MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

Legislative Document

No. 1132

H.P. 835

House of Representatives, March 4, 2003

An Act To Simplify Calculation of Legal Interest

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Macfaeland MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative MILLS of Cornville. Cosponsored by Representative NORBERT of Portland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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- Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §1113, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 461.
 4 §1, is amended to read:
- 4. Delayed payments. Except as otherwise agreed, if any progress or final payment to a contractor is delayed beyond the due date established in subsection 3, the owner shall pay the contractor interest on any unpaid balance due beginning on the 21st day, at an interest rate equal to that specified in Title 14, section 1602-A₇-subsection-2.
- Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §1114, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 461, 14 §1, is amended to read:
 - 4. Delayed payments. Notwithstanding any contrary agreement, if any progress or final payment to a subcontractor or material supplier is delayed beyond the due date established in subsection 2 or 3, the contractor or subcontractor shall pay its subcontractor or material supplier interest on any unpaid balance due beginning on the next day, at an interest rate equal to that specified in Title 14, section 1602-A₇-subsection-2.
 - Sec. 3. 14 MRSA §1602, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2001, c. 471, Pt. D, §13, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 1. Prejudgment interest; rate; avoidance. In all civil actions, except those actions involving a contract or note that 28 contains a provision relating to interest, prejudgment interest 30 must be assessed at a rate of 6%. The Supreme Judicial Court may review the prejudgment interest rate no more than once per year and, if there has been a substantial change in market interest 32 rates, may order a change in the prejudgment interest rate to 34 accurately reflect the market rate. If the Supreme Judicial Court orders a change in the prejudgment interest rate pursuant 36 to this section, the rate must be roughly 30% of the rate set in section 1602-A.

Prejudgment interest accrues from the time of notice of claim setting forth under oath the cause of action, served personally 40 or by registered or certified mail upon the defendant until the date on which an order of judgment is entered. If no notice of 42 claim has been given to the defendant, prejudgment interest accrues from the date on which the complaint is filed. If the 44 prevailing party at any time requests and obtains a continuance for a period in excess of 30 days, interest must be suspended for 46 the duration of the continuance. On petition of the nonprevailing party and on a showing of good cause, the trial 48 court may order that interest awarded by this section be fully or 50 partially waived.

- Sec. 4. 14 MRSA §1602-A, first ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 646, §4, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- From and after the date of entry on an order of judgment, including the period of the pendency of an appeal, interest is allowed at a rate of 10%. The Supreme Judicial Court may review the rate of interest after judgment no more than once per year and, if there has been a substantial change in market interest rates, may order a change of the rate in this section to accurately reflect the market rate. If the Supreme Judicial Court orders a change in the interest rate under this section, the rate must be roughly 167% of the rate set in section 1602.
- Sec. 5. 14 MRSA §1602-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 502, Pt. B, §15, is repealed.
- Sec. 6. 14 MRSA $\S1602$ -A, sub- $\S2$, as amended by PL 2001, c. 20 471, Pt. D, $\S14$, is repealed.
- Sec. 7. 18-A MRSA §3-806, sub-§(d), as amended by PL 1997, c. 202, §1, is further amended to read:
- (d) Unless otherwise provided in any judgment in another court entered against the personal representative, allowed claims bear prejudgment interest at the rate specified in Title 14, section 1602, subsection 1, paragraph A for the period commencing 60 days after the time for original presentation of the claim has expired unless based on a contract making a provision for interest, in which case they bear interest in accordance with that provision.
 - (1) Interest may not accrue on any allowed claims, however allowed, against an insolvent estate, except to the extent that insurance coverage or other nonprobate assets are available to pay the claim in full. This paragraph is effective for estates of decedents who die on or after October 1, 1997.
 - (2) To the extent that an allowed claim against an insolvent estate is secured by property, the value of which, as determined under section 3-809, is greater than the amount of the claim, the holder of the claim may receive interest on the principal amount of the claim and any reasonable fees, costs or charges provided for under an agreement under which the claim arose. This paragraph is effective for estates of decedents who die on or after October 1, 1997.

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SUMMARY

4	This bill sets prejudgment interest rates at 6% and
	postjudgment interest rates at 10% for all court actions. This
6	bill also allows the Supreme Judicial Court to review the rates
	once yearly and change the rates to accurately reflect market
8	rates if interest rates substantially change, roughly keeping the
	6/10 ratio of prejudgment interest rates to postjudgment interest
10	rates.

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