# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

# FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1294

S.P. 425

In Senate, March 11, 2003

## An Act To Amend the Motor Vehicle Franchise Law

Reference to the Committee on Business, Research and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LaFOUNTAIN of York.

Cosponsored by Representative O'NEIL of Saco and

Senators: BROMLEY of Cumberland, President DAGGETT of Kennebec, MAYO of

Sagadahoc, SHOREY of Washington, Representatives: CLOUGH of Scarborough, O'BRIEN

of Augusta, PELLON of Machias, SULLIVAN of Biddeford.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-G, sub-§6-B is enacted to read:
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6	6-B. Maine Motor \$100/day 10 MRSA Commerce and Vehicle \$1187
8	and Trade Franchise Board
10	Sec. 2. 10 MRSA c. 204 is amended by repealing the chapter headnote and enacting the following in its place:
12	CHAPTER 204
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16	BUSINESS PRACTICES BETWEEN MOTOR  VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS, DISTRIBUTORS  AND DEALERS
18	SUBCHAPTER 1
20	DECEMBER OF DUCINESS DESCRICES DESCRICES
22	REGULATION OF BUSINESS PRACTICES BETWEEN  MOTOR VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS,  DISTRIBUTORS AND DEALERS
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26	Sec. 3. 10 MRSA §1171, sub-§1-C is enacted to read:
- •	1-C. Board. "Board" means the Maine Motor Vehicle
28	Franchise Board created pursuant to section 1187.
30	Sec. 4. 10 MRSA §1173-A, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 521, §7,
	is repealed.
32	Soc 5 10 MDSA \$1174 cub \$2 ffD as amounded by DI 1007 of
34	Sec. 5. 10 MRSA §1174, sub-§3, ¶B, as amended by PL 1997, c. 521, §8, is further amended to read:
36	B. To coerce, or attempt to coerce, a motor vehicle dealer
38	to enter into an agreement with that manufacturer, distributor, distributor branch or division, factory branch or division, wholesale branch or division or officer, agent
40	or other representative thereof, or to do any other act prejudicial to the dealer by threatening to cancel a
42	franchise or a contractual agreement existing between that
44	manufacturer, distributor, distributor branch or division, factory branch or division or wholesale branch or division
- <del>-</del>	and that dealer or by threatening or attempting to modify a
46	franchise during the term of the franchise or upon its renewal, if the modification substantially and adversely
48	affects the motor vehicle dealer's rights, obligations, investment or return on investment, without giving 60 365
50	days' written notice by certified mail of the proposed

modification to the motor vehicle dealer, unless modification is required by law or esurt board order. Within the 60-day 365-day notice period, the motor vehicle dealer may file with the Superior-Court-in-the-county-where the-dealership-is-leeated board and serve notice upon the manufacturer a protest requesting a determination of whether permitting good cause for the proposed modification. The manufacturer has the burden of proving good cause. The eourt board shall promptly schedule a hearing and decide the matter within 180 days from the date the protest is filed. Multiple protests pertaining to the same proposed modification must be consolidated The proposed modification may not take effect hearing. pending the determination of the matter. In determining whether there is good cause for permitting a proposed modification, any relevant factors must be considered, including, but not limited to:

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(1) The reasons for the proposed modification;

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(2) Whether the proposed modification is applied to or affects all motor vehicle dealers in a nondiscriminatory manner;

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(3) Whether the proposed modification will have a substantial and adverse effect upon the motor vehicle dealer's investment or return on investment;

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(4) Whether the proposed modification is in the public interest;

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(5) Whether the proposed modification is necessary to the orderly and profitable distribution; and

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(6) Whether the proposed modification is offset by other modifications beneficial to the motor vehicle dealer.

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Notice in good faith to a motor vehicle dealer of that dealer's violation of the terms or provisions of the franchise or contractual agreement does not constitute a violation of this chapter;

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Sec. 6. 10 MRSA §1174, sub-§3, ¶M, as amended by PL 1997, c. 521, §14, is further amended to read:

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M. To require, coerce or attempt to coerce a franchisee to refrain from participation in the management of, investment in or the acquisition of any other line of new motor vehicle or related products as long as the franchisee maintains a

reasonable line of credit for each franchise and the franchisee remains in substantial compliance with reasonable facilities requirements of the franchisor. The reasonable facilities requirements may not include any requirement that a franchisee establish or maintain exclusive facilities, personnel or display space when—the—requirements—are unreasonable—considering—current—economic—conditions—and—are not——otherwise——justified——by——reasonable——business considerations—The—burden—of—proving—that—current—economic conditions—justify exclusive—facilities—is—on—the—franchisor;

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- Sec. 7. 10 MRSA §1174, sub-§4, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 14 521, §22, is amended to read:
- To fail to disclose in writing to a purchaser of a new 16 motor vehicle before entering into a sales contract that the 18 new motor vehicle has been damaged and repaired if the dealer has knowledge of the damage or repair or and if the 20 damage calculated at the retail cost of repair to the new motor vehicle exceeds 5% of the manufacturer's suggested 22 retail price, except that a new motor vehicle dealer is not required to disclose to a purchaser that any glass, bumpers, audio system, instrument panel, communication system or 24 tires were damaged at any time if the glass, bumpers, audio system, instrument panel, communication system or tires have 26 been replaced with original or comparable equipment.

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- Sec. 8. 10 MRSA §1174-C, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 521, §23, is further amended to read:
- 32 designated family member οf a deceased incapacitated or retiring new motor vehicle dealer, which 34 family member has been designated under the will of the dealer or in writing to the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, factory representative or importer, 36 succeed the dealer in the ownership or operation of the dealership under the existing franchise or distribution 38 if designated family member agreement the gives 40 manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, representative or importer of new motor vehicles written notice of the intention to succeed to the dealership within 42 120 days of the dealer's death ex, incapacity or retirement and unless there exists good cause for refusal to honor the 44 succession on the part of the manufacturer, factory branch, factory representative, distributor or importer. 46
- Sec. 9. 10 MRSA §1176, first ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 65, Pt. A, §16 and affected by §153 and Pt. C, §15, is further amended to read:

If a motor vehicle franchisor requires or permits a motor franchisee to perform labor or provide parts satisfaction of a warranty created by the franchisor, franchisor shall properly and promptly fulfill its warranty obligations, in the case of motor vehicles over 10,000 pounds shall gross vehicle weight rating, adequately and compensate the franchisee for any parts so provided and, in the case of all other motor vehicles, shall reimburse the franchisee for any parts so provided at the retail rate customarily charged by that franchisee for the same parts when not provided in satisfaction of a warranty. A franchisor may not otherwise recover its costs for reimbursing a franchisee for parts and labor pursuant to this section. For purposes of this section, the retail rate customarily charged by the franchisee for parts may be established by submitting to the franchisor 100 sequential nonwarranty customer-paid service repair orders or 60 days of nonwarranty customer-paid service repair orders, whichever is less in terms of total cost, covering repairs made no more than 180 days before the submission and declaring the average percentage markup. The average percentage markup so declared is the retail rate, which goes into effect 30 days following the declaration, subject to audit of the submitted repair orders by the franchisor and adjustment of the average percentage markup based on that audit. Only retail sales not involving warranty repairs, not involving state inspection, not involving routine maintenance such as changing the oil and oil filter and not involving accessories may be considered in calculating the average percentage markup. A franchisor may not require a franchisee to establish the average percentage markup by an unduly burdensome or time-consuming method or by requiring information that is unduly burdensome or time-consuming to provide, including, but not limited to, part-by-part or transaction-by-transaction calculations. A franchisee may not change the average percentage markup more than 2 times in one calendar year. Further, the franchisor shall reimburse the franchisee for any labor so performed at the retail rate customarily charged by that franchisee for the same labor when not performed in satisfaction of a warranty; provided -- that as long as the franchisee's rate for labor not performed in satisfaction of a warranty is routinely posted in a place conspicuous to its service customer. A franchisor required to pay the price charged by the dealer to retail customers for parts of systems, appliances, furnishings, accessories and fixtures of a motor home as defined in Title 29-A, section 101, subsection 40 that are designed, used and maintained primarily for nonvehicular residential purposes. claim made by a franchisee for compensation for parts provided or for reimbursement for labor performed in satisfaction of a warranty must be paid within 30 days of its approval. All the claims must be either approved or disapproved within 30 days

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	of their receipt. A claim may be submitted within 180 days after
2	the performance of services. When anysuch a claim is
4	disapproved, the franchisee that submitted it-must the claim must
4	be notified in writing of its the claim's disapproval within that period, together with the specific reasons for its disapproval.
6	No $\underline{A}$ franchisor may $\underline{not}$ , by agreement, by restriction upon
	reimbursement, or otherwise, restrict the nature or extent of
8	labor performed or parts provided so that such restriction
	impairs the franchisee's ability to satisfy a warranty created by
10	the franchisor by performing labor in a professional manner or by
	providing parts required in accordance with generally accepted
12	standards.
14	Sec. 10. 10 MRSA §1178, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 573,
	is amended to read:
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	1. Agreements subject to this chapter. Written or oral
18	agreements between a manufacturer, wholesaler or distributor with
20	a motor vehicle dealer including, but not limited to, the
20	franchise offering, the franchise agreement, sales agreements, policies and procedures agreements, bulletins or manuals, sales
22	of goods, services or advertising, leases or mortgages of real or
	personal property, promises to pay, security interests, pledges,
24	insurance contracts, advertising contracts, construction or
	installation contracts, servicing contracts, and all other such
26	agreements in which the manufacturer, wholesaler or distributor
2.0	has any direct or indirect interest, shall-be are subject to this
28	chapter.
30	Sec. 11. 10 MRSA c. 204, sub-c. 2 is enacted to read:
32	SUBCHAPTER 2
34	MAINE MOTOR VEHICLE FRANCHISE BOARD
36	\$1187. Maine Motor Vehicle Franchise Board; established
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38	The Maine Motor Vehicle Franchise Board, as established in
	Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 6-B and referred to in this
40	chapter as "the board," is established for the purpose of
42	enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
42	1. Membership. The board consists of 7 members:
44	I. Membership. Inc board consists of / members.
	A. Six members appointed by the Governor:
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	(1) Four members who are or have been franchised new
48	motor vehicle dealers in the State of Maine;
50	(2) A member who is or has been an employee or
J J	representative of a franchisor; and

2	(3) A member of the public; and
4	B. One member appointed by the Secretary of State who is not and has not been either a motor vehicle dealer or
6	manufacturer representative and who is an attorney employed by the Secretary of State and assigned to the Bureau of
8	Motor Vehicles.
10	2. Chair. The member appointed by the Secretary of State is the chair of the board. The chair shall:
12	A. Act as the presiding officer in all matters that come before the board;
16	B. Make preliminary rulings on discovery and other questions;
18	C. Participate fully in board deliberations; and
20	D. Vote on the merits of complaints that come before the board only when necessary to break a tie.
24	3. Terms. Appointments to the board are for 5-year terms.
26	A member may not serve more than 2 consecutive 5-year terms. The terms of the initial board members must be staggered, with 2 members serving a term of 3 years, 2 members serving a term of 4
28	years and 2 members serving a term of 5 years. The term of the member who serves as chair is without limit.
30	4. Vacancy. Any vacancy on the board must be filled by the
32	Governor or the Secretary of State by appointment of a person of the same category as the board member being replaced to hold
34	office for the unexpired term.
36	5. Compensation. With the exception of the chair, whose position is funded pursuant to section 1187-A, members of the
38	board are entitled to a per diem of \$100 for each day actually
40	engaged in the performance of their duties and may be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in carrying out their duties.
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44	6. Rulemaking. The board shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this
	subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5,
46	chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
48	7. Affiliation. The board is affiliated with the Department of the Secretary of State, Bureau of Motor Vehicles.

#### §1187-A. Fund

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- To fund the board and to pay the start-up expenses of administration and enforcement of this chapter, there is established the Maine Motor Vehicle Franchise Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund." The board shall impose an initial fee upon each new motor vehicle dealer of \$200 for each dealer's license held by that dealer and an initial fee of \$2,000 for each line make of each manufacturer. The board shall determine on an annual basis whether additional funding is required. The board shall maintain a fund balance of at least \$20,000.
- The fund is administered by the Secretary of State. The fund must be used exclusively for the administration and operation of the board for the enforcement of this chapter.

  Expenses for operation of the board, including the compensation for the chair, which must be 1/2 the salary of the Bureau of Motor Vehicle's attorney assigned to the board, must be paid by the board to the Secretary of State on a quarterly basis.

#### §1188. Duties

- 24 The board:
- 26 1. Complaints. Shall review written complaints filed with the board by persons complaining of conduct governed by this chapter;
- 2. Decision. Shall issue written decisions and may issue orders to a franchisee in violation of this chapter;
- 3. Penalty. May levy a civil penalty pursuant to section 34 1171-B, subsection 3;
- 36 **4. Award costs.** Shall award costs and attorney's fees pursuant to section 1173;
- 5. Interim order. Shall levy a civil penalty pursuant to
  section 1171-B, subsection 3 when a party to a complaint under
  this subchapter is found to have recklessly or knowingly failed,
  neglected or refused to comply with an interim order issued by
  the board; and
- 6. Procedures. May appoint persons to be present at the deposition of out-of-state witnesses, administer oaths, issue subpoenas to compel the presence of witnesses or documents and authorize stenographic or recorded transcripts of proceedings.

#### 50 <u>§1188-A. Prehearing conference</u>

Prior to hearing a complaint, but not later than 45 days after the filing of the complaint, the board shall require the parties to attend a prehearing conference with the chair to discuss the possibility of settlement. If the matter is not resolved through the conference, the matter must be placed on the board's calendar for hearing. Settlement conference discussions remain confidential and may not be disclosed or used as an admission in any subsequent hearing.

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#### \$1189. Hearings

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The board shall hold a hearing on the merits of a complaint within 120 days of the filing of the complaint. The hearing must be conducted pursuant to rules established by the board. A decision must be issued within 30 days of the completion of the hearing. The board shall determine the location of hearings.

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## §1189-A. Discovery

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The parties to a hearing conducted pursuant to this subchapter are permitted to conduct and use the same discovery procedures as provided in the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, subject to any amendments to the rules as the board might adopt to secure that discovery is expedited.

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Compliance with discovery procedures authorized by this section and by rule may be enforced by application to the board or on the board's own motion.

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### §1189-B. Appeal

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A party appealing an order of the board to the Superior Court shall indicate in the appeal whether it is an appeal on issues of law or on factual matters.

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- 1. Appeal as matter of law. An order or decision may be appealed solely on the basis that the board made an error of law. An order or decision appealed may not be set aside or vacated except for an error of law. Additional evidence may not be heard or taken by the Superior Court on an appeal made under this section.
- 2. Appeal involving factual matters. A party to a decision by the board may appeal to the Superior Court for a hearing on the merits of the dispute. In any such hearing before the Superior Court, all findings of fact of the board are presumed to
- be correct unless rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.
- 50 A copy of the decision, certified as true and accurate by

the chair must be admitted into evidence in any appeal hearing. There is a right to trial by jury in any action brought in Superior Court under this section. An appeal for hearing is subject to the provisions of section 1173.

#### §1190. Statute of limitations

If a complaint is filed with the board by a person otherwise entitled to bring a complaint in the courts of the State, then the applicable statute of limitations is tolled and a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction is barred pending the outcome of proceedings before the board.

#### \$1190-A. Action filed; court

An action, filed in a court of competent jurisdiction, that gives rise or could give rise to a claim or defense under this chapter must be stayed if, within 60 days after the date of filing of the complaint, or service of process, whichever date is later, a party to the action files a complaint with the board asserting the claims or defenses under this chapter.

**SUMMARY** 

This bill amends the laws concerning regulation of business practices between motor vehicle manufacturers, distributors and dealers.

The bill establishes the Maine Motor Vehicle Franchise Board. Motor vehicle dealers and manufacturers engage in complex and time-consuming litigation before the courts of the State and in hearings before the Secretary of State. The board is composed of 7 members. This bill provides a forum for the prompt resolution of such complaints by a board with specific expertise in the motor vehicle industry, subject to review by the Superior Court, and when requested, a hearing on the merits of the dispute. In an appeal of an order of the board to the Superior Court, the findings of the board must be published to the Superior Court and the decision of the board admitted as an exhibit.

42 exhibit.
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The board is not the exclusive venue for initially bringing a complaint, but if any party asserting claims or defenses under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 10, chapter 204 or that could be brought under chapter 204 brings a complaint before the board, then all other civil actions or administrative actions must be tolled pending the outcome of proceedings before the board.

The bill repeals the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 10, section 1173-A. The mediation requirement will not be necessary given the alternative dispute resolution procedures now in place in the State's civil justice system and the mandatory settlement conference proposed in this bill.

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The bill clarifies that manufacturers must provide one year's notice prior to attempting to modify a franchise agreement if the attempted modification substantially and adversely affects the motor vehicle dealer's rights, obligations, investments or returns on investments. This clarification provides the dealer with adequate notice to respond to the proposed modification.

- The bill confirms that the right to succeed to ownership of a franchise by family members and others identified in the statute applies to retirement as well as death or disability.
- The bill amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 10, section 1178, which is intended to be broadly construed to cover all agreements, directives or edicts by a manufacturer.