

- 7. It repeals a requirement that the applicant for a standard aquaculture lease publish notice of public hearing for the lease in the newspaper.
- 8. It deletes language regarding Department of Environmental Protection certification of water quality and lists the current requirement for a discharge permit to be obtained for affected lease applications.

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9. It changes language on the notification of granted leases to remove a requirement on public notice in a local paper and adds a requirement that the Department of Marine Resources notify riparian landowners, the municipality and interested parties that a lease has been granted.

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10. It amends language on the revocation of standard aquaculture leases to allow the Commissioner of Marine Resources discretion in when to initiate revocation proceedings.

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- 11. It repeals current language on the renewal of standard leases.
- 12. It enacts new language on the renewal of standard leases that requires earlier notice of intent to renew and adds a requirement that leases not routinely used must be determined to still meet all of the approval criteria in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 12, subsection 6072, subsection 7-A.
- 30 13. It clarifies that the existing exclusive jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Marine Resources to regulate aquaculture 32 activities on state submerged lands below the mean low-water mark includes all types of equipment to be located within a 34 limited-purpose aquaculture lease. Language is also proposed to allow qualified professional staff to sign decision documents and leases.
- 14. It changes language to require the Department of Marine Resources to notify riparian landowners when a complete limited-purpose aquaculture lease application is being reviewed by the department. The applicant is required to submit the names and addresses of the riparian landowners.
- 15. It changes language to require the Department of Marine Resources and not the applicant to publish notice of a public hearing for a limited-purpose aquaculture lease application.
- 16. It repeals a provision on municipal approval and enacts new language concerning municipal participation in the limited-purpose aquaculture lease process.

It creates a new section that outlines the role of 2 17. municipalities in the review and issuance of limited-purpose aquaculture leases, including preapplication meetings, submission 4 of comments to the Department of Marine Resources on all decision criteria and establishing conditions on leases. This new section contains provisions already located in other relevant laws that are included here for clarity as well as new provisions that 8 expand the scope of municipal participation in the leasing of state waters. This section also clarifies that the issuance of a 10 mooring permit by a municipality is not preempted by the 12 Commissioner of Marine Resources' exclusive authority to grant aquaculture leases.

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- 18. It changes language on notification concerning the issuance of limited-purpose aquaculture leases are notified. The requirement to record the lease in the registry of deeds and publish notice in the paper is removed, and a requirement that the Department of Marine Resources notify riparian landowners, interested persons and the municipality is added.
- 19. It repeals the existing language on monitoring limited-purpose aquaculture leases.

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20. It amends the existing language on monitoring limited-purpose aquaculture to allow the Commissioner of Marine Resources discretion in when to initiate revocation proceedings.

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21. It adds the United States Department of Agriculture to the list of federal agencies permitted to use confidential data submitted by lease holders at the direction of the Commissioner of Marine Resources.

34 22. It authorizes a dedicated fund that will receive fees from both finfish and shellfish growers in order to fund monitoring, research and development of marine aquaculture.

These fees will be determined by rulemaking by the Department of Marine Resources and are derived from the weight of harvested fish, application fees and lease rents.

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23. It renames the Maine Salmon Aquaculture Advisory Council the Aquaculture Advisory Council and alters its membership to include members from both shellfish and finfish aquaculture.