



121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

Legislative Document

No. 1275

H.P. 947

House of Representatives, March 11, 2003

An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Improvident Transfers of Title

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative NORBERT of Portland. Cosponsored by Senator GILMAN of Cumberland and Representatives: CLOUGH of Scarborough, SIMPSON of Auburn, Senator: PENDLETON of Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 33 MRSA §1022, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 699, §1, is amended to read:

6 §1022. Undue influence

2

32

46

8 1. Presumption. In any transfer of real estate or major transfer of personal property or money for less than full 10 consideration or execution of a guaranty by an elderly person who is dependent on others to a person with whom the elderly 12 dependent person has a confidential or fiduciary relationship, it shall--be is presumed that the transfer or execution was the result of undue influence, unless the elderly dependent person 14 was represented in the transfer or execution by independent 16 counsel. When the elderly dependent person successfully raises the presumption of undue influence by a preponderance of the 18 evidence and when the transferee or person who benefits from the execution of a guaranty fails to rebut the presumption, the 20 elderly dependent person shall--be is entitled to avoid the transfer or execution and be entitled to the relief set forth in section 1024. 22

24 2. Confidential or fiduciary relationship. For the purpose of this section, the transfer of property or execution of a guaranty is deemed to have been made in the context of a confidential or fiduciary relationship if the transferee or
28 person who benefits from the execution of a guaranty had a close relationship with the elderly dependent person prior to the transfer or execution. Confidential or fiduciary relationships include the following:

- A. A family relationship between the elderly dependent person and the transferee or person who benefits from the <u>execution of a guaranty</u>, including relationships by marriage and adoption;
- B. A fiduciary relationship between the elderly dependent person and the transferee or person who benefits from the execution of a guaranty, such as with a guardian, conservator, trustee, accountant, broker or financial advisor;
- 44 C. A relationship between an elderly dependent person and a physician, nurse or other medical or health care provider;
- D. A relationship between the elderly dependent person and a psychologist, social worker or counselor;

- E. A relationship between the elderly dependent person and an attorney;
- 4 F. A relationship between the elderly dependent person and a priest, minister, rabbi or spiritual advisor;
- 8

6

10

14

24

G. A relationship between the elderly dependent person and a person who provides care or services to that person whether or not care or services are paid for by the elderly person;

- 12 H. A relationship between an elderly dependent person and a friend or neighbor; or
- I. A relationship between an elderly dependent person and a person sharing the same living quarters.
- 18 When any of these relationships exist and when a transfer or <u>execution</u> is made to a corporation or organization primarily on 20 account of the membership, ownership or employment interest or <u>for the benefit</u> of the fiduciary or confidante, a fiduciary or 22 confidential relationship with the corporation or organization is deemed to exist.
- Sec. 2. 33 MRSA §1023, as amended by PL 1989, c. 238, §§2 and 4, is further amended to read:
- 28 §1023. Civil action; relief available

 Civil action. A civil action may be brought to obtain relief under this chapter by an elderly dependent person er, that
person's legal representative or the personal representative of the estate of an elderly dependent person.

34

Relief available; protected transfers and executions. 2. When a court finds that a transfer of property or execution of a 36 guaranty was the result of undue influence, it shall grant appropriate relief enabling the elderly dependent person to avoid 38 or execution, the transfer including the rescission or 40 reformation of a deed or other instrument, the imposition of a constructive trust on property or an order enjoining use of or 42 entry on property or commanding the return of property. When the court finds that undue influence is a good and valid defense to a 44 transferee's suit on a contract to transfer the property or a suit of a person who benefits from the execution of a guaranty on 46 that guaranty, the court shall refuse to enforce the transfer or guaranty. 48

No relief obtained or granted under this section may in any way 50 affect or limit the right, title and interest of good faith

purchasers, mortgagees, holders of security interests or other 3rd parties who obtain an interest in the transferred property 2 for value after its transfer from the elderly dependent person. No relief obtained or granted under this section may affect any 4 mortgage deed to the extent of value given by the mortgagee. 6 SUMMARY 8 10 This bill extends the protections of the laws governing improvident transfers of title to a guaranty made by an elderly 12 dependent person. It also extends the protections of the laws governing improvident transfers of title to the personal representative of the estate of an elderly dependent person. 14